

FOOT ELM IS IMITATED.

Everywhere you go you hear of the wonderful success of Foot Elm. It positively cures sweaty, tender, blistered, inflamed feet and makes shoes wholesome and sweet.

Its great success has led to imitations. A good thing is always imitated. You need not buy the imitation. Any honorable dealer will give you Foot Elm when you ask for it. A dealer who offers you an imitation when you ask for Foot Elm will take advantage of you in other ways. Deal with honest merchants, who will not offer you imitations for the sake of making a few cents extra profit.

TRY IT DOMINION DAY.

Foot Elm is sold in boxes containing 18 powders. 25c a box, or 5 boxes, \$1.

STOTT & JURY, L. A., Bowmanville, Ontario.

SENSATION IN ST. BASIL'S

Bishop Dowling Censures a Priest Before His Flock.

His Lordship Threatens to Take Away Father Lennon's Facilities.

Brantford, June 28.—Bishop Dowling, of Hamilton, created something of a sensation in St. Basil's Church, when administering the rite of confirmation to over 100 children. High mass was sung by Father Lennon, and then the ceremony was proceeded with.

His lordship announced that he was there as their bishop to administer the rite of confirmation to their children. He then asked the question, are there any here who are claimed by the neighboring parish of St. Mary's?

Father Cummings replied that there was one boy was scarcely audible. The bishop replied: "Speak up, sir, your bishop is here."

Father Cummings repeated, in a louder tone, that there was a boy named John Ryan. The lad is a son of Mr. Patrick Ryan, and then the bishop, addressing the boy, asked him who had sent him to St. Basil's. The boy replied that he had been sent by his father.

The bishop remarked that Father Lennon was at the bottom of this. The bishop then turned to Father Lennon and asked whether he claimed jurisdiction over the boy.

Father Lennon replied that he had no jurisdiction but what he got from his bishop.

The bishop—Because, if you did, I would very soon see into it, and if you claimed that boy I would take away your facilities. Then, turning to the audience, the bishop continued:

"You have a bishop here that will make his priests obey him, and I intend to be obeyed. If I did not maintain my authority as bishop I would not be fit to govern this diocese. Go back to your place, boy, you are not to blame; you have done as your father told you. Our Lord, when on earth, appointed bishops, and commanded these bishops to teach, and he expects priests to obey their bishops and expects the people to obey their priests. I think it is necessary to give an object lesson in this church. I love this church. I was the priest who preached at the laying of the cornerstone. I helped to build and pay for this church long before the man you have had holy orders, and the good priests here were my friends. I am a man of peace, but I am also a bishop, and I intend to make my priests obey me, and when they appeal to the Pope against me, the Pope himself writes to the Holy Father, and I am going to tell you that it is well and good that you should love and obey your parents, even though they may not be doing right, love them and honor them because the bishop told you so, and grow up to be good boys and good citizens. When I was in Toronto preaching in the presence of the archbishop and the Premier of the Dominion, I laid down the principle that the Catholic Church was the great power for maintaining authority in the family, the state, and the church. As a Catholic I teach young men to respect their parents, their magistrates, and their priests, even though the priest is not respectful to the bishop, obey him. Are we to obey the laws? Yes, we are."

"Obey and respect your priest as long as he does his duty, but if he teaches you to resist your bishop, woe be to him; woe be to the priest that by his conduct or conversation would promote such a spirit among the people. I do not accuse him of it, but I want him to lay down the gauntlet to-day to dispute my authority. When I stand here I stand here as the poor man's friend, and I think the poor people deserve to have a good priest among them. When the Holy Father asked me what I wanted to promote religion in this diocese, I said I wanted more priests, more students, more young men, and I have not got the money. He said, why don't you tax, and when I imposed the tax your man here was the only man who refused to pay the tax and appealed to Rome, but thanks be to God, the Holy Father

stood by me, and brought him to time. "I mention to you these facts that the soldier must obey the general, and in the Catholic Church the people must obey the bishop. It is a painful thing for a bishop to have a difficulty of this kind. I respect Father Lennon; I respect him for his many good qualities; but if he tries to fight me he fights the wrong man, that is certain, or the man who will take his part against me."

