

General Business.

KENT DRIVING PARK,  
Kingston, Kent Co.  
9:00.00 IN PREMIUMS.

July 10th and 11th, 1877.  
FIRST DAY, - TUESDAY, JULY 10th.  
No. 1—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never won a race before, and to be governed by the Rules of the National Association, as amended on July 1st, 1877.

SECOND DAY, - WEDNESDAY, JULY 11th.  
No. 2—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never won a race before, and to be governed by the Rules of the National Association, as amended on July 1st, 1877.

CONDITIONS.  
All trotting will be done in harness, and to be governed by the Rules of the National Association, as amended on July 1st, 1877.

ENTRANCE FEE will be 10 per cent of the amount which positively must accompany the total stakes. If this is not made by July 1st, the horse will be disqualified.

ALL RACES, four or more to enter, and three to start. Money expending the field, or any part thereof, shall result in a premium only.

ADMISSION TO THE RACE, 10 CENTS.  
A. J. GILMAN, Secy.  
Kingston, Kent Co., 11th June, 1877.

WARDWARE  
To Our Friends and Customers.  
We are still in existence, and will be prepared to execute all orders for

HAVING TOOLS.  
At our Warehouses, Paddock street, corner of Water street. Also, will immediately have a full assortment of all the tools and hardware usually kept in stock.

Lordly, Howe & Co.  
Have opened at 200 Union street, on Golden Square, opposite Archibald's, near Court House.

J. & A. MILLAN,  
Bookbinders and Stationers, 600,  
Can be found at the Commercial Hotel and Carriage Works.

LONDON HOUSE.  
The Office will be found at the rear of the residence of James H. Bond, near the Court House, and ready for customers and orders every week.

MESSRS. E. PRILLER & BROS.  
Have opened a temporary Office at their Residence in Paradise street, a few doors from the Court House. They are prepared to undertake all the printing and bookbinding business usually done by the House.

A CONCERT  
AND  
SCHOOL EXHIBITION  
will be given by the Pupils of the Halifax Institute in Paradise street, on Tuesday, July 17th, at 8 o'clock P. M. Free admission.

MASONIC HALL, CHATEAUX,  
Friday Evening, July 13th.  
The Programme will consist of playing selections from the Grand Opera, instrumental solos, vocal solos, and choruses. Also, a variety of dramatic sketches, and other school exercises.

J. & W. F. HARRISON  
HAVE OPENED AT THEIR  
OLD STAND  
Portland Bridge,  
Saint John, N. B.

Z. G. GABELL,  
Mill Supplies, St. John,  
has taken a Store No. 21, King Street, and will be prepared to fill orders for mill supplies at usual prices. The terms of his friends will be gratefully received.

North Shore Trade.  
NOW the time to reach the North Shore. Deal in and let them know where you are and you are done.

"MIRAMICHI ADVANCE"  
is the best medium for advertising of this class. It is the only paper that will give you the most for the least.

BURNED OUT,  
KICKED OUT,  
or out of business.  
MANCHESTER HOUSE,  
FANCY GOODS,  
Just opened.

Silver Card Board, Perforated do.,  
Matted Mats, Common do.,  
Shaded Silk, Embroidered  
Morning Dress Buttons,  
Ladies and Men's Fancy Striped Hose.

Mrs. Moody's Abdominal Corsets,  
LADIES' FANS  
W. S. LOGGIE.

ARGYLE HOUSE,  
SEAL BROWN CAMBRICS,  
FINEST QUALITY,  
BLACK, BLUE, RED,  
GREEN, PURPLE, PINK,  
ORANGE, YELLOW, WHITE,  
WITH OR WITHOUT LINES,  
PLAIN OR WITH  
FANCY PATTERNS, Small  
Waist and Fancy Goods,  
W. H. NIDDRY,  
Argyle House.

Not Burned Out.  
NO address in print. A first class Stock of Groceries and Provisions, of the highest quality, at the lowest prices. Can supply FIRST & 2ND.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, N. B., every Thursday morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of the day.

It is sent to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain (Postage prepaid) by the money, in all cases, to accompany the order for the paper.

Advertising.  
The advertisements in this paper are placed under the following rates:

TRADE MARKS.  
\$1 per square, or inch, for first insertion.  
50c for second, and 25c for each insertion thereafter.

