

# Victoria Weekly Times.

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VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1893.

PART 2.

## VEHEMENCE OF VEST

Senator Frye Scorching Commissioner Blount

AND EXTOLS MINISTER STEVENS

Senator Vest Would Rather Trust a Hungry Wolf

Than Put Confidence in Frye—Christian Pretensions of Stevens and Co. Hid—Out of Their Lands—What the Republicans Really Want.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Senator Frye, in discussing Senator Hoar's Hawaiian resolution, directed attention particularly to the statement made last Monday that the United States flag had been dishonored and made to cover an act of piracy. That statement, of course, Mr. Frye said, could only refer to the conduct of Minister Stevens. He said Stevens' history compared with that of Blount, and declared Stevens, intellectually and otherwise, was in every way superior to that of Blount, and that no president, not even Cleveland with all his power, could change this condition. Senator Frye also declared that Blount in his report had not written one single unvarnished line.

At the conclusion of Frye's speech Senator Vest commented on the partisan speeches of Hoar and Frye, and said in reference to Frye that on all party questions he (Vest) would just as soon trust him as he would a hungry wolf when the bleat of the farmer's lambs is heard in a yard in the immediate vicinity. He ridiculed the Christian pretensions of Stevens and the revolutionists of Hawaii. He said they had Christianized the natives out of their own country and taken possession of it in the name of God, then divided the lands among themselves under a law made by themselves. (Laughter.)

He declared it was the policy of the Republicans to have, not a compact, confederate republic, as the fathers of the republic established it, but to have a great, expansive territory always acquiring and its government extending to the islands of the ocean and to the uttermost parts of the earth. He discredited the policy of the Republicans, and asserted that the provisional government of Hawaii was a de facto government, and that a de facto government had rights of a de jure government.

Referring to the action of the British naval and diplomatic authorities at Honolulu in the event of trouble, the Hon. Charles Stewart, Dec. 1st publishes the following: "It appears that upon an outbreak or an invasion by the United States forces, the Champion's men will come ashore and form a hollow square about the British legation, or such other place as Minister Woodhouse may choose as his headquarters. All British subjects will be invited to come within the lines and there they will find safety. Owing to the policy of the British, no British marines or sailors will be detailed to guard property. That will be left to the American and Hawaiian governments, particularly the former, which was said in the house of commons last March to have been vested with that responsibility. The Englishmen were assured by Minister Woodhouse that the British forces had no other object in coming ashore than the one stated, and that they did not expect to establish a protectorate."

**Perished in the Flames.**  
Cherryfield, Me., Dec. 13.—The dwelling house of William Foss was burned last evening. Foss, his son Everett, aged 15, and his grandson, Judson, aged 8, perished in the flames.

**From Poverty to Affluence.**  
Bridgport, Dec. 13.—Henry Dobson, an inmate of the almshouse here, has fallen heir to \$150,000. He is 40, and left his home in England early in life. Lately he saw a notice of his father's death, and sent a letter of condolence to any member of the family still living. Through this the executor learned of his existence, and an English lawyer is here now. He has brought Dobson a draught for \$5,000, and the former pauper now lives in a fashionable boarding house.

**Roman Catholic School Policy.**  
Baltimore, Md., Dec. 13.—The Roman Catholics of this diocese will not press their demands for a share of the public funds. A meeting of the clergy was held at the house of the vicar-general today, at which Cardinal Gibbons presided. While all the priests, including the cardinal, were favorably inclined to the proposition, it was thought best, owing to decided opposition on the part of the laymen, not to ask the passage of the bill by the next legislature. So the matter rests for the present.

**Bent and Robbed.**  
San Francisco, Dec. 13.—A dispatch from Monterey says C. T. Carnes, an agent of the Bank of London in Monterey, was severely beaten by two Americans a few days ago and robbed of \$3,200. The criminals were arrested and part of the money recovered.

**The Roof Fell on Them.**  
Bellair, O., Dec. 13.—Six of a gang of carpenters engaged in tearing down the largest house here for the Swift Packing Company of Chicago, this morning,

were seriously injured by a section of the roof falling on them. Three of the victims are not expected to live through the day.

## ANARCHY IN FRANCE

Popular Opinion is Now Very Strongly Against Socialism.

Paris, Dec. 13.—The Socialist deputies have chosen the worst time to raise the question whether or not the recent strikes in the coal districts were justifiable. Several of the more moderate representatives of the party were against provoking a debate on miners' rights, but they were overruled by the extremists, who are closely associated with the avowed anarchists.

