S. R. FOSTER & SON
MANUFACTURERS OF
Wire Nails,
Wire Brads,
STEEL AND IRON-CUT NAILS.
And SPIKES, TACKS, BRADS,
SHOE-NAILS, HUNGARIAN NAILS etc,
ST. JOHN, N. B

All Description of Plain and Fancy JOB WORK Executed with Neatness and Promptness.

Chignecto Post.

"The CHIGNECTO POST" has the Largest Circulation of any Country Journal published in the Province.

Deserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 24.--NO.4. SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1893. WHOLE NO. 1,211

THE CHIGNECTO POST
IS PUBLISHED
EVERY THURSDAY
—AT—
$1.50 per Annum; or $1.00 in Advance.
PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING
OF ALL KINDS
PROMPTLY EXECUTED LOWEST RATES
ADVERTISEMENTS
Inserted at Very Lowest Rates
ROBERT KING, Publisher,

Railways, &c.

N. B. & P. E. I. Railway.

1893—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT—1893

EFFECT MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1893.

Train Run by Eastern Standard Time.

ON and after Monday, June 26th 1893, Trains will run as follows:

Leave Sackville daily (Sundays excepted) at 12.00 P. M., Arriving at Cape Tormentine at 2.24.

Returning, will leave Cape Tormentine at 2.45 and Arrive at Sackville at 5.09, connecting with Evening Express Trains both East and West.

Every Monday Morning a Special Passenger Train will leave Sackville for Cape Tormentine. Returning, will leave Cape Tormentine at 7 A. M.

All Freight for the Eastward, to insure being taken on day of delivery, must be at Sackville Station or Wood's Siding before 11 o'clock A. M.

JOSIAH WOOD,
President.

Sackville, June 26th, 1893.

$1000.00 REWARD,

offered for any Sewing Machine that will beat the

Davis Vertical Feed Sewing Machine

I am bound to sell the best. Also in PIANOS, ORGANS, VIOLINS, ACCORDEONS, MOUTHORGANS,

Needles and parts for all kinds of Sewing Machines. Great Bargains for one month

C. E. FREEMAN, Amherst, N. S.
Oct. 22nd. 189

The St. John Bolt and Nut Comp'y,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Track Bolts, Car Bolts,
Machine Bolts, Bridge Bolts, Sleigh Shoe Bolts, Turnbuckles, Lagscrews, Fishplates, Washers, Carriage Rivets, Boiler Rivets, Wharf Spikes,
Hot Forged and Pressed Square and Hexagon Nuts,
ALL KINDS OF
Railway, Mining and Builders' Supplies.
Factory ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.
dec15 1Y

S. B. ANDRES,
Marble, Freestone & Granite Works
AMHERST, N. S.
Hand, a Choice Lot of Monuments, Tablets and Head-Stones of New and Elegant Designs.

The subscriber has taken pains in the selection of the best Quality of Stock for Durability and Fineness of Texture, and is prepared to attend to orders to the satisfaction of all who may favor him with their patronage. Designs furnished on application free of charge S. B. ANDRES.

H. J. McGrath & Co.,
DORCHESTER
Marble & Granite W'rks

The Subscriber begs to notify his old patons and the public generally that he has re-opened his monument works at the old stand.

Red and Gray Granites a Specialty.

All kinds of Cemetery work executed in the best style, and at prices to suit the times.

Dorchester, May 5th 892. 1

BOOK STORE!

I have a few lines of Good
WALL PAPERS
that I will sell at LESS THAN COST TO CLOSE OUT.

A few CURTAIN POLES and TRIMMINGS
Will be sold Very Low to close.

Specially low prices in PAPER and ENVELOPES by the box and ream. PAPETRIES plain and fancy at cost. GOOD NOVELS at half price.

Bibles, Hymnals, Albums and Fancy Goods as usual.

CHAS. MOORE.

Administrators' Notice.

Having obtained Letters of administration on all the goods, Chattels and credits of which George P. LeBlonc Esq. late of Cape Bald, Parish of Botsford, county of Westmorland, died seized or possessed of. All persons having any claims against the Estate of the said George P. LeBlonc are hereby notified to present the same duly attested to, within three months from date hereof, and all persons indebted and owing said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to me at Cape Bald aforesaid.

