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TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR

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ONE CENT

RUSSIA AGREES TO NAME TWO Plenipotentiaries, Tho With Powers to Receive and Not Accept Peace Conditions—Manchuria May Be Scene of Meeting.

St. Petersburg, June 11.—(11.15 p.m.)—Russia is waiting for Japan to name plenipotentiaries to receive and not accept peace conditions. The foreign office expects that the delay will be brief.

The emperor's government would prefer that Paris should be the scene of the initial step, but it is explained that neither the place nor the personality of the plenipotentiaries is yet decided. The Russian representative will be a plenipotentiary with full powers to negotiate. His duty will practically be confined to the reception and transmission of proposals, and the decision as to whether they afford a basis for actual peace negotiations. He will be clothed with power to effect an agreement for the suspension of hostilities, which suspension will be for a very limited period during which Russia must decide the momentous question of peace or of a continuation of the war.

During this temporary armistice both countries probably will be free to continue the movement of troops and munitions of war within prescribed limits, although nothing definite on this point will be announced at the meeting.

It is stated that the foreign office that the question of plenipotentiaries has not yet been officially considered but is regarded as almost certain.

George De Staal who preceded Count Benckendorff, as Russian ambassador at London, and who was present at the peace conference at the Hague in 1899, might be another, although his advanced age and the fact that he has been for some years out of touch with active diplomacy, might mitigate against him.

It probably will become necessary to arrange an armistice at the commencement of negotiations and it will be essential to the success of the negotiations to prevent the interests and positions of the belligerents from being broken up.

The great and unprecedented Japanese victory must not be forgotten. It is a great power is not easily broken down. It might require years before the ultimate result of the war could be ascertained.

The Nishi Nishi writes in the same vein, warning the people not to countenance peace while the war party in Russia continues to exert its influence over the emperor. It urges the government to guarantee so as to secure it protection if an armistice should be declared.

Where Britain Comes In. In diplomatic circles here it is felt that Great Britain can now play a greater role in seconding the president's policy of restraining her ally and counselling moderate terms.

Never Met Directors as Alleged—Le Nationaliste Points Finger at English-Speaking Aldermen.

Montreal, June 11.—The Nationalist says: "Alderman L. A. Lapointe declares that he is going to enter an action against the Toronto World and its Montreal correspondent because the latter stated in a letter that the Montreal City Hall is in the hands of a Tammany Hall, of which Mr. Lapointe is leader. The World correspondent pretends that Mr. Lapointe is the go-between between the gas company and the council, and that he convinced with money the members of the council."

WHY NOT DISARM. Russia probably will insist on holding the railroad to Vladivostok through Northern Manchuria and will never submit to the humiliation of disarmament in her only port in the Pacific north of the Japanese islands.

ARMY IN FIGHTING TRIM. Doesn't Want Peace and is Confident of Winning. St. Petersburg, June 11.—Evidently the idea that a zemsky sobor is to be called to decide the question of peace or war has spread to the army. One Russian correspondent at the front has sent a long statement here, intended to be laid before such an assembly, declaring that the army is in the condition, well provisioned and confident, of its own strength, and that it has evidence of the excellent sanitary conditions prevailing. The correspondent says that only 200 men have been sent to the rear for sickness during the month of May. The enthusiasm of the army is such that it devotes much time to personal hygiene, is inspiring the soldiers with fighting spirit.

Get a copy of the June number of "Canada First," the new magazine now on sale at all book stores at 10c. Office, 77 Victoria-street.

Keep Your Old Umbrella. Don't throw away a good frame because the cover is gone—take it to East, 308 Yonge-street—they make a specialty of renewing and repairing umbrellas.

EXPERT'S WORK IS ENDED PUTS IT UP TO CHICAGO

Entirely for City to Say Whether Street Railway Can Be Conducted as in Glasgow.

Chicago, June 11.—James Dalrymple of Glasgow has outlined what he will report to Mayor Dunne regarding the possibility of the successful operation of street car properties by the municipality of Chicago.

In his conversation before making his formal statement Mr. Dalrymple made a remark which may or may not express his opinion on the subject of Chicago to handle a municipally owned and operated enterprise.

"The peculiarity which has impressed me most strongly in this country," he said, "is the complacency with which the American people follow their officials to be tipped off on every other two years or so."

Mr. Dalrymple had been asked by a reporter to give an outline of the report he would make to Mayor Dunne. He also was asked to give an outline of the conditions in Glasgow, and the reasons for the success of the street car system.

"Then the corporation of Glasgow started to operate the street car system," he said, "and the municipality, as the lines always had been, was not to be disturbed. At the date of the expiration of the lease the greater part of the cost of constructing the lines had been repaid by means of a sinking fund."

