

# Woman will Dominate the World.

And the Man

Of the Future will Follow and not Lead.

(Boston Post)

"The man of the future will follow rather than lead the woman."

"The woman of the future will realize that her power is not in imitating man, but in rising above him in the force of femininity, so he will be forced to imitate her characteristics."

Such are the opinions, forcibly expressed, of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe to a Post reporter.

Mrs. Howe is too well-known to require any qualifying or descriptive adjectives. For the benefit of those who do not realize the fact, however, it may be stated that she is the leader in almost every movement that is born in the East which tends towards the uplifting of womankind.

Her name is known far and wide, at home and abroad; her "Battle Hymn of the Republic" has been chanted by thousands, and the fruits of her work during her life of four-score and one years are to be realized and seen everywhere.

## VICTORIA'S JUNIOR BY ONE DAY.

Born one day after Queen Victoria it may be said, taking into consideration her intense patriotism, that she has as anxiously watched over the growth and development of the United States as has the Queen over the maturing of the power of England. She has made the conditions of women and the improvement thereof a study for years, and no one is better qualified today to speak on the present and future of the American girl as compared with her past.

## A LEADER OF MEN.

To Mrs. Howe it seems that the American girl, when the result of two or three generations of college training and receptiveness of the higher education shall have asserted itself, shall be a leader rather than a follower of men.

Tired of imitating him in an effort to raise herself she will, through the assertion of her individuality, rise above him, and compel the hitherto stronger and sterner half of the human race to emulate her.

## HER INCREASED OPPORTUNITIES.

"The girl of today," said Mrs. Howe, "has a much greater opportunity for higher education than the girl of even a comparatively few years ago. The value of that, I think, is incalculable."

"She has a much greater outlook into practical life."

"If she has special talents she has a much larger choice of ways in which to exercise them."

"She is not obliged to choose between marriage and absolute poverty, as she has many avenues open for adequate self support. This shall be more and more a truth as the years go by until marriage, looked upon merely as a means of feminine support, will gradually vanish. Women are finding more fields, more opportunities, to remain single and still have means enough to follow out any track they may have chosen, and nowadays the marriage age is not restricted within a foolishly small number of years—after which an unmarried woman was called an old maid."

## LATER MARRIAGES.

"The men are marrying later and later on in life than they were."

"This is not altogether because they wish to find wives more sensible than were the styl in the days when a wife was supposed to be more ornamental than otherwise, but also because the young woman of today is too sensible to yoke herself to the first young man who appears. She has common sense herself, and nowadays sensibility and good healthy wisdom do more towards winning a woman than sentimentality. This is one of the best results of the higher education for women."

## HIGHER IDEALS.

"The whole ideal of the life of the young woman of today and of tomorrow should be on a plane steadily becoming higher and higher. This will be a consequence of the culture which tends to give

her independence of thought and character."

"In his old plays and novels we sometimes, one might say constantly, find caricatures of the masculine woman and some of us have seen this type of character in actual life."

"With the higher culture I think this tendency will become more and more rare and finally disappear as the strong woman comes to the clear understanding of the gifts and characteristics of her own sex."

## MRS. HOWE NOT ALWAYS A SUFFRAGIST.

"Before the war I looked with some disfavor on the woman's suffrage movement, but almost immediately after the war I became convinced that the work of Lucy Stone and her helpers was commendable and since then I have been always in favor of the movement."

Certainly since they have begun their agitation the position of woman in a legal way has very much improved. The suffragists have labored hard and have done a great deal of work in this direction, and their bills, which have been presented to the Massachusetts and other Legislatures concerning the personal and property rights of married women, have had not a little effect.

"Yes—since I became a convert to the movement I have been happy to be counted among its advocates."

## MOVEMENT OF BOTH SEXES.

"From the very start the suffragist movement was one of superior men as well as of superior women. The glaring inconsistencies of woman's position revealed themselves strongly to men of high philanthropic views."

