

THE COURIER

Published by The Brantford Courier Limited, every afternoon, at Dalhousie Street, Brantford, Canada. Subscription rate: By carrier, \$3 a year; by mail to British possessions and the United States, \$5 per annum.

SEMI-WEEKLY COURIER—Published on Tuesday and Thursday mornings, at \$1 per year, payable in advance. To the United States, 50 cents extra for postage. Toronto Office: Queen City Chambers, 55 Church Street, Toronto. H. H. Smallpiece, Representative.



Monday, April 27, 1914

LOOKS OMINOUS.

The latest news from Ulster bears a very disquieting look. The men of that northern province of the Emerald Isle have once more demonstrated themselves to be in deadly earnest by placing customs officers and police under arrest in order to land arms. It is stated that military law may be the result, and if so there cannot fail to be bloodshed, not only there, but in other parts of the disturbed island. "Gradually slipping into civil war," is the apparently correct diagnosis of one London paper.

During this new crisis Premier Asquith is in personal control of the War Office, and there cannot be any second excuse of orders misunderstood which served as the first explanation of an armed demonstration against the Ulsterites. Mr. Asquith is at this juncture face to face with a terrible responsibility largely of his own creation.

THE YEAR 1896 AND NOW.

The Liberals came into power by a large majority in the year 1896, yet it is worthy of note that in the present House there is only one of the old guard prior to that year who now holds a seat. He is Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who first entered Parliament in 1874.

On the other hand there is a long array of Conservatives who have been allowed by their constituents to stay in the fight: Hon. Dr. Sproule, who was elected in 1878; David Henderson, 1891; Hon. J. D. Hazen, 1891; Hon. George E. Foster, 1892; Wm. Smith, 1892; Col. the Hon. Sam Hughes, 1892; W. H. Bennett, 1892; and W. F. McLean, 1892. In addition, the proportion of Conservatives still remaining who were first elected in 1896 is most notable.

The reasons are not far to seek. The Laurier Government in many respects lost the respect of the people, and the proposal to rush this country blindfolded into reciprocity proved the finishing blow. To-day that side is still further discredited by the refusal to vote for Canada helping to share in the Empire navy burden, free implement fairs, free food ditto, and other things.

Meanwhile the Borden Administration, by already keeping the great bulk of its pre-election promises—some of which were knifed by the Grit majority in the Senate—and by clean methods, are each day becoming more and more strongly entrenched in the public confidence.

A MEDIATION OFFER.

Argentina, Brazil and Chile, the three other South American Republics, have offered, through their Presidents, to mediate between the United States and Huerta. President Wilson has accepted on the basis that no settlement will be acceptable which does not eliminate Huerta. At this writing the latter is also said to have accepted to intervention, but it is not clear whether he has heard of his own de-capitation as one of the provisos, or how he will act when he does.

It was the refusal of President Wilson to recognize this man in the first place which has largely led to the present embroglio. Great Britain—and Sir Edward Grey is admittedly the shrewdest of Foreign Secretaries now living—wanted to do so, as did Germany and the other powers. Uncle Sam alone dissented, thus balking Huerta in securing outside financial assistance, and incidentally helping Villa. Later the order came from Washington which allowed the rebel leader to secure arms from the States. Well-informed critics in other countries seem to think that these things were mistakes, but said steps were taken, and there is no use now in speculating upon the results of any other course.

The proposed mediation is, at any rate, a pleasant feature. It should serve to create a better feeling between the South American peoples than has hitherto existed, with them and our neighbors. The outcome is problematical, and in any event will evidently only affect the relations between Uncle Sam and Huerta, and not clean up the present mess, as between Mexicans.

One pleasing feature of the whole deplorable business has been the incidents calculated to still further accentuate good feeling between the States and the Old Land. Through Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, British ambassador at Washington, arrangements have been

made with Huerta for the release of Americans held as hostages, and in other directions there has been an entente cordiale which is most gratifying.

A BLOODLESS VICTORY.

Under the heading, "Ontario's Coming Premier," the Toronto Globe already has the Whitney Government hors de combat, defuncted, lambasted, and a few other little incidents too numerous to mention.

We are informed by the far-seeing organ—proof of this quality shown by the sweeping victory which it prophesied for Reciprocity—that the result of the next election will be the establishing of Mr. Rowell's place among the foremost political leaders of Canada. Further, that the people of Ontario, with feelings of ingrowing joy, will, at the first opportunity, "have no hesitation in placing their public affairs in his hands," and thenceforth and thenceforth.

