

THE CARBONEAR HERALD

AND OUTPORT TELEPHONE.

Vol. 1.

CARBONEAR, NEWFOUNDLAND, JUNE 5, 1879.

No. 3.

THE CARBONEAR HERALD

AND
OUTPORT TELEPHONE.
Is Printed and Published from the
Office, west of the Post and Telegraph
Offices, Water Street, Carbonear, every
THURSDAY MORNING.

Terms - - - \$3.00 Per Annum
(Payable half-yearly in advance.)

Advertising Rates.
Fifty cents per inch for first inser-
tion, one-third of the above for each
continuation. Standing Advertisements
inserted monthly, quarterly,
half-yearly or yearly on the most
reasonable terms.

All communications to be address-
ed to the Editor, Proprietor and Pub-
lisher,

J. A. ROCHFORD,
Herald Office, Water St.,
Carbonear, Nfld.

ST. JOHN'S, No. 1,
MARBLE WORKS.
THEATRE HILL, ST. JOHN'S,
ROBERT A. MACKIM,
MANUFACTURER OF
Monuments, Tombs, Grave
Stones, Tables, Mantel Pieces,
Hall and Centre Tables, &c.

He has on hand a large assortment of
Italian and other Marble, and is now pre-
pared to execute all orders in his line.
N. B. - The above articles will be sold
at much lower prices than in any other
part of the Provinces or the United States.
WARRANTED TO GIVE GENERAL SATISFACTION.

CARD.
JOHN A. ROCHFORD
NOTARY PUBLIC.
"Herald" Building, Water St.,
CARBONEAR, NFDL.
Next Post & Telegraph Offices.
All business transacted with
punctuality and satisfaction.

CAUTION.
The PILLS Purify the Blood, correct all
disorders of the Liver, Stomach Kid-
neys and Bowls, and are invaluable in
all complaints incidental to Females.
THE OINTMENT is the only reliable re-
medy for Bad Legs, Old Wounds, Sores,
and Ulcers, of however long standing.
For Bronchitis, Diphtheria, Coughs,
Colds, Gout, Rheumatism, and all Skin
Diseases it is no equal.

BEWARE OF AMERICAN
COUNTERFEITS.

I most respectfully take leave to call
the attention of the Public generally to
the fact, that certain Houses in New
York are sending to many parts of the
globe SPURIOUS IMITATIONS of
my PILLS and Ointment. These frauds
bear on their labels some address in
New York.

I do not allow my medicines to be
sold in any part of the United States.
I have no Agents there. My Medi-
cines are only made by me, at 555 Ox-
ford Street London.

In the books of directions affixed to
the spurious make is a caution, warning
the Public against being deceived by
counterfeits. Do not be misled by this
audacious trick, as they are the coun-
terfeits they pretend to denounce.

These counterfeits are purchased by
unprincipled Vendors at one half the
price of my PILLS and Ointment, and are
sold to you as my genuine Medicines.

I most earnestly appeal to that sense
of justice, which I feel sure I may ven-
ture upon asking from all honorable
persons, to assist me, and the Public, as
far as may lie in their power, in de-
nouncing this shameful Fraud.

Each Pot and Box of the Genuine
Medicines, bears the British Govern-
ment Stamp, with the words "HOL-
LOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, LONDON,"
imprinted thereon. On the label is the
address, 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON,
where alone they are Manufactured.
Holloway's PILLS and Ointment bearing
any other address are counterfeits.

The Trade Marks of these Medicines
are registered in Ottawa. Hence, any
one throughout the British Possessions,
who may keep the American Counter-
feits for sale, will be prosecuted.

Signed THOS HOLLOWAY,
533, Oxford Street, London,

ADVERTISEMENTS.



PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir JOHN
HAWLEY GLOVER Knight
Grand Cross of the Most
Distinguished Order of
St. Michael & St. George,
Governor & Commander
in-Chief in and over the
Island of Newfoundland
and its Dependencies.