Dated this 22nd day of June, A.D., 1893

A. D RICHARD, Prosecutor, DOMITILE LEBLONC, Administratrix.

Jy 6 3m

TO RENT.

HOUSE AND PREMISES

on Weldon street now occupied by Mrs. Webb. Possession given 1st September.

Mrs. Charles Trueman.

July 11 4i

Latest Styles in
WEDDING INVITATIONS
At Chignecto Post Office.

Medical.

J. C. BOWSER, M. D.,
L. R. C. P., London.
OFFICE ove Drug Store. RESIDENCE in Geo. T. Bowser's house on York St. opposite Ladies' College. Telephone at residence.
Special attention given to testing of eyes for glasses.

O. J. McCULLY, M. D.
Memb. Roy. Col. Surgeons, London.
Diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
MONCTON, - - N. B.
Jan. 21—1y

DR. E. T. GAUDET,
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE: Opposite St. Joseph's College,
MEMRAMCOOK, N. B.
Special attention given to Diseases of the Eye and Ear. dec29 ti

DR. J. W. SANGSTER
DENTIST.
MAIN ST., SACKVILLE.
Aug. 14th, 1892.

Business Cards.

C. D. TRUEMAN,
Produce and Commission Merchant,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Provisions, Groceries & General Merchandise.
Prompt Returns on Consigned Goods.
No. 2 South Market Wharf, St. John, N. B.

J. A. SIMPSON,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
PORT ELGIN.
GOODS SOLD ON COMMISSION.
July 23.

JAMES CURRIE,
AMHERST, Nova Scotia,
General Agent for
"NEW WILLIAMS" SEWING MACHINES
Also Pianos and Organs.
Machine Needles, Oil, and Parts, always on hand.
June 26 1y

Pt. Elgin Woolen Mills.
Port. Elgin, N. B
The above mills are again in operation and are prepared to supply customers with a full line of
Tweeds, Homespuns, Blanketings, Shirtings, Etc.
Our facilities are better than ever for supplying Yarns at short notice.
Custom Carding done as usual.
June 23rd, 1892.

MT. ALLISON
ACADEMY
—AND—
Commercial College!
SACKVILLE, N. B.
will reopen Aug. 31st. For calendar with full information apply to
C. W. HARRISON,
PRINCIPAL.

House Painting.
THE UNDERSIGNED beg to inform his fiends and the public generally that he is prepared to do all kinds of
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING,
Papering, Kalsomining, Whitewashing Kalsomining and Decorating
usually required during the spring season
JOHN FORD,
Sackville, Mar 24, '92.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa
" Cough Cure
" Indian Oil.
" " Salve
" Worm Killer.
FOR SALE BY
M. MURRAY.
Port Elgin, Feb. 23, 1893.

FOR SALE!
THE POPERTY and premises formerly belonging to the late Capt. Elisha Towse situate in Sackville. The property consists of about
4 ACRES OF LAND,
on which is a good
HOUSE & SUBSTANTIAL BARN,
Half of the purchase money can remain on mortgage if purchaser desires.
For further particulars apply to
MISS HATTIE TOWSE,
or to A. W. BENNETT,
Sackville, N. B., August 3rd, 1893.

Legal.

B. B. TEED, M. A.
BARRISTER, NOTARY ETC.
Office Opp. Allison Block,
SACKVILLE, N B.

T A. WELLING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &C
BAIE VERTE, N. B.

CHARLES R. SMITH,
Barrister, Notary Public, &c.,
mar14 AMHERST, N. S.

A. D. RICHARD, LL. B.,
Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, &c., &c.
DORCHESTER, N. B.
Special attention given to the collection of Accounts in all parts of the United States and Canada.

POWELL & BENNETT,
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c.
SACKVILLE, N. B.
H. A. POWELL. A. W. BENNETT.

CHANDLER & ROBINSON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, &C.
W. B. CHANDLER. C. W. ROBINSON.
OFFICE: Main St., Moncton, N. B., front of Church St.

