

COUNSEL—Continued:

if signed by the Justice,—on proof that defendant had a full opportunity of cross-examining the witness by himself or by his Counsel or Attorney,—Cap. 179, Sec. 9. (p. 56.)

COUNTY :

The word "County," when used, to include unions of any two or more Counties,—Cap. 178, Sec. 32. (p. 18.); also, Cap. 180, Sec. 17. (p. 91.)

COUNTY COURTS :

No action to be brought against a Justice in any County or Division Court, if he object thereto within six days after notice of action being served upon him,—Cap. 180, Sec. 9. (p. 88.)

County Courts to have jurisdiction in all actions against Justices, when the damages claimed do not exceed £30,—Cap. 180, Sec. 9. (p. 89.)

COUNTY JUDGES :

Any County Judge (being a Justice for the County) may order a person committed for felony (not being treason or murder) to be admitted to bail,—Cap. 179, Sec. 15. (p. 61.)

COURTS OF LAW :

May direct a Justice to do any magisterial act, and no action shall lie against him for obeying such direction,—Cap. 180, Sec. 4. (p. 87.)

CROSS-EXAMINATION :

Defendant may cross-examine witnesses, by his Counsel or Attorney, in cases to be disposed of by summary conviction,—Cap. 178, Sec. 11. (p. 8.)—On indictable offences, Justice is not compelled to allow it,—See Death of a witness.

DAMAGES :

A Justice, after notice of an action against him, may at any time tender to plaintiff, or pay into Court a sum of money as amends for the injury complained of. If plaintiff accept, it may be paid him, and defendant shall pay his taxed costs. If he do not accept, and the jury award no greater sum, a verdict shall be given for defendant, and his costs shall be paid out of the money,—Cap. 180, Sec. 10. (p. 89.)

When plaintiff is entitled to recover, and shall prove imprisonment, or payment of penalty, under any conviction or order, and shall seek to recover amount of penalty, or damages for imprisonment,—he shall not recover the same (beyond 2d. damages) if proved guilty of the offence of which he was convicted, and if no greater punishment has been suffered than the law assigns to the offence,—Cap. 180, Sec. 12. (p. 90.)

DEATH OF A WITNESS—(Indictable Offences):

The deposition (taken at the examination) of any witness who may die, may, if signed by the examining Justice, be produced as evidence on the trial, on proof that the accused had a full opportunity of cross-examining the witness, either himself, or by his Counsel or Attorney,—Cap. 179, Sec. 9. (p. 56.)

DEFECTS OF FORM :

No objection to any information for any defect in form or substance to be allowed,—Cap. 178, Sec. 1. (p. 2.); also, Cap. 179, Sec. 4. (p. 51.)
——To a Warrant, or Summons,—Cap. 178, Sects. 1, 3. (pp. 2, 4.);