"Many of these have worked hand in hand with the suffragist leaders, among them being, notably, the late Judge Sewell, Wendell Phillips, Henry Ward Beecher and James Freeman Park."

"The woman suffrage movement has suffered not a little in the eyes of the public, because the 'new woman'—using the words in the worst sense—has been called an offspring of it. True suffrage means only a working for such changes as shall tend to truly uplift not only women, but, through the new order of things, the whole nation."

With the increasing number of college women, who are becoming ardent suffragists, the movement's strength increases tremendously through the medium of their education."

"The young woman at college making a far better student than the average young man, is bound eventually to go beyond him, and, taking for her lights knowledge, truth and purity, is sure to surpass him in the end."

"It has been said to me that the higher education tends to rob young women of the innate graces of politeness and evidence of good breeding that in the carefully brought up girl of a generation or two ago were so charming. But while one college girl—as a friend said to me not long ago—may put her elbows on the table, these things, while not to be desired, are not really vital questions. The girl with education is apt to make a better wife and mother than the one without it, and while there may be exceptions the average is distinctly in favor of woman acquiring wisdom. Ignorance of life is not innocence in its true sense."

## AS AN ATHLETE.

"Also, women are coming more and more to see the foolishness of wearing garments which restrict their bodies, and the shoe of today for women is almost ugly in its common sense of wideness and stoutness."

"As women get stronger, so will the nation benefit, and it is by discarding some of the foolish methods of dress that things may be started toward improvement. While women shall never be able to equal men in heavy athletics, yet she shall be a dangerous rival in lighter games."

## THE BATTLE HYMN.

Mrs. Howe's name, to the veteran of the Civil War, and to anyone who had heard the oft-repeated war songs sung, is linked indissolubly with the "Battle Hymn of the Republic," whose long cadenced lines have lightened the swing of many a tramp-ing feet."

# The Boer Envoys

Issue an Address

To the People of the United States.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The Boer envoys who have been in this country for the past two months, to-day issued an address to the people of the United States. After expressing regret at their inability to accept many of the invitations extended to them, they expressed their thanks to the American public for "the deep sympathy they have shown for the cause of the two struggling republics."

The address goes at great length into the history of the relations between Great Britain and the Boers, which it characterizes as "one of violated faith and broken pledges cloaked under the display of magnanimous and irreproachable principles."

Reference is made to the discovery of gold in Johannesburg in 1886. Then follows a history of the political agitation which culminated in the Jameson raid.

"Mr. Chamberlain, Sir Alfred Milner and Mr. Cecil Rhodes," continues the address, "are the terrible, diabolical trinity which brooded over and shaped the destiny of South Africa during the calamitous period. These gentlemen combined forces so as to achieve by subtlety and craft and misrepresentation what Dr. Jameson and the raiders failed to obtain by open violence."

The address declares that the capitalists control the press of South Africa, and that the editors of these subsidized journals were appointed special correspondents of the principal dailies. The broad charge is made that Mr. Chamberlain's revival of the suzerainty claim in 1897, his public utterances, Sir Alfred Milner's speeches and inflammatory despatches and the efforts of the South African League under the presidency of Cecil Rhodes were all directed towards the ultimate destruction of the Dutch republics.

The address then takes up the various internal questions which contributed towards the outbreak of war and discusses them in great detail, making wholesale denials of the English representations. The address declares that at the Bloemfontein conference both President Steyn and President Kruger endeavored to avert the catastrophes by conceding even more than the original demands on the franchise question, but their efforts were fruitless. It is asserted that the war was forced upon the Boers, and the claim is advanced that they took up arms only in self-defence. The address contends that the policy of Great Britain was designedly shaped so as to compel the Boers to send on the 9th of October what is commonly known as their ultimatum to Great Britain.

Taking up the campaign to date the address says: "The Boers may be the end defeated by overwhelming numbers and may ultimately be forced to surrender owing to difficulty of securing ammunition and provisions, but the conduct of the present war as well as the history of the past 100 years justifies us in saying that they will never be conquered."

