

# Turkish Seaport of Samsun in Black Sea Bombarded by Russian Torpedo Boats; Several Enemy Ships Sunk

## SUCCESSFUL IN CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS

Thirteen from St. John Pass Preliminaries for Outside Division and Four Succeed in Qualifying Exams.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, June 12.—The following were the successful candidates in the preliminary examinations for the outside division of the civil service held on May 11:

At Fredericton—Lawrence, Melvin L. At St. John—Barton, John M.; Belding, Claude C.; Cameron, James Donald; Case, Wm. Young; Gallagher, John Joseph; Kemp, John J.; Myles, Robert H.; McCaw, Frederick W.; McKee, Horace George; McLennan, Frederick Wm.; Pratt, Harry Myles; Raymond, Robert Michael; Reid, William; Thornton, Robert William.

At Moncton—Lester, Pierre E.; Ricker, George O.; Sweetman, William S.

At Charlottetown—Coyle, Francis; Gillis, Malcolm M.; MacDonald, Annie May; Trainor, Joseph; Whelan, Thomas I.

At Yarmouth—Meuse, Joseph Raymond. At Halifax—Bowie, James Andrew; Carrel, Frederick V.; Carter, Elwin Earl; Connolly, John Walter; Cooley, Walter B.; Drake, Trayton E.; Harris, Ralph Joseph; Hocher, Cyril J.; Huntley, John Stanley B.; Keating, Edith May; Laidlaw, George Parker; Mielke, Frederick James; Mullane, Clarence; McCleave, Spencer S.; McNeill, James R.; McGrath, Thomas Grant; Stultz, Guy N.; Thompkins, James; Walsh, Vincent; Walsh, William John; Webber, Arthur W.

At Sydney—Legere, John J. The following were the successful candidates in the qualifying examination held on May 13:

At St. John—Armstrong, Edna Anne; Belding, Claude C.; Haslam, Wm. G.; Murphy, George E.

At Moncton—Ricker, George O.; Soper, George S.

At Charlottetown—Cooke, John Campbell; MacDonald, Annie May; Simpson, James E.

At Yarmouth—Porter, Arnold M.

At Halifax—Callaghan, Horace; Hayes, Wan; Erroll, Kirkpatrick; Harry, Edwin; Viennan, Leandre; Watt, Alex R.

A. O. H. Wilson has been appointed pickled fish inspector at St. John.

## FOUND MISSING GERMAN MAKING SHELLS IN HAMILTON FACTORY

Was on Parole in Toronto, but Failed to Report, it is Alleged

Hamilton, Ont., June 12.—Today Captain Chisholm, from Stanley Barracks, Toronto, came to this city to arrest Paul Jocko, a German who was on parole, and who is alleged to have broken his parole. Jocko was permitted to work in Toronto on the guarantee of two gentlemen, who said that they would see that he reported regularly. This he is said to have failed to do, and he came to this city. He was found at the Oliver Plow Works, where he was engaged in making shell parts.

He is said to be a fine mechanic, and an effort will be made to have him remain here at work.

## TWO WOMEN ESCAPE FROM ST. THOMAS JAIL

Two Other Prisoners Made Get-away Within Twenty-Four Hours.

St. Thomas, Ont., June 13.—The escape of Nellie Rose and Mary West from the county jail here last night makes the fourth escape from that institution within 24 hours. Arthur Slade and Louis Marche sealed the jail walls the night before. It is believed all four were assisted from the outside. None have been recaptured. Slade and Marche were serving time for drunkenness, while the two women had been locked up for disorderly conduct.

## Russians Capture 348 Officers and Fifteen Thousand Men in 3-Days' Battle Along the Dneister, Official Report Says—Enemy's Attacks North of Shavii Were All Repulsed and German Outflanking Movement Failed.

Petrograd, June 13.—The Russian torpedo boats, on the night of June 10, fired on the buildings of the Turkish seaport of Samsun, on the Black Sea, according to an official statement given out in Petrograd under date of June 12. Many Turkish boats, the announcement says, were sunk. The text of the statement reads:

"On the night of June 10 our torpedo boats had an engagement with the ex-German cruiser Breslau and caused her some damage. "At Samsun our torpedo boats destroyed the buildings of the port and sank many of the enemy's boats.

