

The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY AUGUST 27 1896.

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NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Stabbing Case—Arrest of the Assailant—Mentally Crazed—End of Sockeye Season.

Inquest at Salt Spring Island—Arrested for Jewelry Robbery—Mining Concerns.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 24.—The man who stabbed Robert Marshall at 6 o'clock on Saturday morning turned out to be a Russian Finn fisherman named Ege. Before the police commenced to move he got well away, and is thought to have escaped to the other side. Marshall is very seriously wounded, but may pull through.

W. Fellow-Harvey has returned from Okanagan, where he was as a mining expert on behalf of a London mining syndicate.

Messrs. Holmes and Grace's liquor store was robbed yesterday. A policeman saw the thief running away. He had secured \$15 and two bottles of wine.

Ex-Sergeant Haywood in his capacity of detective has, with the assistance of Nightwatchman Purdy, arrested two robbers in Westminister, which took place some time ago, on which occasion the jewelry stolen was estimated to be worth \$2,500. Detective Haywood was employed to trace the thief as his accomplices were caught. He located his man yesterday and the arrest followed. The officers were offered heavy bribes to let the culprits off but refused. The carnival jockey club meet promises to be the largest and most successful on record.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, Aug. 24.—Nearly every canner on the Fraser has expressed indignation at the Department of Marine and Fisheries extending the sockeye season without being asked by the canners to do so. The member for Westminister has been blamed for this ridiculous blunder.

Land has been purchased on the Fraser river from a mile from Westminister, for the purpose of erecting another cannery.

Another cannery is to be built on the site of the Lady's cannery.

Boutelier & Co. propose to enlarge their cannery.

Saturday night was practically the close of the canning season. It is thought that the total catch will be over 300,000 fish. The canners are now packing. The packing will continue until the end of the extension.

Mr. H. Young's residence at Sapperton was partly destroyed by fire last night. The fire originated in a mysterious manner under the stairs. Several neighbors put out the flames.

A site for the new lined oil mill has been found satisfactory to all parties. If possible the ground chosen will be purchased and the erection of the mill proceeded with.

The special meeting appointed to submit a "list of wants" to the federal government through Mr. Morrison has met and prepared their petition, and subsequently submitted it to the council. The matters affecting the city's interests which require adjusting make a formidable list.

The Indians returning from the can-

neries are freely spending money in the city for winter supplies.

DUNCAN.

DUNCAN, Aug. 24.—Coroner Wellburn returned yesterday (Sunday) from Ganges Harbor, Salt Spring Island, from holding an inquest on Charles Bird, a young man from Montreal, lately residing on Parker island. Deceased was missed on Thursday last, when he went out with his gun—a breech-loader, with rebounding locks. His body was found on Friday afternoon by Dr. Redmond about 15 or 20 yards from Mr. John Tolson's house, lying on his back across a log, several feet above the ground, while the gun with the right barrel discharged was lying on the ground a few feet away. The gunshot had entered deceased's neck just below the chin, causing a fracture of the chin and the vertebrae. The verdict returned by the jury was "accidental death from a gunshot wound."

Auditor-General J. McE. Smith arrived here from Nanaimo yesterday.

Archdeacon Scriven officiated yesterday at St. Peter's church, Quamichan.

ASHCROFT.

(From the B. C. Mining Journal.)

James Knight and party, of Lytton, recently made an important discovery of asbestos on a creek about fifty miles from there. The samples show an eight-inch length of fibre, and the discoverer says that the ledge, which is about three feet wide, is traceable for a long distance.

C. W. Bursial, a mining expert in the London, England, has completed an examination of certain quartz properties on Siwash creek, already under bond for \$25,000. There is, he says, a ledge of ore which is not quite free milling. He expects to send a few weeks prospecting certain silver quartz property about sixteen miles from Ashcroft.

McNeill brothers and Foss, of Ashcroft, have started for Queenella, where they expect to winter and will visit Omineca in the spring.

Important change is to be made in the Underwood dredge which has been operating in the Quesnel.

At the Cinnabar mine at Savona the diamond drill has penetrated a body of furnace ore grading 5 per cent. and 75 feet in width. There is at least one inch streak that is very rich, 70 or 80 per cent. quicksilver. A furnace will be started within a month. As one-half of one per cent. ore slate favorably and in large quantities can be worked at a profit, the showing for the Savona mine is remarkably good.

REVELSTOCK.

(From the Kootenay Mail.)

J. D. Sibbald has brought in from the Glenarry some of the handsomest specimens of garnets in the shape of garnets. The Glenarry is a true fissure with a ledge 15 feet wide, three of which is clean shipping ore assaying about 300 ounces to the ton.

