## The Englishman's Birthright.

The thoughtful Englishman who leaves his native land to settle in a distant clime carries with him a host of recollections, which, in spite of the bustle of every day life, will occasionally recur to his mind with their pleasant or saddening influences; but he brings with him to his new home no more powerful sentiment than the love of fatherland. Love of country is deeply rooted in the human race, stronger perhapsamongst some nations, than others. The Irishman clings with fond affection to his country and her sorrows; the Scotchman, naturally undemonstrative, ever warmly responds to Auld Lang Syne; with enthusiasm the Frenchman speaks of la belle France; powerfully, "The Watch on the Rhine" appeals to the sluggish passions of the German; but the deep love of the Englishman for the land of his birth is paramount. Who, after a perusal of English history, can wonder at this? Hoary with antiquity, laden with illustrious deeds, her past comes floating down to us across the gulf of time. Her history is bright with the names of warriors, statesmen, philosophers, and poets. She has been the bright star of hope twinkling before the tired gaze of a down trodden world crushed under the burden of ignornace, superstition and doubt, and speaking of the time to come when the mists should vanish before the clear and penetrating gaze of an era of truth. She has blithely trod in the van of freedom, and pityingly beckoned to other nations writhing under the iron heel of the despot. She has unsheathed the sword for liberty's cause in every quarter of the globe, and when the folds of her glorious flag have swept out on the wings of the caressing breeze, craven slavery has shrunk back to the darkness from whence it sprang. There have been bloody epochs in her history, but they have brought their beneficial lessons, which have had a permanent and lasting influence. While enjoying what they claim to be the truest form of liberty, Englishmen have ever entertained a reverence for constitutional authority. Their coun-try has been tried by the chill blasts of misfortune, but, like true men, her sons have suffered uncomplainingly and now a glorious heritage is theirs. Like the Roman of old whose vaunt was "Ciivs Romanus Sum," each can exclaim with pardonable pride, "I am an English-

#### INDIGNANT ANGLOSCANADIAN. To the Editor of the ANGLO-SAXON.

SIR,—Allow me through the medium of your willely circulated paper to give expression to sentiments which must agitate the breast of every true Anglo-Canadian who is desirous of seeing the welfare of his country and the future well-being of his descendants properly cared for.

Our chosen representatives will not protect us against the undue usurpation of our national rights and liberties by the treacherous Frenchman. Must we then, owing to their increasing love for French support and French applause allow our descendants to sink into the oblivion which must naturally enshroud them if the foreigner of French extractiou is to be allowed to still further ascountrymen, to imbue them with our enthusiasm and to swell our thousands were one hundred years ago in the Lower Province? Are we, the descendants of British parents, to be trampled upon by a few privileged hangers-on? And are we to be despised by all the nations on the face of the globe as a set of cowardly poltroons who dare not stand up for their national rights? Are we to be despised by all honest men be-cause a few, to further their own nefarious schemes, would sell both Queen and country? Must we surrender the liberties dearly bought and fought for by our forefathers, and must our children suffer for our cowardice? It is a shame and a lasting disgrace to us if we do not take a firm stand against such enactments. Our indifference to the welfare of our country and children has brought about the present state of affairs. We must either take a firm stand at once or be prepared to bow entirely to French rule in the near future. Who will be to blame but ourselves-in the first place for allowing our representatives to sanction such iniquitous clause which lower our national standard and birthright; and secondly, by our seeming or real indifference as to whether

#### SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVO-LENT SOCIETY.

## Objects, Aims, and Benefits, of the Order. ORGANIZED IN TORONTO, DECEMBER, 187

## To Englishmen and Sons of Englishmen

good bodily health and between the ages of 18 and 60 years, in an Association for mutual aid; to educate our members in the true principles of man-hood, whereby dey learn to be charitable, to practice true benevolence, and to keep alive those dear old memories of our native land; to care for each other in sickness and adversity, and when death strikes down one of our number, to follow his remains to their last resting place.

