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Reliance Loan & Savings Co
OF ONTARIO.
(SUCCESSORS TO THE CHATHAM LOAN AND SAVINGS CO.)
ASSETS OVER \$2,000,000
3 1-2 Per Cent. per annum interest allowed on deposits.
4 Per Cent. interest per annum allowed on deposit receipts issued for twelve months or longer.
4 1-2 Per Cent. paid on Debentures.
S. F. GARDINER—Branch Manager.

The Daily Planet
S. STEPHENSON, PROPRIETOR.
TEL. 570088
Business Office 55. Mail Room 70.
TUESDAY, JULY 3, 1906.

THE LORD'S DAY BILL.

A large part of the time of the Dominion Government last week was devoted to the Lord's Day Bill. The measure was in the hands of Mr. Aylesworth, minister of justice, to whose charge it fell on the retirement of Mr. Fitzpatrick. Many amendments were made enlarging the number of works of supposed necessity allowable on the first day of the week. Among these are operations connected with fishing, the saving of crops under certain conditions, the manufacture of maple sugar and syrup, the hiring of teams and small boats by persons for their own use or that of their family in driving or sailing on Sunday. The clause permitting Jews and Seventh Day Christians to work at their own occupations in secluded places on Sunday, provided they have consistently observed Saturday as the Sabbath, was struck out after a long and animated debate.

But the most important change in the measure is that introduced and rushed through on Friday. Several days before Mr. Piche, one of the Montreal members supporting the Government, tried to amend the principal enacting clause of the bill by providing that any law now or hereafter in force in any of the provinces should not be set aside by the Lord's Day Act.

The effect of this change would be to enable Mr. Piche's province, or any other, to set aside the measure in its application to any matter within the scope of provincial powers. The general power of the Dominion to legislate for Sunday observance would so far be abrogated by the parliament itself and delegated to the provinces. Mr. Piche's motion was rejected at the time. But by Friday the minister in charge of the measure had changed his mind, and when Mr. Piche proposed a reconsideration of the clause which had long before been adopted, and followed the motion by renewing his amendment in another form. Mr. Aylesworth to the surprise of many supported the motion, declaring himself a life-long advocate of provincial rights. It was pointed out by Mr. Borden that the amendment gave the provinces power to repeal or destroy the Lord's Day Act in so far as the measure prohibited work, labor and business on Sunday. The portion dealing with Sunday amusements and recreations might be left, and that was the part which should go under provincial control if any were transferred. Different provinces and races had their own ideas about Sunday recreation, but all should be agreed on the necessity of preserving the Lord's Day as a day of rest. Sir Wilfrid Laurier supported Piche's amendment, which was adopted.

GUILDS.

Miss Irene Cochrane, of London, is the guest of Miss Carrie Langtry. Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Luppman, of Palmyra, were visiting relatives here for a few days last week.

Miss Bernice Flemington, of Windsor, is the guest of Miss Nellie Nevills.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gosnell spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Norman Cunningham.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. McGuigan, of Cedar Springs, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Attridge.

Rev. C. W. Bristol and wife leave this week for their new charge in Dover. Mr. Bristol preached his last sermon at this church on Sunday morning.

TURNERVILLE.

Arthur Shaw has improved his barn by putting on a new roof. James Brown, of Dresden, struck a fine flow of water for Samuel Shaw.

James Gilbert is visiting friends in Toronto.

Wm. Needham, of Chatham, is visiting his sister, Mrs. John Reek, 7th concession, Chatham Township.

Miss Burns, of Tupperville, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Robert Shaw.

Rev. Mr. Taylor preached his last sermon on Sunday night in the Lindsay Road church to a large congregation.

Mrs. Charles Bird is very sick. Mr. Thompson, of Dresden, was the guest of Samuel Shaw on Sunday.

Minard's Liniment Cures "Distemper."

FASHION HINTS



GIRLS' BOX-JACKET.

No. 4162.

