AGRICULTURAL.

Signs of Summer Rain.

" I knew it would rain," said the farmer's girl When I looked at the morning glories. "For their bells have been open the whole day

long, And they're flowers that tell no stories."

"I knew it would rain," said the farmer's boy, "Because of the cars—I could hear them. Though so far away they rolled over the rails As plainly as if I were near them."

" I knew it would rain," said the farmer's wife "For the sound of the wind was so hollow, And when the wind's moaning and sighing that

Why a rain storm is certain to follow." "I knew it would rain-" said the farmer him-

elf, "For this reason—the old barn-yard pump is So damp that to-day it was not 'primed' at all, And its gon rally dry as a stump is.'

"I knew it would rain," said the good grand-

mamma, "When I saw our old tabby cat playing, For when cats of her age like their own kittens

play Look out for wet weather, I'm saying." And so when the rain, just at twilight came

down And the wind with a splash and dash, threw it 'Gainst the doors and the windows, each sign was recalled. And everyone said "There I knew it."

BESSIE G. HART.

POINTS FOR DAIRYMAN.

7. While leeks and other weeds common in bush pastures give an oftensive odor and flavor to milk of animals consuming them. 8. All vessels used in handling milk should be throughly cleansed immediately after their use. Washing first in tepid or cold water to which has been added a little soda, and subsequent scalding with builting water water to which has been added a little soda, and subsequent scalding with boiling water, will prepare them for airing, that they may remain perfectly sweet. 9. Cows should be milked with dry hands, and only after the udders have been washed or thoroughly brushed.

and only after the udders have been washed or thoroughly brushed. 10. Tin pails should be used. 11. All milk should be properly strained mmediately after it is drawn. 12. Milking should be done and milk should be kept only in a place where the surrounding air is pure. Otherwise the pre-sence of the tainting odors will not be neg-lected by the milk.

Outting Seed Potatoes.The question of relative profit as between
the use of small cuttings and whole potatoes,
depends upon the cost of seed potatoes, the
date at which the crop is to be harvested
and sold and the condition of the soil at
planting time. In ordinary practice it will
be found that neither extremeas to quantity
ot seed used will be found to be profitable.
The safest plan is touse large, well matured,
healthy potatoes and cut to two and three
eyes. A sufficient quantity of flesh to the
eyes acts much the same as manure in the
hill.been in his homely nest ?CTotation of relative profit as between
at night as it lies upon its watery bed, but
it unfolds them again in the morning.Fatal Riding Accident.Totors of the soil at
planting time. In ordinary practice it will
be found that neither extremeas to quantity.
To coates, 16 Earl street, about five o'clock
ing down Church street, and at the corner of
thill.

insects of all kinds, it serves to keep the bark clean and in a healthy condition. Its uses need not be confined to the orchard, but it may be applied with great advantage to trees and shrubs of all varieties infested within sects.

Curious Facts About Flowers. There are many curious things in this ronderful world of ours which we miss for wonderful world of ours which we miss for lack of keeping our eyes really open. The scientific people, who have learned to see, tell us many curious stories about flowers and insects. If you look into tht center of a flower you will see the stamens—slender stalks upholding little cases filled with a fine yellow powder. These powder-boxes are called anthers, and the powder pollen. In the midst of these is the pistil, which has at its base, hidden away down in the heart of the flower, a little casket filled with the plant's carefully guarded jewels—its seeds. At the top the pistil broadens into a head, called the stigma. In order that the preci-ous seeds may ripen, some of the pollen must called the stigma. In order that the preci-ous seeds may ripen, some of the pollen must fall upon the stigma. The plants that come from the seed will not be vigorous unless this pollen comes, not from the anthers on the same plant, but from another plant of the same kind. Now when the powder-box ripens and bursts, spilling its powder, what prevents the pollen from falling on the stigma by its side?

