

this apparent security, a woman living in a damp part of the town was attacked by the cholera, and in a few days the disease spread. *The most minute researches on the part of the public authorities could not discover any communication between this woman and any stranger or goods suspected of being infected.*"

And a little further on he says:—

"But it will be said or asked, would you abolish *all* quarantine—abandon all *inspection of ships* whatever? No; I would not. But I would abandon altogether the whole *theory* of quarantine, as against cholera most particularly.

"Ships should be inspected on approaching ports, because they may have unsanitary conditions intensified in them, on a scale sufficiently large to be important. This is, or should be, a part of sanitary police. Nor should it (and here is a great point of difference) include *any* restriction of *persons*; at the most, longer than enough for cleansing of the body and of the clothing, and purification of merchandise, by fresh air, and possibly by some disinfecting process in certain cases.

"I insist that SANITARY POLICE includes the sum total of available measures for the prevention of cholera in any place."

The last chapter is on the various modes of treatment, and as might be expected, the author has his own specific which he believes to be infallible. This mixture is a compound of antispasmodics and stimulants, and is as follows:—

R Chloroform, Tinct Opii, Spt Camph, Spt Ammon Arom. aa \bar{z} iss, Ol Cinnom gtts viii Spt Vini gal. \bar{z} ii. Dissolve a tea-spoonful in a wine glassful of ice water, and give a desert-spoonful every five minutes. It appears to us, that it would be better to give the dose of the mixture, say eight or ten drops every five minutes; this is perhaps a good prescription, but we fear, not one whit better than other numerous receipts which abound in works on Choiera. The author speaks of the benefit of Houses of Refuge, and advises the removal of persons, (when attacked,) in crowded and unwholesome localities, to places of the above description; he also mentions the benefit derived from house to house visitation. We feel convinced that no stop will be put to the spread of Cholera in any locality, without the strictest sanitary precautions, both personal and in the habitations of the people. The sooner our city authorities enact stringent regulations against overcrowding buildings, and overcrowding of habitations, the better. The coming year may see us subjects of an epidemic which has visited other parts of the world, and from which we have so far been spared. The perusal of this brochure will repay the reader; we can confidently recommend it, as containing much interesting and instructive matter.