ORDER TO SECURE THE ADVANTAGE OF THE PATRONS OF THE NORTH SHORE AND FIVE THEM THE BENEFIT OF A LARGER CIRCULATION IN THE COMMUNITIES OF NORTHUMBERLAND, ST. JOHN AND WESTMINSTER, BEAVERFORD AND SHIPPEGAN, THEIR ADVERTISEMENTS WILL BE PROMPTLY MADE THEREFOR, BEING AS LOW AS THOSE OF OTHER WEEKLY PAPERS IN THE PROVINCE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circulation distributed among communities in the Counties of Northumberland, St. John and Westminister, Beaverford and Shippegan, and other parts of the Province, its advertisements will be made therefor, being as low as those of other weekly papers in the Province.

Editor "Miramichi Advance," Chatham, N. B.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1877.

The Gloucester Election.  
The corrected report of the polling in Gloucester County, on Monday, is as follows:

	AMEN.	TURBON.
Bathurst,	945	209
Carleton,	298	89
Tracadie,	73	104
New Brunswick,	179	99
Pokemouche,	124	63
Beaufort,	101	164
Shippegan,	170	39
<b>Total</b>	<b>1190</b>	<b>607</b>

Mr. Anglin's majority, 334.  
Our friends of the Opposition, including Hon. Mr. Mitchell, assisted Mr. Turgon against their opponent Mr. Anglin, who may congratulate himself with a majority which is large, under the circumstances.

The War.  
A graphic account of the crossing of the Danube by the Russian army, which subsequent events, reached us too late for this issue, but will appear next week. The fighting has been brisk during the past week, and our country readers shall have the full details in due time.

The St. John Fire.  
Our very full account of the St. John fire and the correctness of the Map which accompanied it, caused a very large demand for the ADVANCE of last week and soon exhausted an extra edition of five hundred copies. We have been obliged to return remittances sent for papers which we could not supply on this account. We are also obliged to the many friends who have been kind enough to commend our enterprise in connection with the Great Fire, and hope we shall always deserve the kind offices of those who esteem it no small incentive to continued exertion.

One could hardly know where to commence or where to leave off writing on the subject of the fire. No newspaper can do justice to it, and it is only such persons as Geo. Stewart, Jr. to whom we are informed, Messrs. Bedford Bros. of Toronto have entrusted the work of writing a history of the event for them—who will succeed in conveying to the public mind, in one publication, an adequate idea of the calamity. The St. John papers continue to be full of details connected with the great disaster, but as the interest in the general readers we will only give facts as go to show the course of events in the burned city.

Contributions continue to pour in from all quarters and every day develops additional evidence that they will all be done. We mention the following to show the range of contributions: Boston has sent \$200; St. John, sending over \$40,000 worth in money and goods. Halifax continues her good work and her subscription will equal that of Boston. York county, Ontario subscribed \$3,000. St. Andrews will give more than \$700; Chicago, \$15,000; Toronto, over \$20,000; London, Ontario, \$5,000; Fredericton, about \$10,000; Imperial Fire Insurance Co. of London \$2,433; Bath, Me. \$1,300; Augusta, Me. \$1,000; Galt, Ont. \$1,000; Windsor, N. S. \$3,000; New York over \$20,000; Hamilton Ont. \$10,000; Montreal, about \$1,200; Glasgow, Scotland, \$9,733; Birmingham about \$300. Our Richest correspondent writes to say that the people of that town subscribed \$410, which was taken to St. John by Mr. Wm. Wheten.

