

tinguished himself in competition with outsiders: for we find that Mr. Russell, another graduate of the same University, was the successful competitor for the Ross Scholarship of the annual value of \$100, given in the Divinity Hall of Queen's College, Kingston. On the only two occasions on which the Gilchrist Scholarship has been opened in the Dominion, the competitors from our Provincial University have stood next to the winner. At the Examinations for the present year, we trust that the University will continue to contest which has been so creditable to it, and that it will this time send up a candidate who will take the first place. For, as remarked by the President at the opening of the Collegiate School, "only let the Professors and Students have the means, and they will show that they have the mettle to command success."—*New Brunswick Head Quarters.*

Standard British Periodicals for 1870.

1.—The Edinburgh Review.

This is the oldest of the series. In its main features it still follows in the path marked out by Broegham Jeffrey, Sydney Smith, and Lord Holland, its original founders and first contributors.

2.—The London Quarterly Review,

which commences its 128th volume with the January number, was set on foot as a rival to the EDINBURGH. It resolutely maintains its opposition in politics, and shows equal vigor in its literary department.

3.—The Westminster Review

has just closed its 92nd volume. In point of literary ability, this Review is fast rising to a level with its competitors. It is the advocate of political and religious liberalism.

4.—The North British Review,

now in its 51st volume, occupies a very high position in periodical literature. Passing beyond the narrow formalism of schools and parties, it appeals to a wider range of sympathies and a higher integrity of conviction.

5.—Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine

was commenced 52 years ago. Equalling the Quarterlies in its literary and scientific departments, it has won a wide reputation for the narratives and sketches which enliven its pages.

TERMS FOR 1870:

For any one of the Reviews	\$4 00	per annum.	American currency
For any two of the Reviews	7 00	"	
For any three of the Reviews.....	10 00	"	
For all four of the Reviews.....	12 00	"	
For Blackwood's Magazine.....	4 00	"	
For Blackwood and one Review	7 00	"	
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews.....	10 00	"	
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	13 00	"	
For Blackwood and the four Reviews.....	15 00	"	

Single Numbers of a Review, \$1. Single numbers of Blackwood, 35 cents.

The Reviews are published quarterly; Blackwood's Magazine is monthly. Volumes commence in January.

The POSTAGE on current subscriptions, to any part of the United States, is TWO CENTS a number, to be prepaid at the office of delivery. For back numbers the postage is double.

The January numbers will be printed from New Type, and arrangements have been made, which, it is hoped, will secure regular and early publication.

The Leonard Scott Publishing Company,

140 Fulton Street, New York.

Supplied also by Messrs. Copp, Clark & Co.,

King Street East, Toronto.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY also publish THE FARMERS' GUIDE to Scientific and Practical Agriculture. By HENRY STEPHENS, F. R. S. Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORRIS, Professor of Scientific and Practical Agriculture, Yale College, New Haven. 2 vols. Royal Octavo. 1600 pages and numerous Engravings.

GILCHRIST SCHOLARSHIP, LONDON UNIVERSITY.

A LIST OF THE SUBJECTS FOR THE JUNE EXAMINATIONS in the years 1870 and 1871, has been sent to the principal educational institutions in the Province, and can be obtained also upon application at the Provincial Secretary's Office, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

M. C. CAMERON,
Secretary.

February 1st, 1870.

V. Departmental Notices.

NO PENSIONS TO COMMON SCHOOL TEACHERS UNLESS THEY SUBSCRIBE TO THE FUND.

Public notice is hereby given to all Teachers of Common Schools, or Teachers of the English branches in Grammar Schools, who are legally qualified Common School Teachers in Upper Canada, who may wish to avail themselves at any future time of the advantages of the Superannuated Common School

Teacher's Fund, that it will be necessary for them to transmit to the Chief Superintendent, if they have not already done so, their subscriptions, at the rate of \$5 per annum for each preceding year, commencing with 1854, and at the rate of \$4 per annum for the current year's subscription. The law authorizing the establishment of this fund provides, "That no teacher shall be entitled to share in the said fund who shall not contribute to such fund at least at the rate of one pound per annum." No pension will be granted to any teacher who has not subscribed to the fund, in accordance to the preceding regulations of the Council of Public Instruction.

SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOKS AND REQUISITES.

Application having been frequently made to the Department for the supply from its Depository of Sunday School Library and Prize Books, Maps and other requisites, it is deemed advisable to insert the following information on the subject.

1. The Department has no authority to grant the one hundred per cent. upon any remittance for Library or Prize Books, Maps or Requisites, except on such as are received from Municipal or Public School Corporations in Upper Canada. Books, Maps and other Requisites suitable for Sunday Schools, or for Library or other similar Associations, can however, on receipt of the necessary amount, be supplied from the Depository at the net prices, that is about twenty-five or thirty per cent. less than the usual current retail prices.

2. The admirable books published in England by the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, and by the London Religious Tract Society, are furnished from the Societies' catalogues at currency for sterling prices (i.e. a shilling sterling book is furnished for twenty cents Canadian currency, and so on in proportion.) These two catalogues will, as far as possible, be furnished to parties applying for them. Books suitable for Sunday Schools are received from the other large religious societies, Presbyterian and Methodists, and from the various extensive publishers in Britain and the United States, but the list would be too extensive to publish separately.

3. On receiving the necessary instructions, a suitable selection can be made at the Department, subject to the approval of the parties sending the order. Any books, maps, &c., not desired which may be sent from the Depository, will be exchanged for others, if returned promptly and in good order.

FOUR KINDS OF LIBRARIES WHICH MAY BE ESTABLISHED UNDER THE DEPARTMENTAL REGULATIONS.

"The Public School Libraries are becoming the crown and glory of the Institution of the Province."—LORD ELGIN.

"Had I the power I would scatter Libraries over the whole land, as the sower sows his seed."—HORACE MANN.

Under the regulations of the Department, each County Council can establish four classes of libraries in their Municipality, as follows. City, Town, Village, and Township Councils can establish the first three classes, and School Trustees either of the first and third classes.

1. An ordinary *Common School Library* in each school-house for the use of the children and ratepayers.

2. A *General Public Lending Library*, available to all the ratepayers of the Municipality.

3. A *Professional Library* of books on teaching, school organization, language and kindred subjects, available to teachers alone.

4. A Library in any *Public Institution*, under the control of the Municipality, for the use of the inmates, or in the *County Jail*, for the use of the prisoners.

It cannot be too strongly urged upon School Trustees, the importance and even the necessity of providing, (especially during the autumn and winter months,) suitable reading books for the pupils in their school, either as prizes or in libraries. Having given the pupils a taste for reading and general knowledge, they should provide some agreeable and practical means of gratifying it.