and passengers and freight carried for the year ending 31st December, 1858.

Mr Wilkins moved that the discussion of his resolution for the extension of the railroad to Pictou be taken up on Friday next.

Hon Prov Secretary objected, on the ground that the data required had not yet been thrown into shape, and the discussion would therefore be premature until the estimates of the cost of the road were before the house.

After some further remarks from Mr Wilkins and the Attorney General—Mr Wilkins deferred his motion until Monday next.

Mr. Munro presented a petition from Murdock McLeod and others, of Big Baddeck Forks, praying for aid for a bridge across a rapid stream in that district. Referred to members of county.

Hon Fin'l Secretary, by command, laid on the table copies of the correspondence relating to duties on officer's wines, which was read by the clerk.

Hon Provincial Secretary, by command, laid on the table copies of correspondence, relating to the address of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, to Major General Sir John Inglis.

Hon Provincial Secretary, by command, laid on the table a copy of the list of persons returned as eligible for Sheriff's for the present year.

Hon Provincial Secretary, by command, laid on the table a copy of the despatch, from Secretary of State, to the Lieutenant Governor, relating to the rescue of the crew of the British ship Petrel, by the barque, Major Norton, of Pictou, which was read by the clerk.

Mr McDonald moved that a select committee be appointed, consisting of Messrs. Fuller, McDonald, and Henry, to consider the matter.

The correspondence and two petitions on the same subject were referred to that committee.

Hon Provincial Secretary, by command, laid on the table the report of Commissioners on Indian affairs, with two enclosures, read by the clerk. Referred to committee on Indian affairs.

A call of the house was had.

On motion of the hon Finl Sec'y the house resolved itself into committee of supply, Mr Chipman in the chair.

On the usual motion for the grant to the Speaker—

Mr Killam remarked he had no wish to oppose this particular grant, but he would move the adjournment of the committee, and that the house do appoint a committee, for the purpose of reducing the Legislative expenses.

Mr Ryder seconded the motion.

Hon Mr Howe—It is evident that the tariff cannot be raised any more, we must therefore reduce the expenses. He would rather that the member for Yarmouth would move that the whole civil list be reduced ten per cent.

Hon Mr Young said that a large portion of the public expenses, such as Judges salaries, &c., were beyond the power of the house, having been settled by the civil list bill. He thought it would be the wisest plan to allow the committee to investigate the subject and report what reductions could be made.

After some further remarks from Mr Chambers, Mr Tobin, Mr Locke, Mr Wier, Mr Howe, Mr Morrison, Mr Esson, and Mr Annand, the committee adjourned.

The house resumed.

Mr Killam then moved that a committee be appointed to report on the propriety of curtailing the Legislative and other public expenses—seconded by Mr Ryder. The appointment of the committee was left to the revising committee.

Hon Provincial Secretary, by command, laid on the table, papers relating to the claim of Donald Cameron, Railroad Contractor, which were read by the clerk, and referred to the Railway committee.

The petitions were distributed to the various committees.

Then the house adjourned until the next day, at 3 o'clock. F. C.

THURSDAY, Feb'y 24, 1859.

House met at 3 o'clock.

Hon Provincial Secretary, by command, laid on the table, a copy of the Royal Instructions to the Governor-in-Chief, and the Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia.

Mr Locke presented six petitions from Shelburne, against any change in the representation.

Also, a petition from Westport on the same subject. Laid on the table

Mr Robertson presented five petitions from Barrington, on the same subject.

Hon Provincial Secretary, by command, laid on the table, the petitions in favor of Mr McLean, (late Sheriff of Cumberland), and petitions in favour of Mr Chandler.

Also, by the like command, the report of the Chief Engineer of railways, for October, November and December, relating to the progress of the works.

An act to facilitate the perfecting of titles in Cape Breton—was read a second time.

Hon Attorney General moved that it be referred to Crown Land Committee.

Hon Mr Howe objected to creating four new offices in the County of Cape Breton in the present position of the revenue.

Hon Attorney General said it was not contemplated by the bill to create new offices—neither would the services be of a permanent character Surveys will have to be made to ascertain disputed titles. This work would probably be performed by an officer sent from the Crown Land office.

Hon Mr Howe suggested that the Deputy Surveyor might perform the duty on receiving additional remuneration. After some remarks from Mr. Henry, the bill was referred to Committee on Crown Lands.

Hon Att General asked leave to introduce a bill for escheating lands which have been forfeited to the Crown. Referred to same Committee.

Several bills were read a second time, and referred to Committee on Private bills.

Mr Archibald from the Committee on Crown property, reported several bills, which will be noticed when they come up for their second reading.

Mr Shaw asked leave to introduce an act to amend Chapter 86 of the Revised Statues of Weights and Measures. The object of the bill is to change the present hundred weight to a hundred pounds avoirdupois.