The little girls' box-jacket pictured here is made of dark blue summer cheviot. Shoulder and under-arm seams are used in shaping the garment, while the two-seam coat sleeve is completed with a fancy cuff, and gathers adjust the fullness at the armhole. The broad scalloped collar is trimmed with a band of the material, machine stitched, and the closing is made with buttons and buttonholes or cord loops. Two pockets are inserted, one on each side of the center front, though their use is optional. The lining is cut the same as the outer portions, and the fronts are faced with the material. Pongee, taffeta, light-weight cloth, linen, duck, crash, pique, and cashmere are a few of the fabrics recommended; and for trimming, braid, stitched bands of contrasting material, or linen are a few suggestions. A coat of this kind may be worn with odd dresses, or made of the same material to complete a costume. The pattern is cut in five sizes from 4 to 12 years. Size 8 will require 2 yards of 42-inch material, while the quantity of trimming depends entirely upon the mode of applying. Five sizes, 4 to 12 years.

At it—constantly at it.

LADIES' COSTUME.

No. 4135.

There is nothing prettier for outing wear than a sailor costume, and the one portrayed here is of blue linen, trimmed with braid and a sailor knot of blue silk. The blouse is made to slip on over the head and left to pouch slightly all around over the belt, though if preferred the waist may be drawn down at the back. The applied yoke, which is a pretty feature, may be used or not, and choice is given between a square sailor collar or one that is in round effect. In the full-length sleeve narrow tucks confine the fullness at the cuff, and reversed cuffs at the back underneath the inverted plait. Among the suitable materials suggested for making a costume of this kind are light-weight flannel, serge, cashmere, pique, linen, chambray, gingham, cotton cheviot, mohair and pongee. Bands of contrasting material, or braid will be found serviceable for trimming. Any style of belt may be worn. The pattern is cut in five sizes, from 32 to 40 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 8 3-4 yards of 36-inch material. Five sizes, 32 to 40 inches bust measure.

FIRST CASE OF LYNCH LAW.

The Hanging of a Murderer By His Father in Ireland—Thackeray's Description of the Tragedy.

So many different versions and explanations of the term lynch law have been given and occasionally are even yet added to that it seems fitting to recount the tragic incident which has since given a name to so many calamitous occurrences not only in our land, but on occasion also in that of others.

The very name of "lynch" gives the direct clue to the land of its origin—Irish. Thackeray in his "Irish Sketch Book" in Chapter I, which treats of Galway, thus speaks of an occurrence within its precincts which in 1842 bore the gruesome "moment" so grimly described in the words following:

"Then there is Lombard street, otherwise called Dead Man's lane," with a raw head and crossbones and a memento mori over the door where the hanging of the Lynches was acted in 1492. If Galway is the home of Connaught, James Fitzstephen Lynch, the mayor, may be considered as the Lucius Junius Brutus thereof. Lynch had a son who went to Spain as master of one of his father's ships and, being of a wild, extravagant turn, there contracted debts, drew bills and alarmed his father's correspondent, who sent a clerk and nephew of his own back in young Lynch's ship to Galway to settle accounts. On the fifteenth day young Lynch threw the Spaniard overboard. Coming back to his own country, he reformed his life a little and was on the point of marrying one of the Blakes, Burkes or Boddins or others when a seaman who had sailed with him, being on the point of death, confessed the murder in which he had been a participant.

"Hereon the father, who was chief magistrate of the town, tried his son and sentenced him to death, and when the clan Lynch rose in a body to rescue the young man and divert such a disgrace from the family it is said that Fitzstephen Lynch hanged the culprit with his own hands. A tragedy called 'The Warden of Galway' has been written on the subject and was acted a few nights before my arrival."

LOW SUMMER TOURIST RATES WEST.

During the entire summer the Chicago and North Western Railway will have in effect very low round trip tourist rates to Colorado, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia points. Choice of routes going and returning with favorable stopovers and time limits. Especially low excursion rates to the Pacific Coast from June 25th to July 7th. For further particulars, illustrated folders, etc., write or call on B. H. Bonner, General Agent, 2 East King Street, Toronto, Ont.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Not Milk for Babies

Don't risk baby's life by feeding city milk. Be on the safe side. Give

Nestle's Food

The perfect substitute for mother's milk. Always the same. Sample (sufficient for 8 meals) FREE.
THE LEEHONG, NILES CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL.

Home and Sanitarium
For Tubercular Patients

Continued from Page 1.

