sons of good moral character, and have houses so ger with which the American army was menaced, violence until the Lake resumed its usual appear- priety of extending the line of magnetic telegraph furnished as to affect all magnetary accommodation with the March March and Marc furnished as to afford all necessary accommodation to travellers."

The next refers to a class of institutions which we should be exceedingly glad to bring prominently before the public mind. We have not just now at hand any document to describe the regulations and the working of Houses of Industry, but the subject has a share of our attention, and we shall probably have an opportunity of recurring to it.

" The Grand Jury regret that in a large and populous city like Montreal, no House of Industry is to be found, where the poor may find a shelter against the severity of the winter, and whereby the practice of street begging might be entirely done away with; as there is no doubt that the charity of the public is greatly imposed on, and the Grand Jury feel persuaded, that the charities so given would be more than adequate for a well regulated House of

"The imperative necessity for such an Institution will be fully seen from the fact, that many of the prisoners now in the Jail, have committed petty thefts in order to obtain admission in the prison, so as to find a refuge from the severity of the winter.

It is a distressing state of things, when persons will commit offences on purpose to be committed to prison, in order that they may find that shelter during the severe season which they have not secured by industry, economy, and sobriety during the mild-er part of the year. With this part of the Presentment may be connected the suggestion offered by the Jail Physician, (Dr. Arnoldi) that a tread wheel would afford the means for salutary discipline in the Jail-he repeats an observation offered by him on previous occasions, upon "the little odium attached to the idea of being the inmate of a Jail." He thinks the introduction of the treadmill would produce " a very perceptible change in the juil-books."

PRESENTMENT OF THE GRAND JURY OF THE QUEBEC QUARTER SESSIONS .- This document, like the one presented at Montreal, refers to the evils resulting from intemperance, and it expresses the hope of the Grand Jury to see the number of houses of entertainment gradually diminished to the utmost possible extent, and to find the law applying to the liquors strictly enforced, in order that harmony and good order may be preserved in the city.

NUMBER OF BAPTISMS, MADILLAGES, AND BU mans in the city of Quebec, during the year 1846 inserted in the Register of

Baptisms - Males, Females,	72 66	
Marriages. Bertals - Males,. Females,	S9	133
ST. PETER'S CHAPEL. BAPTISMS—Males,	16	138
MARRIAGES BURIALS— Males, Females,	34	3 t 4 51

The following is taken from the Mercury: Number of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials, recorded in the Register of the Roman Catholic Parist

f Quebec, for the year 1816: BAPTISMS,	1072
Of which were Itish, 558 ———————————————————————————————————	
Majority of Irish,	235
Markinges, 125 Of which were Itish, 125 ————————————————————————————————————	-33
Majority of Itish,	200
Bunials,	889
Majority of Irish, 21	

for the Bernan, owing to the bad roads last week : 5s. to his credit.

PAYMENTS RECEIVED :- Messrs. Wm. Holehouse, No. 28 to 156; Thos. Luckham, No. 142 to

Woral and Political Entelligence.

The English Mail, which was to have left Liver pool by the Steamship Hibernia on the 5th January, has not yet arrived, although it might have been expected all the week. The latest dates from the mother country are to the 9th of Decr., furnished by sailing packets which have arrived at New York. The news is not of importance. Prices of corn and cotton are reported as higher. The misery in Ireland continues unabated .- In Spain there has been another ministerial crisis: Senor Isturitz and his colleagues having resigned and been re-instated within twenty-four hours. A Carlist Insurrection is feared .- The Cholera is said to be making great ravages at Bagdad; and is taking a northerly di-

REPRESENTATION OF BATH .- A requisition from a large and influential body of the electors has been forwarded to Lord Ashley, requesting him to offer himself as a candidate for the represen tation in Parliament of this old and wealthy city.

A model lodging-house for the reception of womer has been opened in Newton Street, Holborn. The inmates are principally servants out of place, persons who obtain a livelihood by needle-work and artificial-flower-making, clear-starchers and workers in fancy paper. Each lodger is provided with two boilers, with water boiling every morning at seven o'clock. Round the kitchen are small cupboards with different locks; one being appropriated to the use of each lodger. On the ground-floor is a work-room for persons at needle-work; also a washing-room with every convenience. The charge is 1s. 6d. a week.