WELLS & WELCH,
Barristers and Solicitors.
Moncton, N. B.
Special attention given to collection of debts and settlement of estates. Mr. Wells will hereafter reside permanently at Moncton, but will be at his office in Dorchester on Monday of each week, where a reliable correspondent will be in constant attendance.
W. WILBERFORCE WELLS, Q. C.
DAVID I. WELCH.

FRANK J SWEENEY
Robinson & Sweeney.
Barristers, Attorneys, Notaries.
Conveyancers and Solicitors, Collections and all kinds of Legal Business Promptly attended to.
Main St., Moncton, and Melrose, Botsford.
Mr Sweeney will be at the Melrose branch on Saturday and Monday of each week for the transaction of business.
July 28. tf

H. J. LOGAN, L. L. B. C. E. CASEY, L. L. B.
LOGAN & CASEY
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &C.
Office: Black's Stone Block,
AMHERST, N. S.
Special attention given to the collection of debts.
dec 8 1y ented.

Business Cards.

ROBERT BELL,
Licensed Auctioneer,
SACKVILLE, N. B.

ARTHUR W. DIXON,
Licensed Auctioneer,
Sackville, N. B.
GOODS SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Money to Loan.
THE subscribers are prepared to loan Money on good security at reasonable rates
POWELL & BENNETT.
Sackville, July 15, 1886.

G.L MOSS,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
Main St., Amherst, N. S.
Dealer in and repairer of Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelery, Silverware, Spectacles of all kinds.

C. WARMUNDE,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.
OPP. BRUNSWICK HOUSE.
DEALER IN
WATCHES, Clocks, JEWELRY
Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly Done.
Sackville Aug 20, 1891.

NOTICE!

For Sale!

That desirable property situated on the corner of Main and Fair View streets. For further information apply at the premises,
MRS. ELIZABETH BELL,
Aug 3 tf

"German Syrup"

Croup. We have selected two or three lines from letters freshly received from parents who have given German Syrup to their children in the emergencies of Croup. You will credit these, because they come from good, substantial people, happy in finding what so many families lack—a medicine containing no evil drug, which mother can administer with confidence to the little ones in their most critical hours, safe and sure that it will carry them through.

ED. L. WILLITS, of Alma, Neb. I give it to my children when troubled with Croup and never saw any preparation act like it. It is simply miraculous.

Mrs. JAS. W. KIRK, Daughters' College, Harrodsburg, Ky. I have depended upon it in attacks of Croup with my little daughter, and find it an invaluable remedy.

Fully one-half of our customers are mothers who use Boschee's German Syrup among their children. A medicine to be successful with the little folks must be a treatment for the sudden and terrible foes of childhood, whooping cough, croup, diphtheria and the dangerous inflammations of delicate throats and lungs.

A Cure is Guaranteed!
to everyone using this Remedy according to directions, or money cheerfully and conscientiously refunded.
PRICE $1.00, 6 PACKAGES $5.00.
Sent by mail to any point in U.S. or Canada, securely sealed from observation, PLAIN WRAPPER, for men only. Tells you how to get well and stay well.
Address or call on QUEEN MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING, Montreal, Can.

Down With High Prices For Electric Belts.
$1.55, $2.65, $3.70; former prices $5, $7, $10. Quality remains the same—16 different styles; dry battery and acid belts—mild or strong current. Less than half the price of any other company and more home testimonials than all the rest together. Full list free. Mention this paper. W. T. BAER & CO. Windsor, Ont.

TOOTHACHE!
HEADACHE!
NEURALGIA!
INSTANTLY CURED BY ONE APPLICATION OF
NERVOL.
25 cents per Bottle, at all Druggists.

