

## HIS EXCELLENCY THE DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE PAYS HIS FIRST VISIT TO LOYALIST CITY

Met on Arrival Yesterday by Official Reception Committee and Guard of Honor—Presented With Address of Welcome by Mayor on Behalf of Citizens—Visited St. Vincent and St. John High Schools, Sugar Refinery, County Hospital, Munition Works, Diet Kitchen, and Red Cross Rooms—Tendered Luncheon by Canadian Club and Dinner by the Mayor—Reception at the Imperial—Addressed Women's Societies—Called on Great War Veterans and Spoke Feelingly to Heroes Who Fought for Their Country.

### CANADIAN CLUB GREETED GOVERNOR

Was Tendered Luncheon and Said British Empire Fought for Maintenance of Liberty—Canada Learned Great Lesson as Result.

The luncheon given by the Canadian Club at the Knights of Columbus hall in the afternoon, was attended by about two hundred citizens, who listened with great pleasure to the splendid address delivered by His Excellency the Governor-General. The room had been nicely trimmed with flags under the direction of Capt. Mulcahy. The catering was done by Bond's, and the tables decorated with flowers and cut glass made a pleasing picture.

Judge H. O. McInerney, president of the club, presided, and had on his right the guest of the day, and on his left Mayor R. T. Hayes. As His Excellency entered the hall he was greeted with applause, and as he reached his seat, three hearty cheers and a tiger were given. After the short lunch had been disposed of, Judge McInerney introduced the speaker.

After inspecting the guard, the Governor-General and party proceeded to the Atlantic Sugar Refinery, arriving there at 10:15 o'clock, and in the absence of the manager, he was met by Superintendent David J. Hind, assisted by Axel F. Blake, Chief Chemist, who conducted him on an inspection of the plant. His Excellency enjoyed the visit greatly. The tour of inspection lasted about half an hour, and the next place visited was the Diet Kitchen of the St. John Ambulance Brigade.

Departments Inspected.

It was eleven o'clock when the party arrived at the Diet Kitchen on the King Square, and the Governor-General was met by Mrs. G. A. Kuhlring, Lady Superintendent of the Brigade, and Mrs. T. E. Ghrvan, Quartermaster in charge of the kitchen. His Excellency made a thorough inspection of the premises, giving great praise for its appearance and the different sections of the work carried on by the ladies. He was presented to the other ladies present, and spoke a few words of praise for the noble work that these ladies have been performing. He was served with a light refreshment, and before leaving he and his staff registered their names on the daily sheet of the kitchen.

At the Schools.

Leaving the Diet Kitchen the party proceeded to St. Vincent's High School. At the entrance the visitors were warmly welcomed by His Lordship, Bishop LeBlanc and James Harrington, principal. Afterwards Rev. Wm. M. Duke, John Flood and Geo. M. Flood (John Wood & Son), who were present, were presented.

A number of the larger pupils were stationed on the corridor of the first floor, and under the direction of Miss K. E. Lewis, sang My Own Canadian Home and The Maple Leaf during the brief visit.

Accompanied by His Lordship and the principal the various rooms were visited and all the visitors were greatly impressed by the excellent arrangements of the building. Returning to the first floor His Excellency made a short address, and on conclusion, called for three cheers for the King, which were heartily given. Mayor Hayes then led in cheers for the distinguished visitor. Before leaving, His Excellency requested that the scholars be given a half holiday, which was granted.

At the High School.

Leaving St. Vincent's School the party moved to the St. John High School, on Union Street, where the Governor-General was received by R. B. Emerson, president of the School Board, and Dr. H. S. Bridges, the Superintendent, and escorted to the Assembly Hall, where the scholars and teachers were assembled, and as he took his place on the platform he was greeted with cheers.

After giving a brief address, in which he spoke earnestly to the scholars, and in glowing terms regarding the city of St. John, Miss Greis Langley, who had won the Governor-General's medal for highest efficiency in Grade X, was then called to the platform and His Excellency personally presented the medal which he had donated. After a short address by Principal W. J. S. Myers, and the singing of the National Anthem, the party proceeded to visit the Provincial Red Cross quarters.

At Red Cross Rooms.

Arriving at the rooms of the Provincial Red Cross Society on Prince William Street, His Excellency was received by Lady Tully, who presided over the province, who presented him to the other ladies of the society present.

His Excellency was then received by Miss John A. McKinnon, president of the local Red Cross. After inspecting the different departments in the building he expressed great satisfaction with the many activities of the Red Cross in New Brunswick.