The government of the Order is vested in a Supreme Grand Lodge, and in Subordinate Lodges. The Grand Lodge is composed of delegates elected by the Subordinate Lodges to represent them. The Grand Lodge is supported financially by a per capita tax of 10 cents per member per quarter. The Grand Lodge Officers are elected annually.

Subordinate Lodges are supported by initiation fees, and weekly dues; they have control of their own moneys, elect their own officers, make their own by-laws, (subject to the approval of the Grand Lodge), and in every way conduct their business to suit the majority of the members. We meet in our lodge rooms at stated times in fraternal intercourse, learning each other s wants giving words of encouragement and good cheer, and to those in trouble and distress, substantial assistance. The moment we enter the Lodge room all distinctions are lost sight of, and we meet on one common level, and by this constant association and intercourse an amount of love and interest is created for each other, which is made manifest by the good work accomplished. The rapid growth of the Order has far exceeded the most sanguine expect ations of its founders, and it is steadily extending itself into the hearts of our countrymen, and we are confident that when the objects and aims are more generally understood, it will become one of the grandest and most useful of Benevolent Societies.

The Order has branches as follows In Toronto 20, South Africa 8, London 5, Ottawa 4, Montreal 4, Hamilton 2, St. Thomas 2, Orillia 2, Peterboro 2, King-Cornwall, Port Hope, Belleville Bow-manville, Lindsay, Woodstock, Galt, Barrie, Collingwood, Bracebridge, Brantford, Almonte, Dovercourt, Newcastle, West Toronto Junction, Weston, Little York, Aylmer, Exeter, Eglinton, MANUFACTURER Gravenhurst, Guelph, Aurora, Hensall, Vancouver, Stratford, Clinton, Brock ville, and we hope by bringing this Circular to the notice of our fellow: Picture Mouldings, countrymen, to imbue them with our nto tens of thousa

small graded ass sment at the death of a member, substantial aid is secured to the surviving relatives, which will assist them in being independent of the cold charity of the world. Member becoming totally disabled and unable to follow any occupation, receive half the amount insured for, if required; the other half is paid at the time of death

To Englishmen and Sons of Inglishmen: GENTLEMEN AND FELLOW COUNTRY-MEN:—As the question is so often be-ing asked: "What are the objects of the SONS OF ENGLAND SOCHETY?" we have been led to present this Circular with the view of giving the desired in-formation: The objects are to unite all honor-able and true Englishmen, who are in good bodily health and between the The benefits are medical attendance

The Initiation Fees are-

The Subscriptions are weekly, from 

45 " 15..... 50 " 55..... 55 " 60..... 25 In conclusion we ask you take this matter into your earnest consideration, and if there is not a lodge near you, agitate among your fellow countrymen, and as soon as you can get 12 good men together notify the undersigned, and all the assistance required will be given to organize you into a lodge. You will then be astonished how your member-ship will increase, and will wonder how it was so many Englishmen were living all around you without being known. Any information will be cheerfully given by the undersigned.

Supreme Grand Secretary,

April, 1889. TO THE DEAF.—A Person cured of Deafness and noises in the head of 23 years' standing by a simple remedy, will send a description of if FREE to any person who applies to NICHOLSON. 30, St. John St., Montreal.

Only \$5.50 per 100 for Pen and Pencil Frames, le Gem or Midget, 41.75 dos. Waten Stamp, 22.75 a-Diade Knife Stamp, 63 dos. Stamp Gun, 560. lb. 47.30. Fencil Tops, 45 per 100, Fooket Stamp No. Puzzlo Koy Hines, 52.50 per 100, Stamp Hadidensoc. 35 per 1,000. Baid Daters dos. cach, 35.36 dos. Complete Directions for Mannferting your own Karbs Introved Velcanizers, Reduced to the State MAYS Introved Velcanizers, Red UCED TO \$3:50 57 We have started persons who are now doing a thriving business. Rentt show among at once, which will be a stepping Show to a propertous future, ADDHEBS