Captured 348 Officers and 15,431 Men.

Petrograd, June 13.—In a three days' battle on the Dneister river, in the region of Zurevna, Galicia, which lasted from June 8 to June 11, the Russians captured 348 officers and 15,431 soldiers, with 78 machine guns and 17 cannons, according to a Russian official statement issued under date of June 12. On June 11, the statement adds, the Austro-German forces crossed the Dneister at several points.

The text of the statement follows: "To the north of Shavii, in the district of Sankinovo, we, yesterday, attacked and repulsed in a western direction, the enemy outflanking column. Near Shavii the enemy continues his fruitless attacks in the sector of the northern battlefield.

"Our offensive on the front of Szalany-Beholca continues to develop with success. Yesterday we carried by storm several villages near Bourgade-Jouquiny. The day before on this front our Cossacks charged the enemy on horseback and sabred about 100 Germans and took more than fifty prisoners.

"In the direction of Kovno the enemy is endeavoring to secure the front of Szepeska-Hudle. On Thursday night in this district we pushed back the enemy for some distance on the Mariampol road and along the railway from Kovno to Wirbaler (Russian Poland).

"In Galicia, yesterday in the valley of the Sklo river an enemy motor battery advanced toward our trenches, but was forced to beat an immediate retreat by our artillery fire.

"In a three days' battle on the Dneister river, in the region of Zurevna, which lasted from June 8 to June 11, we captured altogether 348 officers and 15,431 soldiers, with 78 machine guns and 17 cannons. A large quantity of arms, ammunition, weapons, field kitchens and transports also fell into our hands.

"In order to support the Austro-German army, which fell back on the right bank of the Dneister, the enemy undertook an offensive on both banks of the river Tyamienka, and on June 10th succeeded in carrying the village of Grusow, but immediately were driven away by our troops, who captured 53 officers and 490 men.

"On the night of June 10th and on the morning of the 11th the enemy delivered fruitless attacks against our bridge-head near Halcz. In the course of the following day the enemy managed to cross the Dneister at several points.

COMMISSIONS WILL BE GRANTED SOLELY ON MERIT

Minister of Militia Announces—Experiment to be Made With New Device for Meeting Poisonous Gases.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Ont., June 13.—The present week some experiments will be made at the Barrfield camp with means that have been devised for meeting the poisonous gases used by the Germans. Professor Carr-Harris, formerly of the Royal Military College, will have charge of the experiments.

The Minister of Militia is receiving a very large number of applications for commissions as officers. General Hughes declared that the commissions will be granted on merit and not through influence. Men who are successful in securing recruits and who are qualified in musketry shooting will get the preference.

The grounds at Three Rivers formerly used for militia training are to be used as a concentration camp for the Italian and Montenegrin reservists in Canada when the Dominion government is assisting to return home. There will be several thousands of them at present and while in Canada they will be under Canadian officers and will be given some training while waiting for the transports.

## STEAMER AND YACHT COLLIDE, TWO KILLED

The Bunker Hill, Bound for Boston with 250 Passengers Rammed by Steam Yacht on Long Island Sound.

New York, June 13.—Two persons were killed and three injured in a collision in a dense fog on Long Island Sound tonight between the Boston-bound steamer Bunker Hill with 250 passengers on board and the steam yacht Varadis, owned by C. K. G. Billings, widely known horseman, which was heading for this city. One of the killed was Geo. H. Kendrick of Boston, president of the Massachusetts Packing and Baling Company. The other was an employee of the Bunker Hill, who, knocked overboard, was picked up by the Varadis and died on board from his injuries.

The Bunker Hill, with a great hole torn in her side where she was struck by the yacht, got safely back to her pier at a late hour. The Varadis, on board which were Mr. and Mrs. Billings and a guest, put into Glen Cove, Long Island, with a badly smashed bow.

Mr. Kendrick was killed in his stateroom over the dining room in the crash between the yacht and the steamer. The bow of the Varadis penetrated the side of the steamer, making a hole three feet above the waterline. Many of the passengers were in the dining room when the crash occurred and the nose of the yacht jammed into the room.