What a dear old soul the leading Grit organ is, to be sure. Of late years it brings to mind the anecdote which Sydney Smith related in a speech delivered by him in England in 1831, concerning a certain Mrs. Partington of Sidmouth, who, at the time of the great storm and high tide of 1824, tried to push back the Atlantic Ocean with a mop. In like manner the Globe attempts to push back the tide of public approval for the Conservative Governments at Ottawa and Toronto, with about the same brilliant results as those which attended the valiant efforts of Mrs. P.

Rowell has no more present chance of becoming Premier of this province than Sir Wilfrid Laurier has of resuming a like position for the Dominion at large. In each case the probabilities can be signified by a large and emphatic cipher.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

New York Sun: "Incidentally, let us thank God for the neighbors to the North of us."

The charge has been made in Hamilton that dead men have been kept on the civic pay roll. There are more of them in the Ambitious City than that.

It is stated that cribbing has been discovered and will be stopped at the Ontario Agricultural College. On the other hand, France and some other countries complain that there is not enough of this kind of thing.

British sailors, at the request of the United States Admiral, escorted United States, British and German refugees from Vera Cruz. He made the request because he believed the excited people would be too hostile to his own tars, who, by the way, were quite ready for the job. Some of the U. S. extremists who were recently attempting to twist the tail of the British lion over the Panama Canal matter should make a note of this and other incidents.

Birthdays of Note

MONDAY, APRIL TWENTY-SEVENTH

HON. H. L. DRAYTON, chairman of the Dominion Board of Railway Commissioners, was born in Kingston forty-five years ago to-day.

Before accepting his present office he spent most of his professional life in the City Hall, Toronto, where he rose from assistant city solicitor to corporation council. He is a man characterized by a very kindly disposition, which may be well illustrated

by an anecdote told of his more recent days in Toronto. In going to his office, he used to alight from the street car at a corner of Yonge street. On this corner a blind man was stationed, who offered small articles for sale. The corporation counsel was touched by the man's appearance and came at last to wish him regularly a good morning and drop a piece of money in his cup. At length, when he removed to Ottawa, he asked the blind man for his address and sent him as a farewell gift a fur-lined overcoat.

Blood Medicine

That originated in a famous doctor's successful prescription, that is made from the purest and best ingredients, that has a record of relief and benefit believed to be unequalled the world over—such is HODG'S SARSAPARILLA.

PEACE DOVE

(Continued from Page 1)

While diplomats and the President and his advisers labored in Washington over new developments in the situation, Brigadier-General Funston with his reinforced phalanx of infantry and artillery was nearing Vera Cruz, and Rear Admirals Badger and Fletcher were toiling in preparation for any eventualities. They had quieted the town, placed it under martial law and were preparing for the reception of General Funston who immediately will take charge of all the American forces about the seaport. He will have at his disposal about 10,000 fighting men, infantry, artillery, marines and blue jackets. No ill-effects of the torrid temperatures of Vera Cruz had been reported among the American forces. Under martial law the business of government in the city was resuming, with municipal authorities at their posts. The Federal officials decided they could not work under American supervision and that was one of the reasons for the proclamation, according to Rear Admiral Fletcher's report to the navy department. The refusal of the Huerta authorities to act resulted in confusion, and it was held imperative to supply adequate machinery.

Martial law was considered impracticable. Admiral Fletcher reported that proposed provisions for regulation of the new establishment at Vera Cruz contemplated that officials to be appointed might be Americans, Mexicans, or any other nationality. "It being the intent and purpose to extend to the inhabitants of the territory as large a participation in the government as may be practical with due consideration for the ends to be hereby accomplished." Federals and local taxes, it is proposed, will be levied under present arrangements. There will be no additional imposts "except when required by unusual exigencies," and if any surplus remains after the city's expenses have been paid, it will be entrusted to a treasurer. Rules for the ultimate disposition of any surplus will be made later. It is proposed in the administration of the city that local and government laws Mexico be followed as closely as possible.

Many in Distress

As transports bearing army reinforcements ploughed swiftly through gulf waters for Mexican ports to-day steamers bringing distressed refugees hurried toward northern ports. At New Orleans and Galveston the railroads had agreed to move victims of menacing conditions in the southern republic to any point in the United States at half fare, this to apply whether the fares were paid by the government or the individual. Two thousand refugees are reported en route from Tampico where no Americans now remain, while it is believed at least 1,000 Americans who were in Huerta's capital Wednesday have safely reached Vera Cruz.

