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### Ladies' High Cut Laced Boots,

**\$3.20 to \$8.00 pair.**

Shades Ivory, Havana Brown, Grey, and Black; Gun Metal, Vici Kid and Dongola, in good fitting roomly shoes that keep their shape.

## LADIES'

### JOB SPATS,

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In Black, Fawn and Grey, 10 button high. Good value for \$2.35 pair.

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## ARCTIC SOX

FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY.

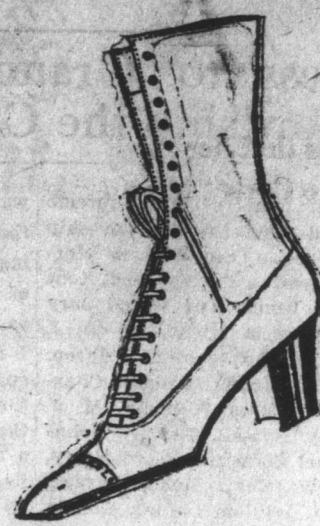
There is no comfort in wearing long rubbers without them.

### SHOE POLISH AND SHOE LACES

in Ox Blood, Ivory, Grey, Champagne, White, Tan, Black and Heel Enamel.

200 pairs

SLIPPER TREES at 15c. pair.



Phone 484. **BISHOP, SONS & CO., Limited.** P. O. Box 920, St. John's.  
Mail Orders receive careful consideration.

## Hais' Tribute to Foch.

## New York May Have Big Strike.

There a Government in Berlin--  
Peace Conference Getting Ready  
--Wilson to Sit as a Premier.

### UNITY AND HARMONY.

LONDON, Jan. 8. Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, in his report on operations from the 1st of April until the end of hostilities, was made public here last night. It was a high tribute to Marshal Foch, commander-in-chief of the Allied armies, which fought side by side with ours. The report takes up in detail the fighting on various parts of the British front, which the Field Marshal says, was carried on as a part of the grand plan of the campaign laid down by the Allied high command. At the close of the operations, the report declares, in the decisive contests in the period covered by the report the strongest and most vital parts of the enemy's front were attacked, his lateral communications

fully and gloriously realized. If the complete unity and harmony of our action is to be ascribed to the justice of our cause, it is due to the absolute loyalty with which that cause has been pursued by all those entrusted with the control of the different armies which fought side by side with ours. The report takes up in detail the fighting on various parts of the British front, which the Field Marshal says, was carried on as a part of the grand plan of the campaign laid down by the Allied high command. At the close of the operations, the report declares, in the decisive contests in the period covered by the report the strongest and most vital parts of the enemy's front were attacked, his lateral communications

were cut and his best divisions were fought to a standstill. On the different battlefronts the British took 187,000 prisoners, and 2,850 guns, bringing the total number of prisoners captured during the year to over 201,000. These results were achieved by fifty-nine fighting British divisions which in the course of the three months' battle engaged and defeated 99 separate German divisions. When the armistice was signed by the enemy his defensive powers had already been definitely destroyed. Continuance of hostilities would have meant only disaster to the German armies and an armed invasion of Germany.

### FIGHTING IN BERLIN.

LONDON, Jan. 8. The first encounters between the Berlin Government and the Spartacist forces occurred on Sunday in front of the Kaiserhof hotel when one person was killed and eight others wounded. According to an eyewitness some of the troops turned against the government and others refused to obey the government's orders to recapture the quarters of the Wolff Bureau, the semi-official news agency. On the other hand a marine division is stated to be supporting the government. The Spartacists refused all offers of the government to negotiate and were attacking the foreign office, the Chancellor's palace and others of the ministries on Monday when eighteen persons are reported to have been killed.

### CONFLICTING NEWS.

BASLE, Switzerland, Jan. 7. The German semi-official Wolff Bureau which was removed to Frankfurt when its Berlin office was seized by the Spartacists, sent out a message to-day declaring that the Berlin Soldiers' and Workers' Council and the garrison of the city had placed themselves on the side of the government. The Frankfurt, General Anzeiger on the other hand, declares that the Spartacists continued to-day to occupy some of the public buildings. They easily gained control of the railways, the newspaper adds, and the employees ceased to run the trains.