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.
For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To Jeremiah Sweeney and Catherine Sweeney his wife, John Sweeney, James Sweeney and Catherine Sweeney his wife, James Hurley and Mary Hurley his wife heirs of Dennis Sweeney (deceased) late of the Parish of Botsford in the County of Westmorland and province of New Brunswick, farmer, and all others whom it may concern.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the fifteenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty and made between the said Denis Sweeney (deceased) farmer of the first part and the undersigned Bill C. Raworth of the Parish of Botsford in the County of Westmorland and Province of New Brunswick farmer of the second part and duly recorded by the No. 40,923, Folio 5,23, Libro D. 4, Records of Deeds &c, in the Registry office, County of Westmorland, July 20th, there will for the purpose of satisfying the money secured thereby, default having been made in the payment thereof, be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION on

SATURDAY,
26th, day of AUGUST next.

at two o'clock in the afternoon on the premises of the late Denis Sweeney deceased and at or near the dwelling house on the said premises in the Parish of Botsford in the said county of Westmorland and Province of New Brunswick the lands and premises mentioned and described in said Indenture of Mortgage as follows,

"That certain farm situated in the Parish of Botsford on which the said Dennis Sweeney now resides and bounded as follows: "Southerly by the main road leading from Port Elgin to Bayfield, "Westerly by lands in possession of John Barr; "Northerly by the rear line of the Emigrant Road "lots, and Easterly by lands occupied by James "Swe ney; the second containing one hundred acres "more or less," together with all and singular the buildings, improvements, privileges and appurtenances to the said premises belonging or in anywise appertaining and the revision and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues, and profits, thereof; and all the Estate, right, property, claims, and demand whatsoever, both at law and in Equity of him the said Denis Sweeney in, to, out of, or upon the same premises, and every or any part whereof.

For terms of Sale and further particulars apply to the undersigned Solicitors.

Dated this eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1893

BILLIC. RAWORTH,
Mortgagee,

ROBINSON & SWEENEY,
Solicitors for Mortgagee.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Gen. Herbert has returned from England.

—At Bothwell, Ont., oil has been struck at a depth of 365 feet.

—Amongst the deepest mines in the world is the silver one at Prizbram, Bohemia, which is more than 3,300 feet deep.

—Bricks made of plaster of paris and cork are now used in the construction of powder mills. In case of explosion less damage is caused.

—It is claimed that by the Herault-Killian process of preparing, it is possible to sell aluminum at 15 cents per pound.

—The question of a neutral zone between the French possessions in the Siamese Peninsula and British Burmah and the Shan States has been settled satisfactorily.

—The Hebrews had no coins of their own until the days of the Maccabees, who issued shekels and half shekels, with the inscriptions: 'Jerusalem, the Holy,' 'Simon, Prince of Israel.' These bear no images.

—Nickel steel is beginning to be used in the manufacture of guns. It is believed that for weapons subjected to high pressures the incorrodibility and great elasticity of this alloy render it peculiarly adapted.

—As considerable curiosity has been exhibited as to the meaning of the names of the two steamships of the Australian line, it may be stated that the Warrimoo means the Eagle and the Meowara the Emu, the two greatest and strongest Australian birds.

—Miss Harriet Nicholls, of the district of Muskoka, who has been a postmistress for many years, recently resigned her position and means of support to marry a widower, William McCormack. They are still unmarried, the delinquent McCormack is now postmaster, while the wronged Miss Nicholls has entered suit for breach of promise.

—Judge Caldwell, of Kentucky, gave the other day a singular expression of his own belief. Eight young negro boys were caught breaking into a house. The Judge told the mothers that if they would flog them soundly in court he would not send the boys to the penitentiary. The mothers therefore wielded switches with a vigorous energy. When the Judge thought the punishment sufficient he checked the avenging arms.

—The Norfolk 'Virginian,' says that a girl residing in a Lake Michigan town has recovered $500 damages from a steamboat company for naming a boat after her without asking her permission. An exchange says she took offense at a marine article stating that 'Kittie Marshall having been thoroughly scrubbed, painted, refitted with canopied stern and new boilers, will hereafter serve as mail carrier and poke her pretty nose into the lake business for all she's worth.'

—There is an anti-cat crusade going on in Brooklyn and the battle is raging fiercely. The cats have a defender in the person of Miss McGarrah, who owns a select assortment of tabbies. She declares that she administers syrup of blackthorn to her pets every night, and that it renders them calm and quite and averse to back-fence concerts. The anti-catters maintain that Miss McGarrah's cats are only a few out of 1,000,000, and that the whole tribe must go.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

R U GARDENER?