Mexico .- From this quarter, a variety of intelligence has been brought via the United States. The rumours which prevailed, to the effect that General Santa Anna was advancing with a strong force to cut off the detached parties of Americans under Generals Worth and Wool, before they could effect a

which reports afterwards proved quite false: the same occurrence took place while Gen. Taylor was on the banks of the Rio Grande; and it had great off the banks of the ido Grande; and it has great effect in stimulating the war-spirit of the country, and bringing forward volunteers. As the war has become exceedingly unpopular with a strong party, and Congress have manifested a disinclination to levy taxes for its support, it is not improbable that beach. these rumours may have been circulated for the purpose of producing similar results. General Santa Inna has been elected President of Mexico.

Official Mexican accounts had been received of events at Los Angelos, on the Pacific. In the action of 21th Sept., at that place, 27 Americans were made prisonners and three wounded; one Mexican was killed, but no Americans.

The conquerors then laid siege to the city of Angels, and on the 30th September, the town capitulaled to Flores.

BUFFALO AND ALBANY RAILROADS. Letter to the N. Y. Com. Adv., Juted 7th instant .- Since my arrival at this place I have been looking at and making inquiry as to the operation of the winter business of these railroads, more particularly in regard to freight.

The agent here informed me that they had done more than double the amount of business thus far, this winter, than they had ever done before in the same time; that they had not cars sufficient to carry half the freight that offered, and that there is freight sufficient between this city and Utica to occupy all the cars and engines now employed on the whole line to Buffalo. Property had been brought to several stations on the line of road, and taken away by the owners, because they could not have it forwarded in time.

It is the opinion of well informed persons here that the winter business will be greatly increased as soon as the railroads are put in proper condition, and the necessary facilities in cars and engines are provided for its accommodation.

There is a strong disposition in our people to be active in winter as well as in summer, which is abundantly manifested by the acdour for obtaining freights. Heretofore the river has been scaled up but the railroad has opened a means of communication, "which is not arrested by frost," and hence actively takes the place of the inaction that once ruled at this season. Formerly the business of twelve months had to be done in about eight; now the held of useful occupation, in all that relates to the interchange of commodities, is continued throughout the year.

Before the rainoads were established, the produce of the surrounding country was held in store during the winter, and sent down after navigation opened in the spring. This is no longer necessary at this city and Troy. By the enterprise of Boston a railtoad communication is opened to the Atlantic, and the property which concentrates here from the surrounding country, as well as that by the railroads, is quickly put in motion, (mostly) for Boston and in-

termediate places.
Tranggaphic Principles - We were shown last evening a specimen of telegraphic printing by the new invention of impressing letters upon the paper instead of the characters formerly used. The impressions are made at the rate of fifty letters per minute, and every letter and word as distinct as letter press printing. This will be a very great improvement in the way of reports, &c., as the paper can be taken from the machine and used without transcription. Buffelo Express.

A WEARY JOURNEY .- The Copper Harbour Mail leaves Green Bay once a month, and is carried the whole distance by a man, on foot. For some two hundred and fifty miles of the route there is not a habitation, except perhaps a few Indian wigwains, and the mail carrier, in addition to the mail, carries two weeks' food, hesides an axe, two blankets, and cooking and eating utensils. There is no road or trail, and on his first trip the carrier takes an Indian guide and "blazes" the way so that he can keep the track on the other trips. The distance is over three hundred miles, and the Green Bay Advocate states that it takes two weeks to go through.

To Correspondents:—Received II. M. too late states that Lieut. Colonel Sir Gaspard Le Marchant, states that Lieut. Colonel Sir Gaspard Le Marchant, S5th Lt. Infantry, has received the appointment of Lieut. Covernor of this island. It had previously been reported that a brother of Lord Elgur's was to till that post.

