

ZAC

ingly great, and it is, in various other respects, an object of wonder and admiration to Europeans.

YUNG-PING-FOU, a city of China, in the province of Pe-tcheli. Its district contains one city of the second and five of the third class; and it is 87 miles E of Peking.

YU-NING-FOU, a city of China, in the province of Ho-nan. Its district contains two cities of the second and 12 of the third class. It is 175 miles NW of Nan-king.

YUN-NAN, one of the most fertile and opulent provinces in China; bounded on the N by Se-tcheuen and Tibet, on the E by Quang-si and Koei-tcheou, on the S by the kingdoms of Laos and Tonquin, and on the W by those of Burmah and Pegu. Its gold, copper, and tin mines; its amber, rubies, sapphires, agates, pearls, marble, musk, silk, elephants, horses, gums, medicinal plants, and linen, have procured it the highest reputation. Its commerce and riches are immense.

YUN-NAN-FOU, the capital of the province of Yun-nan, in China, once remarkable for its extent and the beauty of its public buildings, all which have been destroyed by the Tartars, in their different invasions. Its district contains four cities of the second and third class. It is 430 miles NW of Canton.

YVOY, a town of France, in the department of the Ardennes, seated on the Cher, 10 miles S of Sedan.

Z

ZABERN, a town of Germany, in the palatinate of the Rhine, 15 miles W of Philippsburg.

ZABOLA, a town of Transylvania, five miles SW of Neumark.

ZABURN, a town of France, in the department of the Lower Rhine, 15 miles N of Strasburg.

ZACATECAS, a city of New Spain, in the audience of Guadalajara. It is surrounded by very rich silver mines, and is 312 miles NE of Mexico.

ZAM

ZACATULLA, a town of New Spain, in the audience of Mexico, 200 miles from that city, at the mouth of a river of the same name. Lon. 104 35 W, lat. 17 50 N.

ZAFRA, a town of Spain, in Estramadura, with a castle, seated at the foot of a mountain, near the river Guadaxiera, 20 miles SW of Medina.

ZAGARA, a famous mountain of Livadia, on the gulf of Corinth, and near mount Parnassus. It was the ancient Helicon, and was sacred to the Muses, who had here a temple; and from this mountain issued the fountain Hippocrene.

ZAGRAD, a strong and populous town of Slavonia, capital of a county of the same name, with a bishop's see. It is seated on the Save, 25 miles NE of Carlsbad, and 137 SW of Buda. Lon. 15 41 E, lat. 46 20 N.

ZAHARA, a strong town of Spain, in Andalusia, seated on a craggy rock, and defended by a citadel. It is 47 miles SE of Seville.

ZAHARA, or THE DESERT, a vast country of Africa, bounded on the N by Barbary, on the E by Fezzan and Cashna; on the S by Tombuctoo; and on the W by the Atlantic. The air is very hot, but wholesome to the natives; the soil is generally sandy and barren; and the inhabitants are wild and ignorant. They have a number of petty princes; and the Mahometan religion is professed throughout the country.

ZAIKE, a large river of Africa, which, rising in the kingdom of Macoco, divides Loango and Congo, and falls into the Atlantic, in 6° S lat.

ZAMORA, a considerable town of Spain, in Leon, with a bishop's see. It is seated on a hill, on the Douero, over which is a bridge of 17 arches, 35 miles N of Salamanca, and 150 NW of Madrid.

ZAMORA, a town of Peru, in the audience of Quito, seated near the Andes. In its neighbourhood are rich mines of gold. Lon. 75 55 W, lat. 5 6 S.

ZAMORA, a town of Algiers, in the province of Constantine, 250 miles

W of Ham
36 20 N.

ZAMOR
land, in R
kingdom o
tadel, and
burg.

ZAMPA
in the prov
miles N o

ZANFA
land, to t
Zegzeg.

a very bla
faced, and

ZANGU
coast of Af

S lat. It

doms, in v

settlements

those conve

either Mal

names of

Mombaza,

Mosambiqu

tions are

parts of A

ZANTE

ranean, ne

17 miles S

miles in l

and very p

incipal rich

rant-grapes

peaches in

weighs eig

cellent figs

Zante, co

tants. It

island, and