Subscriptions have been continued in Chatham and vicinity during the week. Over thirty dollars have been sent or brought to the Editor of the ADVANCE since Thursday last, and it is expected that the contributions, etc. will foot up about \$700 in addition to the first instalment in cash and provisions sent on the day following the fire. Mr. Trussell, Superintendent of the Chicago Relief Association—whose work in connection with the great fire in that city, over six years ago, is not yet completed—has visited St. John and is giving its citizens the benefit of his valuable experience. He has made great changes in the mode of administering the funds, provisions, etc. forwarded. The services of such a person were very necessary for it will be readily understood that men of even the best general business and administrative talent could not be expected to rise equal to the requirements of St. John's extraordinary emergency. They had not practical experience, but this has been supplied by Mr. Trussell, the effect of whose direction of the work is thus referred to by the Globe—  
"To-day, on the entrance of the visitor to the Relief a vast change met the eye. As he entered the Globe of Saturday, the building was getting drier and across the entire front to side, leaving the impression clear, by a boarding of about eight feet in height, and at right angles to the main entrance. Who has ever heard of a building being placed and distributed to the ticket holders. The front section is now divided into three departments, one containing benches for the applicants to be seated. Immediately in front of these are the tables and desks of the clerks and committee, to whom applications must be made for the various articles of relief. At a large table the General Committee is seated, who receive and examine the case of each applicant, and grant a ticket, which is taken to the desk of one of the clerks, who takes the name and residence, and fills in the ticket in an order for food only. The rations given on this morning were for a three days' supply. On receipt of the ticket, the holder is informed that a visitor will call on him and see him and inquire into his condition and necessities, and make out a list of what is required in clothing, furniture, etc. The ticket-holder then carries his order around to the provision department, to a commissary where his number corresponds with that on the ticket. There a sufficient quantity of goods are kept at hand from the general warehouse, consisting of a general assortment of all the necessary supplies, which are placed towards the centre of the building. A commissary runs around the semi-circular division into numbered sections, at one of which the applicant presents his ticket, and where he, the commissary, having with him the corresponding number, he takes on the ticket order for the food according to the ticket order. When the various commissaries, clerks and attendants have become fully acquainted with the various duties, the system will speedily advance. As it is, the daily visitor is impressed by the order and laying in the manner in which the management is conducted, as compared with the chaos and confusion which prevailed at the beginning of the relief. The system is energetic and assiduous in its efforts to initiate his system into successful working order, and among other things enters upon the most delicate and delicate task of settling up the accounts of the various departments and others the utmost respect and delicacy in treating with applicants. In listening to the various complaints of aged women, he deals with them as if each were his mother, and brings them back to their senses. He is a gentleman in his bearing, and in the manner in which he is brought in contact with them. The clerks and attendants are not yet in working order, and no tickets have been granted for the relief of the various departments. It is, however, expected that the relief of the various departments will be made from a door on the promenade. To-day, attendants are busy sorting and laying in the various articles of clothing. A number of ladies occupy desks, for attendance to the applicants of their sex. When the relief is in full operation, it will present to the spectator the largest, busiest, and most complete charitable institution to be witnessed in North America, and a most magnificent view of its workings will be afforded by an accurate eye in full operation. Building is being proceeded with in the burnt district in a very lively manner. The Common Council and leading citizens are endeavoring to secure an improved system in the matter of material used and the style of construction in buildings to be erected, but it is to be presumed that they will be partially successful, as property owners generally will never be led to pay pro-rata regard to the requirements of the community at the sacrifice of what they may consider their personal interests."

Waste of Money on the Canadian Press.  
"The Halifax Herald says:—The difficulties with which the Mail has been struggling, and from which the Globe is no doubt not totally free, suggest to us that a critical examination of the papers of Montreal and Toronto, which would reveal to a sensible person the extent of these difficulties. The fact is that there is a fearful daily waste of money in all the great papers of the Dominion, and there is not the slightest reason in the world why this should take place. A glance at the Canadian telegraphic copies of the Globe, Mail and Gazette for instance, will amply attest the waste of money. The most abundant facilities are daily telegraphed from one end of the Dominion to the other. Little accidents, little fires, little local events, little things, of no consequence at all to people not directly concerned, and of very little interest to them, are telegraphed at considerable expense to thousands of miles, and printers, proofreaders, etc., are paid to set the stuff up and correct it, and readers are supposed to be thankful for it. Then, we find endless columns of extract matter on all imaginable subjects, not one line of which is at all necessary to either the paper or its readers.

Then there are endlessly long editorials on all sorts of subjects, which, if the papers were shrewder, would be disposed of in two or three "sticks" at most. All this is waste of time, waste of material, waste of energy, and waste of money; and the result in circulation is no greater for the waste, and would be less if the waste were stopped."

Purifying the Civil Service.  
Referring to the dismissal of some employees engaged on work in connection with the Parliament Buildings after the Currier election, the Journal de Quebec of which Mr. Cauchon is editor and proprietor, thus delivers itself:—  
"Mr. Mackenzie has just given a sweep of the broom in his department which he had himself of insects which were doing mischief. In voting for Mr. Currier these faithful employees desired to strike at the Government and to upset it. What is there then so astonishing if they found themselves kicked out? Decency required them at least to observe a strict neutrality. Who has ever heard of a faithful servant seeking to ruin his patron? We have but one regret to express under the circumstances that is, the clearing out of the Department had not been accomplished before now in a manner still more complete."

The "march of improvement" in the department of public administration referred to above might, with good effect, be extended to certain classes of medical officials in New Brunswick.