WHEREAS by an Act passed by
the Legislature of this Colony,
in the 41st year of the Reign of Her
Majesty, entitled, "An Act respecting
the fishery of Lobsters," it is enacted,
that "The Governor in Council may,
after such public enquiry and notice as
shall be deemed expedient, from time to
time, by order, restrict, or prohibit,
either entirely or subject to any excep-
tions and regulations, the fishing for and
taking of Lobsters within any District
or part of Districts in this Colony
named in the Order, during such period
either in every year or in such number
of years as may be limited by the Order;
and may by the Order provide for en-
forcing the Order and any restriction
or regulation contained therein, by fines
not exceeding One Hundred Dollars;"
that "All Orders made, and all altera-
tions or revocations of Orders made
under this Act, shall be published in
the Royal Gazette and one other News-
paper in the Colony, for the period of
one Month before the same shall take
effect; and that all offences against
this Act, or against any Order made in
pursuance of this Act, may be prosecut-
ed, and all fines under this Act or an-
other Order, may be recovered with cost
of suit, on summary conviction before
a Stipendiary Magistrate; and in de-
fault of payment of any fine, the same
may be recovered by distress and sale
of the offenders Goods and Chattles; and
in case of such default he may be com-
mitted to prison for a period not ex-
ceeding Three Months, or until pay-
ment."

Now, therefore, I, the Governor, by
and with the advice of my Council, do
order that - 1st. No person shall, with-
in any District in the colony, between
the 5th day of August and the 31st
day of the same Month, inclusive, in
any year, fish for Catch, Kill Bay, Soli
or have in his possession, any Lobsters
for the purpose of being Canned or Tin-
ned, or put or preserved in Tins or
Cans otherwise, for Exportation; and
upon the Person Fishing for, Catching,
Killing, Buying, Selling or having in
his possession any Lobsters within the
said period, shall in all cases devolve
the proof that such Lobsters are not for
the purposes aforesaid.

2nd. Soft shelled and young Lobsters,
of less size than Nine Inches in
length, measuring from Head to Tail,
exclusive of Claws or Feelers, shall not
be at any time Fished for, Caught,
Killed, Bought, Sold, or Possessed; but
when caught by accident in Nets or
other Fishing apparatus, lawfully used
for other Fish, such Soft shelled and
young Lobsters shall be forthwith liber-
ated alive, at the risk and cost of the
Owner of, or Person working such Net
or apparatus, on whom in every case
shall devolve the proof of such actual
liberation.

3rd. All Offenders against the pro-
visions of these Orders shall be subject
to a fine not exceeding One Hundred
Dollars, or imprisonment for a period
not exceeding Three Months for each
Offence.

Given under my hand and Seal,
at the Government House in
St. John's, this Nineteenth
day of May, A. D. 1879.

By His Excellency's Command,
E. D. SHEA,
Colonial Secretary.

A CARD.

Superior Board and Accomodation
for either Permanent or Transient

BOARDERS.

B. S. MOREY,
177 DUCKWORTH STREET,
Near Prescott Street, St. John's.
May 22.

NEWS PER MAIL

European.

Strange Defence to a Breach of Promise Case.

An action for breach of promise of
marriage - Paris v. Jackson - brought
by the daughter of a builder and
contractor against a plumber and
gas engineer in Edinburgh, was con-
cluded in the Exchequer Court, Lon-
don, yesterday, before the Lord Chief
Baron and a special jury. The de-
fendant pleaded that he was insane
when the engagement was made, and
that the plaintiff released him from
his promise. Mr. Alexander Cham-
bers, manager of the Melville private
lunatic asylum at Musselburgh, was
examined in support of the defend-
ant's case, and said when the defend-
ant was at his asylum in 1869 he was
a dangerous lunatic. The defendant
came into his Asylum in December
1878, under the authority of the
Board of Lunacy. The defendant
was still detained in the Asylum by
the Sheriff's order. The defendant
was under delusions still, especially
those consisting of suspicions
that he was watched by detectives
and others. Professor M'Lagan, M.
D., Edinburgh, said in 1890 the de-
fendant was under the persuasion
that his soul was eternally lost, and
in December 1878, he was under the
delusion that detectives and spies
were constantly following him, and
and that the lady to whom he was
engaged had traduced his character.
Dr. Alexander Sanders, Musselburgh,
said that the defendant was going on
very well, and might suddenly re-
cover some day. Mr. Peter Young,
the defendant's medical attendant,
said he was of opinion that the de-
fendant was insane. Mr. John Thyne,
defendant's brother-in-law, gave evi-
dence to the same effect. The jury
yesterday found a verdict for the
plaintiff, with £50 damages, and the
Lord Chief Baron gave judgment
with costs, refusing to stay execu-
tion. - Liverpool Mercury, May 19.