His lordship ordered young Ryan to go to St. Mary's, where he was confirmed in the afternoon. Father Lennon declined to be interviewed on the subject.

CORRUPTION

Nova Scotia Conference's Stand on the Subject.

A Strongly-Worded Petition To Be Sent to Parliament—To Preach Against the Evil.

Yarmouth, N.S., June 28.—At the recent meeting of the Nova Scotia conference of the Methodist Church in this town, the following resolutions were passed:

Whereas, the practice of bribery at elections is rapidly increasing in many sections of our country and the venality of the voters becoming more and more unblushing;

And, whereas, an elector has as little right to sell the decision he is supposed to record when he casts his vote as a judge and jury have to render judgment they pronounce in our courts of justice;

Whereas, the practice adds enormously to the temptations of our public men and the expenses of government and tends to steady lower the standard of public morality;

Whereas, on account of the importance this practice gives the campaign funds, the Christian sentiment in its struggle for the enactment of prohibitory and other laws is and must be seriously handicapped;

Whereas, many of our church members excuse the practice as a necessary evil, and, in many cases, in the service of their respective parties, either handle corrupt funds or consent to their employment instead of bearing Christian testimony against this crime;

Whereas, we cannot expect a Holy God to bless us with the revival which we hope will close the present and usher in the twentieth century as long as the corrupting crime is among us, and we stand in any other relation to this public crime than that of brave and consistent protestant against it;

Be it resolved, that as a conference, we set our faces against this evil in every form, and recommend the following practical methods for producing in the country a higher conception of the duties of Christian citizenship.

(1) That we preach sermons dealing specifically with this evil, especially before election campaigns open and urge our people to free themselves and to do all in their power to free their respective political parties from complicity to this crime against free citizenship.

(2) That in our Sabbath schools and Epworth Leagues instruction be given on this subject.

(3) That we petition the councils of public instruction to provide for some instruction on civic duty in our public schools, especially in this regard, and that this violation of the claims of citizenship be suggested as a subject for discussion on Empire Day.

(4) That we petition parliament to add to the stringency of the act to prevent corrupt practices at elections.

The following petition was ordered to be laid before parliament:

"That, whereas the practice of bribery at elections has in many sections become notoriously common and the venality of the electorate so flagrant that the privilege of the franchise is looked upon merely as a matter of merchandise;

And, whereas, thus the principle of representative government is in danger of being seriously undermined;

And, whereas, an elector who sells the decision he is supposed to be recording when he casts his vote is a traitor to a great trust, as judges and juries would be if they bartered for money

the decisions they pronounce in the courts of justice;

We, therefore, humbly petition parliament to add to the stringency of the act to prevent corrupt practices at elections, and pray our representatives of both political parties to participate in a united effort to devise means whereby an end may be put to this evil, which, if not checked, will become the standing disgrace of our politics, a stain on the honors of parliament, a menace to the stability of the constitution, a general evil contagion debauching the moral sense of the electorate.

SEVEN HOURS OF TALK

Sir Charles H. Tupper Brings Up the Yukon Matter Again,

And Moves a Resolution Making Charges—Not Through Yet—The Usury Bill.

Ottawa, June 28.—Sir Hibbert Tupper spoke for seven hours yesterday upon the Yukon, and will resume his speech today. When the house opened he had before him a pile of documents and books a couple of feet high, and when the house adjourned the pile was still formidable, so that his own estimate of ten hours may prove to be accurate. He concluded his speech today by submitting a resolution which it took him an hour to read, formulating his charges and asking for a royal commission of two or more judges. He offered his services gratuitously to assist the commission in probing the matter to the bottom, and said that he was prepared to abide by the result of the commission, and to consider that his failure to substantiate the charges made he would have forfeited his right to sit in parliament or to hold any office in the gift of the crown.

