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JOHN CAMERON, President and  
Managing Dir.

God's in His heaven,  
All's right with the world.  
—Browning.

London, Monday, August 9, 1907.

Capturing the British Market for  
Canadian Products.

One result of the Canadian preferential tariff in favor of Great Britain, and the vigorous efforts made to increase our sales of farm and other products in the motherland, is the marked attention which leading newspapers in the old country are now giving to the Dominion. We quoted from the Liverpool Post, the other day, a most laudatory notice of Canada as a country well fitted to supply, in ever-increasing quantity, the needs of the British consuming public. Today we are in receipt of a copy of the London Daily Telegraph, a journal enjoying a circulation of over 350,000 a day, which supplies its readers with the following highly interesting account of the new condition of affairs:

"Canada has passed into law certain enactments, giving new and preferential tariff rates to the manufacturers of the United Kingdom, and also to the consumers of food supplies imported from the Dominion. Uncompromising free traders may deprecate this legislation as suicidal or economic heresy. Meanwhile the Canadians claim to know their true interests better than outsiders, and the British public will reap clear advantages from the measures in question. When the wisdom of strengthening all the ties of the empire has been acclaimed by every subject of the Queen in this year of Jubilee, no fitter time could have been chosen to inaugurate the scheme. Last week the first vessel of the fleet practically subsidized by the Canadian Government arrived with the first cargo of food stuffs, which have been disposed of in the English market.

"In these days of maxim of 'What ever is worth doing is worth doing well' is still held by in most of our colonies. In Canada, they have at least reduced to system and method the best processes for production, and securing for their citizens the best markets. Their government has not only a minister of agriculture who is a practical agriculturist, but they have model farms, creameries, and what not, where the farmers can learn all about the newest processes. In fact, in the case of the creameries and some other establishments, they are invited to use them as going co-operative concerns. Almost needless to say these places contain the latest and most improved kinds of machinery, and the products are treated in the most approved manner. The object, of course, is to secure for Canadian produce a high name for excellence and a command of the best price. Very sanguine expectations have been formed in the colony that the policy indicated will pay all round, and, at any rate, it is regarded as a duty by the people and the authorities that the plan should have a fair trial. Possibly the great tariff wall built by the United States to block the exportation of Canadian produce into that republic may have helped to precipitate events. The law defining the new policy of preferential tariff rates for goods from the United Kingdom gives this year a 12½ per cent rebate to the importer over and above whatever amount is leviable under 'the most favored nation' treaty of commerce with the Dominion of Canada. Next year a rebate or allowance of 25 per cent is to be granted on British goods.

"The food products are almost of equal interest to us as to Canadians. To extend and improve the supplies the Dominion Government has given grants for the erection of cold storage warehouses and cold storage compartments upon seventeen of the new liners running between this country and the colony. Amounts donated have not been large, but they are said to have been ample for carrying out the object in view. For cold storage warehouses the government guarantees for a term of three years 5 per cent on a capital outlay of £8,000. With respect to the seventeen steamers and cold storage compartments thereon, the allowance is for each a sum not to exceed £1,000. The shipping firms have to undertake that the freight rates for cold storage shall not exceed 10 shillings per ton over the current rates for freightage of the same class of produce upon ordinary cargo. Now, always in the market of the world, England, quality has become an even more important consideration than

quantity, for the latter has become common. The Canadians have realized the fact, and are trying to keep in the front. Hitherto they have sent enormous shipments of wheat, flour, live stock, and so on, imported, but did not require special precautions in transport or shipment. Now that they are seeking the market for dressed meat, i.e., bullocks and sheep ready for sale to the consumer, butter, poultry, eggs, and fruit, such as grapes, peaches, pears and tomatoes, cold storage has become a necessity. It may be of interest to note that the freight, say on cheese, which does not require special care, amounts to about 6 per cent of its value, and that the Canadians believe they are on the right economic road by striving to keep the quality standards of their produce in the front rank."