There infected who cannot leave their beds, their care till the grip of death itself is upon them and by that time the whole household probably, and the house certainly are bearing the burden of the fatal infection. More than that, these unfortunate sufferers, untrained regarding the care of expectorated matter, have been sowing destruction on streets, in schools, churches, public buildings, places of amusement, factories and homes. These poor infected ones are not wanted in the homes of their employers, they are not wanted in the free hospital or hotels, they are not wanted in factories, stores or workshops. Hospitals refuse to receive them, even the philanthropic who would long to help them have no place to put them except perhaps the free hospital in Muskoka, but the number of needy ones is so far in excess of accommodation to be had there that it may at present be counted out.

What then are we to do with those tubercular patients who have not the means to properly care for themselves? We shall get the answer by asking another question. What do they need? Medicine? No. Change of climate? No; that might help if they could be supplied with the things they need most. No, they need abundance of rest, good food and fresh air all the time. These things they cannot get while they are working even if they had the strength to work, and could get the things they need most. These things they cannot get at home for poverty ordinarily entails inferior food, poor ventilation and little rest.

What are we to do with those patients? For we have them in our midst. The children of the councillors and municipal officers, who will have to decide this question, are breathing in the foul contagion to-day. The taxpayers who fear expense are to-day laying the foundation by abundant exposure to disease, for great private expense along with heartaches and sorrowful losses that can never be made good.

Tuberculosis is a preventable disease, and by united action we can prevent it. Two courses are open to us. Shall we allow those cases of lung and sicken and die in our midst and accept, as we have accepted in the past, the train of misery that infection, disease and death of the young, the strong, the useful, the able, but necessary, has brought? Or shall we face the evil and in the name of humanity, broad intelligence, common sense, even of selfishness, rise together and conquer?

History is crowning the efforts of an avowed and public spirit in Great Britain, where over seventy Sanatoriums have been established for tubercular patients within the last sixteen or seventeen years, with the result that deaths from this disease have been reduced by over twenty-five per cent. The following is a brief record of the results attained in one of these Sanatoriums for the poor: a record of the first 47 patients secured in various stages of advancement. This report is given two and a half years after these patients were discharged as fit for some work:

Satisfactory conditions maintained by 36, or 76.6 per cent.
Relapsed, 3, or 6.39 per cent.
History obtained, 6, or 12.76 per cent.

Dead, 2, or 4.25 per cent.

In the city of New York the death rate from tuberculosis has, during the past twenty years, by vigorous action and efficient care, been reduced by thirty-three per cent. Similar results have been attained in many other places. Why should not like success, or even greater success, be ours? We do not grudge expenditure on the making of streets, the building of bridges, the adorning of parks, or the erection of handsome public buildings. Why should we stint effort and outlay to save the health and the lives of our fairest and our best?

The patients we have referred to must be taken charge of at the public expense. A Sanatorium, or suitable place, must be supplied where such cases can be properly treated; where they can not only be cured but educated to care for themselves, and the public safety. When they can be kept, as long as they are in a condition to be a public menace, whether that may be till cured, or till the weary head is laid down, conquered in the struggle that has been undertaken too late.

There are those who say that the climate of the above mentioned three counties is not suitable for the success of such an institution. The answer to this objection comes from the best and most modern authorities. Such authorities claim that tuberculosis can be cured, by proper Sanatorium methods, in any climate, and that the cures are best when made in such climatic conditions as will have to be the home of the patients after cure. Expensive buildings are unnecessary; a fair sized central building would, of course, always be required for dining room, sitting room for writing and offices, and accommodation for those in charge, but the open air shelters where such patients are now everywhere housed are ordinarily expensive and such facilities may be added at any time as the public de-

Specials from the Carpet and Curtain Section for the First Week in July.

Carpets

Yard wide Carpets 25c—4 pcs. heavy reversible union carpet, full yard wide in good designs and colorings, reg. 30c. to 38c. a yd, this week 25c.

40c. Carpets 29c. Yard—Heavy firm quality, union carpet, full yard wide and reversible, regular 40c. a yard, this week 29c.

40c. Tapestry Carpets 33c—6 pcs. English Tapestry Carpets in good designs and colorings, reg. 40c. yard, this week 33c.

75c. Tapestry Carpets 58c—5 pcs. extra quality English Tapestry Carpets, choice designs, regular 75c. yard, this week 58c.

\$1.00 Yard Brussels 83c—5 pcs. English Brussels Carpets, firm body, choice designs and colorings, regular \$1.00 a yard, this week 83c.

