

Dr. MacNish, of Cornwall, an eminent classical and Celtic scholar, lectures on the Gaelic language and literature and cognate subjects. Similar aid has also been rendered for several sessions in the department of Sacred Rhetoric by Revs. Drs. J. S. Black, J. C. Baxter and A. B. Mackay. Rev. W. J. Dey, gold medalist of McGill and in theology, acted as Dean of Residence, Librarian and Classical and Mathematical Lecturer during three years. Rev. Dr. Jenkins lectured one session on Pastoral Theology, and Rev. L. H. Jordan two sessions on Church Government.

The following ministers have taken part in conducting the classical and mathematical work of the "Literary Curriculum," viz., Revs. P. Wright, J. Y. Cameron, A. MacFarlane, J. McCaul, A. C. Morton, J. Allan, W. M. Rochester, A. MacWilliams, C. W. Whyte, W. L. Clay, D. J. Fraser, H. C. Sutherland, J. R. Dobson, E. A. Mackenzie, and Messrs. W. M. Townsend and J. S. Gordon, all except Messrs. Wright, Cameron and McCaul, graduates of McGill and of our College.

From six to ten lectures on Ecclesiastical Architecture have been annually given without cost to the College through the generosity of Messrs. A. C. Hutchison, R. C. A., and A. T. Taylor, F. R. S. B. A.

Elocution and sacred music have been recognized from the first as important factors in the training of candidates for the ministry, and now the former subject is imperative in the case of all students, and is placed in the hands of Prof. J. P. Stephen, a distinguished specialist.

Through the munificence of friends and benefactors, additional chairs and lectureships will doubtless continue to be established, and the institution will thus become still more worthy of the influential position it holds in the Church to which it belongs.

CHAPTER VII.

BUILDINGS, LIBRARY, ETC.

During the first four years of our history no attempt was made to purchase or erect College buildings, and timid ones imagined that such would never be necessary or called for. The Report of the Board of Management to the General Assembly in 1871, however, proposed a step in the right direction, and stated that "the Board had under contemplation the obtaining of suitable buildings and grounds, which, it was believed, would greatly increase the efficiency of the institution." In carrying out this decision, the first movement was in the direction of purchasing a brick building on Mansfield street which had been used for educational purposes. It was fortunate for the future of the College that this bargain was not closed. The building was altogether unsuitable, too small and with no grounds