OUR Seeds are Reliable. We import direct from Carter's, the largest growers in England. Also from Burpee, Vick and Henderson. Send 8c for Assorted Flower Collection, PANSIES, PRIMROSES, ASTERS, Etc. Also 25 and 50 cent packages assorted. Package Assorted Vegetable Seeds, Carrots, Beets, etc., 12 papers for 50 cents. G. W. Tripp says: "'I raised 42 bushels Carrots from ounce Guerande Seed."—25c. an oz. mailed. ALLEN'S DRUG STORE, MONCTON, N.B.

The Legend of Evil.

This is the sorrowful story
Told when the twilight falls
And the monkeys walk together
Holding each other's tails.

"Our fathers lived in a forest,
Foolish people were they;
They went down to the cornland
To teach the farmers to play.

"Our fathers frisked in the millet.
Our fathers skipped in the wheat.
Our fathers hung in the branches.
Our fathers danced in the street.

"Then came the terrible farmers,
Nothing of play they knew;
Only they caught our fathers
And set them to labor, too!

"Set them to work in the cornland,
With ploughs and sickles and flails,
Put them in mud-walled prisons,
And cut off their beautiful tails!

"Now we can watch our fathers,
Sullen and bowed and old,
Stooping over the millet,
Stirring the silly mold.

"Driving a foolish furrow,
Mending a muddy yoke,
Sleeping in mud-walled prisons,
Steeping their food in smoke.

"We may not speak to our fathers,
For if the farmers knew
They would come up to the forest
And set us to labor, too."

This is the horrible story
Told as the twilight falls,
As the monkeys walk together
Holding each other's tails.

—Rudyard Kipling.

Miss Ethel Stokes's Idea.

"Therefore, women, arise and play the man!" That is the bugle cry uttered by Miss Ethel Stokes, an English woman with a shining, brand-new idea. She doesn't really mean what she says either. She doesn't want them to 'play' the man but to imitate him in good earnest, even to the point of forming a volunteer corps. She says that if women want rights they must be prepared to defend them.

Naturally one would expect the promulgator of such martial ideas to be something imposing and majestic. Miss Stokes is not. She is young—not out of her teens, small, soft-voiced, and gentle. She laments the fact that her suggestion has met but little encouragement. Even her own father and mother say it is 'comical!' As for the cold, cold world outside, Miss Stokes says it has given her more chaff than encouragement. She has reached the point now when she laughs good-humoredly at herself.

As for the uniform, Miss Stokes says she hasn't given much thought to that. If it is proposed to limit the corps to the devotees of dress reform, 'twill be exclusive indeed. If not. Why, what item of feminine apparel would not of itself fill a knapsack to bursting? But Miss Stokes has not gone into details yet. She says she hasn't had enough encouragement.

She does think, however that it would be better to begin with naval volunteers. She doesn't think they could secure enough privacy for drilling a land corps, and without privacy she feels sure she could get but few to join. But if an old hulk could be moored in some quiet spot, where vile men could not approach, she thinks the work would go gayly on.

She scoffs at the idea that girls would lose their heads going aloft, and thinks they would take the rigging like their old Darwinian grandmothers.

Miss Stokes says that women must become emancipated from their feeling of physical inferiority, and she is sure that the volunteer corps is the way to do it.—Exchange.

Opium Cartoons in China.

The British Society for the Suppression of the Opium Trade has republished, fac simile, a most curious set of Chinese cartoons on the nation vice, which has an almost exact parallel in the famous Curikshank series, known as "The Bottle." The native Cruikshank begins with a picture of a happy home, at any rate of a happy summer house. The native debauchee is taking his first whiff, He reclines on a couch of ebony, inlaid with marble, and all his surroundings are elegant and luxurious. This is No. 1 of the series. No 2 represents parental expostulations—the youth on his knees before his father, and promising never to do it again; No. 3, relapse; and No. 4—the wife painting scrolls for a livelihood in the miserable home. In No. 5 the smoker is at it again, while the wife and children, with a reckless indifference to perspective which is in itself suggestive of despair, weep by the side of the besotted father's couch, and the old mother does the work of a domestic drudge. In No. 6, the wife loses her temper, and dashes the smoking gear to the ground, while the infuriated debauchee tries to beat her with a bamboo. In No. 7, he is again sucking at the recovered pipe, while compassionate friends vainly offer him the food for which he has lost all appetite. In No. 8, wife and child regard him with horror, but he does not seem to mind. In No, 9, he has been sold up, and his lodging is on the cold ground. In No. 10, the dogs are after him, as he crawls through the villages. No. 11 is the same as No. 10, 'only more so.' In No. 12, we see him, or rather the wretched skeleton of him, crawling into a hole in the rocks, in a wintery landscape, to die—still hugging the pipe that has brought him to ruin.