The Kootenay Gold, Silver and Copper, and the Kootenay Consolidated, which have been operating on Sable creek, have now consolidated into the Consolidated Sable Creek Mining Company. So far, there is a crossing on the ledge at a depth of 60 feet showing an ore body 25 feet wide. They now propose to run 150 to 200 feet on the vein, sinking a winze 150 feet and then cross-cut.

Revelstock was the scene of a sensation this week when the result of the assays made on some samples from the Grand Hog Basin were made known. Two samples out of four went \$112 and \$140 in gold, and the owner of the properties, J. W. Haskins, and the town generally, are highly elated. The ore body from which these samples came is immense, and a wonderful future for Big Bend quartz is in sight. Gus Lund is down from Grand Hog Basin, where he has been doing assessment work on the Ole Bull and C.O.D., belonging to himself. The Ole Bull lead is four feet wide and free gold may be seen in the rock in the cut with the naked eye. It is a magnificent property. The C.O.D. lead, which lies on the west of the Ole Bull, is about 13 inches wide and is open cut 12 feet deep and is rich without a glass. There are three leads on the C.O.D. claim. The Big Bend Belle, owned by J. D. Graham, is the Golden Hill, belonging to C. B. Hume, lies to the south on the same lead.

GOLDEN.

(From the Golden Era.)

W. H. Lee, of Calgary, has made a strike about twelve miles west of Donald. Samples brought in average about \$16 to the ton in gold. Donaldites are getting quite excited over the find and already nine other claims have been staked. Old miners say there is a possibility of good ore being found there. Mr. Lee will return in a few days with a force of men who will be at once put to work developing the claim.

FORT STEELE.

(From the Fort Steele.)

All that the Fort Steele district needs to develop her mineral resources is better facilities for the transportation of ore. If the powers that be will only look forward to the future possibilities of this district and spend a few thousand dollars in improving the Kootenay river to the international line under the present tax on mineral the government will find that its revenues from this district will be increased to a large extent. In 1885 there were two steamboats plying on the river, this year there were four, next year there is every possibility of at least six large steamboats transporting ore; it would be wise for the government to foster and help this growing commercial industry.

New strikes are reported in the vicinity of Wassa and Wolf creek; in this vicinity there are many rich mines carrying gold, silver, copper and lead.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT

Mr. W. W. B. McInnes Moves the Address—Sir Charles and the School Question.

The Battle in North Grey—Government Supporters After Public Offices—J. I. Tarte.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 24.—The debate on the address was opened to-day, Mr. W. W. B. McInnes, of Nanaimo (Vancouver), moving and Mr. Rodolphe Lemieux seconding the reply.

Sir Charles Tupper's speech was devoted to a review of his position on the school question. He promised cordial assistance to Mr. Laurier in securing a settlement of the question. He then took up the Chicago Record interview and severely condemned Mr. Laurier's unpatriotic policy. He urged the government to speedily end the present uncertainty regarding the tariff.

The Premier made a brief reply. He considered Sir Charles Tupper's speech was not uncomplimentary on the whole, and endeavored to vindicate the government's policy on the school question, but gave no clue as to what the settlement would be.

Replying to questions several members were informed that there would be no legislation this session. Mr. Laurier, in response to a question, stated that he thought it advisable to introduce a franchise repeal act. The Conservatives laughed uproariously at this weak bluff.

Sir Richard Cartwright said that final action on that Atlantic steamship question had been deferred for the present.

Hon. Mr. Laurier again declined to present the papers regarding the resignation of the late ministry until the debate on the tariff was finished.

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M'CARTHY EXPLAINS

Why He Gave Up the Seat for Brandon—Debate on the Address.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell Opposition Leader in the Senate—Precedence of Government Orders.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 25.—Mr. McCarthy resigned the seat for Brandon to-day. In a letter to the electors he says his candidature was to be a protest against Dominion interference with the national schools system. Happily coercion is dead and the victory for the opponents of interference with Manitoba is complete and decisive. The proposed settlement will leave the province absolutely free as to the management of the school system and the principle of national schools will be undisturbed. Under these circumstances as the fight is over and a local man can attend to local requirements better than himself, he feels it better that he should resign his seat.

The debate on the address was continued by Hon. Mr. Foster, who made a rousing speech. Sir Richard Cartwright followed ten Messrs. Ives, Stenson, Davin and Oliver. The debate was again adjourned.

All the Conservative senators in town waited on Sir Mackenzie Bowell to-day. In response to their request he accepted the opposition leadership in the Senate. It is reported that Sir Richard Cartwright will replace Sir Mackenzie Bowell on the Pacific cable commission, which meets in London in October.