It took some little time for the Emperor to realize just what the struggle meant, but when the full realization came there was no turning back, and the decision that there should be no compromise was unanimously made. Once having put her hand to the plough she determined to see the struggle through. It was a struggle between two opposite and irreconcilable ideas, between the selfishness which had made the British Empire and the German doctrine of might is right, and the men of Britain were determined that the question should be settled once for all before the cause came to an end. As a result of this determination, right had conquered and future generations would have reason to bless this generation for the part played.

The Settlement.

In the settling up of things the Empire was not going to ask for anything she was not prepared to extend the fullest extent to any other nation. The settlement of the future was willing to allow other peoples to work out their own destiny and to assist them to do so, provided they did not try to retain in their constitution any of the old German ideas of selfishness. The reconstruction period would bring big problems, but he believed the world would pass through this period in safety.

One of the things which the world had taught was the stability of British institutions. One of the first public acts of the King, on the signing of the armistice, was to appear in the streets of London, accompanied by Her Majesty the Queen, where he had been acclaimed with joy by the populace and the British monarch was more firmly seated on the throne to day than at any time in the history of the Empire. He could have done the same thing in St. John, or any other city of the Empire.

Great Lesson Learned.

In Canada the people had learned a great lesson in the past four years. She had found out her possibilities, and she was going ahead faster than ever. Four years ago Canada was a borrowing nation, and the man who would have predicted that in 1918 there would be raised here a loan of \$700,000,000, would have been regarded as a lunatic, but the thing had been done, and the Canadian money would finance Canadian industry. Everything which had been done under war conditions could be done under peace conditions equally well. There was one thing, however, which must be kept in mind, and that was that labor must work together in order to secure for the country the share of trade which it ought to have.

When the call came for help at the beginning of the war the different parts of the Empire had responded nobly and the Mother Country, which had done everything but talk, had been right behind her. The same spirit which was manifested then in preparing for war was manifested now in preparing for peace, the problems of the reconstruction period would be all met and overcome.

The singing of the National Anthem brought the function to a close.

His Excellency Replied.

On rising, His Excellency was given a most enthusiastic reception. He thanked the club for the warm welcome. He had come at the earliest possible moment to bring to the people of St. John, as the representative of the King, his sincere appreciation of their efforts in the great struggle through which the Empire has passed in the last four years. He hoped in an not far distant future to repeat the visit, accompanied by Lady Devonshire, at a time when the beauty and natural resources of the Province would be more fully in evidence.

Speaks on the War.

Had he visited the city at the time first arranged for it would have been while the Empire was at war, but today, thanks to the work of the splendid men of the Empire, on land and sea, and in the air, many of whom he saw before him, the end of the war had come and the German menace destroyed. In 1914 the Empire had been called upon to stand up before the greatest military machine of all time, fully prepared for war, while the Allies were totally unprepared. The British Empire had decided to fight for the maintenance of those principles of liberty which were the corner stone of the Confederation and in answer to the call had come a ready response from Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and every part of the far-flung Empire. One man had been the first to hold up the great machine, and finally to fling it back until today it lay a broken wreck. This consummation was due not only to the men on the fighting line, but to the splendid support given by those at home who, too old to fight, had thrown themselves into the work of backing up the fighting forces and kept them supplied with all the requisites for war, food, clothing and munitions.

The British Empire.

One thing which the German military machine had not grasped at the outbreak of the war, and he doubted if they had grasped it yet, was what it really meant when they got the British Empire stirred to its depths. They had set down the British as an easy going, moderately prosperous people, devoted to the occupation of robbing each other of all the material things which could be obtained without too much trouble. Their failure to estimate what British industry, brains and pluck could accomplish was one of the greatest mistakes ever made.

It took some little time for the Emperor to realize just what the struggle meant, but when the full realization came there was no turning back, and the decision that there should be no compromise was unanimously made. Once having put her hand to the plough she determined to see the struggle through. It was a struggle between two opposite and irreconcilable ideas, between the selfishness which had made the British Empire and the German doctrine of might is right, and the men of Britain were determined that the question should be settled once for all before the cause came to an end. As a result of this determination, right had conquered and future generations would have reason to bless this generation for the part played.

introduced His Excellency, saying that it was a privilege to be able to do this. That His Excellency had been very good all day, speaking to the different organizations and that this afternoon he was to address especially the women's societies. There was a treat in store for those present.

Part Women Played.