Mr. Wier presented a petition from merchants and others of Halifax—including the cashiers of two of the Banks, on the subject of Decimal currency. Read by the clerk.

A long discussion ensued on the subject of the petition.

Mr Churchill asked special leave to present a petition from the inhabitants of Falmouth on the subject of the extension of the railway to Hantsport. Referred to Railway Committee.

Mr Annand asked the government to bring down a return of the number of votes polled in the different counties, districts and townships for the various candidates at the last general election.

Hon Prov Secretary asked special leave to present a petition from James Munro of Colchester, respecting loss of money through the Post Office. Referred to Post Office committee.

Hon Prov Secretary, by command, laid on the table the returns of the Inspectors of pickled Fish. Referred to committee on Fisheries.

Also, an abstract of returns of coals raised in 1858. Referred to committee on Mines and Minerals.

Also, a return of ships registered up to the 31st of Dec, 1858. Referred to committee on Trade and Manufactures

Also the report of the Commissioners of Cumberland in reference to petitions before the house. Referred to committee on Crown property.

Hon Mr Young asked special leave to present the petition of Roderick McLean, late Sheriff of Cumberland, in reference to his dismissal, asking permission to appear at the Bar of the House to vindicate his character. The hon gentleman said he would move upon it the next day.

Then the house adjourned until 3 o'clock the next day.

FRIDAY, Feb 25th, 1859.

House met at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Chipman presented 14 petitions from different parts of the county of Kings, against the proposed change in the representation.

Mr Munro presented the following petitions—from Wm Ross and others of Victoria, English Town and St. Ann's, praying that no change in the representation should take place until after the census had been taken; also from Kenneth McLeod and others of Middle River, and from John McDonald and others of St Ann's; also from Murdock McDonald and others of Island Boulardie, and from John Matthews and others district of North Shore, county of Victoria; also from Farquhar McRae and others, of Big Baddeck—all on the same subject.

Hon Atty General presented a petition handed to him from the member for Cornwallis, from inhabitants of Wilmot and Paradise, county of Annapolis, praying that the house would not adopt the bill brought before the house last session, on the subject of a change in the representation.

Mr Parker presented a petition from the inhabitants of the county of Hants, on the same subject.

Hon Mr Young moved, in compliance with the prayer of the petition presented by him on the previous day,—that Roderick McLean, late Sheriff of Cumberland, be heard at the Bar of the house. Hon Atty General said he would oppose the motion.

The hon Mr Young then addressed the house in support of his motion, arguing that the petitioner had a constitutional right to appear before the Bar of the house, to vindicate himself against the charges on which he had been dismissed by the government, and cited English and Colonial precedent in support of his motion.

Mr Shaw opposed the motion—he said Mr. McLean applied for the reasons of his dismissal and he got them. He (Mr S.) had been dismissed some years ago, with a hundred other magistrates. He applied for the reasons and he could not obtain them. If these hundred magistrates made an application like this, it would take up six months of the time of the house to decide upon the matter

Hon Atty General opposed the motion. He asked what distinguished this case from that of any other dismissed officer. It would establish a bad precedent if every dismissed officer could claim the right. He argued that as regards all the English precedents they were cases where the matters referred to were before the house for adjudication, and were then under discussion. As to the precedents of the Provincial parliament, he argued that they were not cases of personal grievance, but involved in matters of general interest, on which the house was about to legislate, and therefore afforded no precedent for this application.

Hon Mr Howe said he had thought the hon Atty General intended to go into the question of reasons for Mr McLeans dismissal.

Hon Atty General intended to do so, as he had previously given notice, when the Sheriff's bill came up for a second reading. He had confined himself strictly to the question before the house.

Hon Mr Young gave notice that after the disposal of the present motion, he would move the following resolution:

Resolved, as the opinion of the house, that the charge against Roderick McLean, Esq, late Sheriff of the county of Cumberland, has not been sustained by the evidence thereon, and that he ought not to have been dismissed from his office as such Sheriff.

Hon Financial Secretary had no wish ever to prevent any person from being heard on the subject of any grievance he might have, where any good could come of it. But this was a case when even if the motion prevailed, no practical benefit could result, either to the petitioner or the Province of Nova Scotia.

Hon Mr Howe regretted the action of the hon Attorney General in opposing this motion, and he was also sorry that the government had not furnished all the information in their possession on the subject.

Hon Attorney General thought gentlemen should confine themselves to the question as to whether Mr. McLean should be heard at the bar of the house

Hon the Speaker thought that the resolution referred to Mr McLean's petition, and the whole matter was open for discussion.

Hon Attorney General had no wish to avoid discussion, but he thought it irregular.

Hon Mr Howe would rather hear the honble. Attorney General on the subject of the charges against Mr. McLean before he spoke himself.