Uncle Walt

The Poet Philosopher

THE GIVERS

The great, fine men are oft obscure; they have no wide, resounding fame, that experts warrant to endure until the finish of the game. Old Clinkenbeard is such a man, and though he has no store of years, he's always doing what he can to help along his fellowmen. He has no millions to disburse, but when he meets a hungry guy, he digs a quarter from his purse, which buys the sinkers and the pie. The gifts of bloated millionaires mean nothing of a sacrifice; they sit around in easy chairs and count the scads they have on ice; if Croesus gives ten thousand bucks to help some college off the rocks, he still can have his wine and ducks—he has ten millions in his box. The widow's mite, I do not doubt, in heaven made a bigger splash than shekels Pharisees shelled out from their large wads of ill-gained cash. And so the poor man, when he breaks the only William in his pants, to buy some widow tea and cakes, is making angels sing and dance. In fertile soil he's sowing seeds, and he shall reap a rich reward; for he who gives the coin he needs, is surely lending to the Lord. WALT MASON.

Tarzan of The Apes

By EDGAR RICE BURROUGHS

Copyright, 1912, by the Frank A. Munsey Company.

CHAPTER XXI.

Out of the Fire.

SUDDENLY out of the northeast a great black car came careening down the road.

With a jolt it stopped before the cottage, and a black haired giant leaped out and ran up on to the porch. Without a pause he rushed into the house. On the couch lay Clayton. The man started in surprise, but with a bound was at the side of the sleeping man.

Shaking him roughly by the shoulder, he cried:

"Are you all mad here? Don't you know you are nearly surrounded by fire? Where is Miss Porter?" Clayton sprang to his feet. He did not recognize the man, but he understood the words and was upon the veranda in a bound.

He cried out in consternation, then, dashing back into the house, called:

"Jane! Jane! Where are you?" In an instant Esmeralda, Professor Porter and Mr. Philander had joined the two men.

"Where is Miss Jane?" demanded Clayton, seizing Esmeralda by the shoulders and shaking her roughly.

"Oh, Marce Clayton, she done gone for a walk."

"Hasn't she come back yet?"

And without waiting for a reply Clayton dashed out into the yard, followed by the others.

"Which way did she go?" cried the black haired giant to Esmeralda.

"Down that road," cried the frightened black, pointing toward the south, where a mighty wall of roaring flames shut out the view.

"Put these people in the other car!" shouted the stranger to Clayton. "I saw one as I drove up. Get them out of here by the north road."

"Leave my car here. If I find Miss Porter we shall need it. If I don't no one will need it. Do as I say," as Clayton hesitated.

They saw the "Hib" figure bound away across the clearing toward the northwest, where the forest still stood, untouched by flames.

In each rose the unaccountable feeling that a great responsibility had been raised from their shoulders, a kind of implicit confidence in the power of the stranger to save the girl if she could be saved.

"Who was that?" asked Professor Porter.

"I don't know," replied Clayton. "He called me by name, and he knew Jane, for he asked for her, and he called Esmeralda by name."

"There was something most startlingly familiar about him," exclaimed Mr. Philander. "Yet, bless me, I know I never saw him before."

Roofing

Slate, Felt and Gravel, Asbestos and General Roofing of all kinds. Repair Work and Re-Roofing attended to promptly

Brown-Jarvis Roofing Co.

(Formerly Brown Bros.)

Telephone 590

Office: 9 George St.

French Organdie

—THE NEW WRITING PAPER—

5 Quires Paper, 5 Packages Envelopes!

For \$1.00

We Believe This is the Best Value in the City

STEDMAN'S BOOKSTORE

Both Phones 569

LIMITED

160 Colborne St.

There's nothing like a delicious cup of Tea as a delightfully refreshing stimulant and brain soother.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Leads the World.

Sealed Lead Packets Only. Beware of Substitutes.

"Tut, tut!" cried Professor Porter. "Most remarkable! Who could it have been, and why do I feel that Jane is safe now that he has set out in search of her?"

"I can't tell you, professor," said Clayton soberly, "but I know I have the same premonitory feeling."

"But come," he cried, "we must get out of here ourselves or we shall be shut off."

When Jane Porter turned to retrace her steps homeward she was alarmed to note how near the smoke of the forest fire seemed, and as she hastened onward her alarm became almost a panic when she perceived that the rushing flames were rapidly forcing their way between herself and the cottage.

At length she was compelled to turn into the dense thicket and attempt to force her way to the west in an effort to escape around the flames and regain her home.

