the exterior margin somewhat sickle-shaped; the eyes are naked; the tibiæ unarmed. Head, thorax and fore wings brownish wine-red; the thoracic hairs show a tipping of white scales under the glass. markings coliterate, so that the insect in color and appearance reminds one of Perigrapha transparens. The markings are indicated by blackish Reniform marked by an upper and lower blackish clouding, moderate, upright, finely ringed with pale. Orbicular more faintly marked, a little oblique, approximate, also finely ringed with pale. shade crosses the wing. Lines not discernible; under the glass the s. t. line is seen to be marked by double black points on the veins. more clearly red on both wings; secondaries without marks, somewhat evenly fuscous; beneath paler, with traces of the reniform on primaries; secondaries with a dot. This is larger than crispa; varying in depth of red, the female the darker. Three specimens. The insect looks like Gortyna nebris a little, except in its red color. Expanse 35 mil.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREPARATORY STAGES OF CHIONOBAS JUTTA.

BY REV. THOMAS W. FYLES, SOUTH QUEBEC.

Eggs laid June 17th., scattered, hatched July 1st.

EGG.—Creamy white: one-twenty-fourth of an inch in diameter; shaped like a nutmeg-melon; marked longitudinally with zig-zag ridges; attached by short foot-stalk.

Newly Hatched Larva.—One-eighth of an inch long. Head large in proportion to body, honey-yellow, granulated. Body attenuated and ending in two pointed prolongations; pale amber, set with brown tubercles bearing light spines. Dorsal and side lines darker amber. Spiracles dark brown. Head and fore legs bearing a few bristles. The insect feeds with its head downwards on the edge of the leaf. Its food plant is the sedge, Carex oligosperma.

The first moult occurred July 6th. The skin was ruptured under the head.

Larva After First Moult.—Length one-fourth of an inch. Colour a delicate shade of pea-green; dorsal, sub-dorsal and side lines a pale warm