"The corporation of Glasgow, as you know, has a long experience in the management of the street car system. I believe the corporation carries on more public utility than almost any other municipality in the world."

"I also would point out that the city council consists of 77 members, 25 of whom comprise what is known as the tramway committee. Under this committee is placed a general manager, who is a permanent official, and does not change because of any change in the members of the city council or of the committee. Indeed, such a thing is quite unknown as the change of a head of a department on account of the change of the government."

"The tramway committee carries on all its public utilities on a strictly non-commercial basis, and I believe that is the principal reason why the system which has attended all its efforts in this direction has been successful."

"I would point out that a street car business is rather different from a water or gas utility. The cost of water or gas is raised in order to meet any increased cost of the service. In the case of a street car system, however, the cost of the service is not increased. The cost of the service is not increased. The cost of the service is not increased."

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EXPERTS WORRIED A PANIC THOUGHT BOAT WAS SINKING

Jumped Overboard into Mud and Alarmed Winnipeg With Tales of a Catastrophe.

Winnipeg, Man., June 11.—(Special.)—It being Ascension Day the society of La Goulouise (old country Frenchmen) of St. Boniface, chartered the river boat Alexandria for a trip up the Red River to St. Norbert, a quaint little French village with many historical associations, and where the Trappist monks have located.

On reaching River Park, however, the boat ran into Sprague's log drive and, as the logs apparently were moving in her path, the captain ran her onto the river bank, which was not allayed, until the Alexandria, having broken out of the logs, steamed back to the city with some bedraggled party of excursionists.

There was no boatboard party.

RIG BACKED OFF FERRY. Medicine Hat Business Man Drowned in Peculiar Manner.

Medicine Hat, N.W.T., June 11.—(Special.)—William A. Green, prominent business man of Medicine Hat, was drowned yesterday afternoon in the Saskatchewan River.

The government ferry is open at each end, and after the ferry started back, which was about twelve feet of water. Green and a friend named Bradshaw were seated in the rig, and a child of Green was in his arms.

Bradshaw saved the child. Green was swept out into the river and sank.

ALL WERE DROWNED. Officers of Five Russian Battleships Die to a Man.

London, June 12.—According to the St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times, it is stated that the five Russian battleships which were sunk in the battle of the Sea of Japan not a single officer was saved from the battleships.

SWEDEN WON'T RECOGNIZE RIGS IN NORTHERN CANADA. So Says the Premier, Who Believes Europe Will Take the Same View of the Crisis.

Christiana, June 11.—Reports received here of yesterday's conference at Stockholm between the officials of the government and the rigas, are taken here as an indication that the Swedes are withdrawing from the position. It is recognized here that Sweden has three courses—first, to declare war; second, to agree to Norway's independence; and third, to refuse to recognize Norway's independence and the refusal to appoint a representative.

Stockholm, June 11.—Premier Ramstedt, in an interview, says the Swedish revolution will not be recognized by the government in Norway, and will submit to the conditions conformable to this standpoint.

Mr. Ramstedt says that the rigas will adopt his view, and is convinced that no force will be used to force Norway to accept his view.

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WEDNESDAY WILL SETTLE QUESTION. G.T.R. Ticker Operators Are Soon to Know Their Fate.

Within three days it will be decided whether or not there will be a strike of the Grand Trunk telegraphers. President Perham of the union has secured an appointment to meet General Manager Hays in Montreal on Wednesday. He leaves for the east to-night.

"Will the conference last a day or two?" he was asked at the Rossin House last night.

"It should take only half an hour," replied the men's representative. "The company has had time to prepare its answer."

Asked as to whether the men would go on strike on the heels of an adverse decision, Mr. Perham said a strike would not be taken a lesson since the war. In Canada and Australia rifle clubs have greatly multiplied since the war.

"NO LONGER SINGLE," SHE WROTE FOREIGNER SUICIDES AT FALLS

Unknown But of Distinguished Appearance and Apparently From Budapest—Carries Miniature Portrait of Woman to His Grave.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., June 11.—A foreigner of distinguished appearance committed suicide at Inspiration Point, just above Horseshoe Falls, to-night. From letters and papers found in the pockets the suicide is believed to be Dr. Szentorlay Elemér of Budapest. The body was found by two boys. In the right hand of the man was found a revolver, one chamber of which was empty, and in the other the picture of a woman. There was a bullet wound thru the man's forehead.

The picture was a miniature of a woman with a similar crest. From the outside of a packet of letters found in the man's pocket was scribbled the name "Mrs. M. M. beside me in my grave."