The Nihilist Prisoners.

Publicity is given to the following
semi-official statement - "The ques-
tion recently put to the British Gov-
ernment by Sir Robert Peel in the
House of Commons, on the subject
of affairs in Russia, has excited great
attention here. The becoming treat-
ment of the interpellation by the
Government is generally recognised,
although it might have been prefer-
able had the Government met the
wholly incorrect views expressed by
Sir Robert Peel, which appear to be
founded exclusively on the false
statements of some English news-
papers, by a circumstantial refuta-
tion based on report received from
the Embassy. In contradiction to
these assertions it may be stated that
the fortress of Peter and Paul is
wholly inadequate to contain 400
prisoners, to say nothing of 4,700;
that no prisoner has been removed
from the fortress to Kasan; that the
reported arrests of officers have not
taken place, and that since Febru-
ary only three officers have been ar-
rested, and finally, that no arrests
of whole families have been made.
The impending abdication of the Em-
peror in favor of the Czarevitch are
also absolutely untrue.

A despatch from Warsaw announ-
ces that an order has been issued pro-
hibiting students of the intermediate
schools of the city from leaving
their homes after nine o'clock in the
evening. The 'Golos' states that a
first party of 300 prisoners, out of
2,000 arrested in Moscow during the
winter, have started for Siberia. Nine
thousand arrested in other towns
during the winter will pass through
Moscow during the summer.

The news that Russia had demand-
ed the extradition of a Russian
named Turikoff, resident at Geneva,
one of the murderers of General
Mezentzeff is without foundation.

A 'Morning Post' Berlin telegram
says that a fresh Nihilist printing
press has been discovered in Peters-
burg in the office of the Ministry of
Public Communications. A number
of officials are implicated, and eight
arrests have already been made
among the departmental staff.

A Legal Romance.

A question involving a case of al-
most romantic interest was put to
the Home Secretary in the House of
Commons on Thursday evening by
Sir J. Eardley-Wilmot, one of the
members for Warwickshire. It ap-
pears that more than 40 years ago
(1836) two men, named Oliver and
Gally, were placed upon their trial at
Exeter, before Mr. Justice Williams,
charged with the murder of a farmer
named May. They were convicted,
and a few minutes after the verdict
was delivered Oliver admitted his
guilt, but declared, in an emphatic
manner, that he had never beheld
his alleged accomplice until he was
placed by his side in the dock that
morning. Oliver was executed, but
the sentence upon Gally was com-
muted to penal servitude for life, and
he is now in Australia. The judge
who sentenced him is no more, and
it is believed that all the jurors who
found him guilty, save one, have paid
the debt of nature. This gentleman
- Mr. George Seecombe - still sur-
vives, and has long been thoroughly
persuaded that Gally was a victim of
the fallibility of the law, and wa-
perfectly innocent of the crime of
which he was convicted. Recent
circumstances have called public at-
tention to the untrustworthy character
of circumstantial evidence. Habon-
convicted of the Whalley Range mur-
der, has been released and compensa-
tion on the evidence of a man who
proclaimed him innocent and admit-
ted that he himself had fired the
fatal shot. As one of the erring jury
who returned the verdict which sent
Gally to penal servitude, Mr. Seecombe
has from time to time ad-
dressed urgent appeals to successive
Secretaries of State to do the man
the tardy justice of recommending
that a free pardon be granted to him.
The answers he received were invari-
ably unfavorable. The present Lord
Chief Justice of England, who
went the western circuit 43 years
ago, was in court when Gally was
convicted, and formed the opinion
that he was innocent. Mr. Seecombe
has lately endeavored to enlist the
sympathy of the learned judge on
behalf of the convict. Sir Alexan-
der Cockburn (than whom there is
no more experienced or able judge
on the bench) wrote to Mr. Cross,
but to no purpose. There was no dis-
position at the Home Office to reopen
a case the urgency of which was all
the more important because its re-
consideration has been so long de-
layed. Mr. Seecombe has again writ-
ten to Mr. Cross, imploring him in
the name of humanity to release the
man and enable him even now to
vindicate his character from the
crime of murder. He declares in the
most solemn language that his own
participation in the trial has weighed
upon his mind like a millstone, and
that the vindication of the unhappy
man will remove a burden from his
conscience in the closing hours of a
life which cannot at his age be long
protracted. He states that the scene
in the assize court at Exeter is ever
before his eyes, and that he remem-
bers distinctly the distress of Gally
as he stood before the judge awaiting
his sentence, while his fellow-prison-
er asserted, with the earnestness of
a man standing, as it were, under
the shadow of death, that his fellow pris-
oner was absolutely innocent of hand
or part in the deed. The question
which Sir J. Eardley-Wilmot put to
the Home Secretary is whether he
will allow all the papers in con-
nection with Gally's case to be de-
posited in the library of the House of
Commons, so that those who may
desire to investigate the case may
have an opportunity of doing so. It
should be added that Oliver, before
his execution, disclosed the name of
his accomplice, and stated what had
become of him.

