

## FAIRS, LANARK AND RENFREW, 1887.

Almonte, last Thursday in April and October.  
 Arnprior, first Thursday in May and October.  
 Ashton, first Thursday in March and October.  
 Bonnechère Point, second Tuesday in April and October.  
 Carleton Place, first Tuesday in April and November.  
 Clayton, third Wednesday in April and second Wednesday in November.  
 Falbrook, last Thursday in September.  
 Ferguson's Falls, third Tuesday in May and October.  
 Franktown, second Tuesday in May and September.  
 Stanleyville (North Burgess), first Monday in May and October.  
 Lanark, second Tuesday in May and October.  
 Middleville, first Thursday in May and October.  
 McDonald's Corners, last Friday in September.  
 Merrickville, first Thursday in September, October and November.  
 Maberley, last Friday in April and September.  
 Pakenham, second Tuesday in May and second Thursday in October.  
 Pembroke, second Wednesday in March and third Wednesday in October.  
 Perth, first Tuesday in May and October.  
 Renfrew, first Wednesday in May and November.  
 Roseville, second Thursday in May and September.  
 Ross, fourth Tuesday in April and October.  
 Sand Point, first Tuesday in May and October.  
 Smith's Falls, second Friday in April and first Friday in October.  
 Tennyson, last Thursday in September.  
 Watson's Corners, first Friday in October.

The publishers will feel obliged by notices of alteration on any of the foregoing Fairs being transmitted them for correction in future publications.

## VALUABLE RECIPES FOR COLORING.

REMARKS.—It may be necessary to remark (says Dr. Chase in his valuable collection of Recipes\*), and I do it here, once for all, that every article to be dyed, as well as everything to be used about dyeing, should be perfectly clean.

In the next place, the article to be dyed should be well scoured in soap (to remove any grease or oil used in carding wool), and then the soap rinsed out. It is also an advantage to dip the article you wish to dye in warm water just before putting it into the alum or other preparation; for the neglect of this precaution, it is nothing uncommon to have the goods or yarn spotted. Soft water should always be used, and sufficient to cover the goods well.

As soon as the article is dyed it should be aired a little, then well rinsed, and afterwards hung up to dry.

It is also highly important in dyeing reds, to use a brass or copper boiler, or, in the absence of either, a good new tin boiler, as the acids used in coloring, if brought into contact with iron, will darken the reds, and often a dirty brown is produced by using a tin boiler with the tinning partly worn off.

The best dye stuffs should always be used, irrespective of price, as the common or cheaper qualities often disappoint the domestic dyer.

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