YOU WOULD NOT have had that throbbing headache had you taken a Burdock Blood Bitters last night.

THE METHODIST CHURCH.

A REMARKABLE RECORD.

The Rev. Henry Daniel now living in St. John has been in the ministry of the Methodist Church in these Maritime Provinces sixty three years and has attended every District Meeting and Annual Conference held during all these years. He is now in his eighty-sixth year but is still in vigorous health and retains a keen and lively interest in all the movements of the time and especially in all matters affecting the progress and welfare of the christian churches generally.

The twelve Conferences composing the Methodist Church of the Dominion of Canada have recently been held, a vast amount of work has been accomplished during the various sessions, and gratifying increase in the connexional funds and in the membership of the church is reported for the past year.

Some 1400 new members were received in the New Brunswick and P. E. Island Conference alone. During the past 30 years the Wesleyan church in England has spent forty-five millions of dollars in the erection of places of worship. There are 14000 pulpits among the various branches of the Methodist church to fill every Sabbath. The demand is met by 4000 ordained ministers and 10,000 local preachers. Forty-four thousand new members were received into the Wesleyan church in England during the past year.

The work in connection with the Temperance Reform is being carefully attended to by that church especially among the young people. There are over four thousand Bands of Hope with a membership of 420,000. One of the ablest of the ministers is set apart to care for the interests of temperance throughout the connection and one sabbath in the year is recognized as the temperance sabbath and sermons in all the churches are preached touching on the different aspects of this great question.

About 130 of the young people in the Sabbath Schools on the Sackville Circuit have signed the total abstinence pledge during the past year.

The following resolution in regard to temperance matters was passed by the N. B. & P. E. I. Methodist Conference during its recent session at Moncton:—

The committee expresses satisfaction at the growth of public sentiment and the awakening of the individual and national conscience in reference to the enormity and destructiveness of the liquor traffic and it recognizes the continued progress of the principles and aims of temperance reform. Especially does it note the appearance of the advance work which is being accomplished by the introduction into our day schools of valuable text books, and the increased attention which has been given to the subject in S. School teaching, in the securing of young people as pledged abstainers in many of the churches. It would earnestly remind our membership that the attitude of the Methodist church continues to be one of uncompromising hostility to the liquor traffic in all its forms, and hails with thankfulness its growing sympathy with the principles of total and absolute prohibition. The committee recognizes the fact that the strength and success of all agitation for temperance legislation depends upon the votes cast at the various elections and strongly recommends our people at all elections to use their influence and ballots for the carrying out of the great principles and purposes of the temperance movement. In view of the approaching elections in the different counties and cities, our people are urged to perform their duty in this matter irrespective of all political party. The committee also urges the importance of the observance of one sabbath in the year to be known as the temperance sabbath for the preaching of temperance sermons and the reading to our congregation the statements and the recommendations of our church on this subject. The first sabbath in December is recommended as the day to be set apart for this purpose. In answer to a request from the Dominion Alliance the following brethren are nominated as delegates to the Council meeting of the Alliance to be held at Toronto in September next: Rev. C. H. Paisley; A. W. James; Dr. Inch, and J. I. Mellish.

Days of Agony.

Is the experience of thousands of sufferers from Piles. Hawker's Pile Cure is a positive and painless cure. Sold everywhere. Price 50 cents. If afflicted try it.

He was evidently a very obliging boy, for when he applied to the merchant for a position and was asked his age, he replied. 'Oh, sir, I shall be whatever age you wish me to be'.