Hon. Mr. Easton and Hon. Mr. Prior saw Sir Mackenzie Bowell in regard to the removal of the wreck of the San Pedro. Mr. Maxwell interviewed Hon. Messrs. Borden and Tarte regarding the new hall at Vancouver, and Hon. Mr. Davies for a batchery on the Skeena, while Mr. Bostock is pressing for a hatchery on the Shuswap.

It is rumored that Col. Otter of Toronto will be the new commandant of the Royal Military College.

Hon. Mr. Laurier has given notice that government orders will have precedence on Wednesdays after 6 o'clock and on Thursdays.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

(Special to the Colonist.)

HALIFAX, Aug. 24.—The reports of the provincial government on the condition of the Nova Scotia crops show the following averages: Hay, 98 per cent.; potatoes, 84; oats, 102; wheat, 97; barley, 98; buckwheat, 97; Indian corn, 95; turnips, 98.

OWEN SOUND, Aug. 24.—Murphy's saw mills, at Murphy's siding, were fired by lightning on Saturday night, and with a large quantity of sawn lumber, logs, etc., destroyed. Loss, \$25,000; insurance, \$7,000.

BRANDON, Aug. 24.—In the police court, Arthur Gerhard, charged with the murder of Joseph Henry, appeared for preliminary hearing and was remanded till tomorrow morning. Deputy Attorney-General McLean will prosecute.

MONTREAL, Aug. 24.—Hon. Mr. Flynn, prime minister of Quebec, is about to issue an address to the electors of his province.

TORONTO, Aug. 24.—The firm of Foster & Pender, King street East, is in financial difficulties, having had some bad losses lately.

NAGARA FALLS, Aug. 24.—Lord Russell, Chief Justice of England, and party arrived here on Saturday. They will leave here for Toronto to-morrow.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 24.—A fire gutted the St. Lawrence hotel and A. McPhee's store, J. McLeister's store and the Misses McDonald's millinery store. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

PORT ARTHUR, Aug. 24.—John W. Plummer, late manager of the Granite Mountain Delamar mines, died on Thursday in London, Eng., where he had gone to take a well-earned holiday. Mr. Plummer was an Algoma man, having been assistant manager of the Bruce mines in the sixties, and afterwards at Silver and Jarvis Islands, near Port Arthur, for a great many years.

BELLEVILLE, Aug. 24.—Mrs. Thomas Lockerby, an aged widow, was killed by a trolley here last night while crossing the track on Main street.

PORT CARROLL, Aug. 24.—Two men named Carson and Tyler were killed while riding on a hand car, being struck by a stock train.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 24.—It is regarded in this city as settled fact that as soon as the school question has been disposed of Hon. Mr. Sifton will accept the portfolio of Minister of the Interior and run in Brandon.

CAMPBELLFORD, Aug. 25.—Mrs. Hubbard, the wife of a farmer of Chandos township, and her daughter, were drowned in the Deer river on Sunday. The girl accidentally fell into the river and her mother plunged in after her, when both sank.

FENELON FALLS, Aug. 25.—John Chambers, reeve of Fenelon and ex-warden of Victoria, died to-day.

LINDSAY, Aug. 25.—R. J. Mitchell, Grand Trunk ticket agent here, also agent for the Canadian Express Company and several lines of steamers, has absconded, leaving a considerable shortage in his accounts. The Grand Trunk and the steamship companies are out, Mitchell is believed to have been speculating.

NAGARA FALLS, Aug. 25.—Daniel Malloy, a young lad of this town, has been drowned in the Whirlpool rapids. He was bathing some distance above and was swept down by the current.

TORONTO, Aug. 25.—A daughter was born last Wednesday to Wm. Gilvray, a corporation laborer, and his wife. He is seventy and she was sixty last month. This is her twenty-first child.

TORONTO, Aug. 25.—The bodies of two dead infants were found this morning, one in the public lavatory on the island and the other in the bay. Foul play is evident in each case.

A Poor Man's Comfort.

Cold and hunger are no respecters of persons. The winter wind howls around the rich man just as searchingly as it sweeps through a poor one. And Fibre Chamis is equally a boon to both with its wonderful, health-giving qualities. Its light weight and trifling cost. Those whom money is no object prefer using it to being burdened down by the weight of many wraps and those who perform outdoor duties in cold weather find it invaluable, as it keeps out all wind and cold—not for an hour, but for all day—and yet adds nothing which hampers them, no like to believe, the conservative shown by the Supreme court and its special respect for property as demonstrated by its verdict against the income tax, however, indicate that the chances are in favor of the validity of gold contracts being maintained under all circumstances.

