

G. KNOWLING.

**Hearson's Patent
"Champion" Incubators.****"RAPID" GREEN BONE CUTTERS.
POULTRY FOUNTAINS, NEST EGGS.
SPRATT'S "CHICKEN MEAL"**the morning meal for chicks; and
SPRATT'S "CHIKKO"—the evening meal for chicks.
Will raise strong and hardy chicks with the minimum of trouble.

To obtain fertile Eggs use Park and Pollard's "DRY MASH" and "GROWING FOOD," combined with "PURINA SCRATCH FOOD."

GEO. KNOWLING

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Evening Telegram**W. J. HERDER, - - Proprietor
W. F. LLOYD, - - - - Editor**

WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1915.

The Products Company

This afternoon the discussion on the Contract of the Newfoundland Products Company and the Resolutions to confirm it will be taken up in the House of Assembly, and considerable discussion must be given to it to elicit all information which has a bearing on it to bring out its full meaning. One principle should guide the discussion and that is to foster a large industry in Caribides and allied industries at Bay of Islands and every consideration should be extended to reasonable concessions to bring such an industry into being, but there must be ample provisions to safeguard the interests of the Colony from excessive concessions, and to insure that if five million dollars in cash is not expended at Bay of Islands on Power plants, electric furnaces, carbide works, fertilizing plants and the like at Bay of Islands then not only should the concessions in regard to free caribide fail, but the leases of water-powers, the proposed concessions as to Muskrat Falls, and the grant of mining rights at Bay of Islands should be rescinded absolutely. In regard to this cash expenditure at Bay of Islands on construction work there should not be left a shadow of doubt, and it should be set down in the provisions made by the Legislature in black and white in language which is plain and clear. The concessions of rights in regard to water-powers in the Island of Newfoundland outside of the Humber drainage are highly objectionable and should be strenuously opposed. Further, while it is reasonable that material for construction should be exempted from taxation, it was unreasonable that the Company should be free from every sort of taxation, except that on coal. It would be fair to give them a term of absolute freedom, which should be liberal in duration, but when the Company was well established and paying good dividends, it should aid in the general upkeep of the Revenue. Such other safeguards in respect to the use of the waters by loggers, fishermen and sportsmen should be made, as were made in the Harmsworth Contract.

Reception at**Canon Wood Hall.**

A reception in honor of Rev. Dr. Jones, Rector of St. Thomas's Parish, was held at Canon Wood Hall last night. Hon. M. G. Winter presided, and short addresses were given by Rev. Canons Smith, White, Bolt and Rev. A. Clayton, senior curate of the Parish. In reply to the kindly expressions of welcome, Dr. Jones made a very pleasing speech which was interspersed with delightful humor. Mrs. W. C. Job, Misses Dunfield and Job contributed songs during the evening, and Mr. Stirling presided at the piano in his usual acceptable manner. Refreshments were served by the ladies of St. Thomas's Women's Association, and the gathering which was a large one dispersed after singing the National Anthem.

The Quarterly Meeting of the St. Bon's Ladies' Association will be held in the Aula Maxima on Thursday, April 29th, at 4 o'clock. A large attendance is urgently requested. MARY C. BATES, Hon. Sec'y.—ap27.2i

The Most Popular Kerosene

In Newfoundland to-day is

"Texaco."

Our increase in sales last year proves this.

The Oil of Quality.

GEO. M. BARR.**267th Day of the War.****LAZEST****From the Front.****10.30 A. M.****DARDANELLES PORTS MUCH DAMAGED**

LONDON, To-day. The Daily Mail's Athens correspondent says the bombardment of the interior forts of the Dardanelles, which began on Sunday continued on Monday and resulted in heavy damage to the forts. It is reported the forts on the coast near Smyrna were also bombarded but this report has not been confirmed.

CANADIANS VOLUNTEER FOR FRONT.

LONDON, To-day. The heavy casualty list among the Canadians at the front resulted in an emergency call for reinforcements on Monday night, when a body of officers and men, both from base details and recent arrivals paraded and embarked for a special destination. The departure of these troops was not secret as is usually the case but was open and Polkstone citizens gave them a rousing farewell.

11.00 A. M.**TRAWLER BLOWN UP.**

GRIMSBY, To-day. The trawler Becco was blown up in the North Sea on Monday. Several of the crew are missing. It is believed the Becco struck a mine.

KITCHENER ON GERMAN INHUMANITY.