Hon Attorney General then addressed the house on the reasons which actuated the government in the dismissal of Mr McLean. He was followed by hon Provincial Secretary, Messrs Archibald, Tobin, and hon Mr Howe. A report of these speeches will appear in the regular debates.

Then the house adjourned until next day at 12 o'clock.

SATURDAY, Feb'y 26th, 1859.

MORNING SESSION.

House met at 12 o'clock.

A call of the house was had.

The house resolved itself into committee on bills. Mr. Ryder in the chair.

A bill relating to licenses of exploration for the opening of new mines was taken up

The hon Atty Genl explained the provisions of the bill. After some discussion the bill passed clause by clause. The following acts also passed: An Act to ammend Chapter 27 of the Revised Statutes, and the act in amendment thereof.—The object of the bill is to extend the provisions of those acts to other minerals besides coal.

An act relating to the boundaries of the different counties and townships in the province.

An act relating to fees to be taken in the Crown Land Office.

The committee then adjourned. The house resumed, and the bills passed in committee were reported.

Hon Provl Secy, by command, laid on the table a copy of a despatch, dated April, 1858, from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, to the Lieut. Governor, on the subject of the law of marriage and divorce, accompanied by two imperial acts on the subject. Hon Mr Howe requested the government to bring down all despatches in their possession relating to the question of precedence.

Then the house adjourned until 3 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The house resumed at 3 o'clock.

Mr Churchill, by special leave, presented a petition from the overseers of Falmouth, praying reimbursement for the expenses of transient paupers.

Hon Atty Genl presented a petition from the freeholders of Dalhousie, in the county of Annapolis, on the subject of the representation of the county.

Hon Mr Archibald, by special leave, presented a petition, received by the last steamer, from John Arthur Roebuck, M P, of the English Parliament and others, on the subject of an alteration in the act of incorporation of the Acadia iron and steel company. The hon gentleman explained the nature of the petition, and asked leave to introduce a bill in conformity with the prayer thereof. After some remarks from hon Mr Young and Hon Mr Howe the petition was received.

Mr Munro presented a petition from Malcolm McLean and others, of the upper district of Big Baddeck, against any change in the representation.

Mr Archibald presented fifteen petitions from Colchester on the same subject.

Also three petitions from inhabitants of Cape Breton on the same subject.

The Hon Attorney General announced that His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor had appointed the Hon member for Sydney (W. A Henry.) to the vacant seat in the Executive Council.

Then the House adjourned till Monday at 3 o'clock.

MONDAY, Feb. 28.

House met at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Wilkins moved that his railway resolution be taken up for discussion.

Hon Attorney General had no objection, but as the debate on the resolution of the hon. member for Inverness on Mr. McLean's petition had not yet been finished, he thought it better to wait until that gentleman was present.

In the meantime the following bill was read a second time—

An act to amend the act to constitute the District of Argyle a separate District.

Hon. Mr. Young agreed to postpone the consideration of his resolution for the present.

Mr. Wilkins then addressed the house in support of his resolution for the extension of the railroad to Pictou.

He was followed by the hon Financial Secretary, hon Mr. Howe, hon. Mr Young, hon Provincial Secretary, hon Attorney General, Mr Wier, hon Mr. Henry.

Then the debate adjourned.

The house adjourned until 3 o'clock the next day.

By a telegram from Sydney, on Saturday last, we learn with very deep regret that the Rev. W. Y. Porter has been suddenly removed by death from the scenes of his long and active labour, having fallen through the ice while, probably, visiting some outlying post of duty; as yet we are in possession of no particulars, but we sympathize with the family thus deprived of its head, and, with resignation to the will of God, deplore the loss of an indefatigable labourer in the Church.—*Ch. Rec.*

General Intelligence.

Colonial.

Domestic.

The first Lecture of the Course for the benefit of the Mechanics' Library, was delivered on Thursday Evening last by the Hon. Wm. Young. It was in his happy conversational style, and combined amusement with instruction. His pictures of Finland and St. Petersburg were remarkably clear and distinct. The public buildings, streets, and the people with their manners and customs, were each sketched with a spirit, life, warmth and coloring and humor, characteristic of the speaker. Long and repeated applause marked the enthusiasm of the audience.—*Presbyterian Witness.*

Owing to the illness of Mr. Richey, the Protestant Alliance Lecture for last evening, the 25th, was postponed. The next Lecture will be delivered by the Rev. John Hunter, on the 11th of March.—*Ib.*

NAVAL STOREKEEPER AT HALIFAX.—Mr. G. M. McGregor, late Chief Clerk to the Naval Storekeeper at the Cape of Good Hope, has been appointed Storekeeper at Halifax, vice Chevallier removed to Pembroke. The appointment of this Officer reflects credit on the First Lord's discrimination and impartiality, for, in addition to high testimonials, Mr. McGregor has been employed for 18 years on foreign stations.—*United Service Gazette.*

New Brunswick.