This is the best of advertising for our products, and proves how very valuable to our farmers, and through them to the whole people, the new policy is calculated to be. Canada is now on the right road.

The Turk seems to fatten on ultimatum.

As the French witness the effusive demonstrations in Russia in honor of the visiting German emperor, they rub their eyes and wonder whether or not they are dreaming. It is not so very long since the French went almost crazy over the Russian emperor, believing that an alliance, offensive and defensive, had been arranged between the empire and the republic. And the language of the Russian czar at that time was such as to give ground for that assumption. Now the czar is even more demonstrative over his fellow-allied German. Perhaps Nicholas desires to be taken as the Universal Friend.

Newfoundland's Future.

What a pack of trouble Canada would have inherited if the recent attempt to annex Newfoundland to the Dominion had succeeded! The French government, according to the premier of Newfoundland, is as determined as ever to enforce the claims of its fishermen to territorial rights on the island, and it is made apparent that before these claims are disposed of there will have to be a complete settlement of the whole question of French rights in Newfoundland. It was never contemplated that the French fishermen from the islands of the St. Lawrence should be given any right beyond that of ability to land on Newfoundland and dry their fish. But as time has gone by, they claim more and more, and it is just as well that these knotty problems should be settled once and for all before Newfoundland becomes a part of the Dominion. Newfoundland is fated to join Canada. Her union with us will round off the Confederation, and we know of no one who will not gladly welcome her in on fair terms. But it is easier to settle this question of territorial jurisdiction before union than it would be after amalgamation.

The taffy match at St. Petersburg between the two emperors seems to have been a most successful affair. Both pine for peace—and territorial expansion.

Sir John Macdonald urged John Sandfield Macdonald to appoint a minister of education for Ontario. He did not do so, but Hon. Oliver Mowat took the advice, and placed the education department under a responsible head. The people of Quebec are reminded of these facts now that it is proposed to place education in that province under ministerial responsibility.

Ireland in Parliament.

John Dillon, cabling his views of the late session of Parliament, says it was a very successful one for the friends of Irish home rule. The government opened the session with a policy for Ireland of extending the hateful and disastrous Castle system by creating a further series of nominated boards. But the strenuous opposition offered to that scheme by the Irish party compelled its abandonment and the adoption instead of the far more acceptable policy of promising Ireland next session a system of county government by popularly elected bodies similar to that already established in Great Britain. Mr. Dillon regards this concession as an immediate result of the cessation of faction in the Irish ranks. Mr. Dillon further asserts that the exposure of Ireland's grievous overtaxation, of mainly due to the splendid ability of Mr. Sexton, brought the whole Irish representation into line in the memorable debate originated in the masterly speech of Mr. Blake, making a profound impression on Parliament and on the people of the country. Mr. Dillon says the features of the session to which he attaches most importance are the palpable proof that the united party of Irish Nationalists in the House of Commons would be practically irresistible and the great progress made towards effecting reunion among them. He is convinced that before another general election, unity and harmony will be restored in the ranks of the friends of self-government in Ireland, and that they will go back in the next Parliament with a solidly united party of at least 85 out of 103 Irish mem-

bers. Mr. Dillon's optimism, which is shared by Hon. Edward Blake, will help to promote the unity which he champions.

On the European continent a prime minister has about as dangerous a job as an emperor. Senor Castillo, the aged premier of Spain, has fallen by the hand of an assassin, who says he is an Anarchist, and there is general alarm among those in authority. New developments with regard to Cuba may result from the tragedy. Castillo was a firm opponent of Cuban autonomy.

The ward system cleaves to anarchic life in London closer than an oyster to a shell.

BAD ROADS.

[Yonkers Statesman.]  
Sprocket—I'm down on bad roads!  
Bloomer—Yes; I saw you down on one yesterday.

GETTING VERY LOW.

Syracuse Standard.  
Silver is getting so cheap that, no one will be willing to use it even for lining the darkest clouds.

CIVILIZATION COSTS.

Evening Wisconsin.  
The Japanese are not the only people who have been impressed by a depleted pocketbook that the gain of civilization is a rapid one.