POINTS FOR DAIRYMAN.
Prof. Robertson, Dominion Dairy Inspector, gives the following points of interest to dairymen who desire to produce the best quality of cheese or butter:
1. Milk from cows in excellent health and apparent contentment only should be used.
2. Until after eight days milking, the milk should not be offered to a cheese factory.
3. An abundant supply of suitable, succuler, lent, easily digestible, wholesome, nutritious feed should be provided.
4. Pure cold water should be allowed in quantities limited only by the cow's capacity and desire for drink.
6. A box or trough containing salt to which the cows have, access every day is a requisite indispendiale in the profitable keeping of cows.
6. Stagnant impute water should be prohibited. The responsibility for the efficacy of that beneficial prohibition rests wholly with the individual farmer.
7. Wild leeks and other weeds common in bush pastures give an offensive odor and favor to milk of animals consuming them.

ing up its stigmas to receive his burden. The flying insects, the bees, butterflies, and moths, are the messengers of many flowers. When the anthers are ripe the flower offers a drop of honey to all callers, knowing well no bee will resist that invi-tation, but the honey is craftily placed be-yond the anthers. When the bee alights and thrusts its head eagerly and roughly down after the honey, carelessly knocking the powder-boxes about, a shower of pollon falls upon its back and is carried off to another flowers and left upon the sticky sur-face of the stigma, which the bee can not avoid brushing against as it alights. Again it dusts itself with fresh pollen, and so the process is repeated over and over. A bee I usually visits flowers of only one kind during a trip : so that the pollen reaches the right Flowershave habits and

surrounding air is pure. Otherwise the pro-sence of the tainting odors will not be neg-lected by the milk. 14. All milk should be thoroughly aired immediately after it has been strained. The treatment is equally beneficial to the even-ing's and morning's milk. 14. In warm weather all milk should be cooled to the temperature of the atmosphere after it has been aired, but not before. 15. Milk is better for being kept over night in small quantities, rather than in a large quantity in one vessel. 16. Milk stands should be constructed to shade the cans or vessels containing milk from the sun as well as to shelter from rains. 17. Only pure, clean, honest milk should be offered. Any deviation from that will not always go unpunished. 17. Cutting Seed Potatoes. 18. Utting Seed Potatoes. 19. Stigma. 19. Flowershave habits and ways just as people themselves up at night, as if to go to sleep, and open again in the morning. 10. The morning some flower that were 10. Stigma. 10. There are some flowers that shut 11. The morning some flower that were 12. All morning some flower that were 13. Milk is better for being kept over 14. Just and should be constructed to 15. Milk is abdive for being kept over 16. Milk stands should be constructed to 16. Milk stands should he constructed to 17. Only pure, clean, honest milk should be offered. Any deviation from that will not always go unpunished. 18. Cutting Seed Potatoes. 19. Cutting Seed Potatoes.



All Men. young, old, or middle-aged, who find them-selves nervous, weak an exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symp-toms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dinness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headache, pimples on the face or body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eye lids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes surround-ed with LEADEN CIRCLE, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to isanity and death unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension very function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance may be permanently cured. Send TORONTO CUTTING SCHOOL. and reliable systems taught CANCER and TUMORSpecialist. Pr vate OCANCER Hospital, No knife, Roos free C. H. McMichaet, M. D. Ganagara St., Buffalo, N.Y.

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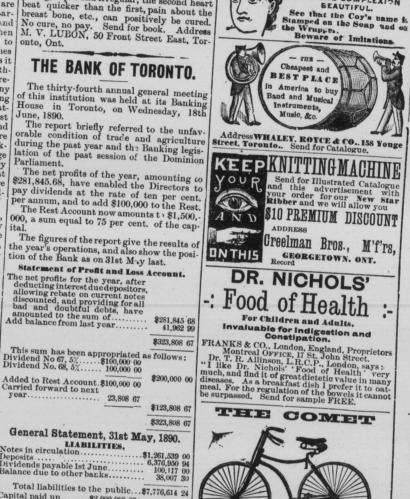
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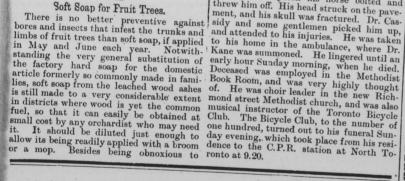
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