MORE LAND READY FOR PRE-EMPTORS

Cancellation of Reserves Held Under Timber Licenses Throws Open Areas for Settlement

Today's issue of the B. C. Gazette will contain notice of the cancellation of various reserves in different parts of the province, hitherto maintained under timber licenses now lapsed, these lands being now available for pre-emption and settlement. One of these newly opened districts inviting the attention of homeseekers is in Pleasant Creek valley, Cariboo; two others are those hitherto reserved under T. L.'s 31,301 and 42,713. A reserve has been decided upon of lot 1, group 1, Cassiar district; while the reserve hitherto existing as to lot 110, Rupert district, is cancelled, and provision made by order-in-council for the sale of the lands therein contained, to the Canadian Northern Pacific Fisheries Limited.

Another just adopted order-in-council approves and confirms the recently enacted debenture bylaws of the city and district of North Vancouver, while still another grants to the General Agency corporation of Vancouver, of which Mr. W. A. Ward is manager, special permission to export certain cedar poles to the United States.

EXCHANGE OF CARDS

Question of Affiliation of Labor Organizations Is Discussed at Western Federation Meeting.

BUTTE, Mont., July 26.—The question of the effect and value of the affiliation of the Western Federation of Miners with the American Federation of Labor was discussed at some length at the convention of the miners organization today. The discussion arose over a resolution that the convention request all international organizations to notify their members in the metalliferous industry to deposit their cards with the local of the Western Federation of Miners in their respective localities.

The representatives of the United Mine Workers of America were asked to give their views upon the question. William Green and Duncan McDonald responded. They stated that a free exchange of cards by unions everywhere to obviate hardships imposed upon workers in paying initiation fees when they go from one jurisdiction to another was a solution of the matter that was to be hoped for, but the speakers were free to confess that their organization had not yet realized that hope

"Building work is frequently tied up in Chicago and other large cities," said Mr. McDonald, "not because of any disagreement with employers over the scale of wages, but on account of jurisdictional fights among the union workers themselves, representing the various crafts. If a union of unions could be effected through a free exchange of cards, the most serious general criticism of today's unionism will be removed."

M. J. Sullivan, vice president of the International Union of Electrical Workers, declared that if a state of affairs as suggested by Mr. McDonald could be brought about, the workers would be able to "tie up Wall Street."

CANADIAN MINERALS

Increased Production Is Shown in Departmental Report For Past Year

OTTAWA, July 26.—An increase of 7.3 per cent. in the mineral production of Canada over the previous year is shown in the annual report of the mines branch of the department of mines in the mineral industry of the Dominion just issued. The total value of production was $91,831,411, as compared with a value of $85,557,101 in the year before. Production of metals shows an increase of $2,382,474, structural materials and clay products $5,193,394, and other non-metallic products a decrease of $1,001,533.

The metal mining industries of Ontario were particularly active, there being a very important increase in production of nickel and copper at Sudbury and the silver production of the Cobalt district.

Attention is drawn to the fact that not only is a very large portion of Canada's mineral production exported, but that on the other hand refined or semi-refined products of a similar class are reimported for domestic consumption.

Ontario again leads all provinces with 40 per cent. of the whole mineral production.

MAKES HEAVY WEATHER

Rough Experience of Little Power Boat in Reciprocity Race from New York to Halifax

HALIFAX, July 26.—One hundred hours out from New York, whence she started on Sunday on the 553-mile reciprocity power boat race to this port, the little power boat Snapshot III. crossed the finishing line here tonight almost fifty hours behind the leaders, and with a tale of heavy seas and cranky engines to account for her delay.

Much anxiety had been felt for the Snapshot's crew of four, and for Skipper Lindemann's wife, who accompanied him.

Throughout the cruise Mrs. Lindemann was the best of sailors. She stood her trick at the wheel and maintained the watch, turn and turn, with the men.

Dividend Increased

MONTREAL, July 26.—The Merchants' bank has increased the dividend from 9 to 10 per cent., by declaring 2½ for the quarter, payable September 1, to shareholders of August 15.

Dr. Schurman Visits Alaska.

SEATTLE, July 26.—President Jacob Gould Schurman, of Cornell University, accompanied by his family, sailed tonight for Alaska on a vacation journey.

Gold from Alaska.

