



A SESSION OF THE COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH (Crown side), holding criminal jurisdiction in and for the DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, will be held in the COURT HOUSE, in the CITY OF MONTREAL, on Thursday, the FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

In consequence, I give PUBLIC NOTICE to all who intend to proceed against any prisoners now in the Common Goal of the said District, and all others, that they must be present then and there; and I also give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners and Peace Officers, in and for the said District, that they must be present then and there, with their Record Books, Indictments and other Documents, in order to do those things which belong to them in their respective capacities.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE. J. A. FRANCHER, Montreal, 14th Aug. 1896. Deputy Sheriff.



SHERIFF'S SALES.

FF.-No. 222—CHARLES CUSHING vs. WILLIAM A. REBURN.

A lot of land situate in Sainte Anne's ward, city of Montreal, known as lot number one thousand six hundred and twenty-seven, on the official plan and book of reference of the said ward, and fronting on Nazareth street, city of Montreal—with the buildings thereon erected.

To be sold at my office, in the city of Montreal on the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of AUGUST instant, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

FF.-No. 271—JOHN DUNLOP and al equal vs. JOHN P. CLENDINNENG.

An emplacement forming part of lot number one thousand five hundred and three, on the official plan and book of reference of Saint Antoine ward, city of Montreal, bounded as follows, in front to the north-east by Stanley street, in the rear to the south-west by a lane, on the south-east side by official lot (No. 1504), and on the other side by another portion of (1505), and containing twenty-one feet and six inches in width in front, twenty-one feet and ten inches in width in rear, by a depth of about one hundred and fifteen feet, the whole English measure, and more or less—with a two and a half story brick house on the south-east side, bearing (No. 98), of the said Stanley street, and brick wood shed thereon erected of which the gable walls on the north east side are masonry, and the brick stone foundation house and stable in rear.

To be sold at my office, in the city of Montreal on the TWENTY EIGHTH day of AUGUST instant, at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon.

FF.-No. 903—JAMES FLETCHER vs. JAMES BURKE & Co., et al.

A land situate in the parish of Sainte Marie, on the north side of the Sainte Marie range, containing three arpents in front by twenty arpents in depth, more or less, without warranty as to precise measurement, known as being lot number one hundred and sixty-eight, on the official plan and book of reference of the parish of Sainte Marie; bounded in front by the west road of the Sainte Marie range, in part by the land known as (No. 283),

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and partly by lot (No. 169), on the east side by lot number one hundred and sixty-seven, and on the west side by a by-road—with the buildings thereon erected, reserving, however, from the said land 1st A strip of about thirteen feet in width by the depth of the said land, on the west side thereof, actually used as a by-road; 2^d Said lot number (169), which has been taken off the said land in the north west corner thereof such as the said land is actually enclosed, the said lot number (169) containing about two arpents and eighty-five perches in area.

To be sold at the parochial church door of the parish of Sainte Marie on the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of AUGUST instant at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

J. R. THIBAUDEAU,
Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.
Montreal, 24th August, 1896.

Letters from Rossland, B. C., state that the affairs of the Homestake company have now reached a crisis, as the bond on the mine fell due August 1. Last week, a meeting of the minority stockholders in the company was held in the office of Cyrus Happy in Spokane. This meeting was called by a circular which recited the fact that as each shareholder had doubtless received notice from the secretary of the company at Vancouver, assessing them 54 cents a share, it was desirable that the minority stock owners should get together an decide on a line of action. They decided at this meeting to refuse to pay the 54 cent assessment levied by the management of the company, but, instead to pay a voluntary assessment to take legal proceedings to protect their interests in the courts of this province. This decision of the Spokane stockholders, who represent now only one-fifth of the capital stock, was based on a clause in the transfer of the property from the old Homestake company to the Linnard syndicate by which the latter bound itself, in the event of the mine not being able to lift the bond, to pay the purchase price of the property in full.

Some stir has been caused in English financial circles by the fact that the Bank of England, which heretofore has refused to have its name mentioned in prospectuses of limited liability companies, has agreed to receive subscriptions on behalf of a paper manufacturing concern which has just been turned into a limited company, under the title of "A. M. Peebles & Son, Limited," the prospectus of which is now being

advertised in the daily papers in London and the Provinces. The total share and debenture capital is \$845,000. This new departure of the great bank is viewed by all the smaller banks with dismay, as it is recognized on all sides that if the Bank of England is open to receive subscriptions on behalf of other intended companies, it can practically monopolize this line of business in the future. The mere mention of the Bank of England's name on any prospectus will be sure to inspire confidence in the public mind, and the company promoters, taking advantage of this fact, will be bound to enter the directorate of the Bank to allow the use of their name in connection with the companies they intend bringing out, no matter how worthless some of the concerns may be.

In view of the probable election of McKimby and a higher tariff, a number of English manufacturers are projecting branches in the United States. A number of invitations have come from America since the St. Louis Convention with the object of inducing English manufacturers and capitalists to construct woolen, worsted, cotton, lace and silk mills in good localities. On the strength of McKimby's popularity, an American corporation, in fact, offers to build and equip mills to lease with the option of purchase to reputable English manufacturers. The offer has been provisionally accepted in three instances, two of which are worsted men and the other a lace maker, and a second firm of lace makers has purchased the Manicoba Curtain Mills near Philadelphia.

The contract with Messrs. Elder Dempster & Co., for providing cold storage accommodation on the steamships stipulates that the insulated compartments are for the carriage of chilled butter only. None is to be put in the insulated compartments unless it is in a chilled condition, from having been in a refrigerator compartment at a temperature not above 35 degrees for at least three days before being delivered to the steamship. In case of butter coming in by rail in refrigerator cars for through shipment, the butter must be in a thoroughly cold and firm condition, or it must not be put in the insulated compartment with chilled butter. If and when the offerings of butter exceed the insulated space available, then preference is to be given, first, to chilled breast Canadian creamery butter, second, to chilled Canadian butter of a lower quality, and, third, to chilled butter shipped by a Canadian firm. Mr. F. E. Jodrey, official inspector at Montreal, has been instructed to see that these regulations are complied with and to act with the steamship agents to exclude all butter offered which does not meet the requirements laid down.