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.—On the 12th instant, three men were returning from the lumber camp in Northampton, by the way of Fredericton, to their respective homes. Instead of going on their journey in a becoming manner, to be greeted by happy friends who would welcome their arrival after several months absence, they most unmanly tippled in almost every tavern which they met on their way. It is not to be wondered at that a temporary insanity seized these infatuated creatures. One of the unhappy three, of the name of Pratt, apparently fell into a profound sleep on the sled, which was the mode of conveyance. The other two, when they arrived at another object of temptation, left their slumbering brother to satisfy once more an unnatural craving which they, with their own guilty hands had superinduced on the constitution which God had given them. After adding a little more fuel to the flame which was already burning with too great severity, they returned to the sled with the design of rousing their sleeping accomplice, and moving a little farther on their weary way. No call which their stammering tongues could utter was loud enough to waken him; no agitation, which their rough hands could effect, was sufficient to make one member of his body to move. Alas! he had slept the sleep of death. One has said, whose summons all must obey, "Thou fool! this night shall thy soul be required of thee."

The Postmaster General has been sustained by a large majority in his Sabbath Observance movement. The Rev. Mr. Brooke of the Established Church of Scotland in New Brunswick has been elected Chaplain of the Legislative Council. This is a step in the right direction.—*Witness.*

P. E. Island.

The Legislature of Prince Edward Island met, in pursuance of the Lieutenant Governor's proclamation, on the 17th instant, and on being directed by His Excellency to proceed in the election of a Speaker,—the Government party were taken by surprise on Mr. Ramsay declining to take the qualification oath as a member—placing the numbers, for Government 15, and Opposition 14. Failing to elect a Speaker—and the Opposition declining to allow one from its ranks to be nominated as Speaker, the alternative was, either resignation of the Ministry, or dissolution of the Assembly. The latter was determined on, and his Excellency's proclamation appeared on Saturday morning, dissolving the House, and ordering the issue of writs for a new election forthwith.—*Church Record.*

Canada.

The Cartier-McDonald Ministry have passed triumphantly through the ordeal of the debate on the Address, referred to in our late numbers On the great test question of the Seat of Government, the ministry and her Majesty's decision in favor of Ottawa, were sustained by a majority of five only. This majority, small as it is, is, we presume, quite as large as the most sanguine Ministerialists dared to hope for. Another attempt was made to create difficulties in this matter by moving an amendment to that portion of the Address which proposed, in accordance with pledges given four years since, to take the Seat of Government to Quebec for the next four years, whilst the necessary buildings are being erected at Ottawa. On this attempt, as on several others of a similar character, the opponents of the Government were signally defeated.—Many of the advocates of Quebec now entertain strong hopes that if the Seat of Government is carried to that city for the next four years, it will remain there permanently. We ourselves firmly believe they will be disappointed. The mass of the people of Canada are sick of this dispute; and, now that the question is settled, it is not likely to be opened up again. There is too good reasons for believing that Ottawa must be the permanent capital of British North America *Recorder.*

United States.

The William and Mary College at Williamsburg, including the library and laboratory, was destroyed by fire at three o'clock on Tuesday.—It was the oldest institution in the country. The students all escaped.

Martin Gallaghar had recovered $3,000 damages from Captain Smith, of the bark "Yankee," for leaving him at the Sandwich Islands, under a decree of banishment by the Vigilance Committee of San Francisco.

The admirers of Tom Paine celebrated the one hundred and seventy-second anniversary of his birth, in New York, a few nights since by a ball and supper. Among the speakers was a woman named Ernestine L. Rose.

Mrs. Mary Hartung, who has been on trial at Albany for the murder of her husband, Emil Hartung, was on Monday, the 6th inst, found guilty of the murder. The prisoner was young and handsome, and her case has excited the greatest sympathy.

A fight occurred on the 18th of January near Chester, Nebraska, between fifteen Pawnee Indians and elven white men. Three Indians were killed and several wounded. The affair was caused by an attempt of the Indians to outrage a white woman.

The New York *Express* says that there are nineteen ocean steamers lying idle at the wharves in that city—and this while the steamers of Great Britain are plowing the waters of every sea, having apparently as much freight business as they can desire.

The Troy *Times* says that a mania for destroying crinoline seems to prevail in that city, at present. Within a short time, ladies have had their dresses completely ruined by vitrol thrown upon them at the entrance to the theatre and in the lobbies of some of the churches.

The English Mail.

EUROPE.—The R. M. Steamer *Canada*, arrived at 6 o'clock on Thursday evening, bringing Liverpool dates to the 12th inst. The *Canada* brought 3 passengers for Halifax, and 61 for Boston. Among the latter were the Hon. John Young, of Montreal, and Mr. Richard Cobden, the celebrated English free trader, who is about making a visit to the United States

Queen Victoria opened Parliament in person on the 3rd.

