Engineer Bound and Helpless in Hands of Burglars.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., main office of the brewery, where he says: Sarprised by four burglars who held guns at his head and then bound. He watched the burglars prepare to held guns at his head and then bound his hands behind his back and threw tally calculating that within a very few

his hands behind his back and threw him under a table, Walter Wittmeyer, engineer of the Vancouver breweries, waited for the boilers of the plant to explode and blow him and the robbers to pieces, on Tuesday night.

The night engineer was just turning the safe with explosives the police afrived and opened fire on the gang, who escaped. The engineer rolled out to escaped. The night engineer was just turning water into the boiler after his lunch when four masked men covered him. They knocked him down, tied his hands behind his back and carried him to the

GOVERNMENT FOREST RESERVES.

Many Square Miles Set Apart by the Western Provinces.

By the "Dominion Forest Reserves aside as permanent forest reserves. Of these a number had previously been set aside by order-in-council; the areas of some were, however, lessened, while a few new ones were added. The total areas now so reserved in the different provinces are as follows: Manitoba, 2.575 square miles; Saskatchewan, 740 square miles; Alberta, 186 square miles; British Columbia, 890 square miles.

In Manitoba there have been cet. Act," of 1906, a number of tracts of wooded country throughout Manitoba, with an area of 206 square miles; Don-

apart six reserves. The largest of these is the Riding Mountain Forest Reserve, with an area of 1535 square miles. A short distance to the north is the Duck is the Riding Mountain Forest Reserve, with an area of 1535 square miles. A short distance to the north is the Duck Mountain Forest Reserve, comprising seme 1250 square miles; and to the northwest of this reserve is Porcupine Forest Reserve No. 1, with an area of nearly 325 square miles. West of Lake Manitoba is the Lake Manitoba West Forest Reserve, the area of which is included in the Turtle Mountain Reserve, with an area of nearly 110 square miles. A part of the sand-hill country south-east of Brandon has also been set apart as a forest reserve, and within this experimental work in forest planting has been done; the area of the Spruce-woods Forest Reserve, as it is called, is 110 square miles. 110 square miles.

In Saskatchewan there are four re-erves. Of these Porcupine Reserve No. Report of Work on Western Division of Grand Trunk Pacific. serves. Of these Porcupine Reserve No. 2, the largest, adjoins Porcupine Reserve No. 1; it has an area of 360 square miles. In the Moose Mountain district, north of Arcola, the Moose Mountain Forest Reserve, of some 160 square miles in area, has been created. The Beaver Hills Forest Reserve, in the Beaver Hills, west of Yorkton, covers two tewnships (Ranges 9 and 10, Township 26); ships (Ranges 9 and 10, Township 26); area, 72 square miles. South-east of area, 72 square miles. South-east of Prince Albert is "The Pines" Forest Re-serve, covering 145 square miles.

In Alberta there are but three reserves. The largest is the Cooking Lake Forest Reserve, east of Edmonton; its area is 114 square miles. Right down in the south-east corner of the province, having the International Boundary as its southern limit, while its western limit is three miles east of the fifth Meridian a township and a half of land has been

kenlith Forest Reserve, lying west of Lake Niskonlith, with an area of about 125 square miles; Tranquille Forest Reserve, an area of 149 square miles in the Tranquille Plateau, north-east of Kam-loops Lake; Hat Creck Forest Reserve

sible for Death of Indian.

despatch from Brantford says

A despatch from Ottawa says: monthly report of progress in the West-ern division of the Grand Trunk Paci-fic shows that up to the end of Octoher 205 miles of track had been laid from Winnipeg westward, of which 53 had been ballasted. The company is still short of laborers. Two hundred track laborers were required for work near Edmonton, and after the most strenuous work only 32 could be ob-

NEW DIPHTHERIA CURE.

Munich Professor Says Pyocyanase is

WILL RESTRICT EMIGRATION

Japan's Foreign Minister Says He Will Control It.

BREADSTUFFS.

