tibi placando sibi crimine gravissimo purgandis, dant operam. 2. Res nullo modo est differenda; hoc ipso vobis die decernendum est, utrum evertendæ ea reipublicæ sit an conservandæ. 3. Adeo in ipsa victoria mitem se ac dementem præbuit, ut dubitari possit utrum plus favoris inimicis ignoscendo an sublevandis amicis consecutus sit. 4. Dubitari non potest quin patriæ potius quam sibi consulendo, quin amicorum commodis sua posthabendo, et sicut animo suo ita linguæ moderando, hic juvenis maximum quemque natu facile vicerit. 5. Omnem quam templis diripiendis, singulorum bona publicando, pecunias civitatibus imperando, prædam nactus erat secreto exportandum curavit. 6. Audendo aliquid et instando, non cunctando, cessandoque, nec multa disserendo pauca faciendo, ea se quæ ad id temporis effecissent, efficisse dixit. 7. Ego insectandi hostis auctor fui, ne quod ei respirandi spatium neve ulla sui colligendi, vel cognoscendi qui et quot cum aggrederentur, facultas relinqueretur.

Exercise 51.

1. Legati ab Atheniensibus Olynthum ad Philippum injurias civibus suis factas questum venerunt. 2. Massiliam ad patrem ludos spectatum profectus est, sed his paucis diebus, dum iter facit a sicario interfectus est. 3. Vos intra castra manete ut cibum acquietem et reliqua omnia, quæ vobis sunt capiatis; nos qui pugnando minus fatigati sumus—nonne enim recentes atque integri secundum prœlium (*or* confecto jam prœlio) advenimus? frumentatum ac pubulatum exeamus. 4. Iram vestram deprecatum ac pacem flagitatum venimus; magnopere speramus ea nos quæ petimus consecuturos esse. 5. Romam ad senatum legatos misit victoriam populo Romano gratulatum. 6. Incredible dictu est, quam sæpe te quamque vehementer ne isti homini fidem haberes monuerim. 7. Haud facile dictu est utrum huic homini parcendum sit et ipse cum sociis incolumis dimittendus, an statim aut interficiendus sit aut in vincula conjiciendus.

MODERN LANGUAGES.

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EXERCISES IN ENGLISH.

1. Classify the phrases in the following according to their grammatical value, and give the relation of each:

(*a*) Within a windowed niche of that high hall
Sate Brunswick's fated chieftain.

(*b*) Around their hearths by night
What gladsome looks of household love
Meet in the ruddy light!

(*c*) From that bleak tenement
He, many an evening, to his distant home
In solitude returning, saw the hills
Grow larger in the darkness.

2. Expand the following simple sentences into compound or complex:

(*a*) Owing to this unforeseen delay we missed the train.

(*b*) His resignation will necessitate another election.

(*c*) He was released on giving bonds for the payment of the amount.

(*d*) Unfortunately we had not time to examine them.

(*e*) He denied the possibility of such a thing.

(*f*) Not suspecting his intention I handed him the papers.

(*g*) He seemed disposed to question the correctness of the answer.

(*h*) Sending for the messenger he questioned him closely.

(*i*) In spite of numerous warnings he persisted in making another attempt.

(*j*) He is generally understood to be the owner of it.

(*k*) Their absence will cause a further delay.

(*l*) He acted according to the instructions given him.

3. Change the adjective clauses to adverb clauses:

(*a*) No man who was honest would have done such a thing.

(*b*) I pity you who will have to bear all the blame of it.