SEATTLE, July 26.—The steamship Victoria arrived from Bering Sea, bringing more than $200,000 worth of gold bullion from Nome and St. Michaels.

ACTOR IN DUEL

Henri Bernstein Involved in Quarrel Resulting From Acts of Royalist Gang.

PARIS, July 26.—Henri Bernstein, the playwright, fought another duel today as the outcome of riots instituted by the members of the Royalist organization, known as the "Camelots Du Roi" at the Comedie Francaise, which eventually forced Bernstein's play, "Apres Moi," off the stage.

He was to have met the royalist Lacour, who is now serving a three years' term of imprisonment for assaulting Former Premier Briand, but the government refused to grant permission to Lacour to leave the jail, even temporarily, to carry out this engagement.

Maurice Pujo, another Royalist and member of the "Camelots Du Roi," of which Lacour is vice-president, took the latter's place. The duel, which was with swords, was rapid and exciting. Bernstein scratched the forearm of his adversary twice, and was himself slightly wounded in the arm by Pujo. The seconds stopped the duel at the seventh bout.

Snow in Ottawa

OTTAWA, July 26.—For the first time on record snow fell in the month of July in Ottawa today. The temperature, however, did not reach freezing point, and no damage was done.

Contractor Killed

GRENFELL, Sask., July 26.—John McJannet, a well known contractor, was instantly killed by a beam falling on his head while engaged at work on a new business block.

Cocaine Habit in Montreal.

MONTREAL, July 26.—The feature of the annual report of the superintendent of police, just made public, draws attention to the increasing use of cocaine in Montreal. Chief Campeau says in part: "Since July last the police of Montreal have made over 150 arrests on charges of using or selling this drug."

Indians Face Starvation

NORTH BAY, Ont., July 26.—Indian Agent Cockburn has returned from Fort Matachewan, where a large number of Indians have gathered, who have been driven out of Night Hawk lake district by fires. The Indians are in a bad way, as the hunting grounds have been swept by flames and the game frightened away, so unless the government assists many will be destitte.

Suit Against Menier

MONTREAL, July 26.—An action for the recovery of the enormous sum of $40,000,000 will shortly be brought against Henri Menier, chocolate manufacturer of Paris, by Tancrede Pangneulo, who is advocate for claimants, a family named Lemieux, comprising 70 members all financially interested in action. The action centres round the legal title of ownership of the Island of Anticosti, now said to be owned by Menier.

Will Demand Rate Reductions

DENVER, Colo., July 26.—The Denver chamber of commerce today announced that it will demand a reduction of from 10 to 80 per cent. in freight rates, based on the decision made on Monday by the interstate commerce commission in the Spokane and allied rate cases. Among the rates it will ask to have reduced is that on first-class freight between Denver and Salt Lake, which it will seek to have cut from $1.54 to $1.25 per hundredweight.

Skeleton from Maine

HAVANA, July 26.—A skeleton, almost entire, but giving slight hope of identification, was discovered today on the berth deck on the starboard side of the Maine. These are the first bones found below the main deck, which has been entirely explored. This makes the total number of remains so far recovered 14, leaving 60 bodies unrecovered. Practically all hope has been abandoned for the recovery of the other remains forward of the central superstructure, as all that section probably was destroyed.

French Moving Theatre.

PARIS, July 26.—The perambulating theatre organized by M. Gemier, director of the Theatre Antoine, has been successfully inaugurated. The first performance was given at Levallois Terret, outside Paris, where a big stand was erected in a field. The theatre, which is admirably fitted up, has seating accommodation for 1,800. The property will be packed in wagons and drawn by traction engines. The theatre will proceed from Levallois to Valenciennes, and play a short season there. M. Gemier intends to make a road tour of Europe, playing at the principal cities. He has a strong company, at the head of which is his wife, Mme. Megard.

Vacant Police Appointment—It is announced at the attorney-general's office that no appointment will be made to the vacant office of superintendent of provincial police, in succession to the late Mr. F. S. Hussey, until Hon. Mr. Bowser returns to the capital, the work at headquarters being temporarily carried on meanwhile by Inspector Colin S. Campbell and Constable Cox. Several names are already mentioned as of those from whom a selection will later be made, among them being those of Inspector Campbell, Mr. John Kirkup of Rossland, and Deputy Chief T. W. Palmer of the Victoria city force.

Kaslo fruit is being exhibited at all the chief fairs of the prairie provinces.