ROAD NOTES.

[Chicago Record.]  
Though, as vehicles of pleasure, Bicycles all are fine and fleet; As a vehicle of courtship, The old top buggy can't be beat.

A BICYCLE VISION IN WHITE.

[Philadelphia Times.]  
One very noticeable and attractive turnout yesterday was a wheel entirely white, ridden by a trim girl in white skirts, with a white hat and white shoes and stockings.

HOW IT MIGHT END.

[Chicago Record.]  
If the Japs came here to fight us, It would be a brief attack— They would drop the sword and musket To sell us brick-a-brac.

LUXURIOS.

Cincinnati Enquirer.  
Kane—Got a bicycle yet?  
Able—Think I'll wait till they are improved a little more.  
"Well, there will be a chainless wheel out next year."  
"That wait do me. What I want is a combined motor bicycle and hammock."

IMITATING ONTARIO.

[Hamilton Times.]  
Mr. Marchand's determination to improve the school system of Quebec by more closely following the lines of the Ontario system, and placing the schools under a responsible minister, receives the approval of even the Montreal Gazette. It is only when hopelessly lacking a subject for complaint that Tory papers attack our school system. And then they deal in vague generalities and carefully avoid getting down to particulars.

SUBSTITUTE FOR LYNNING.

[Miami Metropolis.]  
Among the Seminole Indians of Florida there is no lynching. When any of those offenses are committed which usually lead to lynching, these Indians seize the offenders and turn them over to the alligators. A few days ago the tribe caught a missing couple and tied them to stakes near the water's edge, about 50 feet apart. Then they tied a dog between them to attract attention. For the entire day they were left there in the hot sun, and then the alligators crawled out, and first devoured the howling dog and then the man and woman.

"THE WORLD MOVES."

[Stratford Beacon.]  
It was Mr. Foster who said to the premier, "My honorable friend has either got to repudiate these imperial treaties or he has got to act in accordance with them. What will he do? He will register the condition of the air in relation to cooking or freezing ice cream, but to its effects upon the human body. What we need is a thermohumidimeter."

THRALLDOM OF THE THERMOMETER.

[Kansas City Times.]  
We are the slaves of the whimsical thermometer. Though we know that it is not nearly so accurate a guide as our own feelings, still, in our veneration for science that we prepare to freeze or sizzle according to the plans of the weather bureau. It is time to revolt. If we cannot throw off the yoke of the thermometer we ought to insist that it be so altered and improved that it will register the condition of the air in relation to cooking or freezing ice cream, but to its effects upon the human body. What we need is a thermohumidimeter.

Masked Men

Enter a Yarmouth Farmer's House and Rob Him.

Secured \$6 and a Gold Watch—Nine Tramps Arrested.

St. Thomas, Ont., Aug. 8.—This morning about 2 o'clock five men made an entrance into the house of a farmer named Secord, living about two miles east of the city. They had their faces disguised, so that it will be difficult to recognize them should they be brought to trial. After demanding the valuables in the house, from Mr. and Mrs. Secord, which they handed over to them, being \$6 in cash and a gold watch, they proceeded upstairs to the children's bedrooms and see if more could be forced from them. One of the ruffians choked the oldest girl, about 12 years of age, until she was black in the face, and left the marks of his nails on her neck. Not being able to secure anything more in the shape of cash, they left. This morning Constable Fairbrother went to the scene and arrested the tramps in the vicinity of the house, five of whom admitted they had slept in a barn not far from there. Mrs. Secord thought she recognized one of them. They are all lodged in the county jail.

## Western Ontario.

Serious Stabbing Affray on the Windsor Dock

Over a Game of Craps—A Chatham Court Fracas.

Mr. Bagnall, Grand Trunk roadmaster at St. Thomas, has been transferred to Chatham.

The St. Thomas board of trade will run an excursion to Sarnia on Aug. 17, taking in the river trip.

North Essex Conservatives will nominate a candidate for the legislature on Aug. 28. Dr. Reame is spoken of as the standard bearer.

