

over the veins beyond the cell open to costa, along which the yellow color spreads towards the base. Hind wings bright purple with a very broad yellow central fascia tapering inferiorly, edged with brown or black lines. Fringes pale. Beneath paler, but as above; base of hind wings entirely yellowish. Thorax brownish purple; beneath body and legs whitish.

*Expansc* 20 mil. *Hab.* Marengo Co., Ala., coll. Grote.

So brightly colored and distinctly marked that it can be mistaken for no other species. The fine dark lines edging the yellow patches on primaries may be taken for the ordinary lines and the annuli of the purple stigmata.

*Eurycreon anartalis*, n. s.

Size of *sticticalis* and *cereralis*, but resembling a species of *Anarta* in color. Fore wings blackish, somewhat grayish about the exterior line, which is broken and fragmentary. Two black discal stains and a black curved streak below submedian vein all faintly visible. Hind wings yellowish white, blackish at base, with broad black borders; before the black borders a curved line of black points. Beneath this curved line is repeated on the yellowish white color which extends to the base of the wing, relieving a rather long curved linear discal streak, the black border as above, interlineated with pale at anal angle. Primaries blackish, with an extra median pale shade. Abdomen yellowish white beneath, blackish above, annulated with white. Clypeus tuberculate.

*Expansc* 22 mil. Soda Springs, Cal., Mr. Jas. Behrens, two males.

*Eurycreon communis* Grote.

Mr. Belfrage has sent this variable species under the Nos. 372, 373 and 375. This latter number covers specimen which, from Lederer's Taf. 12, fig. 3, I take to be *rantalalis*. Under the name *communis* I have originally described paler, more yellowish specimens (373 of Belfrage) of this same species. They are not *crinitalis* Led., Taf. 12, fig. 2, for they have the interior line present as in the typical form figured by Lederer of *rantalalis*. Perhaps Walker has described *communis* under the name *crinisalis*, as he gives the interior line present, and *crinitalis* Led. Zell., which I do not know, may be a different species. Again, it seems to be doubtful whether the Texan species is really the *rantalalis* of Gueneé. On page 106 of this volume, line 3, read "a paler form than *rantalalis*" for