Sir Hibbert's motion was in effect as follows:

That the condition of things in the Yukon was satisfactory until Mr. Sifton took charge of it; that in his administration of the Yukon he is guilty of serious neglect of duty and maladministration; that he misstated the facts in parliament as to his timely information upon the requirements of the district; that he appointed as mining inspectors McGowan and Norwood, who were incapable and corrupt; that his late law partners, Phelps and Cameron, were illegally given gold leases; that he illegally gave F. Wade permission to deal in mines; that the city of Dawson was so shamefully neglected in sanitary arrangements that an epidemic resulted; that Wade and other officers named were guilty of corruption in office, and that certain of them took bribes; that official information was improperly disclosed; that Judge Dugas became improperly interested in mining claims, etc.

The charges against Wade and Phelps, who were late law partners, were substantially as follows:

That Major Walsh subsequently (to issuing the order preventing the sale of liquor on Sunday) permitted one Lucille Elliott, to keep open on the Sabbath a stand for the sale of cigars and light drinks, and the said Lucille Elliott sold spirituous liquors by virtue of this order, and in contravention of outstanding and unrevoked ordinances and regulations, while acting as the chief executive officer of the government of Canada, Major Walsh carried on in the Yukon a liaison with one known as Lucille Elliott, who was permitted to enjoy privileges, advantages and favors from the local authorities in the said district; that while acting as such chief executive officer, Major Walsh was guilty of intemperance and immoral acts, which involved him in irregular and improper conduct in the discharge of his public duties, and brought contempt upon Canada.

The motion accused Sir Louis Davies of appointing a disqualified official as steamboat inspector, and the postmaster-general of dereliction of duty in regard to the Yukon mail service.

Resolved, that a humble address be presented to his excellency to desire that his excellency be graciously pleased to give immediate orders to his attorney-general that the most effectual means be taken for discovering the facts in any way relating to the above charges, and that his excellency will also be graciously pleased to order the issue of a royal commission to two or more judges of the supreme court of Canada, or to any two judges of the superior courts of any province of Canada, granting and empowering the fullest possible powers for a complete, effectual and exhaustive inquiry, with a view to the discovery of the truth of the statements and charges aforesaid, and to this end that his excellency be graciously pleased to order of this house such a commission should be clothed by a special act containing similar provisions, powers, jurisdiction, discretion and authority as are contained in the Statute of Canada, chapter 11, relating to the receiving inquiries as to corrupt practices at elections of members of the House of Commons."

SENATOR DANDURAND'S USURY BILL.

Senator Dandurand has not yet lost hope that his bill respecting usury will become law. In the senate yesterday Mr. Dandurand, on the order of the day, moved that the bill be referred back to the committee on banking and commerce. He said that a desire had been expressed that the bill should be reconsidered, when he hoped a plan would be adopted by which the bill would be acceptable to all concerned. He thought the senate was all one in a desire to check extortionate rates charged by some money-lenders.

The motion was adopted.

DRUMMOND RAILWAY BILLS.

On the motion for the second reading of the Drummond County Railway bills, Sir Mackenzie Bowell asked if there was any further information to be given to the house in the line of his motion. He was informed by Hon. David Mills that the Grand Trunk officials had been employed obtaining information on this line. He had been told so by Mr. Wainwright.

Hon. R. W. Scott said he understood Mr. Wainwright was in the city, but he had no information about additional returns, but would require at his department. Mr. Scott then moved the second reading of the Drummond County Railway bill. He referred briefly to the advantage of extending the Intercolonial to Montreal and claimed that the inquiry last year had removed doubts which existed when the former proposition was made to parliament.

At Sir Mackenzie Bowell's request the debate was adjourned.

