These galls are usually found on diminutive plants, growing in the shade of open woods and partially hidden by ferns and herbaceous plants. I have not yet found them on robust plants growing on exposed situations.

A collection of galls was made October 8, 1893. On May 1, 1894, the larvæ were of a pale straw color; on May 29, 1894, they were still pale, and were beginning to pupate. From June 13 to June 21, 1894, Torymus parasites emerged; from June 18 to June 23, 1894, producers emerged; from June 18 to July 1, 1894, small parasites (pteromalus) emerged; from June 21 to July 5, 1894, Inquilines emerged.

There is no doubt but this is Osten Sacken's gall (C. farinosa), but his description is very inaccurate. This gall is not "woody"; it is not at all like a "swelling"; it is much more like an excresence, and the larvæ are not red.

GENERAL NOTES.

Argynnis bellona Fabr.—I captured a specimen of this rare butterfly May 13th, 1894, and another August 19th at Grimsby, Ont.; in the summer of 1892 I collected a specimen at Toronto.

Lycaena comyntas Godt. is very scarce in the vicinity of Toronto, and at Grimsby also; I have a Toronto specimen, dated July 25th, 1893, and a Grimsby specimen for May 13th, 1894. I might also mention the capture of two fine specimens of Satyrus alope Fabr. (Canadian form) at Grimsby. I know of only one being taken at Toronto in the last three years.

Ancyloxypha numitor Fab., that beautiful little skipper, was quite common at Grimsby. My first capture was made on the 17th of June; it then disappeared and became rather common for about ten days between August 10th and 20th.

I was fortunate enough to secure two individuals of that lovely moth, *Utelheisa bella Linn.*, July 31st, at Grimsby.

Toronto. W. METCALFE.