Peas—88c.
Corn—No. 2 yellow, American, 69%c,
Toronto freights; No. 3 yellow, 69%c.
Buckwheat—70c outside.
Bran—\$21 to \$21.50 in bulk outside;
shorts, \$23 to \$23.50.
Flour—Ontario, 90 per cent. patents,
bout \$3.90 bid, \$3.95 asked; Manitoba
tients, special brand. \$6 to \$6.20; secleatents, \$5.40 to \$5.60; strong bak\$5.30 to \$5.40. \$5.30 to \$5.40.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Bone Market is very strong, but quotations are unchanged. Creamery, prints 28c to 30c do solids 24c to 25c do solids ... 24c to 25c
Dairy prints ... 24c to 26c do solids 22c to 24c Cheese—Steady at 13%c and twins at

Eggs—New laid rule firm at 30c; stor-ige, 25c.
Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 7c to 10c;

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 7c to 10c; hens, 5c to 7c; ducks, 7c to 9c; geese, 7c to 9c; turkeys, 12c to 14c.
Potatoes—Ontarios are firm at 75c to 80c in car lots on track.
Beans—Steady at \$1.80 to \$1.90 for primes and \$1.90 to \$2 for hand-picked.
Honey—Strained steady at 11c to 12c per 18., and combs at \$1.75 to \$2.50 per dozen.

Baled Hay—Timothy is quoted at \$17.-50 to \$18.50 per ton in car lots on track

Baled Straw-Firm at \$9.50 to \$10.50 per ton on track.

PROVISIONS.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11c to 11%c for tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 15c to 15%c; heavy, 14%c to 15c; backs, 16%c to 17c; shoulders, 10%c to 11c; rolls, 11c to 11%c; breakfast bacon, 15c to 15%c. Green meats out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

eatures in the local flour and feed mar-els. Maniloba spring wheat patents, 86.10 to \$6.30; second patents, \$5.50 to \$5.70; winter wheat patents, \$5.75 to \$6, straight rollers, \$5.50 to \$5.75; in bags \$2.60 to \$2.70; extras, \$2.05 to \$2.10.
Ontario bran in bags, \$24 to \$25; shorts, in bags, \$25 to \$26; Manitoba bran, in bags, \$22 to \$23; shorts, \$25 to

Newly-laid eggs are quoted about 30c to 32c per dozen in case lots, while sales of selected slock were made at 26c to 27c; No. 1, 22c to 23c; seconds,

26c to 27c; No. 1, 22c to 23c; seconds, 16½c to 17c.

The butter market is quiet. Quotations to-day in round lots quoted at 27½c to 28c. according to quantity and district. Cheese prices show a wide range, and Quebecs may be quoted at 11½c to 12c. Townships. 12½c to 12½c; Ontarios, 12½c to 12½c; or current receipts.

Provisions—Barrels short-cut mess.

Buffalo, Nov. 12.—Wheat—Spring, unsettled; No. 2 red, \$1.02; winter lower. Corn—Easier; No. 2 white, 66c, and No. 2 yellow, 66½c. Oats—Easier; No. 2 white, 53½c. Barley—\$1 to \$1.10. Rye—No. 2, 89c on track.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, Nov. 12.—Wheat—Spot weak; No. 2 red, \$1.02\% elevator; No. 1 northern Dulu'h, nominal f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, nominal f.o.b. afloat

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

FOR EXPLOSION LEADING MARKETS FERISH IN FALLING HOUSES

Toronto, Nov. 12.—Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white or red, 98c to 98%c; No. 2 mixed, 98c; goose wheat, 89c to 90c. Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.07; No. 1 northern, \$1.05; No. 2, \$1.03. Barley—No. 1; 84c; No. 2, 82c; No. 3 extra, 80c. Oats—No. 2 white, 53c to 54c, outside; mixed, 53c outside. Rye—88c outside. Peas—88c. Corn—No. 2 wellow American 604c. A despetch from Marking Rye—88c outside.

A despatch from Marseilles, France, says: A hurricane swept over this city on Friday night, causing immense damage to docks and other water front property. The gas works were flooded by the terrific downpour that accompanied the storm, and the city was plunged into darkness. A number of people were killed by collapsing houses, but in the confusion and the darkness it is impossible.

Their values ranged from \$2 to \$2.60 per cwt. Distillery feeders sold at \$2.75 to \$3.50 per cwt. and stock bulls were Trying to Cross the St. Lawrence Near worth \$2 to \$2.25 per cwt.
Good milch cows were sold at \$40 to

Prices continued steady at 6c per lb. for select hogs. Light rough hogs sold at 4% to 5c per lb.

GREATEST OF DIAMONDS.

Presented to King Edward on His Birthday.

A despatch from London says: Popular interest at Sandringham on Saturday centred in the presentation to the King of the greatest diamond, the Culli-Solomon, representing the Transvaal Government, took with him under strong escort from London. Wolverton railway station, the nearest to Sandringham, was closed to the public when the train arrived at 12.55. The party drove to the royal rasidages as

party drove to the royal residence ac-companied by a dozen detectives and were received by the King immediately. The ceremony of presentation was smoked.