What are supposed to be the bones of Velasco, the defender of Morro Castle in 1795, when Havana was captured by the British under Admiral Pocock, and Lord Albemarle, have been discovered under the floor of the custom house at Havana. There are doubts, however, as to the identity of the remains.

ONTARIO'S CROPS

Additional Reports of the Harvest Outlook.

BRANT.

Paris—The crops in this vicinity, with the exception of fall wheat, are very good, the latter being winter-killed. There will not be more than half the average yield, but spring grains, up to the present, are looking well. Small fruits are very plentiful, while apples promise to be about an average crop.

Lynden—In this district the spring crops are looking very good. Fall wheat is only half a crop.

BRUCE.

Kincardine—The spring crops in this locality promise well. In a few places hay is thin. Peas have suffered somewhat from rain, and fall wheat will not be up to the average, but on the whole the outlook is very good.

Chesley—The prospect of heavy crops was never better in this locality than in this season. Fall wheat is much above the average, with a large acreage. Spring wheat, oats, peas, barley and all kinds of root crops are looking well. Hay is above the average. Small fruits are plentiful. Apples promise an average crop.

Southampton—Hay is a medium crop. Spring grains of all kinds are looking well. Root crops are good. Fruit is abundant.

ESSEX.

Windsor—All crops in Essex county will give up to or more than an average crop, except winter wheat, which were badly damaged during the winter and spring. Corn is looking specially well, some of the wheat fields having been plowed up and corn planted. Fruit is also promising a good crop, except peaches.

Amherstburg—Fall wheat is almost a complete failure. Corn and oats are looking well. Barley looks a little better than the usual average. Cherries and berries are an abundant crop. Peaches and plums are not looking well.

Leamington—Hay in this section is light, and fall wheat will scarcely be an average crop, while oats and barley are extra good. Corn is looking well. The small fruits and plums are very good, but the yield of apples will be small. Peaches are a total failure.

MIDDLESEX.

London—Fall wheat in this section will not be over half a crop. Much of it was winter killed and ploughed up in the spring. Hay, oats, barley and peas are looking splendid and promise a more than average yield.

Parkhill—The outlook for fall wheat in this vicinity is not good. The average will be but half a crop. The average of oats is large, and from present indication an excellent crop may be looked for. Barley and peas look well. The hay crop will be light.

KENT.

Chatham—The general opinion prevails hereabouts that the hard winter had a severe effect on crops in this vicinity. In many places the fall wheat will be only half a crop. In other places the grains appear to be up to the average. It appears that the grains will all be good yields, excepting the fall wheat. The peach-crop is badly damaged. Other fruits will be an average crop. Strawberries have been unusually heavy, also cherries and other small fruit yields. Vegetables appear to be up to the standard yield.

Crops here would be considered heavy crops in many eastern counties.

Blenheim—Fall wheat was badly winter killed and will be about one-third of a crop. The Hessian fly is doing considerable damage. The spring wheat acreage is small, but what there is looking well. Oats promise well. Not as many beans planted as in former years, the crop is healthy and coming on well. Hay will be an average crop, a number of acres having been ploughed up, winter killed. Small fruits, as raspberries, blackberries, cherries, currants, etc., are an abundant crop. Apples are about one-third of a crop. Apples are about an average. The conditions for good crops are favorable.

Haying and harvest will be somewhat later than former years.

Thamesville—The crops in this vicinity on the whole are looking fairly well. The hay is looking on and is turning out well. Barley and corn are both doing well. Oats are a little short. The Hessian fly and rust are in evidence on the wheat.

OXFORD.

Norwich—Fall wheat is variable, with some very good fields, but a good deal of poor wheat. Compared to the average crop it is about 60 per cent. There is no spring wheat. Spring crops are generally looking well, and the promises of an average crop are bright. Apples are a fair crop, and so are other kinds of fruit. About 80 per cent would be about the state of the hay crop.

Bright—All crops in this vicinity are below the average. Wheat is only about half a crop. Hay, oats and barley are about one-quarter below the average yield.