INCREASE OF IMPORTS.—The statement of the imports of the Dominion for the last four months shows an increase of \$1,663,926 over that of the corresponding period last year.

THE PREMIER AT KINGSTON.—On the 27th ult. there was an immense demonstration at Kingston, for Mr. Mackenzie. Ten thousand people were present. He spoke two hours, refuting the charges of Dr. Tupper and Sir John A. Macdonald. The whole city was decorated, and the demonstration is said to have been the most enthusiastic ever seen there.

THE ENGLISH DOCKYARDS.—The authorities at the dockyards and arsenals are exercising greater care in permitting foreign workers to make a general inspection of works in progress. The latter are not to be allowed in any case to examine manufacturing processes or the improvements which it is intended to introduce in the gear of turret ships.

THE PATRIOT.—The Halifax Chronicle, referring to the Pastoral recently issued by Bishop Rogers addressed to members of his church in Gloucester says—  
"The Roman Catholic Bishop of the diocese of Halifax, in his Pastoral letter to his flock in Gloucester, is counselling them to be patient, forbearing and charitable towards each other in the contest, to vote as their consciences direct them, and to respect the right of their neighbors to do the same. His Lordship makes no reference whatever to the matter of the election, or of the course of a few weeks the springs dry, when the pastoral gentleman is obliged to seek new and more genial fields. We determine to have."

GENERAL NEWS.  
NEW POTATOES AND GREEN PEAS.—The Calais Times says that new potatoes and green peas raised in that vicinity are reported.

TEMPERANCE IN TORONTO.—Mr. Rine the temperance advocate states that since the arrival of the new crop of 4,000 persons have signed the pledge.

HISTORY OF ACADIA.—Mr. Hannay's book on this subject will soon be published, and will form a valuable addition to our national literature.

THE PARLAMENT.—Le Meis says it is not likely that any present circumstances, that Bishop Conroy will pay his intended visit to Montreal.

MURDEROUS ATTACK.—On the 25th ult. a young lady at Hamilton, Ont., was assaulted on the street and stabbed 15 times by a man apparently crazed.

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NATURAL SOAP.—Our exchanges are full of reports of a discovery of a mine of natural soap in California. It would be a good thing if soap were a little more natural to some people.

MEMORIAL LITERATURE.—Hon. Isaac Burpee, Minister of Customs for Canada, has ordered the purchase and distribution of all important publications, including the American Police News, National Gazette and Day's Doing.

ANOTHER GREAT FIRE.—A fire took place at Marblehead, Mass., on the morning of the 29th ult., which destroyed the Marblehead Hotel, in which it originated, the Eastern Railway Depot, and seventy-one other buildings.

HEALTH OF THE RUSSIAN TROOPS.—The British Medical Journal hears from a trustworthy source that the Russian troops on the Danube are suffering extremely from dysentery and typhoid diseases, and that a large part of the men not in hospital are showing signs of incipient malaria.

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Commercial College.—We are particularly gratified over the announcement that the Commercial College of Messrs. Eaton & Kerr at St. John is to be continued. They lost previous furniture, books and apparatus by fire, and had no insurance, yet they have re-established themselves in new quarters and are prepared to carry on a business which has been found so essential in the proper commercial education of young men throughout the Province. We wish them the large measure of success they will well deserve.

OPPOSITION STAMERS FROM MONTREAL TO QUEBEC.—New steamers and other improvements have been completed on the steamer *Rochester*, from St. John, now lying at the canal basin, and the painters will finish their work to-day, when she will be at once brought to her berth adjoining the Richelieu Line, and will be ready with the "Cultivator," to begin her trips between Montreal city and Quebec. It is claimed that *Yeo's Gateway* is very fast—in fact, her owners assert she is the fastest boat in the Dominion, which, no doubt, will soon be tried.—E.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND RAILWAY.—A correspondent of the Toronto Globe says:—"In vain have we spent \$42,000 on a preliminary survey, they assert it will cost Messrs. E. Thorneycroft & Co., one of the papers of so-called clients who are given to prayer meeting exhortations, who take or have presumed to take a turn at preaching, and who read sermons to volunteers when they can invite them within their own doors, and who have the presumption to officiate, as the most violent and unchristianlike to be found in the country. The Press which ought to be in the hands of persons of very different stamp is much abused and disgraced by such a course, and it would be better if they could sustain themselves entirely by oral efforts, for then they would be obliged to confine their ministrations to such as would be open to the infliction of hearing them."

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