> CANADA WEST .- It has been already mentioned that the Royal Assent has been given to the bill for erecting a suspension-bridge over the Niagara river : and the Toronto Colonist states that books for subscriptions to the stock will soon be opened, and

gives the following particulars:
The work will be on a stupendons scale-800 feet long, and 200 feet above the river—and will, no doubt, he the means of drawing an immense increase of visitors to this most attractive spot; combining, on the completion of the bridge, the noblest work of nature and art. The commissioners are ex-Consul Buchanan, Thomas C. Street, Esq.,

James Cummings, Esq., M. P. P., W. H. Merritt, Esq., M. P. P.—(Colonist.) Major C. B. Stuart, one of the Commissioners for procuring subscriptions to the capital stock of the Niagara suspension bridge, informs us that measures will be immediately adopted to secure the requisite subscriptions, with a view to the commencement of the work next spring. The charter is now complete, having received the sanction of the Legislature of this state, and the signature of the English Queen. Major Stuart has shown us a plan for this bridge, designed by him, according to which the structure is to consist of suspension wire cables and a substantial cast iron arch combined. This plan would, it is thought, secure, in an eminent degree, the unyielding stability especially desirable in a bridge over which railroad trains are to pass. The span of the arch and cables would be only 450 feet. Plans Plans are also in preparation by Charles Ellet, Jr., Esq., a separate bed. On the basement there is a kitchen of Philadelphia, John A. Roebling, Esq., of Pitts-with every requisite for cooking, a good fire and burg, and other engineers of distinction.—Rochester

> SINGULAR PHENOMENON IN LAKE ONTARIO, - A letter to the Editor of the Coburg Star, from a person whom he pronounces deserving of credit, scribes the following singular occurrence as having taken place on the afternoon of the 8th inst. A similar event was observed about a year since in the same locality; and the repetition of so strange

a visitation is deserving of investigation.

The Lake was calm, and the wind in the North, when suddenly the Lake receded from the shore in one immense wave, upwards of 350 feet, leaving the beach perfectly dry for that distance ; it seemed to Generals Worth and Wool, before they could effect a junction, turn out to be without foundation: the two junction, turn out to be without foundation: the two parties of Americans are supposed to have met at Saltillo; and the force which the Mexicans have at Saltillo; and the force which the Mexicans have was at first stated. It is not the first time that companied by a dreadful noise. This happened alarming reports have been circulated as to the dangather itself into a vast cone, and immediately re-

ance.—You know the position of the wharf your- to the city of Montreal: His Worship the Mayor self, and you would hardly credit the fact, that at presiding. A series of resolutions was passed, to the end of the wharf, where there is generally 12 the effect that a Magnetic Telegraph should be imfeet 6 inches of water, admitting the largest steamboat, there was only 2 feet of water left; and on its return, the water stood a foot deep in the engine house, which is over two hundred yards from the

Aphenomenon equally remarkable is reported as having taken place in Rice Lake, 12 miles to the north of Cobourg. "Last Thursday, 14th inst., the Lake was seen to be in great commotion, the ice (18 inches thick,) undulating in every direction. Presently it burst, with a noise like thunder, and a large piece from the centre of the Lake was, in a few minutes, thrown up in a pile to the height of ten teet, in which position it now lies. This is, no doubt, related to the earthquake which caused the awful commotion in Lake Ontarto at Grafton."—Cobourg

The ELECTRO-MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH was in operation on the 15th inst. between Toronto and Buffalo.

W. H. Boulton, Liq., has been re-elected Mayor

of Toronto for the present year.
It is proposed to form a Joint stock forwardingcompany in Toronto, with a capital of £200,000; o be called the Canada Steam Navigation Company, for the purpose of building a class of boats to navigate the upper lakes and bring produce diect to Quebec without stoppage or transhipment.

A melancholy and somewhat singular occurence took place a few days ago, near Lake Constance, in the Township of March. Two men having observed some wolves engaged in eating a deer, one of them, named Black, went to dispute the prize with the ravenous animals, when he unfortu-nately fell a victim to his rashness, the wolves having devotred him, leaving, as has been reported, only a small portion of his bones. We have not heard if the unfortunate man left a family. His companion succeeded in making his escape. - Bylown Gazette.

MONTREAL .- His Honor the Mayor of this city, ohn E. Mills, Esq., has, in a letter addressed to the President of the Montreal Firemen's Benevolent Association, very handsomely offered a donation of land night following. In consequence of the Association, very handsomely offered a donation of loads, the markets are poorly supplied; and provided in aid of a permanent fund to be vested in the sions as well as fire-wood scarce and dear. At the Firemen who may be injured or disabled while in last meeting of the City Council a committee of the performance of their duty, or for assisting the three members was appointed to report on the expewislows and children of any who may be killed .-

OPENING OF THE CHATEAUGUAY BRIDGE .- A handsome and commodious new bridge having been constructed by the Board of Works, and just finishd, over the River Chateauguay, at the Village of the same name, and opposite the Church; the principal inhabitants of the locality, and surrounding country, opened it with a becoming celebration.