Drunkenness—Liquor Habit—In all the World there is but one cure, Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee, without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge and to-day believe they quit drinking by their own free will. No harmful affects results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street Cincinnati, Ohio.

AGRICULTURE.

Hay is to be listed on the New York produce exchange.

The average annual yield of milk per cow in Great Britain is 400 pounds.

A poultryman says that for eggs alone, good early pullets and thirty two-year old hens will give the best results.

The loss to Texas sheepman by the ravages of wolves is estimated at $500,000 per annum.

If a tree is allowed to overbear, its vitality is so greatly taxed that the next season only a small and inferior crop will be harvested.

The continued low price of wheat should show farmers that it is best to grow other than the strictly staple crops.

The Texas Live Stock Journal says: Cheese kept in a cool larder or cellar with a cloth wrung out of clean, cold water constantly upon it will never have mites upon it; or if it has, the moisture destroys them and also greatly improves the cheese, keeping it always moist.

Origin of the Canadian Export Cattle Trade

The idea of shipping cattle from the continent to Great Britain originated some forty years ago with an Englishman, Mr. Alfred Reeve, who is now a great breeder and landowner at Pakenham Suffolk. In the year 1852, Mr. Reeve used to go out, buying cattle along the Grand Trunk between Toronto and Guelph, shipping them into the former city. Cattle were bought cheap in those days and sold at what seems to us nowadays a ridiculously low figure, the average being about $16 a head. Mr. Reeve had the contract for supplying fresh meat to the British troops in Canada, at that time numbering 21,000 men. On one occasion the Great Eastern brought out a number of men and horses for the goverment, and Mr. Reeve conceived the idea of utilizing the stalls used by the horses on the trip out for carrying back cattle to the old country, believing that there would be money in the enterprise. Nothing of the kind had before been attempted or thought of. The goverment, however, true to their usual red tape, refused to allow it, and the great steamer returned empty. A boat was then chartered from Dutchman, the rate per head being £10, and, in addition, Mr. Reeve had to erect the stalls for the cattle. The experiment was most successful, and the cattle fetched in England £42 a head. From this small beginning the export trade has reached its present dimensions.—Can. Live Stock Journal.

Making the Farm Self-Supporting.

Making the farm self-supporting—that is, producing in full what is needed for the stock kept, is a pretty theory. We plead guilty to having recommended the course somewhat ourselves. It looks well on the face of it to argue that in place of buying grain feed from the West, and paying out so much money for it, that farmers should grow the needed grain on the farms where the stock is kept, and thus retain themselves all the income the stock brings in. This seems to be the theory of the Board of Agriculture in encouraging experiments in the production of Prof. Roberts' balanced ration for the silo.

A careful consideration of the situation, however, in our State, will show that this pretty theory may or may not be sound in practice. As the case now is, a great majority of the farmers in the State are bending their efforts to the production of the hay crop, and depending on buying their grain largely. It is plain that in order to produce this needed grain a portion of the labor must be withdrawn from the hay production as now carried on, and transferred to the other crops. This of necessity must cut down the hay crop, or there must be more labor employed on the farm. If the hay grown is reduced in quantity, the amount of stock kept must be reduced in numbers, when, of course, the income from the same will be correspondingly reduced in amount. It may therefore follow, and probably does, that under the present practice of making the hay a specialty, and purchasing the grain to go with it, the Maine Farmer is getting more net out of his farming than would be the case from a reduced yet self-supporting business.

Hay as a specialty on Maine farms has much to commend it. In the first place, we have cheap lands; the climate, soil and seasons are adapted to the crop, and its production calls for the employment of a comparatively small amount of man-labor. After all, this labor problem is the most serious one the New England farmer has to deal with. Laborers are few and wages high. A general extension of labor on the farms is hardly possible among us. Hence, a change in the direction of making the farm self-sustaining necessarily requires, under existing conditions, a reduction in hay production, and the consequent keeping of less stock. That it is, then, the better practice to keep up the present special hay production with the purchase of grain, rather than to cut down the stock kept, we have no doubt. So long as one crop can be produced to better advantage than another, the theory of making the farm self-sustaining through the production of all crops needed is unsound.—Maine Farmer.