85c. Brussels Carpets 58c—3 pcs. imported Brussels Carpets, regular 85c a yard, this week 58c.

Lace Curtains
Specially Priced

\$1.00 Curtains 85c—40 pairs fine Nottingham Curtains, full 3 yards long, 48 in. wide, overlock edges, choice new designs, reg. \$1.00, this week 85c.

\$1.50 Curtains \$1.00 Pair—46 pairs choice quality Lace Curtains, new designs, regular \$1.50 a pair, this week \$1.00.

\$1.75 Curtains \$1.25—38 pairs elegant styles, 3 1/2 yards long, 50 in. wide, regular \$1.75 a pair, this week \$1.25.

Special Sale Muslins and Wash Goods all This Week

The Northway Co., Limited

mands increase. I earnestly wish that our counties and towns will rise to the occasion, that they will prove themselves to be human-wise and economical, for it is prodigal, unwise, and inhuman to do as we are doing at present.

Let us be in the forefront of the intelligent struggle, rather than dragging on in the wretched rear in the company of folly, niggardiness and cruelty.

Thanking you for space kindly accorded,

Believe me,

Yours sincerely,

JAMES H. DUNCAN.

NOT A PATENT MEDICINE

Hymel's Scientific Treatment For Catarrh by Breathing Medicated Air.

Ever since Hymel has been known, its formula has been given to physicians, druggists, and, in fact, to all intelligent people who could appreciate the true merit of the combination of healing gums, oils, and balsams, of which it is composed.

Many leading physicians endorse Hymel and prescribe it for catarrhal troubles. In fact, quite a few of them use it themselves to break up a cold and prevent pneumonia. They regard it as a natural, yet scientific way of curing catarrh. Breathed through the pocket inhaler that comes with every outfit, Hymel destroys all catarrhal germs in the air passages of the throat and nose, soothes and heals the irritated mucous membrane and effectually drives from the system all traces of catarrhal poison.

No one should compound Hymel with the patent medicines that are advertised as catarrhal cures. It is as superior to them all as the diamond is more valuable than cheap glass.

The complete Hymel outfit, consisting of a neat pocket inhaler, a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hymel costs but \$1, and extra bottles can be obtained for 50 cents, making it the most economical method of curing catarrh, as well as the most reliable.

If you cannot obtain Hymel of your dealer, it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Write to-day for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge. The R. T. Booth Company, Hymel Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

The man who puts heart into his work will always get ahead in it.

It is much easier to profit by the mistakes of others, than by our own.

A man's best capital is his ability and willingness to work.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

BARGAIN!

For sale on easy terms of payment, or to let, the brick block formerly owned by the late Mr. Evans, on the North side of King Street, directly west to Northwood's Warehouse, opposite the Planet office.

Also part of Lot 5, Fourth Con. Dover, about 45 acres of Sterling farm, fronting River Thames, on terms to suit purchaser.

Also a few shares Chatham Wagon Works stock, ten shares Sutherland Lines stock, 10 shares Reliance Loan Co. stock and shares of Farmers' Bank of Canada.

F. MARX

BRISCOS'—All kinds of Tennis Goods. Specials in Tennis Balls, Shoes, etc.

BAKTER THE FLORIST

Still has a few of the best bedding plants, such as Geraniums, Coleus, Carnations, Salvias, also plants for Boxes and Hanging Baskets.

ADELAIDE ST. NORTH

NOW IS THE TIME!

THE CANADIAN FEATHER AND MATTRESS CO.

Is located on King St. West, next door to Geo. Stacey's Meat Market, and are prepared to Clean Feathers and Mattresses

HIGH GRADE FEATHER RENOVATING A SPECIALTY.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

We Buy New and Old Geese and Duck Feathers.

J. J. CLAYTON, Manager

BRISCOS'—Everything in Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc., Boats, Launches and Canoes for Rent.

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Is the place to get your MEAT, Choice Beef, Veal, Pork, Mutton and Spring Lamb, Cooked Meats of all kinds. Orders called for and promptly delivered to all parts of the city. Give us a call.

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Do You Eat Bread?

If so, do you not think that you might as well eat THE BEST? The best bread is that which contains the MOST nutriment and the LEAST waste matter and is absolutely pure. TRY US.

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