The Press Association is informed
that the proposed banquet to Mr.
Gladstone, in recognition of his great
public services, has not, as was re-
cently stated, been abandoned but
only postponed to a more convenient
opportunity. Meanwhile the com-
mittee, has laid the matter before
Mr. Gladstone, who has expressed his
willingness to attend.

American.

Fatal Effects of Lightning.

TERRE HAUTE, May 16.

A terrible thunderstorm, doing much
damage and destruction to life and
property, passed over Washington coun-
ty last night. Near Fredericksburg
several farm houses and barns were
blown to the ground and two farm
hands, named John Durnell and Stias
Moran, instantly killed. Durnell and
Moran were working in a field, and at
approach of the storm took shelter
under a large sycamore tree standing
near by. The tree was struck by light-
ning and Moran was thrown by the
shock into Blue River and Durnell was
found sitting upright, dead, at the root
of a tree, this morning. No other fat-
al cases at Fredericksburg are report-
ed.

At Lavonside the storm passed over
the village at ten o'clock, inflicting
much damage to property. In some
cases lives being reported to have been
lost. Three farm houses near the
town were struck by lightning and
completely demolished, three persons
being killed. The storm was of short
duration but extended over quite a
large area, resulting in great damage
to persons.

Murder without a Motive.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 28.

Several weeks ago a man named Jas.
Reed took possession of a small unoccu-
pied house, near Effzabeth, in this coun-
ty, and since then he has lived in it
alone. Yesterday morning a quiet, in-
offensive man named John Williams, was
passing the house, when Reed asked him
to come in and have a talk. Williams
went in and sat down and as he did so
Reed picked up a heavy bar of iron and
struck Williams several times over the
head, causing the death of the man.
Reed then walked out of the
house, lit a cigar and started up the road.
A couple of men, who were passing the
house soon after, heard Williams moan
and found him dying. Reed was arrest-
ed and, being brought here was placed
in jail. The two men, Reed and Wil-
liams, did not know each other, and
never had any dealings together; and
what led to the crime is a mystery.
Reed told the 'Telegram' correspond-
ent this afternoon that Williams had
come into his house and bothered him
by his "pompous airs and talking as if
he owned the house." He says he hit
him, but does not seem to care what the
result is. Williams died this afternoon.

A Happy Land.

An estimable Louisville young man,
who teaches a class at Sunday-school,
and occupies a prominent position in the
choir, has a fancy for the maiden who
sings the alto. When last he called upon
her he found her, with her father and
mother, entertaining the minister. Con-
cealing his disappointment with as much
grace as he could command, he joined
the dignified circle and maintained his
share of the conversation very creditable
considering the untoward circumstan-
ces. The minister, who has been some-
thing of a traveler in his time, turned
to talk, and was giving a gorgeous
description of his favorite country,
Brazil, when a small boy of the family,
who was building a block church on the
floor, spoke up: "Ma, has sister Foy
ever traveled any?" "No, child, no, you
musn't speak when others are talking."
"Then, when I was a-lyn' under
the soft Sunday night, and sister and
Mr. John came in from church and was
a-settin' in the big rockin' cheer, how
come her to say that the nicest land she
ever was in was Lapland?"

The negro exodus is a much more
serious thing than many suppose. The
indications are that it has hardly com-
menced in earnest yet. Letters are re-
ceived in this city every day from
colored preachers and others, making
inquiries about transportation, and that
hundreds are leaving localities which
have not been supposed capable of sus-
taining that many. Meantime all sorts
of devices are resorted to for the pur-
pose of detaining the colored men in
the South. The latest we have heard
of is a writ of attachment, illegally
served on a colored man. This is, we
fear, the only kind of attachment which
has lately been entertained for the
negroes by the Southern white.