Mr. Kendrick was killed in his stateroom over the dining room in the crash between the yacht and the steamer. The bow of the Varadis penetrated the side of the steamer, making a hole three feet above the waterline. Many of the passengers were in the dining room when the crash occurred and the nose of the yacht jammed into the room.

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## WHOLE REGT. OF 1,000 MEN WIPED OUT

Mowed Down by French Artillery—Debris all that Remained of German Fortifications at Tautent.

Paris, June 13.—"When the French troops captured the important position before the farm of Tautent," writes the official eyewitness on the French battlefield, "they found nothing remaining of the formidable fortifications installed there but masses of debris, so deadly had our artillery been."

Continuing, the writer says: "The position was held by the 170th Baden Regiment of 1,000 men, not one of whom escaped death or capture. Two other companies of 200 men each, in reserve, also were almost destroyed."

The assault commenced on June 7th over a front of 1,200 yards, and on June 10th a double line of trenches over a front of 1,800 yards, and for a depth of from 200 to 1,000 yards, had been captured. At five o'clock in the morning of June 7th, in the face of a heavy fire from the enemy trenches, the assault began under a storm of shot and shell. Not a man of the Breton and Vendean troops flinched, and the whole line advanced as one individual over the first two lines of trenches.

The orders were to entrench there, though the men pleaded to be allowed to go on. What remained of the enemy's troops were found huddled in the wrecked trenches. A few continued to fire, but the rest threw up their hands.

The fire of our artillery maintained a death curtain in the rear, preventing reinforcements coming up and as soon as the position was entirely lost the enemy's four-inch and eight-inch guns swept the ground, but our men dug themselves in.

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## THE SECOND DIVISION NOT YET IN FRANCE

Ottawa, June 12.—While the second Canadian division is now overseas they are not as stated, in overnight despatches, in France. The division is still at Shorncliffe, but will likely move across the channel very shortly. This explanation was made at the militia department today.

PASTOR REAPPOINTED FOR ANOTHER TERM, CHOIR GOES ON STRIKE

Brantford, Ont., June 13.—The refusal of the choir to act is the latest development in the "strike" at Sydney street Methodist church over the action of the conference in sending back the pastor, Rev. A. I. Snyder, who is not wanted by the congregation. The choir list is empty today, save for the organist.

NO NEW BRUNSWICK MEN IN CASUALTIES

Another long list of Canadian casualties was issued by the Department of Militia yesterday and last night, but contains no new Brunswickers. The following from Nova Scotia are reported:

Prisoner of war—Pte. Frank Boreham, 24 Albion street, Annapolis, N. S. Wounded—Pte. John Felix Chaisson, Inverness county, N. S. Died of wounds—Pte. Frank W. Burnley, Windsor, N. S.

SAYS GOVERNOR-GENERAL VETOED ELECTION.

Rigaud, Que., June 13.—Hon. Ro-

## ALBANIA A HOTBED OF HOTBED OF INTRIGUE

Austro-Turkish Influences have Been Active—Inciting Inhabitants to Make Raids on Serbian Territory.

Nish, Serbia, June 12.—The Serbian Press Bureau issued a statement today defending the incursion of Serbian troops into Albania, and concluding as follows:

"Serbia realizes the Albanian question will be definitely settled by Europe, but she also is conscious of the fact that the measures such as she is now taking are as much in the interest of the Great Powers as her own."

The reasons for the present expedition, as given in the statement, are that Albania has been a hotbed of Austro-Turkish intrigue, resulting in Albanian raids in Serbia, and that Serbia realized long since that its fighting front against Serbia would include the entire Albanian frontier.

The statement recites that Serbia during the Balkan war reached the open sea through Albania only to be forced to relinquish this territory through Austria influence.

After Vessel was Torpedoed Were Picked Up by German Submarine but Later Set Adrift.

London, June 12.—The British trawler James E. Leyman has been sunk by a German submarine in the North Sea. The crew was landed at Hull today. The submarine took the crew on board and then shelled the fishing boat. Later the crew was put adrift in the small boats of the James Leyman and ten hours elapsed before they were picked up.

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## BRITISH CREW SET ADRIFF IN OPEN BOATS

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