The Grand Trunk Railway, it is understood, will make Sarnia the power terminus for the future, instead of Port Erie. Already several train crews have been notified to move to Sarnia.

The longshoremen's, bricklayers', and other labor organizations of Windsor are making preparations for the holding of a celebration in Wallace's Grove on Labor Day. In the morning there will be a parade of different societies and in the afternoon there will be all kinds of sports and games at the grove.

A number of tramps on Thursday congregated in the barns of G. T. Cruve, at Prairie Siding, near Chatham. Some of them were smoking and set fire to the straw in the barn. The whole three were totally destroyed, along with the season's crops, farm implements, etc. The loss is estimated at \$4,000. No arrests were made.

John Yates, butcher, Yarmouth, had his leg broken by the knee Friday. He, with Aid. McCallum and others, was killing cattle. He undertook to kill one of the animals, but did not strike a powerful enough blow. Instead of killing he stunned the animal, which staggered and fell over upon him, breaking his leg.

Before Squire McQueen, at Chatham, on Friday, Felix Shreeve, George Shreeve and John Shreeve were arraigned on a charge of larceny. The first two were committed for trial, and the case against the third dropped. A fracas ensued between the magistrate and one of the lawyers.

John E. Gordon, of St. Helen's, Haldy county, a prominent and much respected citizen, died Saturday after an illness of six days, of Canadian cholera. Mr. Gordon was a native of Forfar, Scotland, where he was born Jan. 21, 1827.

Committed to Canada just after the rebellion of 1837, he settled with the rest of his family at Rayside, Whitby.

Col. Willis, the retiring United States command at St. Thomas, is again. His successor, Michael J. Burke, of Chicago, desired to know if it would inconvenience Col. Willis if he (Mr. Burke) did not leave Chicago until the 28th, and the colonel replied that he would not be inconvenienced if Mr. Burke did not leave Chicago until four years hence.

A serious stabbing affray occurred on the Windsor docks Saturday. There was a quarrel between Wm. Foster and Walter Leech, two colored men, resulting in the latter being severely cut by the former. The quarrel was over a game of craps. Leech accused Foster of using loaded dice. Foster pulled a knife and gave Leech two severe cuts, one down the side and the other across the thighs. All those who were in the game immediately ran for shelter. Foster escaped to the ferry dock. Officer Livingston was notified of the cutting and he at once caught Foster and placed him under arrest.

SPIRITS USE TRUMPET.

Their Ignorance of the Indian Alphabet Leads to Tumult and Pistols.

Wichita, Kan., Aug. 6.—A party of Spiritualists from Fort Smith, Ark., gave a seance at Sallissaw, I. T., last night, which was witnessed by many Indians, half-breeds and a few whites. The mediums used a trumpet for the conveyance of messages from the spirit land, which was arranged so that the muzzle of it protruded through an opening in the curtain.

The audience watched the proceedings with awe and wonderment. Finally, an educated Indian named Walking Stick called for the spirit of Zouyayah. Walking Stick then asked: "Who invented the Cherokee alphabet?" The trumpeet answered, giving a long Indian name. The Indians knew that Zouyayah himself was the inventor and became indignant.

A tumult arose, during which revolvers were fired and a rush made for the curtain. All the paraphernalia was destroyed, but the mediums escaped through a window into the woods or they would have been roughly used and possibly killed.

HANDLING RUNAWAY HORSES.

Philadelphia Press.

Do you suppose that you have strength enough to stop a team of runaway horses by simply pulling on the reins? It isn't a question of strength, but of skill, excepting, of course, those instances where the reins break or a broken whiffletree keeps banging against the horses' heads. Even when skill is used, where mere strength would amount to nothing. If a team should become frightened, and set out to run away a wagon, can a man handle it as well as a man who does not lose control of herself. All she has to do is to guide the horses judiciously and keep them in the road. Even a runaway team will respond to the reins, and if a collision can be avoided the horses will eventually stop, when they find that they are really in no danger. The man never lived who is strong enough to stop a runaway team with the reins only. The man who knows how to talk to horses as well as to guide them can handle them as safely as any man that ever breathed.