His Excellency was heartily applauded on rising to speak. He began by saying that he rather wished the mayor had left that unsaid about a treat in store, as he would prefer the people to judge for themselves. He felt deeply grateful at having the opportunity to speak as the special representative of the King at a time when, after four years of arduous war, the Empire has now reverted to peace. He wished to thank one and all for the splendid service rendered, and felt that mere words could not express his appreciation for what he knew had been done. It would be impossible for anyone without a heart of stone not to be moved by the splendid efforts made by women. It will stand out on the pages of history that, from the very moment hostilities began, the women began to play their part in the great struggle. It was not difficult for the men to go, but in fact, it was the action of the women that made it hard for the men to stay at home.

In new conditions in which little or no preparations had been made, existing agencies adapted themselves to meet the new requirements. The work accomplished can never be measured in terms of dollars or quantity. It is a certainty that the termination of hostilities will not see a termination of work which will be needed for the future. There will never be a return to the old pre-war conditions, and the new world which His Excellency went on to state, "that we have all learned much in the last four years of the service and the great problems of the future it will be a mighty asset for solving them."

Glorious Achievements.

His Excellency went on to speak of the glorious achievements of the soldiers and the downfall of the great military organization with its arrogance and utter lack of sympathy for the people. He said that the war does not pay, and that law and order must be kept. Never again shall any nation, or league of nations, or world-wide dominion, that spirit is broken, never again to be raised. That glorious victory was won by the magnificent efforts of our men on land and sea, and in the air, with the co-operation of all at home. The fortune of people during the sad days, and the bravery of those who served, and the thousands who were mourning losses, it must be some consolation to them that the surface was for liberty, humanity and peace.

Tells of Visits.

There is much to be done, His Excellency said, and he went on to tell of his visit to the East St. John hospital, where he saw the children too, suffering from that dread disease, tuberculosis. This malady, we are told, has been introduced by civilization to see that it is stamped out. It can be done if use is made of scientific research of medical knowledge, and if all would co-operate to see that hold all taken of the disease in its first stages and that the faults of systems of living which enter the mind of the people. This is a question for the people of the empire, for the dread scourge is more prevalent in the old country than here.

He said that he was anxious to see that hold all taken of the disease in its first stages and that the faults of systems of living which enter the mind of the people. This is a question for the people of the empire, for the dread scourge is more prevalent in the old country than here.

Speaks for Duchess.

Regretting that the Duchess of Devonshire could not be with him, His Excellency voiced her appreciation of all women had done and told of how deep was her excellence's personal interest in all such undertakings. He felt sure that one great reward of the war would be to see the returning soldiers in health and vigor. He expressed the hope that at some not far distant time it might be possible for both himself and her excellency to visit St. John, and that his of visit here would be by no means his last.

In closing His Excellency said he trusted that the acquaintances made at the three visits would be a friendship which would be lifelong.

Prolonged applause greeted the speech of the Governor-General who had addressed an enthusiastic and sincere appreciation of every word said.

Thanked by Mayor.

Mayor Hayes on behalf of the citizens of St. John thanked the Governor-General for his visit, and on behalf of the women's societies thanked him for the words of praise. His Worthship said he joined with the audience in hoping that the visit might be repeated and that her excellency would accompany the Governor-General.

Those present were then invited upon the platform where the Governor-General held an informal reception. Mayor and Mrs. Hayes also received the guests.

As the A. D. C.'s in uniform and headed by Mrs. G. A. Kuhlring passed upon the stage they were greeted by applause as were the returned military officers.

The Depot Battalion Band rendered special music during the afternoon. Accompanying His Excellency were Colonel Henderson, military A. D. C., Lord Minto, Major Irving, A. D. C., and Sir Richard Neville.

VISIT TO THE COUNTY HOSPITAL.

One of the buildings visited by the Governor-General was the St. John County Hospital at East St. John. The party was shown through the institution by the superintendent, Dr. Farris. All the wards were inspected and the duke evinced a decided interest in the arrangements made for the care of the patients, and from the "white plague," and he complimented the municipality on having such a well equipped institution in which to treat the returned tubercular men.

The new wing recently completed for the care of returned tubercular men was carefully inspected by His Excellency, who expressed his approval of the facilities provided. He also visited the nurses' home which is in course of erection and which will when completed provide comfortable quarters for the nursing staff of the institution.

## STATE DINNER GIVEN BY MAYOR

Brilliant Function at Union Club—His Excellency Received Enthusiastic Reception—Spoke of War and Unity Between Canada and Mother Country.