A menu card from the steamer Finland, dated March 15, was found in the pocket, together with cards bearing the address No. 299 Broadway and "13 State-street, New York," and a photograph of himself on horseback, evidently taken in the courtyard of a palace.

The letters were all from the same person and bore the signature "Anna." The one of latest date was from Budapest, and bore the date "April 23, 1905." It was written on delicately tinted blue paper.

London Campaign Ends With Citizens' Meeting. Big Rainstorm Didn't Deter 2000 Voters From Listening to Clinching Arguments.

London, June 10.—(Special.)—A reverse rainstorm did not prevent nearly 2000 people attending the citizens' league meeting here to-night. The meeting is regarded as the most important one of the campaign, and is believed to have made victory certain for anti-coercion.

Mr. J. H. Dwyer, president here, and first introduced here a telegram to Hon. Mr. Hyman urging him to use his vote and influence to leave education to the new provinces for settlement.

Dr. Goggin was very cordially received. As a resident of the Northwest Territories for twenty years and supporter of the cause of education for ten years he was present to say, and he would undertake to prove, that the people of the west were not satisfied with the ordinances.

"Now we are told," said the doctor, "that the west is to be a national school. Let me describe to you the kind of national schools they are, and the way in which they are being established. In the Northwest Territories, for instance, with which I am very familiar, and what do we find? We find that the national schools are being established by a man attired in the full vestments of the altar. Almost the first thing you see is a priest in a black and gold surplice, and a conspicuous altar of statues of saints in the rooms where the children are to be educated. The national schools are being established by a man attired in the full vestments of the altar. Almost the first thing you see is a priest in a black and gold surplice, and a conspicuous altar of statues of saints in the rooms where the children are to be educated."

There was no practical difference between the educational clauses introduced by the federal government and the provincial government.

Edmund E. Sheppard took strong ground against the national schools. He stood with Laurier in 1896 and there was no betrayal in history more disgraceful than the betrayal of Laurier to-day. Laurier had damaged his own race and his own religion.

DESERVE TO BE DRAGGED IN MUD. Editor of Le Nationaliste on Hyman et al.

Montreal, June 11.—(Special.)—Oliver Asselin, the editor of Le Nationaliste, declares that the defeat of the government in London and North Oxford would be the just punishment of the cowardice which they have manifested in both these constituencies.

Of all the ministers and Liberal politicians who have taken part in the campaign, Hyman, Oliver, Mulock, Falconer, Fiddling, and others, he declared that as little as possible has been left to the hierarchy, which means to the Catholics and French-Canadians.

When the members of a great country have sunk so low as this they deserve to be dragged their full length in the mud.

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA. Sterling Exchange Bought and Sold.

Mr. N. Rooney's Bargains. Mr. N. Rooney, 62 Yonge-street, is again giving the ladies of Toronto an opportunity to purchase best Irish table linen at prices lower than they have ever been sold in Toronto.

Yonge Street Arcade. A grand and elegant dinner in Dining Room 30 cents, other meals a la carte.

Some Aftermath. She whispered to me happily and he whispered so was he. Then both together whispered so was he. She cuddled to him closer as she sat upon his knee. That honeymoon had just commenced to-day. They talked about the presents and the things they had bought. He kissed him for the one she liked the best. The sea-kiss wafted her bought her at Dineen's to wear next fall. "Was better by itself than all the rest."

To Let—Office on Yonge Street, near Shuter, with show window on street door if required. Will be altered and separated by partition. H. E. Burdson, 10 Victoria St.

SIR WILFRID IS ON TRIAL NORTH AMERICAN THE JURY

Charged With Being Enemy of Provincial Rights and a Coercionist.

Woodstock, June 11.—(Special.)—So far as Woodstock is concerned the platform campaign for provincial rights closed last night with a big meeting in the opera house. On Monday night the Liberals will hold a final rally and an appeal will be made to the old party pride to save the government. Hon. W. S. Fielding, Hon. Wm. Patterson and several other speakers will be heard and a big effort is being put forward to arouse enthusiasm for the work of getting out the vote on Tuesday.

Saturday night's meeting was held under most discouraging conditions. It rained all day and poured all night, and the immense gathering was a surprise to everybody. The speakers were Premier Haultain, Mr. Maclean, M. P., and J. E. Armstrong, M.P.; Mayor Scarf presided.