LONDON, To-day. The British Parliament occupied itself today with discussions on the treatment of British prisoners of war in Germany. In both the House of Lords and the Commons gratitude was expressed for the efforts which have been made by the United States to ameliorate the conditions of prisoners. Kitchener's speech in the House of Lords in which he said he was convinced, was humanity toward British soldiers, was the most notable expression of the day. There were, however, equally striking notes in both Houses notably by Lord Lansdowne, Leader of the Opposition, and Lord Cromer who expressed regret in the Lords that the British Admiralty had seen fit to segregate captured German submarines from the crews, and by Premier Asquith in the Commons who declared that at the end of the war the British people would exact reparation. No definite course of action concerning treatment of prisoners was agreed on by either House. Earl Kitchener said, that as a soldier he had always held officers of the German army in respect, but constant testimony that has come in not only from our own escaped prisoners, but from French, Russian, Belgian and American sources has brought it home to all who have sifted the evidence that the inhumanity displayed by German authorities, toward British prisoners especially, is beyond doubt. The Secretary of State, quoted articles from the Convention adopted at the Hague, relating to the treatment of prisoners of war and asserted that they had been disregarded flagrantly by German officers. He added, I think it only fair and right to say that German hospitals should be excepted from any charges of deliberate inhumanity. There have been indications of lamentable lack of medical skill and individual cases of neglect and indifference and suffering on the part of hospital orderlies. On the other hand there are statements from prisoners who have been released as incapacitated that their experience in the hospitals did not form any ground for complaint. The treatment of prisoners in detention camps in Germany varies considerably, according to the locality. Our men in most cases suffer from want of food and have received differential treatment, as compared with their French and Russian comrades, and many acts of violence have been complained of. Latterly, however, there does appear to be slight improvement in some respects due perhaps to visits of inspection made from time to time through the American Ambassador. Germany has for many years posed before the civilized world as a great military nation. She has abundantly proved her military skill and courage but surely it was also for her to set up a standard of military honor and conduct which would gain the respect of not the friendship of nations. Instead she has stooped to acts which will surely stain her military history which would vie with barbarous savagery of Derivishes of Soudan. I do not think there can be a soldier of any nationality, even amongst the Germans themselves, who is not

heartily ashamed of the slur which has been thus brought upon the profession of arms. Usages of war have not only been outraged by infliction of cruelties on British prisoners but by contrivances which must have arrested your Lordship's attention. The Germans have last week introduced the method of placing their opponents hors de combat by the use of asphyxiating and deleterious gases. They employ these poisonous methods and prevail when their attack, according to the rules of war, might otherwise have failed. In the Commons, speaking in the debate on the treatment of British prisoners in Germany, Premier Asquith said, "It is a horrible story from every view point. One of the blackest spots on even the German methods of war. My object in rising is to say with all emphasis and all deliberation that we shall not forget and we ought not to forget this horrible record of calculated cruelty and crime. We shall at the end of this war hold it to be our duty to exact such reparation against those who are proved to be guilty agents in this matter as it may be possible for us to inflict. I do not think we would be doing our duty either to these brave and unfortunate men, or the honor of our country or to plain dictates of humanity if we should be content with anything less." The British War Office in a statement to-night, supplementing its previous charges of the Germans in their fighting using noxious gases says, the medical evidence shows that the Canadian soldiers have lost their lives in the recent fighting not from wounds but from poisoning from gases employed by the enemy.

LAST GERMAN TRADER ROUND-ED UP.

MELBOURNE, To-day. It is officially announced that a British warship captured the German trading steamer Elfriede, which is believed to have been the last German ship free in the Pacific.

1.40 P. M.**REMOURED ATTEMPT TO FORCE WAY TO CALAIS.**

PARIS, To-day. The offensive assumed by the Germans in Ypres region has given rise to the report that they are about to undertake another carefully planned attempt to force their way to Calais. Military authorities are cautious, however, in accepting this suggestion as an explanation for the Germans recent activity. The magnitude of forces concentrated by the Germans on such a limited front cannot be so explained. It is believed here to be a mere desire to keep the Allies active. The opinion expressed is that it was, and perhaps still is, their intention to make a large gap in the Allies' lines preparatory to more important undertakings.

GERMAN DESIGN FAILED.

LONDON, To-day. The German design to turn the left of the British position at Ypres and drive the Allies out of Belgium has failed, according to the Times correspondent in the north of France. He says that while the battle is still raging furiously, the German advance has been definitely checked.

St. Pierre Bulletin.

ALLIES PROGRESS.
Midnight Official, April 25. North of Ypres our progress and that of the British Army continues. We have taken numerous prisoners and materials, "bombthrowers" and maxims. On Eparges, Streny and Calonne from the German attack were completely repulsed. On one single point of front an officer counted near a thousand dead. We have taken up the offensive and the progress at Hartmannswiller and after the recapture of the summit we advanced 200 metres, descending the eastern slopes.

Items of Interest.

RIFLE AS FISHING ROD.
The coolness of the British soldier is proverbial, but it was never more strikingly illustrated than by an incident recorded by a London Times correspondent when talking of the steady manner in which our boys fought at Mons. When he fired, "with the heavy firing audible in the distance the soldier can sit quietly on the banks of a canal perhaps to be seen with his rifle in his hand calmly fishing, with his bayoneted rifle as a fishing-rod, the spectacle inspires trust, even though from every direction the country-side the presence of the all-pervading German cavalry is reported."

MAPLE SUGAR YIELD LIGHT.

The maple sugar season in the Province of Quebec opened early this year, but the yield proved somewhat less than that of the previous year, the quality, however, being good. The quantity produced averaged from one to two pounds per tree. This is a somewhat important industry, the figures of the latest census showing that the value of the annual output of the province is estimated at \$1,680,000.

Household Notes.