Both in and out of the chamber the reactions since the bomb explosions of Saturday have been so complete that Socialist doctrines, which formerly were listened to patiently, now excite only resentment. M. Basi's motion in the chamber yesterday was merely for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the strikes. It was an attempt to expurgate a copy of Basi's original resolution which affirmed the necessity of repealing the existing mine laws, of nationalizing mining property and annulling all mining concessions without indemnifying the present owners. No proposal so distinctively permeated with the principles of collectivism has ever been discussed in the chamber. The Socialist speakers, somewhat tamed by the public indignation, gave but veiled expression to their purposes, as originally indicated by Basi. The deputies thoroughly understood, however, the drift of their speeches and responded to the ministerial exposures of the Socialists' plan. The division to-morrow will show that three-fourths of the chamber oppose Basi and his group. The revulsion of feeling against Socialism is so intense and widespread that it is likely to become a permanent check to the party. The newspapers abound in articles tracing the intimacy of the relations between the Socialists and Anarchists. Just before the culmination of Vaillant's plot, Le Petit Republicain had declared that the Collectivists and Anarchists met on common ground, as both regarded the society of to-day an ephemeral monster, nursed by brutality and spoliation. Le Temps expresses the general opinion in making this comment upon the protests of the Socialists that they do not espouse the Anarchist cause. The Socialists are insincere. The Collectivists, generally, do not hamper themselves with scruples as to legality or morality. They regard these outrages with complacency, if not sympathy. These criticisms, however, apply rather to the followers of Jules Guesde, the Marxist, than to the more moderate municipal Socialists, who formerly aspired to be the strongest and most careful organization of all the French Socialist groups. The Guesdists, while repudiating fraternity with the Anarchists, are not less inimical to the latter.

The Parisian newspapers, Le Rappel publishes a letter addressed by Vaillant to Guesde in the election of 1887. The letter begins with "My Dear Guesde," and proceeds to say: "You are a Socialist revolutionary and close with the words: 'Yours with a fraternal shake of the hand.' The biographies of several men arrested since Saturday on suspicion of complicity with Vaillant show that they formerly were members of Guesde's circles. The Socialist editors are consumed with anger every time a new accusation is made against them and retort venomously with counter charges. Le Petit Republicain says: "The Monarchist and Opportunist press continues vomiting against Socialism and exasperates its palpable calumnies," yelling all the time that Collectivism is Anarchism and must be crushed. The famous repression of the newspapers will not suffice for them. We must be hunted down and exterminated."

The Collectivist newspaper has come nearer than this in refuting the charge of friendship with the Anarchists. Special Guesdist journals do not deny this bond of sympathy but boldly defend Vaillant. Le Peuple in Lyons, the most popular of the Guesdist dailies in the south of France, calls the explosion of Saturday "a mere incident in social war," and adds: "We have no anathema for the men who seek supreme revenge as a remedy for the intolerable evils afflicting them."

Premier Casimir-Perier conferred with Ministers Raimbault and Dubois this afternoon, and with them decided upon the rigorous enforcement of the new measures against the anarchists. The new special police will be formed by next January and will be sent to work at once in all the large towns searching for domiciles and railway stations and frequenting meetings of the malcontents. This surveillance will be general, secret and thorough.

The house of Paul Redus, nephew of Eliza Redus, the celebrated writer on geography, was searched to-day by the police and many documents of an anarchist tendency were seized. Paul Redus, like his uncle, is an anarchist in theory only. The police have made many domiciliary visits in Calais, but have found nothing objectionable.

In Falaise, Calvados, where the postmaster was informed by letter that the postoffice would be blown up, they have been equally unsuccessful. The editor of Le Peuple in Lyons was called to the prefecture there and examined, but was not detained. A Spaniard named Pys has been arrested. As he acknowledges that he left Barcelona immediately after the explosion in the Lyceum opera house he will be expelled from France at once. In Marseilles many houses have been searched and many documents seized. Saturday's merry wicked in social war, and adds: "We have no anathema for the men who seek supreme revenge as a remedy for the intolerable evils afflicting them."

**Arms for Cuba.**  
City of Mexico, Dec. 14.—It is suspected that arms are being smuggled from the Gulf coast to Cuba, evading the vigilance of the American authorities by making shipments via Mexico.