NEW ZEALAND LABOR REGIME CRITICIZED

Has Tendency to Drive Mass of People to Centres of Population, Says Visitor from Antipodes

That the labor government at present controlling New Zealand is not working to the good of the country in general is the belief of Mr. Austin Loder, of Tauranga, Auckland, N.Z., who arrived in Victoria on the steamer Zealandia on his way to his old home in England.

Mr. Loder has been in New Zealand for sixteen years. Prior to going there he lived for various lengths of time in Manitoba, Alberta and British Columbia. Speaking of the effect of the labor government's regime Mr. Loder said that the worst result was a tendency to drive the mass of the people to the four large centres of population, leaving the outlying districts undeveloped. It was almost impossible for a farmer to obtain competent help and any help demanded the very highest wages. This lack of labor was working to the extreme detriment of the country. On the other hand the streets of the cities were filled with men who worked two or three days a week and loafed for the rest of the time.

As far as the climate of New Zealand is concerned Mr. Loder said he would not wish for a better. He is convinced that given the same incentives of market and labor conditions New Zealand could equal or surpass British Columbia in all but small fruits. Peaches did especially well there. At the same time British Columbians had no conception of how slow the development in New Zealand was. Methods employed were hopelessly behind the times and capital was scared away rather than enticed. The government made no effort to attract desirable settlers to the wild lands as did the government here. Mr. Loder himself found it impossible to get suitable government land when he went to New Zealand and he was given no assistance such as the Canadian governments afford settlers or intending settlers.

As an illustration of the difference in methods Mr. Loder instanced railroad building. In New Zealand the railroads never went ahead of the population. Instead of running out into undeveloped sections and attracting settlement the government which operated the railroads demanded that there be sufficient people at a given point first before a line would be built. Then, in the methods of building, the New Zealand railroad contractors were so archaic that it would, Mr. Loder estimated, take them years to accomplish what could be done in a few weeks in British Columbia.

Mr. Loder was greatly struck with the development in British Columbia and especially in Victoria, the only city he had revisited at the time he was interviewed. The prices readily obtained for land here now were unheard of in New Zealand. There was no comparison between the hearty, go-ahead attitude of the people of this country and those of the New Zealanders.

FINAL SOLUTION IS UNCERTAIN

(Continued from Page 1.)

pared to support him in his advocacy of a peaceful solution of the difficulty through the acceptance of the government's bill.

No date has been set for the resumption of the peer's conference, which was adjourned from July 21.

Threatening foreign complications are to some extent drawing attention from the constitutional crisis, and a greater disposition was shown today by some of the "ditch fighters" to close up the ranks in the face of what is regarded here as the German aggression. There seems to be no doubt that King George and the government have appealed to the leaders of the opposition to do everything possible to avoid further internal disruption, so that the government may have the general support of all parties in dealing with the Moroccan tangle.

Lord Rosebery, who advocates the passage of the veto bill without forcing the creation of new barons, had a long conference with his majesty today, Lord Rosebery and Viscount St. Aldwyn are steadily caucusing standpats in the hope of effecting a peaceful adjustment of the political situation.

Strange Vandalism

PARIS, July 26.—A strange case of vandalism is reported from Auxerre. A number of works of art and historical souvenirs have been wilfully destroyed on an estate owned by the Arnauds, who were great friends of Gambetta. The estate, consisting of a fine house and park at Jouancy, had been disposed of recently to the Societe Bernheim, which makes a specialty of securing places of historical interest. Gates were forced, the house was broken into, and many of the works of art which it contained were smashed with a hammer. The articles thus destroyed included some bronzes by Bartholdi, and marble busts of Gambetta and Thiers. The value of the objects destroyed is said to be about $200,000. All the letters of Gambetta, Thiers, and other political men of the time to Madame Arnaud, which were in the house, were burnt in an oven. Gambetta was a regular visitor at the house, and is said to have drawn up the plan for proclaiming the Republic there.

Death of Halifax Official.

HALIFAX, July 26.—William H. Sedgewick, inspector of licenses for Halifax and one of the best known men in Nova Scotia, died suddenly tonight. Mr. Sedgewick was one of the Conservative candidates for Halifax in the provincial elections of 1908 and was a brother of the late Justice Sedgewick, of the supreme court of Canada.