Always use cold water for stains of syrup, sugar and meat juice. Hot water for vegetables and various fruit stains. Wash mud stains in cold water.
The tired housekeeper will find that a hot foot bath at night, and rubbing the feet afterward with carbolated vaseline, will add greatly to her comfort.
To wash velvet, make a lather of soap and warm water and soak the fabric in it—squeezing, but not rubbing. Rub with clear water and dry without wringing.

To wash velvet, make a lather of soap and warm water and soak the fabric in it—squeezing, but not rubbing. Rub with clear water and dry without wringing.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns.

THE CRESCENT PICTURE PALACE

A LAUGHABLE BUNNY COMEDY TO-DAY.

"A Demand for Justice,"

A Kalem feature.

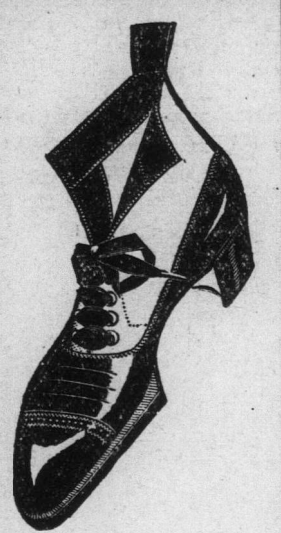
"THE PRICE OF HIS HONOR"—An Essanay photo play, illustrating the sacrifices a woman makes to shield a man's honor.

"POLISHING UP"—A laughable comedy with John Bunny and Flora Finch.

"EVEN DAUGHTER"—A Vitagraph drama featuring Lillian Walker. She marries a wealthy man; he looks with suspicion upon her previous occupation as an artist's model; he learns the truth and pleads for her love and forgiveness.

"SWEEDIE THE SWATTER"—A most funny farce. Sweedie hires as a cook and cleans out the house and its occupants.

A fine 2 Reel Feature on Friday—"THE GIRL AT THE CURTAIN."

**REGAL SHOE!**

Our REGAL SHOES are ready for the men who require

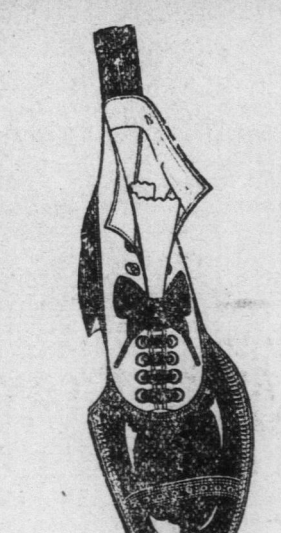
STYLE, FIT and COMFORT.

The REGAL SHOES just opened are the last word in style.

The New Tan ENGLISH LAST, flat heel, receding toe, is the latest New York Model.

All sizes and widths. \$5.50, 6.00, 6.50, 7.00.

SEE THEM TO-DAY.

PARKER & MONROE,
SOLE AGENTS.**Methodist College Entertainment,
FRIDAY, 30th April,**

at 8 p.m.

In Aid of War Funds. Entrance, 10c. and 20c.

ap28.3i

THIS IS THE KEY THAT OPENS THE SHINOLA BOX

THE DIRECT AGENCIES, LTD.,
Agents.

To Arrive Tuesday, ex S.S. Stephano,

50 crates CHOICE GREEN CABBAGE.
50 brls. AMERICAN BALDWIN APPLES.
50 sacks SILVERPEEL ONIONS.
20 sacks N. S. TURNIPS.
200 sacks P. E. I. BLUE POTATOES, and

30 Bunches Choice Bananas

PRICES RIGHT.

BURT & LAWRENCE,
Box 245. 14 New Go wer Street. Tel. 759

Advertise in The Evening Telegram

Heroism of Aviator Described.

Paris, April 22.—A story telling of the heroism of an aviator described as "de M" whose father was killed in one of the first engagements of the war has been sent to the Petit Journal, by a correspondent with the Northern army.

"De M" was sent with a sergeant, to bombard a corner of the Belgian coast, where the Germans had been showing exceptional activity. They had to pass over a region where Roland Garros accomplished his most sensational exploit and where the Germans had installed a hundred anti-craft guns.

The aeroplane was piloted safely through a storm of shells, while the sergeant dropped bombs, according to instructions, and then turned towards the French lines, rising to a height of 9,000 feet, to avoid the hail of shrapnel.

Suddenly a German shell smashed the front wheels and hurled through the machine, severing the aviator's left foot. The aeroplane began to plunge downward but "de M" gritted his teeth, and righted the machine, keeping it headed toward camp. The sergeant, who thought they were done for, supported the pilot with his left arm, while with his right he started to pencil a farewell letter to his mother. There were fifteen miles to fly, to reach a place of safety. "Shall I take the helm," asked the sergeant.

"No, no, you trust to me, we'll get back to France all right" was "de M's" reply.

The sergeant then abandoned his letter writing and supported the pilot with both arms. "De M" stuck to his task, and took the machine safely back to the starting place and crawled out unaided through the hole made by the German projectile. Not until he reached the hospital, at Zuydcoote, did he faint.

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