The state dinner given by His Worthship the Mayor to His Excellency the Governor-General was a pronounced success. The function was held at the Union Club, where the large dining room had been appropriately decorated for the occasion. The tables were decked with cut flowers, the whole forming a picture pleasing to the eye. Mayor Hayes presided and on his right the guest of the evening, and on his left Lieutenant Governor Pugsley. During the serving of dinner music was furnished by an orchestra. Only two toasts were drunk, the first was a King and Our Guest. The first was drunk to the usual musical honors.

In proposing the guest of the evening Mayor Hayes said that since Confederation the British Government had been represented in Canada by men who had by their talents and presence strengthened the tie which bound this land to the mother country, and who had no less justly honored the tie as until four years ago when the call came for aid, and Canada had pledged her last man and her last dollar in defence of the liberties so dear to all British hearts. The gentleman whom they were gathered together to honor was one who did not suffer by comparison with the men who had gone before, and it gave him great pleasure on behalf of the citizens of the loyal city of St. John to welcome him and the men of his staff, among whom was Lord Minto, a son of a former beloved Governor General of Canada.

After drinking the toast, "For His Excellency" was heartily sung.

On rising to respond to the toast, His Excellency was given a most enthusiastic reception. He said he could not leave the city without expressing his gratitude for the warm welcome which had been extended to him, and welcome which he felt placed him under an obligation to as soon as possible repeat the visit. He had not time to make speeches but to emphasize the feeling of unity which existed between Canada and the mother country, make the acquaintance of the citizens and as far as possible answer their views in regard to the problems which must be faced now that the war was over.

He assured them that he had thoroughly enjoyed his visit and the splendid spirit of loyalty displayed gave him every reason to look forward to the future with hope and confidence. There would be many problems to face, but if they were faced in the same spirit which had been displayed in the past four years had been faced, and he knew they would, there was no doubt they would be solved successfully.

The war had now been brought to a conclusion and in such a way that there could be no doubt as to who had won, and he hoped that never again would the world be divided on to face the threatened domination of militarism. The first work to be done was to remove the causes which might lead to disagreement and thence to war and for this a least might be learned from the North American continent where two great countries had for over a hundred years lived side by side in peace, and which he had not the capacity for fighting, for this had been proven otherwise in the war just ended, but because each respected the other, and the same spirit which made it possible for this continent must be imported to Europe. Much might be done around the conference table, but unless the decisions arrived at there had the support of the people, no lasting good would be accomplished. To that end the leaders of the nations must educate public opinion along right lines, for no law which did not

have the weight of public opinion behind it could be a success, and it was to be an impossibility for the future it must be because the people of Europe like the people of Canada and the United States would not tolerate such a suggestion.

The guests were:—Governor General; Richard Neville, Controller Household; Col. Henderson, Gov. Secretary; Maj. Irwin, A.D.C.; Lord Minto, A.D.C.; Lt. Governor Pugsley; Col. J. L. McAvity, Chief A.D.C.; Chief Justice Sir Douglas Hailey; Chief Justice Hon. H. A. McKeown; Premier W. E. Foster; Hon. Sen. W. H. Thorne; Hon. Sen. J. W. Daniel; Hon. W. F. Roberts; Collector Customs, C. B. Lockhart; Dep. Rec. General J. R. Wilson; Major Gen. A. H. Macdonnell; Judge W. C. H. Grimmer; Sir Ernest Macleod; American Consul H. S. Culver; Judge J. R. Armstrong; Judge R. J. Ritchie; Judge Probate H. O. McInerney; Lt. A. H. Mulcahy; Sheriff A. W. Widdell; L. P. D. Tilley, M. L. A.; F. L. Pota, M. L. A.; Thomas Carson, M. L. A.; Major Horan; Major S. S. Wetmore; Major R. T. Hayes; Commissioners H. B. McLean, G. P. Fisher, F. H. Bullock, B. J. Hilyard; Com. Clerk H. E. Wardroper; Chamberlain J. C. Linsley; Comptroller A. P. Macintyre; Sheriff G. G. Hare; Warden William Golding; County Sec. J. K. Kelly; City Solicitor J. B. M. Baxter; C. B. Allan; Brig. Gen. H. H. McLean; Hon. J. G. Forbes; F. B. Ellis; E. W. McCord; A. M. DeLing; H. V. MacKinnon; Rev. J. C. B. Appel; Rev. Dr. Hutchinson; Rev. Canon Armstrong; His Lordship Bishop LeBlanc; Dr. H. S. Bridges; Major Barr; Rev. J. A. MacKinnon; Rev. H. A. Goodwin; A. Angles, Cuban Consul; M. G. Wetmore; Edward Sears; Major G. M. Johnson; R. B. Emerson; R. W. Wigmore, M.P.; S. E. Elkin, M.P.; Capt. Wills, M.L.A.; Chagnon, M.L.A.; Olive; F. D. Alward, Dr. J. Roy Campbell, M.L.A.