**A Dashing Member of Society.**  
New Orleans, La., Dec. 14.—Albert E. Voorhees, Jr., clerk of the office of the state health board, has been found to be an embezzler. Investigations already show that he has stolen between \$7,000 and \$10,000. Voorhees was a dashing, handsome society young man, son of Judge Voorhees, who sat in the supreme court of this state, and more recently on the district bench. He began some time ago "playing" the races and had wonderful luck. Eventually he met with losses and two weeks ago wrote a confession of his embezzlement and left for Central America.

**Death of a Moonshiner.**  
Parkersburg, W. Va., Dec. 14.—Lewis Davis, a Lincoln county moonshiner, who was being chased by excise officers,

## AVOWED ASSASSINS

The British Government Interrogated To-Day

BY HERBERT KNATCHBUOL HUGGESSON

As to Whether Anarchists Expelled From France

Will be Allowed to Land in England—Also if a Measure Preventing Their Landing Will be Prepared—Home Secretary Asquith Replies They Cannot be Stopped.

London, Dec. 14.—In the House of Commons to-day Herbert Knatchbull Huggesson, independent Conservative member for the northeast division of Kent, asked the government whether anarchists expelled from France were to be allowed to come to England. If they could not lawfully be prevented from landing under the present laws would the government bring in a measure to save the country from becoming a refuge for avowed advocates of assassination. Mr. Asquith, home secretary, replied that the existing laws did not provide for the prevention of anarchists landing in England. He also said that the government was not prepared to alter laws.

**Abandoned in the Desert.**  
Missoula, Mont., Dec. 14.—Ben Keely, the trapper who assisted the Carlin party to escape from the Clear Water country, was in Missoula yesterday. He says the abandonment of Colgate was a cowardly desertion. It is alleged that Colgate was unable to keep up with the rest of the party, but was still walking when it was decided to leave him. Keely says he wished to leave some of the provisions with the young man, but claims that young Carlin would not let him, saying they had not enough for themselves.

**An Advocate of Vivisection.**  
Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 14.—Members-elect of the Ohio general assembly have received copies of a circular letter from Dr. J. S. Pyle of Canton, Ohio, urging the enactment of a law appropriating condemned criminals for medical research. He would have them placed under the influence of opiates that their brains may be laid bare for study and examination in the living form by physiologists and then painlessly killed by opiate.

**Stolen by a Cow.**  
Lima, Peru, Dec. 14.—The British minister here, Col. Sir Charles Meade, while returning from the cricket field on Tuesday morning, was attacked in the Alameda by a furious cow and was seriously wounded in the body and head. He lies in the hospital today receiving the best medical attendance and nursing the city can afford. He was put under chloroform last night and an operation performed to remove pieces of the skull which had been crushed in. His condition is considered serious.

**Canadian Exports.**  
London, Dec. 14.—The exports from Great Britain to Canada declined 20 per cent. during November, but increased 0.16 per cent. for the eleven months of the year. The imports from Canada decreased 13 per cent. for November, and the eleven months' imports of cows decreased from 118,000 pounds to 28,000 pounds; wheat and flour from 2,000,000 pounds to 1,400,000 pounds; meat from 9,800,000 to 2,800,000.

**The Queen's Health.**  
London, Dec. 14.—The Prince and Princess of Wales returned to Marlborough House yesterday afternoon after a stay of several weeks in Sandringham. This morning, accompanied by the Duke and Duchess of York and the Princesses Victoria and Maud of Wales, they left by special train on the Great Western railway for Windsor, on a visit to the Queen. It is said their sudden trip was prompted by a telegram from the castle, and rumors are afloat that Her Majesty's health is anything but satisfactory to her medical attendants, and that of late she has given indications of extreme mental depression. According to the plans of the royal household the venerable sovereign will leave for Balmoral next Tuesday for the Christmas holidays, in accordance with the time-honored custom, the court having spent every Christmas in the Highlands for over twenty years. It is known that efforts have been made to persuade the Queen to change her plans in view of the inclement weather that now prevails in Scotland, but Her Majesty will brook no opposition when she has made up her mind.