Haytien Rebels' Success.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Tiburon, in Southern Hayti, has fallen into the hands of the rebels, according to a report to the navy department today. The commander of the Des Moines, at Port Au Prince, was advised of the report, and was instructed to consult with Minister Furniss in regard to sending an American warship to the southern coast.

FRENCH SWINDLERS

Conspirators Resort to an Old Trick to Defraud a Lady of Large Sum of Money.

PARIS, July 26.—Some time ago a daring conspiracy for blackmailing a wealthy lady, which had only too well succeeded, came to the notice of the police, and an active campaign was begun for the capture of the conspirators. The police have now been able to lay their hands on the leader of the gang, and another member is already doing a term of imprisonment on a separate count. The conspiracy was to resort to the old trick of the garde champetre, who was supposed to have come upon the couple by surprise, and to threaten both with unpleasant prosecution. The lady was staying at a summer resort in the south. She was alone, and was reputed to be wealthy. A fine-looking fellow came to stay at the same hotel, and gave himself an air of great importance. He let everyone know that he also was very rich, and was a banker in New York. He was not long in paying court to the lady, and one day, while they were walking in a park, a man dressed as a garde champetre, or country constable, suddenly appeared from behind the bushes, and pretended to have surprised them. The soi-disant American, to keep up the fiction, threw himself with great apparent on the garde champetre, and threatened to strangle him. A third accomplice appeared on the scene to rescue, as it were, the constable.

Accounts were then to be settled. The bogus garde champetre, who now had a seeming witness to back him, was going to draw up the police report, which would be a tremendous scandal. The pseudo-American banker, having quieted down, offered to buy him off. How much did he want? Not a farthing less than $140,000. The pseudo-banker suddenly found himself unable to secure any of his money. Would the lady pay it? He would refund it later. The lady tried to escape the dilemma, but, on further threats from the false garde champetre to do his "duty," she yielded. She was to pay it in instalments of two or three round sums. It meant all her fortune, and she objected. That does not matter, replied the bargain-driving garde. He would invest it in a good thing, pay her 5 per cent interest, and refund the capital at the end of three years. The lady paid all she could, and nearly ruined herself. She was about to realize the last remnant of her fortune, when she confided her trouble to some friends. They advised her to communicate with the police, which she at last did.

Meanwhile the conspirators had had plenty of time to disappear. But M. Sebille, the head of the special detective department, had no doubt that he would soon capture them. His detectives traced them from the resort to Switzerland and Paris. A fortnight ago they knew that the leader of the gang was in this city. He was a formidable character to capture, and every precaution was taken. The man is described as a dangerous brigand and burglar, who had already undergone several sentences. He was known by twenty different nicknames, and had one day rifled a jewelry shop in full daylight and escaped, after firing on a crowd of pursuers. He was seen at the races on Friday and Sunday, and lost heavily in bets on horses. He had some $20,000 in bank notes in his pocketbook. The police traced him to a restaurant near the boulevards, and three detectives suddenly pounced down on and strongly handcuffed him. Seeing that it was hopeless to struggle, he allowed himself to be taken quietly in an automobile to a police-station. A woman who was with him was also arrested, but was released immediately, as she had nothing to do with the case.

McLAUGHLIN IS IN THE SEMI-FINALS

San Francisco Star Plays True to Form in Western Tennis Tourney

LAKE FOREST, Ill., July 26.—Maurice E. McLoughlin, of San Francisco, won his way into the semi-finals of the Western Lawn Tennis Association tournament this afternoon when he defeated Alexander Squair, of Chicago, in his third round match, 6-4, 6-1.

Squair put up a brilliant fight for the match and brought out the applause of the large gallery on account of the uphill fight, but McLoughlin took the lead at the start and never was headed. Squair sprang a surprise when he took a game on McLoughlin's service in the early part of the first set and repeated the trick later in the same set. McLoughlin's form was greatly improved over that he showed yesterday when he defeated James H. Winston, of Norfolk, Va.

Heath Byford won over Roland Hoerr, of St. Louis, after a match which went the limit of three sets, winning 6-2; 5-7; 6-1.

Byford played a brilliant game throughout and both men fought hard for the contest, most of the games going to deuce.

BATHER DROWNED

Vancouver Real Estate Agent Meets Death at Point Grey Beach—His Partner Is Rescued.