TWO MINISTERS ELECTED.

OWEN SOUND, Aug. 25.—(Special)—The majority in North Grey by divisions were as follows:

Paterson. McLaughlin.	
Owen Sound	133
Derby	58
Holland	105
Sydenham	215
Keppel	44
Sarawak	86
	11
Totals	536
	116

Majority for Paterson, 420.

A later return places Hon. Mr. Paterson at 413.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Aug. 25.—(Special)—The latest returns from Queen's and Sunbury give Hon. Mr. Blair a majority of 604 over his opponent, Mr. Wilnot.

CANADA IN ENGLAND.

MONTREAL, Aug. 24.—(Special)—Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney, of British Columbia, arrived from England on Saturday. He says a great many syndicates are being formed in London and are sending out engineers to report on the proposed British Columbia, Superintendent Stephen and the Manchester ship canal, came over in the same steamer with him and will confer with Professor Robertson, Dominion dairy commissioner, and with the Canadian government, with a view to making Manchester a distributing point for Canadian products.

POLITICS IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, Aug. 24.—The Reichszenger says it is authorized to announce that the Emperor William desires a bill to be drawn up and submitted to the Bundesrat based on the lines of the statement which Prince Hohenzollern made to the Reichstag on May 18 last, relative to reforming the criminal procedure in the army. It is hoped that concessions upon the part of the Emperor will do much to end the ministerial crisis which has been a factor for a long time past and which is said to have caused the retirement of the minister for war, and which was looked upon as likely to bring about the resignation of the Imperial Chancellor. These ministers have steadily advocated reform in military trials, and the Emperor has steadily opposed it on the ground that it would tend to demoralize the army by making public matters which should be confined strictly to official military circles.

The Emperor's differences with Prince Hohenzollern include the labor policy of the government, His Majesty wishing to end the period of conciliation so far as the socialists are concerned, and the naval programme, the Emperor desiring the passage of a bill providing for an increase of 150,000,000 marks in the expenditure of the latter measure is impossible if the military reform bill is shelved. Prince Hohenzollern, however, will remain in office until he has conferred with the Emperor and Prince Lobanoff-Rostovskii, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, on the state of Europe and the future policy of the empire.

The Hamburger correspondent, in an inspired article, speaks of American "intrigues" in Samoa, adding: "There is a strong feeling in the United States in favor of annexation, and German inter-

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

MATABELE WAR ENDED

Cecil Rhodes by His Manliness Gains the Confidence of the Chiefs.

Causes of the Trouble—Religious Frenzy Worked Upon—Embittered by Oppressions.

BULAWAYO, Aug. 25.—The mission of Hon. Cecil Rhodes to the Matabele is reported to be a pronounced success. Cecil Rhodes inspired the confidence of Matabele chiefs by going among them unarmed. They promise not to fight the English forces, provided Cecil Rhodes would agree to remain in the country and care for them. They also asked for the removal of a prominent government official, whose conduct they complained of bitterly. Cecil Rhodes replied, telling them that the official referred to had already left the government service. He then asked the chiefs whether they were for peace or war. Two of the chiefs were brothers of Lobengula, the Matabele king, who was said to have been killed at the close of the Matabele war in 1894. Secomb, the leading chief, laid his gun and assagai before Mr. Rhodes and signified that they were in favor of peace. Cecil Rhodes promised to spare their lives, but said that the surrender must be unconditional. At the conclusion of the conference Secomb cried: "Go in peace, my father, greatest of chiefs." After describing the scene Cecil Rhodes is reported to have said: "It was to make life worth living."

The war with the Matabele, which began in South Africa early in this year, in many respects resembled the early Indian wars in America. Several hundred settlers in the more sparsely settled portions of Matabeleland were murdered by the natives. Survivors in the country districts quickly gathered in the larger towns and lines of defence were thrown up, while the existing fortifications were garrisoned as strongly as possible. The natives were at first commanded by a son of the late King Lobengula. To the number of 20,000 they gathered on the hills around Bulawayo, the principal town.

To a considerable extent they were actuated by a sort of religious frenzy, but other causes are said to have combined to bring about the trouble. Chief among these were the wrongdoings of the native police in the imposition by the South African Chartered Company of a hut tax on the 43,000 huts of the natives of Matabeleland. This tax the natives sternly resisted for many months, but the chartered company insisted upon this revenue being collected and refused to make any concessions.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—Earl Gray, who was appointed to administer the affairs within the jurisdiction of the British South Africa Company, believes that the surrender of the natives was practically unconditional.