PERTH.

Stratford—Fall wheat promises to be about half a crop. Spring grains are looking very well. Hay will be comparatively light.

Will not average over ten to twelve bushels to the acre. Spring grains are looking well. The hay is light and short; will average about one ton to the acre. Clover is not a very good crop. The frosts have had a telling effect.

St. Mary's—The crops in this vicinity are about an average. Fall wheat is patchy and below the average. Spring crops are looking good, but need rain very much. This is particularly noticeable on the root crop. Apples, pears, plums and peaches are scarcely up to the average, but small fruits are good, excepting strawberries and raspberries. Hay and pastures are good, and the dairy-ing industries are booming. Spring wheat, oats, peas and barley will be above the average.

Lithgow—Fall wheat is a fair average crop, patchy in places, but much improved of late and filling out well. Hay is good, except in old meadows. Spring crops of all kinds are first-class, and with rain will be over the average. The fruit crop is not heavy. On the whole, the prospects are bright.

SIMCOE.

Barrie—A drive through the country in this vicinity at present would lead a person to wonder where all the ruined fall wheat crops are, for the fields, with very few exceptions, show anything but killed crops. The reason for the fall wheat fields were sown with spring grain, which now has an excellent appearance. The fall wheat that was left has stood out beyond all expectations, and good fields of the grain are by no means rare.

Georgetown—All spring crops in this vicinity are in excellent condition. Fall wheat will only average about 25 per cent of the usual crop. Hay will be good and fruit fair.

Spring crops are looking well in this section. Fall wheat is below the average, owing to the late spring. Harvest will be later this year than usual.

HURON.

Goderich—Fall wheat will average 15

"Civility is particularly due to all women" said Cheskerfield. If you wish to be popular as well as civil, give your friends Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

Helppepper

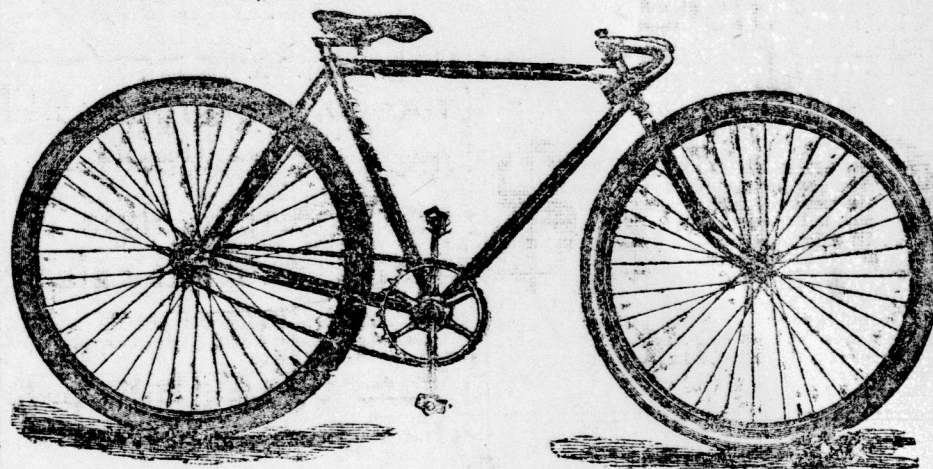
The GREAT VERMIN CHASER. It does not kill --it discomforts Rats, Cockroaches, Bugs, etc.-- they must leave.

DIRECTIONS ON PACKAGE.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR EDDY'S

"EAGLE" Parlor Matches, 200s. "EAGLE" Parlor Matches, 100s.
"VICTORIA" Parlor Matches, 65s. "LITTLE COMET" Parlor Matches.
The Finest in the World. No Brimstone.

The E. B. Eddy Company, Limited,
HULL, P.Q.



All sensible people ride

Hobbs' Winchester Bicycles

Highest Quality. - Lowest Price.