The new bridge crosses the river in one span of about 180 feet, is covered and built on the suspen-sion principle. The work is considered highly crelitable to the contractors, Mr. Fraser and Mr. John

Wijson of Beauharnois. The Echo des Campagnes, published at Berthier, District of Montreal, of the 23rd instant, says that a fire broke out in the morning of the 19th at the house of Medard Perrault, blacksmith, at Lavaltrie, n which four lives were lost, 2 men and 2 children. The fire took about 3 A. M., by a little girl throwing away a match which she had lighted and which had set hire to her cap. The match fell upon some flax

under a bed. A little boy, eight years of age, named David Hannali, was run over in Gabriel-street, Griffintown, on Wednesday last, by a baker's sleigh, belonging to a person named O'Neill. He died the following day. An inquest was held on the body, and verdict returned of accidental death .- Mont. Guzette.

It will be seen by our advertising columns that the Directors of the Provident and Savings Bank have raised the rate of interest on deposits to five per cent on all sums not exceeding three hundred pounds currency. Previous to the establishment of this bank, a period of little more than five years, interest on deposits was not allowed, or at least to a very limited extent. The Provident and Savings sufficient elevation to supply Champlain ward, St Bank, however, being established on the equitable Peter's ward, and St. Roch. Bank, however, being established on the equitable principle of allowing to the depositor the whole of the profits accruing on the deposits, has gradually raised the rate of interest until, as has been stated above, it has reached five per cent on very large deposits. The Directors of this institution are entitled to much credit for having accomplished this re-

CHAMPLAIN AND ST. LAWRENCE RAILROAD.

MONTREAL, January 18, 1847. At a half yearly meeting of the Stockholders of the Company, held this day at the Office of the Company, pursuant to notice, John Frothingham, Esquire, was called to the

Chair, and Mr. W. D. Lindsay, acted as Secretary.

John E. Mills, Esq., Chairman of the Committee of Management, made the following report: General Statement of the Business of 1817. Gross Receipts of the Business £20,700 0

Nett gain on the Business of 1816. .£10,203 7 2 Add Contingent Funds remaining from last year 9,464 3 9

on Improvements and additions to Stock on hand as per statement. £7,931 4 6 On account of Lease of "Iron Duke" 6,000 0 0

Out of which expended

£13,931 4 6 £5,736 6 5 Out of which a Dividend of £4 per

Share is declared. . . . £4,000 0 0 Leaving as a Contingent Fund for future operations £ 1,736 6 5

Number of Passengers......52,177 Number of tons, goods and lumber 17,969

SHERBROOKE, Jany. 14th-School Tax-The School Commissioners of this Municipality, on Saturday last, passed a resolution authorizing the Collector, Mr. G. Blodget, to commence suits for the recovery of the School assessment due for the year 1846, from all persons who refuse or neglect to pay the same after demand. There are now in operation in this Municipality, under the direction of the Commissioners, 14 schools, embracing about 350 children between the ages of 5 and 16.—Sher-

mediately constructed between the cities of Mont-real and Quebec; that the British North American Electric Telegraph Association should undertake the work, and that for that purpose they should be requested to increase their stock; reserving half the amount of new stock required to be subscribed for by the citizens of Montreal. The following paragraph from a Montreal paper shows that the attention of the community there has been directed to the same point.

MONTREAL, Jan, 23rd .- ELECTRO MAGNETIC COMPANY .- At the meeting of the subscribers to this undertaking, held yesterday, according to notice, the association was duly organised—the report of the provisional committee adopted, and resolutions passed for the government of the company-after which the following gentlemen were unanimously chosen to be the directors thereof for the ensuing year, viz:—Andrew Shaw, John Young, George Elder, John Glass, and Henry Chapman, Esquires. A portion of the stock has been reserved for Quebec, and it is the object of the Montreal Company to have a line between Quebec and this city, as well as between this and Toronto.

A letter from Port au Persil, published in the Journal de Québec, states that on the night of the 12th instant, the house of M. Elie Hudon at the Grandes Bergeronnes, on the north shore, below the mouth of the Saguenay, was burned, and a child of six years of age perished in the flames, and two other older children were much injured, as well as M. Hudon himself; and one of the children had his feet badly frozen before he reached a neighbour's. M. Hudon's mill was destroyed by fire about eight months before, and no insurance.