**Behavior of Bernardo Boys.**  
London, Dec. 14.—Dr. Bernardo is sending vigorous protests to the press against reports cable from Canada and appearing in the Canadian press reflecting on the boys sent out from his homes. He deals specially with the recent statement in a Toronto paper alleging the murder in Manitoba had been committed by a Bernardo boy, when the boy concerned never was an inmate of any of the Bernardo homes. The doctor repeats that less than 2 per cent. of his young emigrants have proved failures, and only a fraction of one per cent. have joined the vicious or criminal population of Canada. The Canadian Gazette in an editorial urges that the government ought to take steps to thoroughly investigate the whole question and definitely ascertain whether the charges brought against this class of emigrants are well founded.

## JUSTICE SATISFIED

Luckey, the New Bliss Murderer, Pays the Penalty

ON THE SCAFFOLD THIS MORNING

Of the Diabolical Butchery Committed Last Year.

He Passes a Calm Night—Marches to His Death With Firm Tread—Protests His Innocence Before God and Man—Forgives Hangman Radcliffe—Death is Instantaneous.

Brookville, Ont., Dec. 14.—For the awful crime committed near the quiet little hamlet of New Bliss, about sixteen miles from Brookville, on the afternoon of Saturday, Oct. 2nd, 1892, whereby three members of the unfortunate Luckey family, father, mother and daughter, lost their lives, Charles Sanford Luckey, the murderer, paid the penalty in the jail yard here at 8 this morning, in the presence of about 50 spectators, principally newspaper men. Luckey retired last night at 6:30 and slept soundly until about 4 this morning, when he was awakened by Jailer McDougall. Only once did he awaken, about 11 o'clock, when he immediately went to sleep again. The prisoner was very composed, quietly dressed himself and partook of a light breakfast, after which he spent an hour with Rev. Dr. Saunders, his spiritual adviser.

At exactly three minutes to 8 the procession, headed by the deputy sheriff, left the jail corridor and entering the court yard made its way solemnly to where the scaffold had been erected. Radcliffe, the executioner, after placing the murderer directly under the noose, grasped Luckey's hands and Luckey returned the grasp heartily and in a low tone said: "I forgive you, Radcliffe, and I am an innocent man."

There was apparently not a tremor in either of the men, and not another word was spoken by the prisoner. While Dr. Saunders repeated the Lord's prayer the drop was sprung and Luckey's body shot into the air. The clock on the court house had just struck the hour of 8 as the drop fell. There was a convulsive twitching of the body for a few seconds and then it straightened out and hung rigid. The body was cut down by Radcliffe at 8:25. The neck was severed, and when the black cap was removed the features of the dead man were almost the same as when he faced the crowd.

Luckey proclaimed his innocence to the last. When leaving his cell this morning it is reported that he said to those within hearing that he was innocent of the crime before God and man. The body will be interred within the jail walls.

**Chris Evans Found Guilty.**  
Preston, Cal., Dec. 14.—The jury in the case of the outlaw Chris Evans, charged with the murder of United States Deputy Marshal McGinnis, at Sanpaulo's Flat, discharged this morning after being out 16 hours. The judge refused to discharge them and sent them back. About half an hour later they returned with a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree, fixing the penalty of imprisonment for life.

**Killed in Self-Defence.**  
San Francisco, Dec. 14.—Jack Walsh, a sailor, was fatally stabbed by Thomas D. Papadacos, a Greek candy peddler, last evening. Papadacos when arrested acknowledged the crime, but claimed it was done in self-defence, and several other men have brutally attacked him on his way home, knocking him down and endeavoring to steal his candy. The dead man was stabbed to the heart with the small blade of a clasp knife.

**Died Without Flinching.**  
Smithport, Pa., Dec. 14.—Ralph Crossmier was hanged here this morning for the murder of his mother, Lucetta Crossmier, about a year ago. He walked firmly to the scaffold and met his fate without flinching. Just before the drop fell Crossmier said: "I forgive all who have sinned against me."

**Hurrying Out of Port.**  
San Francisco, Dec. 14.—Sailors are making haste to have all their vessels cleared before January 1st. It is generally believed that after New Year's day no clearance papers will be allowed to sailors.

**Imperial Federation.**  
London, Dec. 14.—Rt. Hon. Sir John Lubbock, Bart., F. R. S., member of the House of Commons for London University, president of the London branch of the Imperial Federation League, to promote union in the empire for defence and commercial union, as nearly as it is practicable on the basis of free trade throughout the empire, the first aim to be the establishment of periodical conferences of the empire.

