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MAINTAINING FINANCIAL STABILITY AND THUS TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE DE-VELOPMENT OF THE WORLD ECONOMY;

TO CONTRIBUTE TO SOUND ECONOMIC EXPANSION IN MEMBER AS VELL AS NON-MEMBER COUNTRIES IN THE PROCESS OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT; AND TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE EXPANSION OF WORLD TRADE ON A MULTILATERAL NON-DISCRIMINATORY BASIS IN ACCORDANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL OBLIDATIONS.

THE CONVENTION PROVIDES FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A COUNCIL THE SUPREME BODY OF THE ORGANISATION (WHICH WILL HAVE THE POWER TO TAKE DECISIONS AND MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS BY MUTUAL AGREEMENT OF ALL ITS MEMBERS. IIN ADDITION, THE MINISTERS AGREED ON A CITEE STRUCTURE TO ASSIST IN IMPLEMENTING THE AIMS AND CARRYING GOT THE ACTIVITIES OF THE ORGANISATION.

THE OECD WILL EXTEND AND STRENGTHEN THE OEEC PRACTICE OF CONSULTATION ON THE ECONOMIC SITUATION AND POLICIES OF MEMBER COUNTRIES.

IT WILL PAY SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL EFFECTS OF NATIONAL POLICIES, WITH A VIEW TO ESTABLISHING A CLIMATE OF MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING CONDUCTVE TO THE HARMON, OUS ADJUSTMENTVEATIVE OF ECONOMIC GROWTH, ESSENTIAL TO ENABLE THE MEMBER COUNTRIES.

THE OECD WILL HAVE IMPORTANT FUNCTIONS IN THE MATTER OF ASSISTANCE TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, THE TWENT' GOVTS HAVE AGREED AND THE CONVENTION TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE ECONCATO DEVELOPMENT OF BOTH MEMBER
AND NON-MEMBER COUNTRIES IN THE PROCESS OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
BY APPROPRIATE MEANS AND, IN PARTICULAR, BY THE FLOW OF CAPITAL TO
THOSE COUNTRIES, HAVING REGARD TO THE IMPORTANCE TO THEIR ECONOMICS

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