THE WEATHER during the past fortnight has been cold, the mercury ranging from zero to 15 or 20 degrees below. About town the roads have been pretty good, but in the country the travelling has een much impeded by the drifts of snow consequent on the repeated heavy storms of late. Communication will now be worse than ever for a time, as an easterly storm commenced on Tuesday morning, and continued with much violence through the day diency and practicability of erecting a Pier on the Reauport shoal, (or by some other means) with a view of procuring an annual Ice Bridge on the St. Lawrence, between the city of Quebec, and the opnosite shores of Point Levy.

The regularity and security of transit in winter would be much improved, if an ice-bridge could be secured every year; and the inhabitants of the neighbouring parishes would then be likely to bring their supplies more freely to the market, on account of the saving of expense and time. But many suppose that the opening of the navigation in Spring is retarded by a pont: if so, it lessens the desirableness of securing this object; and it would be well for the Council, before expending money to produce such a consummation, to ascertain by the evidence of persons who have observed and examined into the subject, whether such has been the case or not.

On Saturday night, some thieves broke into the dwelling-house of C. E. Levey, Esq., on the Esplanade, and carried off a few articles of furniture The house is unoccupied, and entrance was effected

y breaking one of the windows. The FIRE COMMITTEE of the City Council, in reporting on the best method of supplying the city with water, recommend as the most economical olan, and the one most likely to meet with the support of the military authorities, that the water hould be raised from the St. Lawrence by means of steam-power, the Engine to be placed near the Custom House, in the Cul-de-Sac, and the water to be forced up into two reservoirs, one to be situated if the consent of the military authorities can be ob tained, in the Citadel, for the supply of the garrison and the more clevated parts of the city; the other in Champlain street, at the land-slip, at a

MARINERS' CASES .- Statement of the number of cases instituted under the Imperial Statute 7th and 8th Victoria, chapter 112, during the year 1846, before the Inspector and Superintendent of Police :-

" for penalties under 18th section, 29

Number	cases for wages. in which wages were awarded	51	
66	dismissed	67	
	withdrawn.		
		381	Ĺ
} ·	CASES FOR PENALTIES.		
Number	in which penalties were inflicted,	15	
		-11	
"	withdrawn.	3	
	_	29	}

Certified by Messrs. PERRAULT & DOUCET, Clerk of the Peace.

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MARITIME EXTRACTS.

The hull and materials of the bark Aurelian, of Portsmouth, J. Forbes, late master, wrecked 12 miles below Cape Chat, were sold in the Exchange for account of the underwriters, and adjudged to

Messrs. Atkinson, Usborne & Co., for £430.

The cargo (timber) of the ship Mersey, wrecked at Matane, was also sold and adjudged to H. J. Noad, Esq., for £31.

BIRTH.

Yesterday morning, the lady of the Hon. W Walker, of a daughter. On Saturday night, the lady of Charles N. Mon-

tizambert, Esquire, of a daughter. On Sunday morning last, the lady of John Sharp-les, Esq., Supervisor of Cullers, of a son.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, the 21st instant, at All Saints' Chapel, by the Revd. G. Mackie, W. B. Poston, second son of Mr. C. Poston, to Eliza Gordon, eldest daughter of Mr. Samuel Davidson, of Forres, Murrayshire, Scotland.

On Monday evening, at All Saints' Chapel, by the Revd. E. W. Sewell, Mr. William J. Newton, of this city, to Hannah, daughter of J. Redfern, Esq., J. P., of Inverness, Megantic.

DIED.

At Hamilton, on the 14th instant, Emma Anne, infant daughter of Hugh C. Baker, Esq., aged two

QUEBEC MARKETS. Corrected by the Clerks of the Markets up to Tucs-

day, 26th Jan., 184	7.	d.			d.
Beef, per lh	υ	4	а	U.	6,
Mutton, per lb	0	3	a	0	v
Mutton, per lb Ditto, per quarter	2	3	n.	3.	9
Lamb per quarter	41	G	a	4	U
Lamb, per quarter Potatoes, per bushel,	2	6	a	. 3	U.
Maple Sugar, per lb	0	4	a	0	5
Oats per bushel	2	0	a	2	6
Hay per hundred bundles	25	0	4	35	0
Straw ditto	17	0	a	22	Ü
Fire-wood, per card	15	0	a	17	G
Cheese per lb		44			
Butter, fresh, per lb		0			
Ditto, salt, in tinnets, per 1b		8			
		5			6
Veal, per lb	'ĭ				0.
Do., per quarter	'n	· 5	a	0	7
Pork, per lb	ĭ	Ö	a	Ö	O
Eggs, per dozen,	· .	٠,	•		146.5