Concluding the address says: all we ask, and indeed all we need from you in addition to the continuance of that public sympathy and moral support of which we are abundantly assured is a convincing indication or a pronouncement delivered in such a manner that it will not be subject to the misinterpretation of the British Colonial Minister, or leave any doubt in the European powers as to the fact, viz that the people of the United States do not acquiesce in what Vattel has termed the monstrous doctrine that the independence of a nation defeated in war is completely at the mercy of the conqueror."

We feel convinced that if an official expression of your moral support had been delivered before hostilities broke out this war could have been averted and that such a pronouncement at any time during the campaign would have stopped and even now would be strong enough to stop the continuance of hostilities."

The address is signed by Abraham Fischer, C. H. Wessels and A. D. Wolmarans.

The story of how Mrs. Howe came to compose the hymn is interesting. It seems that the tune of "John Brown's Body" was in everyone's

# ARE THE

children growing nicely? Stronger each month? A trifle heavier? Or is one of them growing the other way? Growing weaker, growing thinner, growing paler? If so, you should try

**Scott's Emulsion.** It's both food and medicine. It corrects disease. It makes delicate children grow in the right way—taller, stronger, heavier, healthier.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

head and made such a well-timed measure to march to that it was sung everywhere where there were soldiers.

The words to the tune were in legions of ribald verses and thinking that it was a pity that such good music did not carry better words, Mrs. Howe composed her "Battle Hymn." It took immediately and from one end of the North to the other the lines beginning, "In the beauty of the lilies Christ was born across the sea," and while another tune than the original is sometimes put the words, old "John Brown's Body" is still the favorite.

Mrs. Howe, in spite of her age, is still one of Boston's most busy women. She rarely has an hour free from an engagement, and today is speaking at Framingham at the anniversary exercises.

**The Canadian Order of Foresters.** The Canadian Order of Foresters is a society that has become more favorably and widely known in our Dominion than any other Friendly Insurance Society doing business in this country.

In order to secure the attention of those who have not yet considered the superior merits of this society, the following facts are submitted. It is:

1. Purely Canadian.
2. National in its character.
3. Age limits 18 to 45 years.
4. Fixed premium. No death assessment.
5. Gives \$5000 \$1000 \$1500 or \$2000 insurance.
6. Over two million dollars paid to members of and their dependents since organization of 1879.
7. Careful medical selection. Death rate for the 20th year of its history, only 4.56 per 1000.
8. Has a larger surplus on hand for each \$1000 risk than other society of its kind in Canada.
9. Security of investments. Not a dollar of the surplus invested outside of Canada.
10. Premiums and interest accruing therefrom used only for the payment of death claims.

The rates for life insurance in this society, payable in advance, are as follows:

Between the	On	On	On	On
Age of	\$500	\$1000	\$1500	\$2000
18 to 25	35c	60c	90c	\$1.20
25 to 30	40c	65c	95c	1.30
30 to 35	45c	70c	1.05	1.40
35 to 40	50c	85c	1.28	1.70
40 to 45	55c	1.00	1.50	2.00

The rates for sick and funeral benefits, payable monthly in advance, are as follows:

Between 18 and 25 years	25 and 30 years	30 and 35 years	35 and 40 years	40 and 45 years
25c.	30c.	35c.	40c.	45c.

The High Court sick and funeral benefits are much appreciated, and are \$3 per week for the first two weeks, and \$5 per week for the following ten weeks in any one year, and \$30 towards funeral expenses.

A strong feature of the business is the handsome surplus fund, which continues to increase in the insurance department. At the end of November there was \$325,149.79 to the credit of the fund. The surplus is now growing at the rate of between \$11,000 and \$12,000 per month.

The membership is increasing at the rate of over 600 per month, and is now over 3,000.

There are now about 700 subordinate organizations, or courts as they are called throughout Canada, and the order is now well established in all the provinces of the Dominion and through the territories.

