

entirely by voluntary local rates, was \$2,326,808, being an increase on that of the preceding year of \$210,604.

"We trust and devoutly pray that your residence in Canada may be agreeable both to your Excellency and Lady Dufferin, and that your administration of the Government will be beneficial to all classes and sections of the Dominion.

"Signed by order and on behalf of the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario.

"H. J. GRASETT,  
Chairman."

16th October, 1872.

His Excellency replied verbally, as follows:—Gentlemen,—In the first place I must express to you my very great regret that I have not been as punctual in meeting you here as I could have wished, but unfortunately we missed our way, and have been consequently delayed. The address with which you have been good enough to present me contains not only most kind expressions of welcome to myself and Lady Dufferin, on our arrival in this locality, but it also resumes in a few pregnant sentences the general nature of your labours, and the satisfactory results which have flowed from them. In the first place, therefore, I have to thank you, both on Lady Dufferin's part and on my own, for those kind expressions with which you have greeted us. I can assure you that it is indeed a very great satisfaction to us to feel that, in coming to this place, we have been welcomed by those who represent one of the most useful and one of the most successful institutions in Toronto. On the other hand I have to congratulate you upon those references which you have been able to make with justifiable pride to the fruit of your endeavours. I can well understand that, to those who have watched the gradual growth and extension of such an establishment as this, it must be delightful to reflect that from hence there have been year by year poured forth in every direction, and to every distant part of the province, pupils who in their turn have become teachers in their several departments, and have spread abroad that sound education and well-directed system of instruction which they have acquired within your walls. I am well aware that, until a very recent period, your efforts have been a good deal hindered by the want of proper class-books. That defect, thanks to the efforts, I understand, of one of your members, has been amply supplied, and I believe that the class-books of Toronto are now equal to any which can be found in any part of the world. I am also happy to think that I see before me a gentleman through whose strenuous efforts here and energetic exertions in visiting the various countries of Europe, as well as examining the different systems which have been pursued on the continent of America, a method of instruction has been introduced into Canada which probably resumes in itself all that is good in the various systems to be found elsewhere. But to myself especially, who, in Ireland, have been accustomed to live in the midst of religious contention, and where education is itself the battle-field upon which the conflicting denominations encounter each other with the greatest acrimony, it is the greatest pleasure to have met here to-day the distinguished representatives of so many different religious communions, and I must say it speaks very favourably for the liberality of sentiment and for the general enlightenment of the ecclesiastical bodies in this country that this should be the case. In this respect also, gentlemen, you have my hearty sympathy. It has always seemed to me a disgraceful thing that, in the great contention which we are waging with ignorance, and consequently with crime, the various religious denominations of Europe should not have yet learnt to put aside their jealousies and combine in so catholic a cause. I can only say, in addition to the few observations with which I have ventured to trouble you, that since my arrival in Canada I do not think I have ever found myself in a building which seems to combine in so favourable a degree all the necessary mechanical appliances for the dissemination of knowledge; nor, indeed, to judge by the intelligent and smiling faces of the numerous pupils before me, have I ever seen more promising materials on which, indeed, gentlemen, it must be a satisfaction to you to expend your energies and time. Again thanking you for the kind reception you have been good enough to give to Lady Dufferin and myself, I would conclude by wishing you, from the very bottom of my heart, the utmost success and prosperity in the time to come, and I trust that each succeeding year may enable you to extend the sphere of your beneficent labours.

His Excellency's remarks were greeted at their conclusion with loud applause.

The Model School pupils then sang "Hurrah for Canada." This was followed by Moore's "The Last Rose of Summer," sung by the pupils of the Normal School in the gallery; after which the juniors sang another piece the one selected this time being "The Sea is England's Glory." His Excellency expressed the pleasure which the performance had afforded him.—The Rev. Dr. Davies called for three "right loyal" cheers for the Queen, which were

given with enthusiasm, that did not flag in the three cheers for the Earl and Countess of Dufferin which followed.

His Excellency then requested the authorities of the school to be good enough to give a holiday to all its pupils of both sexes, which was given, and also at his request to the employés of the Education Department. (Loud applause.)

