

the calves, the head held rigidly in the middle line, and slightly retracted. Owing to the condition of the patient it was not possible to make any observation as to the sensory functions, neither knee jerks, nor extensor response were obtained.

Notwithstanding every care a bed sore was formed in the sacrum, and rapidly advanced. There were also indications of the same forming over the heels. The blood count made several days before death showed red 1,500,000, whites not increased.

Post-mortem Report.—The body showed marked emaciation. Rigor mortis and *post-mortem* staining also present. On further inspection a number of punctate cutaneous hemorrhages were found in the left groin and inner side of thigh. Over the sacrum was a circular bed sore about three inches in diameter and extending into the muscular and tendinous structures.

Section.—On opening the abdomen the intestines were seen to be pale and moderately distended, and further examination of these showed about a dozen healing typhoid ulcers, situated in the lower two feet of ileum. Otherwise there was nothing of note in either the large or small bowel. The stomach was moderately distended and contained a quantity of fluid. About midway between cardia and pylorus, and less than an inch in front of lesser curvature was a shallow depression, circular in outline and almost a quarter inch in diameter. It extended through the mucous mem, and had no appearance of inflammation about its edges. In short, it presented the appearance of a healed ulcer. At the lesser curvature, and about opposite the one just mentioned, were three larger and more irregular depressions with red injected edges. These were not so deep as the first, and did not present the typical appearance of gastric ulcers. The spleen was considerably enlarged and soft. The kidneys were normal in size, and the capsule was more adherent, cut surface was somewhat pale. Liver normal in size and pale on section.

Thorax.—The lungs presented the appearance of passive congestion in dependant parts.

Heart.—The pericardium contained almost $\frac{3}{4}$ iv. of clear serous fluid. The organ, as a whole, was pale and soft, but not friable. The right side was occupied by *post-mortem*. Thrombi valves normal, except for slight thickening of mitral cusps. The spinal cord was also removed up to and including portion of the cervical enlargement, but nothing abnormal was found, either in meninges or on section. Unfortunately no examination of the brain was allowed.