Mr. Maclean was the first speaker. He began by saying: "We have a damp night, but a glorious cause. The cause of provincial rights, and the opponent of the Conservative party of that day. To-day we are charged with having deceived the people of this country. In 1896 we were on power as the champion of provincial rights, and the opponent of coercion, which was being attempted by the Conservative party of that day. He had deceived his own party and the people of the west. Sir Wilfrid did not consult the people of the west. In the house it was announced that the autonomy bill was prepared by a sub-committee composed of Sir Wilfrid, Hon. B. W. Scott and Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick, all of whom 'happen to be' Roman Catholics. Where was the Protestant member of the cabinet that was consulted? Sir Wilfrid had deceived Premier Haultain. He called him to his counsel and consulted him on everything but the school question. Liberals justify such conduct as a matter of course. They consult some representative Protestant ecclesiastic from the west? In this instance there might be a minority, but had the majority no right to be deceived?"

Distortion of Quebec. Why had Sir Wilfrid changed his position and ceased to be a friend of provincial rights? For himself Mr. Maclean said he had been a consistent anti-coercionist in 1896. The change in the attitude of Sir Wilfrid had come about thru the dictation of a solid Quebec, and it was from Quebec, the west came. Quebec had insisted on her rights at the conference leading

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POPE TO PRINT MESSAGE. 'Twill Be a Weekly Gazette to Pre-vent Inaccuracy.

Rome, June 10.—The Pope is to become the publisher of a newspaper. The publication will take the form of a weekly gazette, and will be issued in September. It will be printed by the Vatican press, and in to be the sole official organ of the Holy See.

THE OBJECT is to prevent the spreading of inaccurate reports and to avoid the now common occurrence of private and imprudent expressions of opinion by various clerical or semi-clerical journals concerning the Holy See.

JUMPED INTO THE RIVER. Ottawa, June 11.—Mrs. Sarah Moss, wife of an employee of the Canada Atlantic Railway, aged 38 years, on Saturday night jumped into the Rideau canal, near the exhibition grounds. She was rescued and revived.

She is evidently weak-minded, and was probably influenced by reading of the action of Mrs. Gobel in jumping into the Chaudiere bridge on Wednesday.

Dineen's Getting Ready for Tourists. Ladies' raincoats at Dineen's must be sold out at half price to make room for the exhibit of raincoats, and coats of waterproofed silk, Dongola, Metrol, etc. Southampton, New York City, etc. Liverpool, New York City, etc. Montreal, New York City, etc. Toronto, New York City, etc. Ottawa, New York City, etc. St. Louis, New York City, etc. Chicago, New York City, etc. Philadelphia, New York City, etc. Boston, New York City, etc. New Orleans, New York City, etc. San Francisco, New York City, etc. Portland, New York City, etc. Seattle, New York City, etc. Vancouver, New York City, etc. Honolulu, New York City, etc. Sydney, New York City, etc. Melbourne, New York City, etc. Auckland, New York City, etc. Wellington, New York City, etc. Christchurch, New York City, etc. Dunedin, New York City, etc. Invercargill, New York City, etc. Napier, New York City, etc. Palmerston North, New York City, etc. Hastings, New York City, etc. Tairāhema, New York City, etc. Gisborne, New York City, etc. Auckland, New York City, etc. Wellington, New York City, etc. Christchurch, New York City, etc. Dunedin, New York City, etc. Invercargill, New York City, etc. Napier, New York City, etc. Palmerston North, New York City, etc. Hastings, New York City, etc. Tairāhema, New York City, etc. Gisborne, New York City, etc.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS. June 11. At From Hamburg Columbia. New York. London. Montreal. Boston. Philadelphia. New York City. Liverpool. New York City. Toronto. New York City. Ottawa. New York City. St. Louis. New York City. Chicago. New York City. Philadelphia. New York City. Boston. New York City. New Orleans. New York City. San Francisco. New York City. Portland. New York City. Seattle. New York City. Vancouver. New York City. Honolulu. New York City. Sydney. New York City. Melbourne. New York City. Auckland. New York City. Wellington. New York City. Christchurch. New York City. Dunedin. New York City. Invercargill. New York City. Napier. New York City. Palmerston North. New York City. Hastings. New York City. Tairāhema. New York City. Gisborne. New York City.

MOSTLY FAIR. Meteorological Office, Toronto, June 11.—(8 p.m.)—Rain has been general in Ontario and the Maritime Provinces. The temperature is in the Maritime Provinces generally between 50 and 60 degrees, but a tendency towards higher temperature is probable.

Probabilities. Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate westerly and northerly winds; mostly fair, not much change in temperature.

Maritima—Very warm, with a few scattered showers.

The number of "Canada First" contains the series of the series of illustrated articles written by the special commissioner sent by that magazine into the western and northern parts of the country that resourceful country. For sale at all book stores, only 10c. One dollar yearly. Office 77 Victoria-street, Toronto.

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