The speech commenced with congratulations on the state of the country, and on the progress made in India. On foreign affairs it says:

I receive from all foreign Powers assurance of friendly feelings. To cultivate and confirm these feelings, to maintain inviolate the faith of our public treaties, and contribute to, as far as my influence can extend the preservation of general peace, are the objects of my unceasing solicitude.

The conclusion of the treaties in regard to the Principalities, and one of commerce with Russia, are noticed, and the latter is referred to as an indication of the complete re-establishment of friendship between the two countries. The treaties with China and Japan are mentioned as promising great commercial advantages.

Satisfaction is expressed at the abolition by France of negro immigration on the East coast of Africa, and that the pending negotiations give promise of a total abandonment of the system.

In respect to Mexico the speech says "the state of the Republic of Mexico, distracted by civil wars, has induced me to carry my forbearance to the utmost limit in regard to the wrongs and indignities to which British residents have been subjected at the hands of the two contending parties. They have at length been carried to such an extent that I have been compelled to give instructions to the commander of the naval forces in those seas to demand and, if necessary, to enforce reparation."

Increased expenditure on the navy is asked, on account of the universal introduction of steam power into naval warfare.

The rest of the speech is devoted to local matters and amongst the measures promised are Parliamentary reforms and a new bankruptcy law.

Addresses in response to the speech were agreed to in both houses.

Earl Melville, in the House of Lords, and Lord Palmerston, in the House of Commons, complained of the silence in regard to the threatening state of the Italian question, and other matters of interest.

Lord Derby and Mr. Disraeli expressed their confidence in the maintenance of peace.

The French Chambers were opened by the Emperor on the 7th. His Speech is generally regarded as pacific. After endeavouring at some length to show how strong his principles were and ever had been in favor of Peace; and after showing the happy results of his alliance with Britain and the satisfactory nature of his present relations with that country, and also with Russia, the Emperor said:

The Cabinets of Vienna and that of France, on the contrary—I speak it with regret—have disagreed upon important questions, and it required a most conciliatory spirit to succeed in arranging them. For instance, the reconstruction of the Danubian Principalities has not been completed without many difficulties, which diminished the full satisfaction of their most legitimate desires; and if I were asked what interest France has in those distant countries watered by the Danube, I should reply, that the interest of France is everywhere where there is a just cause, and where civilization ought to be made to prevail. In this state of things there is nothing extraordinary that France should draw closer to Piedmont, which proved herself so devoted during the war, so faithful to our policy during peace.

The happy union of my well-loved cousin, Prince Napoleon, with the daughter of King Victor Emmanuel, is not one of those unusual facts to which some hidden reason must be attributed, but the natural consequences of the community of the interests of the two countries and of the friendship of the two Sovereigns.—For some time past the state of Italy and her abnormal position—where order cannot be obtained except by foreign troops—gives a just cause of anxiety to diplomacy. This, however, is not a sufficient motive to give rise to the belief in war. Some may invoke it with all their heart without legitimate reason; others may, in their exaggerated fears, endeavour to show to France the dangers of a new coalition. I shall remain firm, invulnerable in the path of right and justice, and of the national honour: and my Government will not allow itself to be either led away or intimidated, because my policy will never be either provocative or pusillanimous—Far be, from us, then, these false alarms, these unjust suspicions, these interested apprehensions. Peace, I hope, will not be disturbed. Resume, then, calmly, the usual course of your labors.

From the Continent, the only news, apart from war news, relates to the movements of distinguished persons; and the most distinguished is his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, now comfortably located in Rome. On his arrival, the Pope sent his congratulations expressive of his eagerness to promote the objects contemplated by his Royal Highness.—*Ac Rec.*

India.

Since our last publication the Bombay and Calcutta mails have been received, and from the Indian newspapers and from journalistic correspondence we glean the following summary of the state of affairs in India:—

OUDE.—Quiet prevailed on the 24th of December. The large rebel force on the north side of the Gorga had dwindled down and attached themselves to the Nana and Begum Theos, with Bene Madhoo, bad gone northwards in the Serai.

Lord Clyde was at Nanparah on the 24th ult., when a large party of rebels, including a Prince and a son of Umpsed Allee Shah and some 250 women came into camp.

Many men of rank in the Begum's camp had returned to Lucknow. The forts throughout the country were being rapidly dismantled, and the disarming of the people was progressing.

CENTRAL INDIA.—In Rajpootana, on the 17th of December, General Napier defeated, and pursued with slaughter for eight miles, the rebels under Feroze Shah. Six elephants and many horses were captured. Captain Prettyjohn and ten men were wounded.

On the 20th of December Lieutenant Stack, Bombay Cavalry, was attacked, between Goonah and Seronge, by Feroze Shah's cavalry, numbering 1500. Three lancers were killed, and some camels' baggage taken.