His Excellency reached the G. W. V. A. rooms Wellington Row at 9:20 o'clock last evening and was received by Major Gordon Johnston, president of the Great War Veterans Association. The members of the association awaited the arrival of His Excellency at the assembly hall, and came to "attention" as His Excellency entered the room.

Major Johnston introduced His Excellency to the men, who returned the recognition. Mrs. Johnston, District Visitor for the benevolent fund, of the association, who was present, was introduced to His Excellency, as were several of the military officers of Military District No. 7.

His Excellency then inspected the building, going to the rear to the department of the home, returning to the hall the veterans came to attention and His Excellency addressed the men, complimenting them on the part which they had played in the great world war, which had been brought to a successful issue by the gallant men of the Allied arms, and which left many homes desolate and many of the men present maimed with wounds which they would carry to their graves.

His Excellency then engaged in conversation with the returned veterans and their officers, and then proceeded upstairs to address the members of the G. W. V. A.

Mrs. E. Atherton Smith met His Excellency and conducted him to the ball room, where members of the G. W. V. A. were congregated. The Governor-General addressed the body, and spoke in the highest praise of the work which they had accomplished during the war, and on account of their glorious efforts peace was brought about more quickly. His Excellency was given a great reception, and prolonged applause at the conclusion of his address. Being introduced to many of the prominent workers of the organization he chatted freely with each and all. Shortly afterwards he left the room and the applause of those gathered there to depart for his private car. His Excellency will proceed to Newcastle today.

Amsterdam, Dec. 4, via London—Emperor Karl plans to enter the March elections in Austria at the head of the Democratic monarchy party according to a despatch today from Vienna.

Conserved Your Health

CANADA needs her men in field and factory. No one can afford to be too sick to work. Kidney trouble often keeps men bedridden around the house, but Dr. Wilson's HERBINE BITTERS will quickly relieve pain in the back, take away the burning in bladder, restore healthy action to the kidneys, and make a tired, worn-out, pain-plagued man feel as if he had been born anew. Dr. Wilson's Herbine Bitters are made from simple herbs and are Nature's own remedy for kidney troubles, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, general run-down conditions. At most stores. The a bottle Family Size, for times on target, 61¢.

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The Buxley Drug Company, Limited, St. John, N.B.

Like the other patterns of Birks Plate, it may be obtained in complete sets, or in dozens—or even in single pieces if you so wish.

Our Year Book illustrates every pattern of Birks Plate in sets of Family Silver in both sterling and Birks Plate—we will gladly send you a copy on request.

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## December SALE for Christmas Shoppers

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Have just received a line of  
FALL SUITS  
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IE WEATHER.

Dec. 4.—The disturbance over the Great Lakes last w centred of the New Eng- white an area of high pres- sure in over Northern On-

ow has fallen today in some ntario, Quebec and New and light rains in Nova he weather has been com- mitted in the west, with

Min. Max.

Mon.	28	50
Tue.	18	22
Wed.	14	32
Thur.	20	41
Fri.	13	24
Sat.	14	22
Sun.	12	30
Mon.	18	34
Tue.	20	36
Wed.	22	38
Thur.	24	40
Fri.	26	42
Sat.	28	44
Sun.	30	46

—Maritime—Strong winds its gales from north and clearing and turning some- New England—Fair Thun- der by snow in Central and

—At St. Andrews, on Dec. 4, Mr. J. A. Fraser, of a daughter.

STORIA  
Infants and Children  
For Over 30 Years

IAN PRINCE  
HANDS BY WILLIAM

am, Dec. 4.—Prince Henry has addressed an announce- ment to the members of the Prus- sian house, according to the tunc of Berlin, in which he

proposed to recognize the king's and will assist in the policy and the constitutional gov- ernment on the other hand, I com- mit myself personally attached to my end of my life and shall not shall recognize him as the sole family head."

cked off Sable Island.

Dec. 4.—The schooner Al- New York has been wreck- ed on Sable Island. The crew are re- fuge. The Alcon was carrying a hard coal for H. D. McKen- has become a total loss.

BASEBALL SURE.

Dec. 4.—The positive an- tant that professional baseball summed in the Major Leagues son with government sanc- tion made by President Ban of the American League to-

Dec. 4.—The hospital ship will arrive here Saturday at 800 disabled men.

DODD'S  
KIDNEY  
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ALL KIDNEY DISEASES  
DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS  
23 THE P