CALL AND
SEE THEM

McLean's Hardware, Dundas St

bushels per acre. Hay is light, the average being one ton per acre. Peas and oats are a good average. Corn and roots promise well. Cherries and plums will be a good crop, and good quality. Peas and apples are about half a crop.

LAMETON.

Sarnia—Fall wheat is practically a total failure in this district. Hay is light crop, not more than half. Spring grains will be fairly good if rains come soon. Without an early rain the outlook is dull.

NINE MEN SHOT

American Soldiers Fire on a Cuban Mob—Yellow Fever in Havana.

Havana, June 28.—An unconfirmed report from Puerto Principe says a mob of insurgents, after surrendering their arms, attempted to overpower the paymaster's guard and capture the money chest. The American soldiers, the report says, fired into the mob, killing nine and wounding many more. Those members of the mob who escaped injury then fled.

There have been thirteen cases of yellow fever in Havana this week. Of this number five were fatal and eight recovered.

SHOT UP 200 FEET

New Geyser Tote an Opening in Yellowstone Park.

Mammoth Hot Springs, Yellowstone Park, Wyo., June 28.—A new geyser came into life yesterday at the fountain basin, 50 miles south. The eruption, which lasted over an hour, was from a hitherto quiet pool 50 feet north of the famous Fountain Geyser. The new geyser tore an opening in the basin about 30 feet in diameter, and played continuously to a height of 200 to 250 feet.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by W. T. Strong & Co., druggists.

It is said that Jamaica's exclusion from the imperial scheme of establishing closer relations between Canada and the West Indies, caused the sending of the reciprocity delegates to Ottawa.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—a pulmonary, of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swollen neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial results.

TRY FOOT ELM
DOMINION DAY.

New Improved

Sickle Grinders,

Only \$5.00 Each.

Section Knives,

Deering Binder Twine

—AT—

A. Westman's

111 Dundas Street West.

Branch Store, 654 Dundas street, East London.

HINTON & RUMBALL

THE UNDERTAKERS.

360 Richmond Street

Private residence, 43 Becher

Telephone—Store 440; House, 421. xiv

John Ferguson & Sons

FUNERAL DIRECTORS and

EMBALMERS.

FIRST CLASS IN ALL APPOINTMENTS.

174-180 King Street.

Telephone—House No. 473; Store No. 443

FOR FIRST-CLASS

DRY MAPLE AND BEECH

wood cut to order, call Phone 347.

Campbell & Chantler,

178 BATHURST STREET

SHIRT COLLARS IRONED STRAIGHT

so as not to hurt the neck. Stand up collars ironed without being broken in the wing. Ties done to look like new. (Give me a call. If you are not satisfied no pay. Washing returned in 24 hours. All hand work. Best in the city. Parcels called for and delivered.

Lee Hing Laundry

487 Richmond Street.

ELECTRICAL WORK

OF ALL KINDS...

R. M. MILLAR

Removed to Spencer Block, Dundas Street, Formerly at 424 Talbot Street

Wild With Eczema!

For 12 Years She Suffered Terribly, and Doctors Could Only Give Temporary Relief—Was Completely Cured by Three Boxes of

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT!

Mrs. R. Stoddard, Delhi, Norfolk Co., Ont., writes as follows:

"I was troubled with Eczema for over twelve years, and doctored during that time with four different physicians, but found that they could only give temporary relief. I saw Dr. Chase's Ointment advertised, decided to try it, and before I had used half a box found great relief and change. Altogether I have used three boxes, and am now completely cured. I have recommended it to my neighbors, and can say it is the best I have ever used, and, in my estimation, worth its weight in gold."

Truly Dr. Chase's Ointment works wonders, for it has the greatest record of cures in the history of medicine. The claim that it will cure any case of Eczema, Salt Rheum or Itching Skin is fully indorsed by the evidence of scores and hundreds of cured ones. For sale by all dealers, or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.