VANCOUVER, July 26.—Bathing at Point Grey beach this evening, Reginald Charles and his partner, J. Gorlich, both poor swimmers, got out of their depth and were drowning. Two men whom the police have been unable to induce to give their names, went to their assistance and rescued Gorlich, but were so exhausted that they had to leave Charles to his fate. Both the deceased and Gorlich were well known real estate agents in this city.

Potatoes are selling at 5½ cents a pound at Granite Creek.

For the first twelve days of this month, the receipts of the North Vancouver ferry averaged $500 a day.

Work on Cranbrook's sewer system will soon be under way, five carloads of pipe having arrived there from Spokane.

JOHN DAY ELECTS FOR SPEEDY TRIAL

Admiralty Case Against Esquimalt Man to be Heard Before County Court Judge on August 15

Before Judge Lampman in the county court yesterday morning John Day, charged with having in his possession goods to the value of over $400, the property of the Admiralty, elected for speedy trial without a jury, which trial is set for August 15.

After the election had been made and Mr. J. A. Aikman, representing the crown, asked that the trial be delayed in order that he may have time to receive important evidence from witnesses who were at the present time in England, Messrs. H. D. Helmcken, K.C., and Stuart Henderson, K.C., for the defendant strongly opposed this request and asked that the accused be given a speedy trial. Mr. Aikman explained that since the arrest of the defendant there are two witnesses who had been on vessels here but were now in England who can state if they will important evidence. Captain Vivian is also out of the city, and he thought that the case should be delayed at least a month. He had sent the evidence to the Admiralty. Mr. Helmcken desired when possible to consider the crown, but thought that they were entitled to a speedy trial. "When the prosecution launched the case against us," he said, "we proceeded with it in due course before May and the accused was committed for trial. We are asked to detain the trial one month for certain witnesses. We don't know anything about these witnesses, and it might affect our election. Of course we have the right to re-elect but we don't wish to do this. We were always ready to go on with the trial, and even asked for it before now. Here is a man in jeopardy of his liberty and we are asked to stand more cross firing of witnesses we know nothing of. Captain Vivian is in easy reach of the city and there is no reason to delay the trial on his account. A telegram ought to bring him any time. Under these circumstances, Your Honor, I ask that the trial be proceeded with within a few days."

Judge Lampman, however, could not see it that way. He favored the opinion of the crown, and thought that if there were any witnesses in England it was only fair that an opportunity be given the crown to get in touch with them. Mr. Henderson was of the opinion that the crown had plenty of opportunity since the accusation to obtain evidence, and the trial should not be delayed. He didn't know where he was likely to be in a month, and thought that it was very unfair professionally as well as for the client.

Judge Lampman, however, persisted that in any case there should be a reasonable time given the crown to gather evidence, and gave his judgment accordingly. Mr. Aikman promised that he would let Mr. Henderson know at the very earliest date possible of anything that he would hear from the witnesses in England.

The bail remained the same, that of $2,500 for the accused and two sureties og $1,250.

Provision for Old Age.

Women have learned to be independent in these later years. To work for one's living is not looked upon as a disgrace any longer, except by very young or very foolish people. There are thousands of women in Canada who provide not only for their own wants, but for those of parents or younger sisters or brothers. This has brought to women a feeling of confidence which has added greatly to their happiness. Hard work and heavy responsibilities do not press heavily on such women, and we read that women are younger in this busy age than when they looked for protection and support to fathers and brothers. But there is a lesson even these women are slow to learn. They are apt to forget that the day is coming when the hand will have lost its cunning and the brain its power. Yet statistics tell us that more women grow old than men.

As a rule women do not earn large salaries. On the other hand it does not take much to keep a woman comfortably when her time for work is over. Yet there are very few women who deliberately resolve to set aside a sum sufficient to maintain them in the evening of their days. We look upon it as very wrong for a man not to insure his life, but comparatively few women take this precaution. The government annuities is a plan by which with a very small outlay everyone can secure a sum, small indeed, but sufficient to safeguard the owner from want.

Believing in the need of women for provision for old age, and in the efficacy of the annuities plan, Mrs. Cummings has undertaken to lay the scheme before the women of Canada. She is at present in Japan and will spend some time in Victoria on her way back to Ottawa early in September. A public meeting will be arranged and it is hoped that as many as possible especially of the wage-earning women of Victoria will be present at the meeting. In the meantime, it will do us no harm to think about this matter. This is a time of lavish spending and of large investments. We are all of us hoping for prosperity. This does not make it less advisable that we all should place beyond our reach such a sum as will secure to each of us at the age of fifty-five or sixty a sum sufficient to place us beyond the possibility of want for the rest of our lives.