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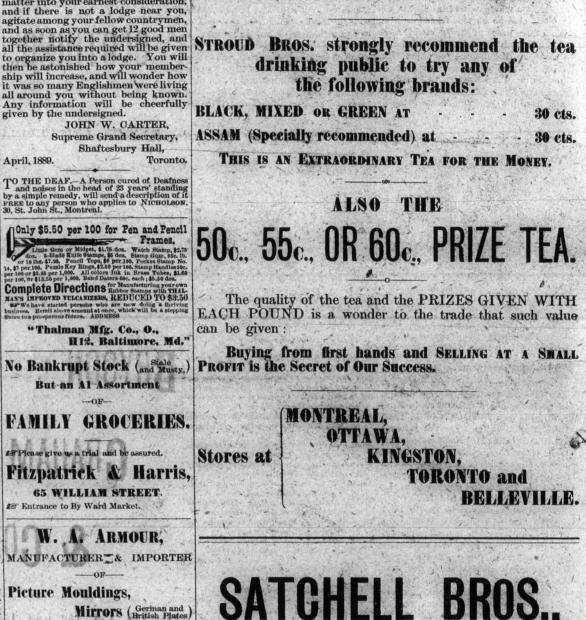
In the ordinary course of trade the consumer buys his tea from the retailer, the retailer from the jobber, the jobber from the importer, the importer from the producer : This is commonly known as the regular channel of trade. This is necessary in most cases as many merchants, both wholesale and retail, have not sufficient trade to purchase from the place of growth.

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## **PURITY, FRAGRANCE and STRENGTH !**



we are ruled by Queen or Pope. We, the people, should rule, not the few who, rule to suit their own ends. We should give our representatives to understand that we are the power behind the throne.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for giving insertion to my views, which I hope are almost universal, I remain, AN ANGLO-CANADIAN.

Ottawa, Feb. 23, 1890.

Though our Society is a secret So ciety, there is nothing in that secrecy except to enable us to protect each other, and prevent imposition; our language of signs and grips enables our members to travel to places where we have lodges, make themselves know as members of the Order, when they will find a brotherly influence surrounding them, receive advice, and if needed pecuniary assistance. In your initiatory ceremony and con-

ferring of degrees, there is nothing but what will raise a man's self respect and kindle his patriotism and inspire him with benevolence; and the Order only requires you to live up to its teachings, honor your obligations, be true to the country and its laws, faithful to your families, and true to the brotherhood and to God.

We recognize the teachings of the Holy Bible.

The Sons of England Society offer advantages peculiarly suited to your nationality, and is second to none, and whatever benefits you receive are not charity but right, and paid to you by the proper officers without explanations or apologies; and all that is required of you is a small initiation fee, and prompt payment of your dues. Nearly one hundred thousand dollars have already been paid out for benefits.

The Beneficiary Department enambles its members to insure their lives for \$500 or \$1,000, and has already proved a great source of strength of the Order. By the payment of a

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AND

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## Neuralgia. LOOK HERE!

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Every British subject is expected to do his duty, whether he or she be English, Irlsh, Sector or a native of any other Clime, The duty, whether he or she be English, Irlsh, Scotch or a native of any other Clime. The first law of nature is self-preservation, therefore it is your duty, if you are suffer-ing with any kind of PAINS, BRUISES, STRAINS or CUTS, to have on hand a remedy. This will be found in the "Sufferers' Friend." Note what a well known continues on a of

Note what a well known gentleman says of it :-OTTAWA, 5TH MAY, 1888.

C. J. RIPLEY, ESQ. DEAR SIR.-Kindly send me one of your large bottles of "Sufferers' Friend." I had no occa-sion to use the one I got last fall, till recently, and I am gild to say it is without exception, the best Pain Killer I ever used. Its effect is simply marvellous. Yours truly. You

A. H. TAYLOR, Gen'l Ticket Agen H. N. BATE & SONS, Wholesale Agents, Ottawa, Ont. "Ask your druggist for the Sufferers' Frie C. J. Ripley, Prop. of Liniment called "Sufferers' Friend."



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And his predecessors, Lords Monk and Lisgar, The Earl of Dufferin, and the

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