POLITICAL PRISONERS RELEASED

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Albert George Whitehead, an Irish political prisoner, was released from Portland prison on Saturday morning. Whitehead is an American citizen. Before coming to this country he resided in New Jersey. He will probably sail for the United States on Monday next. Whitehead, whose real name is Murphy, was convicted with Dr. Thomas Gallagher, John Curtis Kent and Harry Hammond Wilson in London thirteen years ago, and sentenced to penal servitude for life. Late reports from confidential sources on the other side to men working for the amnesty association in the country say Whitehead is mentally unbalanced as a consequence of the severe treatment he received in prison. Patrick J. O'Brien had a long interview with the secretary of the United States embassy, James K. Roosevelt, to-day, and it is believed that it had some connection with the steps to be taken to transport the released Irish prisoners to America. It is learned on official authority that Dr. Gallagher, who, with Daly, Whitehead, and others, was convicted as a dynamiter, will be released in the course of the next ten days and will sail for the United States without delay. The U. S. government through Mr. J. R. Roosevelt, secretary of the U. S. embassy, will pay the passage of Dr. Gallagher and the physician attending him to New York.

GOLD CONTRACTS.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—The Daily News this morning in an article discussing the powers of the United States Supreme court and the possibility of a decision in opposition to the validity of gold contracts says: "The point is complicated by the decision and the future course of the United States Supreme court in this particular is by no means so certain as Wall Street and Lombard street would like to believe. The conservative shown by the Supreme court and its special respect for property as demonstrated by its verdict against the income tax, however, indicate that the chances are in favor of the validity of gold contracts being maintained under all circumstances."

Forks, made a trip this week in the train companies. Mr. that I have seen of this Kettle river since since coming to this belt here second for its richness and howling.

B. Vantassel have a two week's trip up the North Fork. These there is a large area of arable land in this district, to anything they made two localities of their claims the other, the Mountain being iron cap and gold. It is at least north of the new month is not more than 12

GREAT BRITAIN.

Conservative Views as to Market Contrasted.

Mail-Emprise.

which waited upon impressed upon it facilitating trade with agricultural products good service. It succeeded in converting the belief that there is a proposition it has of the ministry have peculiar ideas on the retention of articles of to the British Isles, across the line, of agricultural produce have then turned Great Britain, where, agricultural deficit, nations are necessary, two countries the fastest of the opinion needs our staple produce mother land. But the view of the mind. They have held and only market is the already overstocked, entrance to that man ready, and are still the trade with great have fought for a disaffected England, and John Charlton, they to impose such a tariff as will consent to

It is known that the commercial consequences must be. Mr. is anticipated as a result. England, and the early sees that, as by a shut out imports and take instead those States, we render the own produce to England. If we are off we can scarcely extend goods across the and success.

ment antagonized the it did not and it promote production for and transportation arduous efforts it met position. The instructor-making was said to aid storage enterprises as artificial interference of trade. The ensure speedy communication British market was obvious and unnecessary, a dead meat business as a fraud. To-day will under commoditypositor, the personal Paterson, the minister election at the hands North Grey, declares the Liberal triumph, "winter butter and in other words, the British market all efforts to promote cease. We are thus a fair system which, party is prepared to secure the success of Mr. Charlton's doctrine. That England is an article of articles that our farmer British market on his that reasonable assigned to the produced countries, would advantageous.

implication sought to impute with these considerations themselves to all not the victims of favored, indeed, to into the heads of rule, and thus to in their old ideas the work of trade as late ministers drop- he hoped that the it. Our future de- sisting matters alone, and promotion of the producers, whether it unjust competition, ted upon our cattle when Sir Richard removed the meat the Chicago article our produce in the and willing to re-

been received from mailboxes is epidemic

Word's Fair.

Wash Fabrics. Pereaes. Teazle Down. Crepe Linas.

Of course, in white goods we have the very best for the money. Mainstays and Lawns from 125 cents India Linens, Victoria Lawns, Divinity and Swims, from 16 cents per yard. Fibre Fabric, for linens, from 10 cents to 15 cents per yard. Hosiery and imitation Hosiery, at 15c, 25c, and 35c. Crinolines, 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c, 65c, 70c, 75c, 80c, 85c, 90c, 95c, and 100c.

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Of course, every lady whose eye catches this heading will know that it leads up to Crepons. Could any fabric ever prescribed by fashion be so beautiful as the same way. They're very odd; they're also nice and new. A large stock of fancy colored and plain to select from, 20c. to 40c. per yard.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO'Y.

100 10th, 1896.

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