Balloonist Killed.

PLAINFIELD, Ill., July 26.—Falling from a balloon 700 feet in the air, Harry Darnell, of Chicago, a veteran balloonist, was dashed to death here tonight in the presence of thousands of horrified men and women. Every bone in the aeronaut's body was broken. Darnell had promised to make a double "flop-flop" in the air and catch the trapeze with his toes. He leaped, turned twice, and then missed the bar.

RUSSIAN POLICE

Ministry of Interior Prepares Bill Providing for Reforms—Increase of Pay Given

ST. PETERSBURG, July 25.—The ministry of the interior has completed a bill for the reform of the Russian police. The bill starts from the basis which must be taken for all Russian reforms in any of the public services, namely, the universally acknowledged fact that all the public services are underpaid. The equivalent of an American chief of city police, plus a number of other functions and powers appropriate only to Russia, gets about $10 a week, while the common policeman gets $150 a year. The police-officers cannot, and never attempt to, live on their pay; indeed, the cost of uniform and white gloves more than absorbs the annual pay in all self-respecting towns. But immemorial custom has sanctioned a sytem of illicit profits for the police as for most other categories of the Russian public services.

It is to remedy this state of things that the bill proposes to raise the pay of all ranks of the police, ranging from a minimum of about $2,500 a year, rising to over $3,500, for "policemasters" down to $300, rising to $450 a year, for policemen. This means an increased expenditure of $12,500,000 a year. The force is to be increased also in numbers, for while the capitals and many of the larger towns are well policed it is notorious that areas of territory in various parts of Russia, as big sometimes as a European principality, are nominally policed by one man and an assistant, while all rural neighborhoods are ridiculously short of representatives of law and order even in the near neighborhood of big towns. In fact there are only in all Russia (European Russia only) police of all ranks at the rate of one man per 5000 total inhabitants, or if the recently appointed "rural guards" be reckoned, the number is about one to 2000 inhabitants.

NICK CARTER LEAVES VANCOUVER TWELVE

Eastern Lacrosse Crack Won't Figure on All-Star Team Again This Season.

VANCOUVER, B.C., July 26.—There will be two changes at least in the line-up of the Vancouver lacrosse team in its game with New Westminster next Saturday. Following the announcement that Billy West will be out of the game through his injured ankle and will be replaced by "Toots" Clarkson, comes the statement from President "Con" Jones that Nick Carter, the Toronto fielder, has been released from his contract with the club for breaking training regulations and will not be given a place with the team again this season. Nick was always a hard man to handle when he played with the Torontos, and the Eastern critics predicted when he came to the Coast that the Vancouver club would have trouble in controlling him.

When right Carter is one of the most effective players in the game, but he does not fancy strict training rules. His contract with the club carried a provision in this respect, and after repeated infractions President Jones decided to worry no longer about him for the balance of the season.

BATHING FATALITY

Italian Workman Drowns in View of Many of His Companions.

While bathing in the Sooke river, Tony Blizand, a young Italian workman of the Canadian Northern Pacific construction gang, was drowned on Monday evening before the eyes of a dozen or more fellow-workmen, who, unable to swim, could do nothing to save him. Blizand had been in the water but a few minutes, and following a shriek khich he gave to his comrades for assistance, he disappeared. His body was found the same night and brought to the city by the provincial police. It is thought that the deceased, who was just twenty years old, was seized with cramps.

He was a native of Austria and leaves no relatives here. The funeral will take place from the B.C. Funeral Furnishing Co's parlors this afternoon at 2:45 o'clock, and fifteen minutes later from the Roman Catholic church.

An inquest will be held this morning at 11 o'clock.

Fewer Ships; More Tonnage

LONDON, July 26.—It will surprise many people to learn that there are fewer ships in the world than there were a few years ago. Lloyd's Register now gives the total as 30,087, whereas the figure for 1907-8 was 30,203. The explanation is simple. The carrying trade of the globe is done in bigger ships because it is more profitable. The Olympic, for example, only counts as one vessel, whereas her 45,000 tons would in the old days have been spread over quite a respectable fleet. Again, sailing ships thave largely disappeared. A single steamer replacing three of them is at least as effective. All the same, the world's tonnage keeps growing. The 30,087 ships represent 43,147,154 tons, whereas the larger number of a few years back stood for 39,438,817, a growth of 3,700,000 tons in four years.