For further particulars enquire of any of the officers or members of the order or address:

E. ELLIOTT, THOS. WHITE.  
H. C. R. Ingersoll, High Sec Brantford.  
Or ERNST GARTUNG, S. O. Brantford.

## What Cured Your Cough?

**ADAMSON'S BALSAM!** No cough can stay after being treated with it. It simply soothes it out of existence. There is nothing harsh or imperative about

**ADAMSON'S BOTANIC BALSAM!** It heals the sore parts, tones up the irritated air passages and strengthens the bronchial tubes—thus stopping the sources of the cough.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS, 25c.

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All work Guaranteed.  
Newcastle office, Quigley Block.  
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DR. CATES, Dentist,

at his Newcastle office from 26th to last of every month. All kinds of Dental Work done by

Latest and Improved Methods.

Over Jos. Demer's Store.

## HOTELS.

## REMOVED.

The undersigned has moved from the COMMERCIAL HOTEL, to the

**DESMOND BUILDING,**

next door to D. & J. Ritchie & Co's, where he will be pleased to see all his old patrons and many new ones.

William Jardine.

Newcastle, May 30, 1900.—3m

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J. A. EDWARDS, Prop.

Fredericton, - N. B.

**ADAMS HOUSE,**

Thos. Flanagan, - Prop.

Is now opened for the reception of guests. This hotel now ranks with the best in the Maritime Provinces.

Chatham, - - N. B.

**HOTEL BRUNSWICK,**

George McSweeney, Prop.

Moncton, - - N. B.

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**Co.**

**PORTLAND, ME.**

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R. A. LAWLOR, Agent, Chatham.

A. E. GOLDING, " Newcastle.

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Genera Agent.

An experienced canvasser, or a man with

good character and address, with the neces-

sary ability to travel from town to town and

appoint agents. No canvassing. Salary

and expenses paid. Position permanent and

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Dunlop tires on all good wheels without extra charge.



"The only tools."

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Toronto.  
Montreal, Winnipeg, St. John.

## Miramichi Steam Navigation Co

Time Table  
STR. MIRAMICHI

will leave Chatham every morning (Sundays excepted) at 7:10 a. m. for Newcastle, and leave Newcastle at 7:45 a. m. and Chatham at 9 a. m. for points down river, viz.: Loggieville, Oak Point Burnt Church and Neguac, calling at Esquimaux on Mondays and Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a. m. on Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, Steamers passengers for Newcastle, Douglastown or Bushville will be forwarded by Str. Nelson.

Meals and Refreshments on board at reasonable rates.

## STEAMER NELSON.

COMMENCING MAY 21st 1900

WILL LEAVE  
Chatham at  
9 a. m.  
11:00  
2:00 p. m.  
4:15  
7:00

Nelson at  
9:50 a. m.  
11:50  
2:50 p. m.  
5:00  
7:45

Newcastle  
10:15 a. m.  
12:15 p. m.  
3:15  
5:15  
7:45

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 8 p. m. "Nelson" will leave Chatham at 7 p. m., or on arrival of Str. "Miramichi."

See Passenger Tariff for Rates.

ALL FREIGHTS MUST BE PREPAID.  
J. ARCH'D HAVLAND,  
Manager.

## CUSTOM

TAILORING.

Mr. J. R. McDonald has resumed work opposite Messrs. D. & J. Ritchie's store where he will be pleased to see his old customers and friends.

**PRESSING, CLEANING, REPAIRING**

executed with neatness and despatch.

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**SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.**

The subscriber is prepared to supply (from his steam factory in Newcastle, windows, sashes and frames, glazed and unglazed.)

DOORS AND DOOR FRAMES, MOULDINGS, Planing and Matching, etc.

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If you want to save money get your

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"A dollar saved is a dollar earned."

People from the country will find that they will get more work for less money here than any other place in town.

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Newcastle, May 7, 1900, 3m.

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