In a short time the utility of her attempt became apparent, and then her one hope lay in retracing her steps to the road and flying for her life to the south toward the town.

The twenty minutes that it took her to regain the road was all that had been needed to cut off her retreat as effectively as her advance had been cut off before. Jane Porter knew that it was useless to attempt to force her way again through the undergrowth.

She had tried it once and failed. Now she realized that it would be but

a matter of minutes ere the whole space between the enemy on the one side and the enemy on the south would be a seething mass of flames.

Calmly the girl knelt down in dust of the roadway and prayed strength to meet her fate bravely, to deliver her father and her friends from death. She did not think to pray for deliverance for herself; she knew there was no hope.

Suddenly she heard her name being called aloud through the forest: "Jane! Jane Porter!" It rang strong and clear, but in a strange voice.

(To be continued.)

Palm Olive Soap

FREE

Palm Olive Shampoo...50c
3 cakes Palm Olive Soap 45c

Regular95c
Special Sale40c

Palm Olive Cream.....50c
3 cakes Palm Olive Soap 45c

Regular95c
Special Sale40c

Buller Bros.

108 COLBORNE STREET

Cut Rate Patent Medicines

Bell Phone

Mach Phone

1357

535

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA
Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA
Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Sutherland's

We are meeting with great success in our

WALL PAPER DEPARTMENT

Every one seems to be delighted with the designs and colorings we are showing out of the ordinary run, you know, and so reasonable in price. Papers to suit every room and every purse.

J. L. SUTHERLAND

Importer of Paper Hangings

Great Spring Sale

of Carpets, Squares, Shades and Linoleums

Now is the time to freshen up the floors of your home at very moderate cost. A deposit will hold anything you select until you are ready for it. Also we have an excellent line of Dining Room and Bedroom Furniture of all designs.

LONG'S

CARPETS

DRAPERIES

FURNITURE

CANADIAN PACIFIC

THE "LOGICAL" RAIL

WESTERN CANADA

For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER

Leave Toronto, 10:30 p.m. Daily

Compartment Library, Observation Car, Standard Sleeping Car, Tourist Sleeping Car, Dining Car, First-class Coaches, Colonel's Car.

Particulars regarding RAIL or OCEAN tickets from any Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent or write M. G. MURPHY, D.P.A., C.P.R., Toronto.

AGENT: W. LAHEY

118 Dalhousie St.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made May 28, 1914. Time Tables containing full particulars may be had on application to Grand Trunk Agents.

Reduced Fares to

TORONTO

\$3.05, Good Going April 28, 29, 30, May 1 and 2

Above Fares apply from Brantford

Low Fares from certain other points

ACCOUNT

Canadian National Horse Show

All Tickets good to return until May 4, 1914

Full particulars at all Grand Trunk ticket offices.

THOS. J. NELSON

City Passenger and Ticket Agent, Phone 210

H. WRIGHT

Depot Ticket Agent, Phone 240.

THE WHITE STAR DOMINION LINE

Summer Service

from Montreal and Quebec beginning May 2nd

Saturday Sailings

between Portland & Liverpool

CALLING AT HALIFAX, WESTMINSTER

"TETONIC"

"CANADA"

"DOMINION"

"ARABIC" "CYMBEL"

And beginning in April

"LAURENTIC" and "REGLANTIC"

Two of the largest Canadian Steamships

Ticket insured (insured "Property")

to bring Old Country and Steamship

Apply to Sailors and Steamship

Agents for rates, sailings and tickets

Office: Montreal, Portland, Brantford, Toronto, Halifax and Quebec.

T. H. & B. Ry.

Canadian National Horse Show

April 28 to May 2

TORONTO AND RETURN

\$3.05 Children Under \$1.80

(Including admission to Show)

Good going April 29-30, May 1-2. Return May 4, 1914.

G. C. MARTIN, H. C. THOMAS, G.P.A., Hamilton, Local Agents, Phone 110.

10

FOR

BAT

A Civ

break

by G

Grave

Held

Outco

(By Special

LONDON,

standing yes

apparently

that not a si

yet moved to

from Dublin

ments are us

on brief no

be that as y

yet undecide

After repli

tions in the

regard to U

ence to the

quith visited

he attended

which lasted

adjournment

this morning

taken is as

of some Cus

regard to the

Ulster.

Major-Gen

of the Adjut

war departm

command of

Belfast distri

Premier

ton

Tru

and

At R

NEILL

Do

Making

o

Spac

Act

If You Desi

No Chance

After B

THE DOM

you get a

washable,

chalk, pe

work in

colors and

book of c