

**AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC
ENERGY AGENCY AND THE GOVERNMENTS OF CANADA,
JAMAICA AND THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
CONCERNING THE TRANSFER OF ENRICHED URANIUM
FOR A LOW POWER RESEARCH REACTOR**

WHEREAS the Government of Jamaica (hereinafter called "Jamaica"), taking into account the desire of the University of the West Indies at Kingston in Jamaica to establish a project relating to the operation of a safe low power critical experiment reactor of the type known as Slowpoke II (hereinafter called the "reactor") supplied to it by the Government of Canada (hereinafter called "Canada"), has requested the assistance of the International Atomic Energy Agency (hereinafter called the "Agency") in securing the special fissionable material contained in fuel elements for the reactor;

WHEREAS Canada and Jamaica concluded an exchange of notes on 30 June 1983 setting forth non-proliferation terms and conditions relating to the supply of the reactor and its core;

WHEREAS, under the Agreement for Cooperation Concerning the Civil Uses of Atomic Energy Between the Government of the United States of America (hereinafter called "United States") and Canada, concluded on 21 July 1955, as amended (hereinafter called the "Canada-United States Cooperation Agreement"), the United States sold enriched uranium to Canada, and its transfer beyond the jurisdiction of Canada is subject to the terms of that Agreement;

WHEREAS the fuel elements Canada intends to provide for the reactor have been manufactured with enriched uranium of United States origin, bought by Canada pursuant to the Canada-United States Cooperation Agreement;

WHEREAS the Agency and the United States on 11 May 1959 signed an Agreement for Cooperation, as amended (hereinafter called the "United States-IAEA Cooperation Agreement");

WHEREAS Jamaica on 6 November 1978 concluded with the Agency an Agreement for the Application of Safeguards in Connection with the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (hereinafter called the "Jamaica-IAEA Safeguards Agreement"); and

WHEREAS the Board of Governors of the Agency (hereinafter called the "Board") approved the project on 6 October 1983;