On the 23rd of December, at Goonah, the troops under Captain Mayne surprised the rebels under Feroze Shah, near Jhajpoor, in a dense jungle. A few were killed, and the rest dispersed. One hundred horses, several camels, and much clothing, were captured. No loss on our side.

The rebels under Tantia Topee advanced on the 24th of December to attack Pertabghur in three divisions, commanded by Tantia, the Rao, and Raheem Allee. They were met and repulsed by the Neemuch Field Detachment. One of their leaders was killed (name uncertain), and two elephants were captured. The main body retreated towards Banswara.

The rebels under Tantia Topee were engaged near Pertabghur on the 25th of December by a British detachment, and repulsed. They lost two elephants, retreated eastward, were overtaken by Colonel Benson, 17th Lancers, after five days' pursuit, at Zeerapore, beyond Guonal (?), were routed with much slaughter, and lost six elephants. Colonel Somerset, a few days after, overtook Tantia near Burrad, in Kotah, and again defeated him.

General Napier reports Tantia making beyond Tonk, towards Jeypoor, to join, it is said, Feroze Shah. A force was detached from Ajmere to Madharajpoora to prevent this junction.

Some rebels from Indore were reported near Soosner on the 28th of December. They had come from Dug, and were going to Machalpoora. Colonel Benson was in pursuit. Intelligence had been since received of elephants and property captured by his force. Tantia (from Sir Robert Napier's report of the 30th) passed Goonah on the 28th of December. Troops under General Napier were warned and on the alert.

Latest intelligence from Indore (2nd January) states that Colonel Benson's column came up with the rebels on the Machilpoor boundary, and defeated them with considerable loss.

Brigadier Smith's force was at Chupeera on the 1st of January.

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.—On the 22nd of December, at Kirwee, in the Banda district, the former residence of rebels, Narian Rao Maitha was attacked by Bundelcund rebels under Rabo Govind, and the garrison shut up in the palace; but the rebels left on the 29th, having heard of the rapid advance of General Whitlock. On the 29th the General attacked them four miles from Kirwee, and completely dispersed them. Three hundred were killed, and all their guns, elephants, many horses, and cattle were taken.

THE NIZAM'S TERRITORY.—A body of Rohillas, 2000 strong, have plundered Adjuntah.—Two regiments of Hyderabad cavalry, serving in the valley of the Nerbudda, have been ordered to the Nizam's territory to restore tranquility.

ACCIDENT TO LORD CLYDE.—His Lordship, as we learn from the Bombay journals, suffered a somewhat serious accident on the 26th of December. While he was riding at full speed to give orders to some troops that were in hot pursuit of a body of Oude rebels, whom he had just defeated near Nanparah, his horse fell and threw him heavily to the ground. He rose immediately, but it was found that he had dislocated his shoulder and hurt his face.

Notice.

LECTURES ON THE APOCALYPSE.—On every Tuesday evening, until the course be completed, a Lecture will be delivered at the Wesleyan Chapel, Musquodoboit, by W. C. McKinnon.

The series will embrace:—1 The vision of Saint John, and the Seven Asiatic Churches; 2 The Throne of God—the four-and-twenty Elders; 3 The Sealed Book; 4 The Seven Seals; 5 The White Robed Multitude; 6 The Seven Trumpets; 7 The Angel of Light and the Bible—Luther; The two Witnesses; 9 The Seven Headed Beast, and the number of his name; 10 The Company on Mount Zion, and the Harvest of the Earth; 11 The Seven Vials; 12 The Scarlet Colored Woman—the Blood of Martyrs; 13 The Fall of Babylon; 14 The First Resurrection; 15 Gog and Magog; 16 The Last Day; 17 The New Earth; 18 The River of Life; 19 The Everlasting Kingdom.

Lectures to commence at 6½ o'clock.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM THE REV. W. M'CARTY, AMHERST.—"Special Services have been held at one of the Chapels on this Circuit for the past fortnight. They have been crowned with the outpouring of the Holy Spirit. Over fifty penitents have been forward seeking the Lord."

☞ Letter from *Abstainer* has been received, but several reasons have induced us to think it better to withhold the publication. These we may have an opportunity of explaining at another time.

☞ Notes of a Lecture on "Whitefield and his Times," delivered recently at Truro, by the Rev. W. C. McKinnon, have been inadvertently omitted. We shall secure a place for them next week.

Wesleyan Conference Office.

LETTERS AND MONIES RECEIVED SINCE OUR LAST.

[The current volume is from No. 468 to 520.]