FOR SALE

Anne Street, at present occupied by MR. BURNET-with a spacious Yard, Stabling and Out-houses. Apply to ARCHID. CAMPBELL, N. P.,

St. Peter Street. Quebec, 27th January, 1847.

TO LET,

THE House No. — Buade Street, Uepp Town Market Place, at present oc-cupied by Mr. Wadman. Possession will be given on the first of May.

-ALSO,-The following apartments in FREEMASONS' HALL, comprising the first and second flats, with the vaults underneath, and part of the yard and premises in the tear, lately occupied by Mr. Futvoye. Possession given on the first of May, or immediately, if required. Apply to

GEORGE ALFORD,

or the proprietor,

GEORGE POZER. Quebec, 7th January, 1817.

PIANOS.

IN addition to their Stock of PIANOS on hand, the undersigned have just received a new assortment, which they will sell at low prices.

J. H. WYSE & Co.

No. 26, Mountain Street, 11, Palace Street.

N. B. Praxos to let. Quebec, 26th November, 1846.

> FOR SALE, QUINTALS Merchantable large Table

150 127 Barrels Green

35 do. Salmon, do. Mackarel,

39 do. Herrings, 6 Kegs Cod Sounds and Tongues,

23 Barrels Cod Oil.
—ALSO— 5 Hogsheads Bright Muscovado Sugar,

6 do. do. Bastard do. 20 Boxes Twankay Tea,

do. Superior Maccaroni and Vermicelli, 70 Boxes, half do. and quarters Bunch Mus-

catel Raisins. 50 Tinnets River Ouelle Butter.

30 Boxes Scheidam Gin.

45 do. English Starch. 10 do. Fig Blue, 12 do. Composite Candles,

15 do. English Wax Wick do. 85 Dozens Corn Brooms.

-A N D ,-His usual assortment of Liquors and Grocerise consisting of-

Champagne, Sherry, Madeira, and Port Wines, Martel's Pale and Cognac Brandy, Spanish White do.

Hollands and English Gin. Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica, Demerara, and St. Croix Rum, French Liqueurs, Teas, Coffee, English and American Cheese, Pickles and Sauces, Spanish Nuts, Walnuts, Almonds, Sperm, Olive and Seal Oils, &c. &c.

By A. LENFESTEY,

17 St. Peter St. Quebec 21 Decr. 1846.

SIXTY HHDS. MUSCOVADO SUGAR, 25 Barrels FOR SALE.

25 Barrels do 150 do Guysborough Herrings, 60 do No. 3, Mackarel, 20 do Roasted Coffee,

1000 Lbs. Bees' Wax, 100 Bundles Palm Leaf,

10 Tons Fustic, 1 do Cocos Wood, 20 M Yara Cigars,

30 M Cuba do. 30 Boxes Twankay, Bohea, Congou and Gunpowder
6 Tons Logwood,
50 Lancewood Spars.
J. W. LEAYCRAFT.
1846.

Quebec, 17th December, 1846. HARDWARE! No. 20, HARDWARE!! FABRIQUE STREET.

MORKILL & BLIGHT,

BEG respectfully to inform their friends and the public, that they have now received their Fall supplies, comprising a very general and well selected assortment, which they will dispose of on the lowest terms for CASH or approved credit.

Quebec, 26th November, 1846.

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

HENRY KNIGHT begs to thank the Military and Gentry of Quebec, and the public generally, for the very flattering patronage with which has been favoured since he commenced business. and pledges himself to spare no effort to ensure a continuance of their support.

II. K. also invites an inspection of his stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Vestings, &c., &c., having just received per "Safeguard" and "Pearl" from London, a general assortment of those articles, all of the very best quality and latest fashion, which he will make up in his usual style, at moderate prices.

. .

No. 12, Palaco Street. Quebec, 19th Nov. 1846.