**The American Plutocracy.**  
New York, Dec. 14.—Society is in a flutter today over the first ball of the season of the "Patriarchs," which takes place to-night at Delmonico's and will mark the 21st year of this "exclusive" organization. The number of those permitted to subscribe for ten invitations each. Since the closing ball of last season four new "Patriarchs" have been admitted to fill vacancies, the fortunate ones being Hon. Whitelaw Reid, Wm. Rhinelander, Orme Wilson and J. Hooker Hamersley. The 50 subscribers to the function of to-night include John Jacob Astor, William Waldorf Astor, Ward

## LIBERALS VICTORIOUS.

Prince Edward Islanders Sustain the Party of Progress.

Ottawa, Dec. 14.—The latest returns from Prince Edward Island show that at the general provincial election yesterday the Liberals were re-elected by a large majority, although their leader, Peters, was defeated by the leader of the opposition. The Liberal government will therefore remain in office.

Charlotte Town, P. E. I., Dec. 14.—The government Premier Peters was retained at the polls yesterday. The majority in the next house for the Liberals will be 20. Only five Conservatives were returned, minus their leader, Mr. Bentley, who was defeated.

**Perishing Amidst Plenty.**  
Montreal, Dec. 14.—Officials of the city health department occasionally come across real misery, especially in winter. Serge, Cardin, a French Canadian, was yesterday found a woman with a three-year-old child without either food or fuel. She was also confined at the same time, but the newly-born infant perished within two hours. A physician was called in, but his efforts were of no avail. The officer called in some neighbors, who provided both food and heat for the unfortunate woman. The sergeant also found in another house a woman lying on a pile of rags, lying of starvation in a room, and in another room a woman in a similar condition.

**At a Ripe Old Age.**  
Montreal, Dec. 14.—George Wilson, a well-known boot and shoe merchant, died suddenly last evening at his store on Notre Dame street. He was seen to fall heavily to the floor. Death is supposed to have been caused by syncope of the head, but an inquiry will be held. Mr. Wilson was one of the best known men on Notre Dame street, having been in business there over 30 years. He was 74 and leaves four daughters, Mrs. James Witham, Mrs. A. W. Birnie, Mrs. E. Buchanan of Montreal, and Mrs. C. Alloway of Minneapolis, Minn. He was a member of the Irish Protestant Benevolent society and a prominent Free Mason, being a member of St. Lawrence lodge, No. 640, A. F. & A. M. The funeral will take place on Saturday.

**The County of Vancouver.**  
Vancouver, Dec. 14.—J. D. Byrne has received the appointment as special administrator for the newly-formed county of Vancouver.

**FRIENDS OF MELLO**  
Protest Against Fitting Out of Warships for Brazil.

New York, Dec. 14.—Ray Barbois, Admiral Mello's representative on land, telegraphs from Buenos Ayres as follows: "Do not believe the official Brazilian news, assuring you that Admiral da Gama has issued a monarchical manifesto. Remember the report sent you about Admiral Mello favoring the placing of a son of Count d'Eu on the throne of Brazil. It is the same fiction in both cases."

New York, Dec. 14.—Certain prominent and wealthy Brazilians living in or near this city, who favor the cause represented by Mello in the combat now being waged in the South American republics, have united to obtain redress against the persons who have fitted out warships in this port and dispatched them to Brazil in the interest of Peixoto. This syndicate of Brazilians also propose to restrain, if possible, the arming of other ships for this purpose in the ports of the United States. They assert that the United States government, in allowing such ships to be fitted out here has violated the law of nations and rendered itself liable to enormous damages. The spectacle of a neutral power permitting interested individuals to prepare a hostile fleet in its own waters is claimed to be unprecedented and in violation of the statutes. It was impossible yesterday to ascertain the names of these gentlemen, but they are seven in number and they will test the soundness of their contention by a public hearing. One of the lawyers of high standing, as well as large experience in the United States courts, has been retained to prosecute the suits contemplated.

**Royalty and Grippe.**  
London, Dec. 14.—The Princess of Wales is suffering from influenza. She is at Sandringham house, and is making good progress toward recovery.

**The Test Was Satisfactory.**  
New York, Dec. 14.—Crusier, New York returned from a 48 hours' run to sea for the purpose of testing her engines and the settings of her guns, etc., this morning. The vessel acted admirably; the test was in every way satisfactory. The officers and crew were also thoroughly inspected in their duties and acquitted themselves well. During the trip Cadet Edward Moses was slightly scalded by a pump blowing out. Burias, a machinist, fell from the captain's bridge and had his back injured. During the firing of the guns Cadet Williams accidentally smashed one of the turrets.