ITCHING SKIN DISEASES

SPEDDY CURE TREATMENT for Itching, Disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin and scalp diseases with the famous Balm of Gilead. It cures all kinds of itching, burning, and scaly skin and scalp diseases with the famous Balm of Gilead. It cures all kinds of itching, burning, and scaly skin and scalp diseases with the famous Balm of Gilead.

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ED ROUGH HANDS Softened and Healed by CUTICURA SOAP.



RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is safe, reliable and effective because of the stimulating action which it exerts over the nerves and vital powers of the body, adding tone to the system and inducing to renewed vigor the slumbering vitality of the physical structure, and through this healthful stimulation and increased action the cause of the PAIN is driven away, and a natural condition restored. It is true that the RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is an admirably adapted for the CURB OF PAIN and without the risk of injury which is sure to result from the use of many of the so-called pain remedies of the day.

IT IS HIGHLY IMPORTANT THAT EVERY FAMILY KEEP A SUPPLY OF

Radway's Ready Relief

Always in the house. Its use will prove beneficial on all occasions of pain or sickness. There is nothing in the world that will stop pain or correct the progress of disease as quick as the Ready Relief.

For headache, whether sick or nervous, toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or limbs, the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate relief, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

A Cure for All

SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach and bowels will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

Internally—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency and all internal ailments.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarial and all other fevers, except by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Radway's Pills

for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Rheumatism, Vertigo, Costiveness, Piles, etc.

Sick Headache.

Female Complaints, Biliousness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation and All Disorders of the Liver.

Observe the following symptoms, resulting from disease of the digestive organs: Constipation, inward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, loss of appetite, dizziness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and full pulse in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the chest, limbs and sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh.

A few doses of Radway's Pills will free the system of all the above named disorders.

Price 25c a Box. Sold by Druggists or Sent by Mail.

Send to RADWAY & CO., No. 7, St. Helen street, Montreal, Canada, for "Book of Advice."

The Only Satisfactory Dress Bindings

The "Lip" and "Tube" Bias Dress Bindings

Used by the leading Modistes of Montreal, New York, Paris, London. They will Outwear Any Skirt.

From 6c to 15c per yard according to width. Women's latest French skirt pattern is given free with every purchase.

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A. Westman's

111 Dundas St. W.

Branch Store: 654 Dundas St. E.

## They'll Be Gone This Week.

There are just about 500 of those shirt waists left—hardly that many. Over 1,000 were sold during the last ten days, so we guess the prophecy is safe that we'll sell the remainder this week. There are a few of each line yet, but in one or two of the most popular styles it is only a very few that are left, and they go to the early shopper. No matter whether you want to pay only 29c or 39c, or can afford 50c, 60c, 75c, 89c or \$1, we're sure you can't get as big shirt waist value anywhere else in the land. We bought them dirt cheap and can afford to sell them for next to nothing.

J. H. Chapman & Co.

## They're The Style In Paris....

These silk blouses of the shirt waist style. Last year's silk waists were close fitting, but this season the devotees of dame fashion must wear a loose waist with bishop's sleeves. The neck and waist are made with plain band, to be worn with white collar and cuffs. We have them made up in black satin and tartan plaid, which are to be the most popular colors this season. For the same price, however, we will take your measure and make you a waist in cream, ivory white, sky, blue, pink, cardinal, mauve, or any other plain shade of china silk. They're well worth \$4.50.

\$3 25

## Your Millinery Opportunity

All the trimmed millinery now in the store is summer and early fall millinery. A month from now it must all be fall and winter millinery. That means that all our present stock must change hands within a month. That wouldn't be the case if we didn't force the selling. So we give you your choice of all our trimmed millinery at half price—remember, that means below cost. The early shoppers will have the advantage.

Half-Price

J. H. Chapman & Co.

126 and 128 Dundas St., London.