Alex. Sim (5s. for P.W.) Israel Smith (10s. for P.W.) E. Lockwood (10s. for P.W.) Rev. E. Botterell (200s. for P.W., for J. Jenkinson 10s., A. Eaton 10s., J. Fraser 10s., Jas. Thomas 10s., J. Gove 10s., D. Collins 10s., M. Henniger 10s., B. Appleby 10s., Jas. Albin 10s., J. Trueman 10s., Mrs. Ray 10s., Mrs. Frost 10s., J. Gardner 10s., J. Gaynor 10s., E. Fisher 10s., G. Thomas 10s., R. Justice 10s., E. Lloyd 10s., T. Potts 10s., W. Crothers 10s., Rev. Wm. McKinnon (10s., for B.R., 10s., for P.W. for D. Kent,) Rev. R. E. Crane (E. McP. was duly credited 10s. pd. by you June 3. Fresh supply of B. W. expected,) Rev. J. Buckley (10s. for P.W. for D. Strong.) Rev. S. Avery (40s. for P.W., for John Bent 10s., H. Miller 10s, Jas. Parker 20s.) Rev. F. Smallwood (40s., for P.W., for V. Troop 10s., G. Johnson 10s., Chas. Haines 10s., A. Marshall 10s., that was a typographical error, McF. is duly credited 20s on our books.) Rev. G. O. Huestis (30s. for B.R., 30s. for P.W., for W. O. Heffernan 10s., Capt. Jos. Hadley 10s., Donald Ross 10s.) Rev W. Smithson (10s. for P.W., for Wm Annett.) Rev. W. McCarty, Wm. Bemister (new sub. 5s. for P.W. in adv.)

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.

Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, March 3.

Bread, Navy, per cwt.	17 6d *a* 19s
" Pilot, per bbl	17s 6d *a* 20s
Beef, Prime Ca.	55s
" " Am	65s
Butter, Canada,	10d
" N. S. per lb.	10d *a* 10½d
Coffee, Laguyra, "	8½d *a* 9d
" Jamaica, "	9d
Flour, Am. sft. per bbl.	32s 6d *a* 35s
" Can. sft. "	33s 9d *a* 35s
" State, "	32s
" Rye "	22s 6d
Cornmeal "	24s
Indian Corn, per bush.	none
Molasses, Mus. per gal.	1s 9d *a* 2s
" Clayed, "	1s 6d
Pork, prime, per bbl.	$18
" mess "	$22
Sugar, Bright P. R. "	50s *a* 52s 6d
" Cuba "	45s *a* 47s 6d
Bar Iron, com. per cwt.	15s *a* 16s 3d
Hoop "	22s 6d
Sheet "	23s
Nails, cut "	22s 6d
" wrought per lb.	3½d *a* 6d
Leather, sole "	1s 4d *a* 1s 6d
Codfish, large	20s
" small	15s
Salmon, No. 1,	$20 *a* 20½
" 2,	19 *a* 19½
" 3,	15
Mackarel, No. 1,	15
" 2,	11 *a* 12
" 3,	6½ *a* 6¾
" " med.	4½ *a* 5
Herrings No 1,	20s
Alewives,	20s
Haddock,	10s 6d *a* 11s
Coal, Sydney, per chal.	48s
Firewood, per cord,	17s 6d

Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, March 3.

Oats, per bushel	2s 3d
Oatmeal, per cwt.	16s
Fresh Beef, per cwt.	$5½ *a* $7½
Bacon, per lb.	6½d
Cheese, "	6d *a* 6½d
Calf-skins, "	7d
Yarn, "	2s 6d
Butter, fresh "	1s *a* 1s 1d
Lamb, "	3½d *a* 4½d
Veal, "	3d *a* 4d
Turkey, "	9d
Chickens, "	2s 6d
Geese, "	2s *a* 2s 6d.
Potatoes, per bushel	3s 3d
Eggs, per dozen	1s 1d *a* 1s 2d
Homespun Cloth (wool)	per yard, 2s 6d
Do (cotton and wool)	" 1s 9d
Hay, per ton	£5 10s. *a* £6

WILLIAM NEWCOMB
Clerk of Market

P. P. P.

Park's Prickly Plasters.

They soothe pain; protect the chest; they extract the congulated impurities and soreness from the system, and impart strength. They are divided into sections, and yield to the motion of the body. Being porous, all impure excretions pass off, and they cannot become offensive, hence can be worn four times longer than any other plasters, and are cheaper at 25 cents than others at 10. *Where these Plasters are, pain cannot exist* Weak persons, public speakers, delicate females, or any effected with side, chest or back pains, should try them. You will then know what they are. They are a new feature in the science of medicine. All Druggists have them. Take no other. Each Plaster bears a Medallion Stamp and our Signature.

BARNES & PARK,
13 & 15 Park Row, N. Y.

Also Lyon's Magnetic Insect Powder.

March 4, 6m.

O. H. ROBINSON,

Musical Instrument Maker.

MARKET SQUARE 1 door East of Donaghoe's Book Store.

All kinds of Musical Instruments tuned and repaired in a neat and substantial manner.

Instructions given on the Banjo, Guitar, Accordeon, and Flutina. February 5.

Marriages.