## Dan Coughlin's Trial.

London, Dec. 14.—Within a few days the government is likely to be called upon to give a definite answer to the question whether there is or is not an English end to the trial of Dan Coughlin for participating in the murder of Dr. P. H. Cronin, which is now in progress at Chicago. If certain allegations that have been made within 24 hours are founded upon fact it may be open to proof that since the first of October the British secret service fund has contributed a sum said to be one thousand pounds or five thousand dollars, to be used in the defence of Dan Coughlin, and this sum, it is said, has been forwarded to the United States in two different installments. High officials of Scotland Yard are understood to have brought about the appropriation, these in turn being influenced by an extensive detective agency in the United States which acts as the official correspondent of Scotland Yard, and which has had considerable to do in the past in the way of investigating alleged dynamite plots against Great Britain and the sailing of alleged dynamite emissaries from New York. The contribution of the secret service fund is said to have been in the form of an eleventh hour recognition of the services rendered to the government through these agencies by persons interested in Coughlin's acquittal. Questions on the subject are likely to be put to Home Secretary Asquith within a few days either by Mr. Labouchere or a member of the Irish party in sympathy with the Cronin element in the United States. In this connection some comment has been excited by the fact that the spy and informer Le Caron is known to have been in consultation with two members of the Unionist party within the past week. It is the prerogative of the government to refuse all information concerning the disposition of any funds granted from the secret services fund, but it is believed that in a case of this character the Home Secretary could be compelled to make a justification of the reasons upon which the allowance—if one has been made—was based.

## Steamers Withdrawn From Service.

San Francisco, Dec. 14.—The Pacific Coast Steamship Company announced today that on Monday next it will withdraw the following steamers from service: Alexander Duncan, Yaguima, Santa Cruz, Coos Bay, Alki, Queen, and probably the City of Puebla, because of dull trade. This will throw 400 men out of employment. The owners of the steamer Santa have been notified by the North Pacific Steamship Company, which recently chartered the steamer, to run between Astoria and Puget Sound ports, that they would return the steamer to them at once, as business did not warrant the continuance of the vessel on the service.

## AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

**Daily Chronicle of Events in the Great Republic.**  
Chicago, Dec. 14.—At to-day's session of the American federation of labor a report of the new trades organized under the auspices of the organization during the year was presented and approved. Emphasis was laid upon the recent formation of a national union of women laundry workers, and a committee was appointed to submit plans for the extension of this organization throughout the country.

Champaign, Ill., Dec. 14.—The cornerstone of the new engineering hall of the University of Illinois was formally laid at noon to-day in the presence of a large throng, including the faculty, students and graduates of the institution. On account of the inclement weather the exercises were held in the chapel, the oration being delivered by Dr. R. H. Thurston, director of Sibley college at Cornell university.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 14.—The marriage of Miss Gracie Mildred Black, daughter of Congressman-at-large J. C. Black of Illinois, to Rev. Frank Buffington Vrooman will be solemnized this evening at St. John's church. The Illinois delegation and their families and friends from various states will be present.

Chicago, Dec. 14.—The general managers of the roads in the Central Traffic association are in session here to-day for the purpose of determining upon measures to be taken in view of the prevailing demoralization in freight and passenger traffic. Street commission is said to have some east-bound roads have cut rates below the paying point. The managers are determined to use radical measures, if necessary, to put an end to the prevailing demoralization.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 13.—When the steamer Alameda sails from San Francisco for Honolulu to-morrow she will carry dispatches from Secretary Gresham to Minister Willis. It is believed that these dispatches contain instructions which may have a vital effect on the Hawaiian situation. They are necessarily somewhat hastily prepared in order to catch the Alameda. To-morrow may be a memorable day in the history of the provisional government. The revenue cutter Corwin, which left San Francisco secretly on the night of December 4, is due in Honolulu then, and it is understood that she carries implicit instructions to Minister Willis as to his action in regard to the contingencies which have arisen to interfere with his carrying out the administration policy of restoring the ex-queen. Whether or not the communication to be sent by the Alameda will modify the original instructions sent by the cutter cannot be ascertained, and friends of the provisional government are divided in their opinions as to whether the minister will act up to the promise he gave President Dole not to act until the arrival of the Alameda on December 21.