The following officials of the department were then presented to their Excellencies by the Rev. Dr. Ryerson, Chief Superintendent:—Messrs. Alexander Marling, F. J. Taylor, J. T. R. Stinson, W. H. Atkinson, and W. E. Hodgins; the following of the Depository section were presented—Dr. S. P. May, Messrs. H. M. Wilkinson, E. B. Cope, G. Barber, S. A. May, R. J. Bryce, R. Winstanley, F. Nudell, A. C. Paull and A. Ditchburn.

The following teachers of the school were also presented:—Mr. Kirkland, M. A., Science Master, and Dr. Carlyle, Mathematical Master, Normal School; Messrs. Hughes, Scott and McPhedrain, Boys' Model School; Mrs. Cullin, Miss Jones, Miss Adams, and Miss Carter, Girls' Model School.

Lord Dufferin then walked round among the pupils, to several of whom he addressed pleasant remarks. He was highly gratified with the intelligence shown by the children generally, and, with the Countess of Dufferin, also entered into pleasant conversation with the ladies who were present.

The pupils of the several schools then left the Theatre, and after a short interval their Excellencies were conducted to the lawn in front of the west wing of the building, where the pupils of the first and second divisions of the girls' Model School were assembled. Under the direction of the veteran Major Goodwin, these young ladies went through a calisthenic exercise of a character somewhat trying to unpractised muscles. They proved themselves, however, quite *au fait*, and displayed wonderful ease and grace in the posturing which the nature of the exercise necessitated. They then formed in two ranks, and went through a portion of the ordinary company drill, wheeling, marching in line, doubling, and executing other movements, with the precision of a trained company of volunteers. They finished as they commenced, by a "retiring salute," a graceful movement, which elicited a bow from His Excellency, and a deep courtesy from the Countess. Lord Dufferin complimented Major Goodwin on the excellent training of his squad, thanked the young ladies for their trouble, and said they would be quite a formidable troop to meet, and he should not like to charge them.

The viceregal party then proceeded to an inspection of the interior of the building. They were first conducted to the Council-room and Library, where the minute book of the Council was produced, and the signatures of the Prince of Wales, Prince Arthur, the Grand Duke Alexis, and other distinguished visitors pointed out by Dr. Ryerson, at whose request both Lord and Lady Dufferin added their autographs. Dr. Hodgins produced some prize plaques prepared for School Houses and plans of rural school sections, and explained the arrangements in such cases to His Excellency. The Governor-General and Lady Dufferin were then shown the Depository packing room, stored with books ready for transportation to schools requiring them. Conspicuous among the books lying on the counter were, by a coincidence, several copies of "Letters from High Latitudes." From this room the distinguished visitors proceeded to the map and apparatus Depository, and thence up stairs to the Museum. Lord Dufferin examined with much interest some of the paintings on the staircase, and then entered the Assyrian Room. Here great changes have recently been made. The arrangement of the whole museum has been vastly improved by Dr. May and his associates, under the supervision of Dr. Hodgins, and the Assyrian frescoes and the copy of the winged bull of the British Museum have been brought into greater relief, and had imparted to them a liveliness which at once strikes the eye of the visitor, by being bronzed and coloured in appropriate tints. Their Excellencies remained in this room a considerable time, examining all the objects in it with full appreciation of their excellence, and the Governor-General expressed his especial admiration of the happy thought of colouring the frescoes—an experiment on the part of the department which had been ably wrought out. The vice-regal party then passed in succession through the rooms containing English engravings and photographs (among the first of the latter which caught Lord Dufferin's eye being some of his own relatives); that in which copies of the Dutch and Flemish masters were hung; the chamber devoted to paintings of Italian origin, and that containing illustrations of Canadian history alone. They next visited the room in which philosophical apparatus of every kind was exhibited; thence they passed to the hall devoted to sculpture and casts, and then returned to the ground floor. They were conducted through the saleroom and the offices of the department, and took their departure, having passed nearly two hours in the institution. During his visit His Excellency made numerous inquiries in regard to various features of the school system of Ontario, of which he said he had heard so much. These