At Lunenburg, by Rev. Mr. Hart, Mr. Samuel HARMON, of Harmon's Island, to SOPHIA, eldest daughter of Capt. George Acker, Second Peninsula.

At McNair's Cove, Strait of Canso, on the 16th ult., by Rev. G. O. Huestis, Mr. William HATTIE, to Miss Ellen McNAIR, both of that place.

On the 17th ult., by Rev. Jas. Buckley, Mr. Henry W. COLWELL, to Miss Charlotte A. WOOD, both of Hawkes.

On the 17th ult., by Rev. Mr. McGregor, Mr. James MINERS, to Miss Esther WILLIS.

On the 3rd ult., by Rev. Mr. Cameron, Mr. Archibald GRANT, of New Mic River, to HELEN, second daughter of Mr. Archibald Scott, Kempt Cottage Truro Road.

Deaths.

At West Leicester, Co Cumberland, on the 12th ult. Mr. Presselly DAVIS, in the 85th year of his age, leaving a widow and children, and a large circle of friends to mourn. "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth: yea, saith the Spirit, they may rest from their labours."

At the Westmorland Mountain, River Philip, Co Cumberland, on the 16th ult., in the 20th year of her age, ADA, 5th daughter of the late W. B. T. Piers, Esq., of Halifax, N. S.

At Great Wharf, Cornwallis, on the 11th ult., ANNIE LOUISA, daughter of Mr. Samuel Dodge, aged 3 years.

"Let the eye of faith follow
And fully realize the where—
The first rapt view of your Redeemer
This yield the heart's rich
This shall the chord and
Of some a grateful
At Birmingham, on the 8th Feb., Mr. Wm. FORBES in the 81st year of his age, formerly of Halifax, N. S.

On the 23d ult., Mr. Wm. JOHNSTON, in the 68th year of his age.

On the 22nd ult., Mr. Job GOODWIN, aged 85 years.

At Kempt, County of Hants, on the 17th ult., MARY, widow of the late Charles Card, aged 88 years.

On the 25th ult., CATHERINE, wife of Daniel Hoskins, in the 68th year of her age.

On the 27th ult., JANE, widow of the late John Cormack, in the 87th year of her age.

On the 28th ult., John Tulloch, aged 89 years, a native of Kincardy, Fifeshire, Scotland.

On the 1st inst., in the 56th year of his age, Mr. John CORMACK.

At Montreal, on the 28th ult., Mr. Charles M. ALMON, in the 24th year of his age, son of the Hon M. B Almon.

On Saturday morning, ISABELLA, daughter of Mr. John Stewart, of Country Harbour, aged 24 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED

WEDNESDAY, February 23.

Brig Alliance, Day, Demerara.
Brigt Boston, O'Brien, Boston.
Schr Osprey, Kelsey, Richmond, Va.

THURSDAY, February 24.

Steamer Canada, Lang, Liverpool.
Schr Oronoque, St Pierre.

FRIDAY, February 25.

Steamer America, Miller, Boston.

SATURDAY, February 25.

Schr Morning Light, Westhaver, Newfld.

CLEARED.

February 26—Brigt Union, Smith, Cornwallis; schr Oronoque, St Pierre; Mary Ann, Vincent, Newfld.
February 26—Brig Alliance, Day, Liverpool, N S; brigts Ranger, Painter, B W Indies; Velocity, Nickerson, U States; schrs Saranac, Rendell, B W Indies; Morning Light, Westhaver, Boston; Margaret Bennett, Allen, Newfld.
February 28—Brigt Boston, O'Brien, Boston; schr Lady Mulgrave, Maxwell, Sealing Voyage.

MEMORANDA

Brig Brill, at Boston a few days since, had been nearly ninety days on her passage from Gibraltar. The crew had but one biscuit per meal for six weeks.

Mayaguez, Feb 4—Schr Mary, Furlong, Halifax.

New Goods per Steamer Arabia

CHIPMAN & CO'S.

CHEAP DRY GOODS Warehouse.

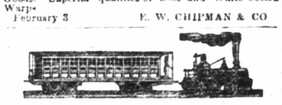
144 Granville Street, Halifax.

NEW CLOTH Mantlis Shawls, Black and Brown Capes for Spring, New French Flowers
5 doz all colours Silk Mantle Tassels,
Ladies Chenille Scarfs from 2s 6d. each up.
Great Display in English Silk Rouches
New Bonnet Ribbons, Chenille Bonnet Rouches.
We have a few of the large Seal skin and Black Beaver Cloth Mantles, 7s 6d each up.

Best variety of Mantles in the City.

Farmers from the country visiting the city through the winter will accommodate themselves well by calling at our House. Every description of Plain and Staple Goods. Superior qualities of Blue and White Cotton Warps

February 3 E. W. CHIPMAN & CO



RAILWAY NOTICE.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 25th inst, there will