Anton Winkler is establishing a large dairy farm at Hedley.

Peaches are a poor crop this season at Keremeos, while tomatoes are extra-plentiful.

Rumor has it that a railway is to be built from Pincher or Cowley through the North Kootenay Pass to Elko.

Hotel bars in Penticton now close at 10 p. m. daily.

O. H. Carle has this season cleared $3,000 from a 4-acre plot of land at Keremeos Centre, which he planted almost exclusively to tomatoes.

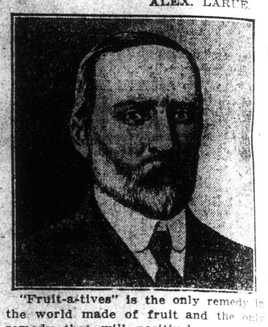
Every General Store-Keeper Needs' "Fruit-a-Tives'

Inkerman, Ont., Sept. 23rd, 1910.

"I am in the General Store business and have been a resident of Inkerman for thirty-seven years. I have found your remedy "Fruit-a-tives" the most satisfactory one I have sold. Many of my customers have used "Fruit-a-tives" with the most beneficial results and I know of two cases that have been completely cured of Dyspepsia.

"I recommend "Fruit-a-tives" on every possible occasion and would say that if every general store keeper, who stocks medicine, would keep "Fruit-a-tives" prominently displayed, he would increase his business many fold."

ALEX. LARUE.



"Fruit-a-tives" is the only remedy in the world made of fruit and the only remedy that will positively cure Constipation, Indigestion, Pain in the Back, Headaches, Rheumatism and all Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SUNBURN, BLISTERS, SORE FEET.

Everybody now admits Zam-Buk best for these. Let it give YOU ease and comfort.

Druggists and Stores everywhere

Zam-Buk

LAND ACT

Alberni Land District—District of Clayoquot

Take notice that Mary Dunsmuir, of Vancouver, B.C., occupation married woman intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of Lot 555, marked M. D.'s N.E. Corner, thence west thirty (30) chains, south sixty (60) chains, east thirty (30) chains, and north sixty (60) chains to point of commencement, containing 180 acres more or less.

MARY DUNSMUIR.
John Cunliffe, Agent.

Dated 3rd July, 1911.

LAND ACT

Alberni Land District—District of Clayoquot

Take notice that Henry Lee Radermacher, of Vancouver, B.C., occupation gentleman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of Lot 873, marked H. L. R.'s N.W. Corner, thence south 40 chains, east 80 chains, north 40 chains, west 40 chains, south 40 chains and west 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 480 acres more or less.

HENRY LEE RADERMACHER
John Cunliffe, Agent.

Dated 3rd July, 1911.

LAND ACT

Alberni Land District—District of Clayoquot

Take notice that Robert Ralph, of Vancouver, B.C., occupation gentleman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands.

Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of Lot 559, marked R. R.'s N.W. Corner, thence south 60 chains, east 40 chains, north 20 chains, east 40 chains, north 60 chains, west 60 chains, south 20 chains and west 20 chains to point of commencement, containing 520 acres more or less.

ROBERT RALPH.
John Cunliffe, Agent.

Dated 3rd July, 1911.

LAND ACT

District of Coast Range III.

Take notice that Wm. D. McDougald, of Vancouver, laborer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commending at a post planted at the Southeast corner of Timber Limit No. 44,215, on the East side of South Benedict Arm, thence north 80 chains, thence east 60 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 60 chains to point of commencement, containing 480 acres more or less.

WM. D. McDOUGALD.
Wm. McNair, Agent.

May 15, 1911.

Bad Times for Hangman

SYDNEY, N.S.W., July 25.—The government hangman has resigned owing to "bad times." Since the present Labor government came into office seven persons have been sentenced to death, but in every case the sentence was commuted, and the executioner deprived of his fee. The salary attached to the office is $500 per annum, plus $50 whenever the holder's services are requisitioned.

Hedley now has four good hotels and Princeton three.