Dressed Hogs—\$8.75 for lightweights and \$8.25 for heavies.

Pork—Short cut, \$22.75 to \$23 for barrels; mess, \$20 to \$21.

Lard—Firm; tierces, 12½c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 13c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Nov. 12.—There are no new factures in the local flour and feed marto consult the best experts on the ques-tion of cutting. It is understood that Sir William Brookes will be allowed to make certain tests of the great jewel with radium and electricity for scien tific purposes. With the best result possible in cutting there would be a single stone of four or five ounces from the original seven. The Excelsior, the largest previous diamond, weighs only one ounce and three-quarters. But there is also a possibility that the stone might fly into fragments when cutting is attempted.

GIRLS PLAYED FOOTPADS.

souther-all limit, while is western limit is three miles east of the fifth Meridian is three miles east of the fourth Meridian.

All the forest reserves in British of the most different miles of the fourth Meridian is the miles of the fourth Meridian.

All the forest reserves in British of the miles of the fourth Meridian is the miles and the miles of the fourth Meridian.

All the forest reserves in British of the miles of the fourth Meridian is the miles of

Montreal.

Good milch cows were sold at \$40 to \$50 each. Common and fair cows brought \$20 to \$37.50 each.

The prices of calves ranged from 2 to 6c per 1b.

Export ewes sold at \$4 to \$4.25; bucks and culls, \$2.50 to \$3.50; lambs. \$5.25 to \$5.40 for choice, and \$4 to \$4.50 for inferior animals.

Prices continued steady at 6c per 1b.

A despatch from Montreal says: Details of a drowning tragedy that occurred on Friday on Cote St. Louis, near Beauharnois, have been received in the city. On Thursday night three Polish immigrants arrived at Cascade Point, opposite Beauharnois, which is situated about 20 miles from Montreal.

The night was stormy, but the immigrants said they wished to cross to Megrants said they wished to cross to Melocheville, so that they could take the train at Beauharneis for New York. No one would take the risk, and the men stayed all night at the hotel kept by Mr. Arthur Perron. In the morning though the weather was still stormy, Ceo. Valois, telegraph operator at the Soulanges Canal, consented to take them across, and Mr. Perron, the hotel-kenner, also decided to accompany keeper, also decided to accompany them. When about two hundred feet nan, which will soon be added to the British crown. Extraordinary precautions were taken for safeguarding the magnificent jewel, which Sir Richard Solomon, representing the magnificent jewel, which Sir Richard were immediately described by the magnificent jewel, which Sir Richard were immediately described by the magnificent jewel, which Sir Richard were immediately described by the magnificent jewel with the magnificant with the magnificent jewel with the magnificent jewel w

ORDERS FOR COAL.

Pittsburg Concerns Decline to Supply a Million Tons.

A despatch from Pittsburg says: Orders aggregating 500,000 tons were re-ceived in Pittsburg and refused by local ceived in Pittsburg and refused by local concerns in the past week, in spite of the fact that premiums were offered for prompt shipment, and it became known on Saturday that the amount of ceal orders declined within the past few weeks have aggregated perhaps 1.000,000 tons, and all because of lack of railroad transportation facilities. The shortage of cars, which has been most pronounced recently, has become more acute through heavy demands by the South for cotton moving, and as the lake seasons ends Dec. 5, the Pittsburg coal kings could not see their way to lake on more acol orders as the lake on the lake of the lake o to take on more coal orders, as it is thought they have more orders now than can be filled. The great bulk of the coal was ordered from the North-

AVERAGE THOUSAND A

Rate of Immigration to Canada Since April Last.

A despatch from Ottawa says: For United States was 35,092, and the num-

A despatch from Tokio says: In an ready it practically has been decided. The Japanese Government proposes to Interview with the Associated press on Thursday Minister of Foreign Affairs Hayashi said that the relations between Japan and the Oulted States were as smooth and cordul as ever, and the cause of civilization as well as community of interest dentanted the lasting peace and friendship of the two nations. Minister Hayashi admitted that the most serious matter, and was uppermost in the most serious matter, and was uppermost in the most serious matter, and was uppermost in the enigration of its people into any countries, and be settled without friction. Alternative with the Administer Hayashi admitted that the public mind, but he was positive that it will be settled without friction. Alternative with the Administer Hayashi admitted in the most serious matter, and was uppermost in the enigration of its people into any countries, and be settled without friction. Alternative with the Administer Hayashi as a serious people into any countries, and the contribution of the propose of the people into any countries. A plentific supply of light stockers made praces weak and business slow.