### PREPARED FOR ASSAULT.

BERLIN, Jan. 7. At this hour Spartacist forces are being massed at several places where weapons and armored cars have been concentrated. In Wilhelmstrasse the Government forces are waiting an attack. Government troops have been posted on top of the Brandenburg gate and adjoining buildings with machine guns. The troops in the Government buildings have been equipped with flame throwers.

### DISCONTENT SPREADS TO NAVY.

LONDON, Jan. 8. Discontent has made its appearance in the grand fleet over the slowness of demobilization, especially among the auxiliary, whose duty it has been to sweep up mines. The crews of many of the auxiliaries were recruited from the fishermen and the men wish to share in the huge profits now being made by the fishermen. They had been offered two pounds extra weekly to continue at work, but are agitating for their discharge. Further demonstrations by the soldiers took place to-day in London and other centres.

The agitation of crews of mine sweepers attached to the grand fleet on account of the slowness of demobilization, has been settled by the Admiralty, which has decided that only volunteers should be engaged in mine-sweeping volunteered for that service.

### BIG STRIKE CALLED.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8. A strike which it is claimed will virtually tie up all traffic in New York Harbor unless the Federal Government manna tugs and ferries with

soldiers and sailors was called to-night by the Marine Workers' Affiliation for six o'clock to-morrow morning. To prepare for an emergency police headquarters immediately issued orders to all stations directing that reserves be held in readiness for trouble which it was said might develop. The strike vote was taken after the War Labor Board announced its inability to effect a settlement with the Boat Owners' Association and placed all blame on the shoulders of the employers.

### THE BATTLE OF MONCHY.

LONDON, Jan. 8. (Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—Describing the battle of the Scarpe and the retaking of Monchy le Preux last August, Field Marshal Haig's despatch says: "At three o'clock on the morning of August 8, the Canadian Corps, Lieut. General Currie commanding, on the right of General Horne's First Army, attacked the German positions astride the Scarpe River with the Second and Third Canadian Divisions, commanded by Major Generals Burstall and Lipscomb, and the Fifty-First Division. This attack on about a five and a half mile front, closely supported by the Third Army's left, was completely successful. By noon we had taken Wancourt and Guemappe and had stormed the hill and village of Monchy le Preux. The latter position was of great natural strength and well organized for defence, and commanded observations of much importance."

### WILSON WILL SIT AS PREMIER.

PARIS, Jan. 8. The Temps says it is able to state that President Wilson has officially informed Premier Clemenceau that he does not desire to be considered at the Peace Conference as the head of a state, but only as the Prime Minister of his state. The Temps says that the United States constitution makes the President not only the head of the state but the head of government, and that President Wilson will claim only the right to the prerogative of the last named position at the Peace Conference. The newspaper adds that when making known his desire to Premier Clemenceau he also informed the Premier concerning the detailed work of the various American delegates to the Conference would have assigned to them.

### ANOTHER CZAR YARN.

LONDON, Jan. 8. According to a story sent by a special correspondent of the Morning Post at Archangel, which it is necessary to treat with reserve, the former

Emperor of Russia is still alive. The correspondent telegraphs: "A friend of mine, Prince M., who has just arrived here from Petrograd, informed me that he had a long talk with Grand Duke Cyril on November 18. The Grand Duke told him that he had just received a letter from Grand Duchess Tatiana, daughter of the Emperor, who wrote that the Empress and her daughter were still alive and that the Emperor had not been shot. The Bolshevik officer who was ordered to carry out the sentence of death told the Emperor that it was a matter of indifference to him who was shot. He had orders to produce a corpse. Bullets in the head of a victim would make identification impossible. Count T., who was present at the conversation, offered to sacrifice himself, saying it was his duty to lay down his life for his Sovereign. The Emperor protested vehemently, but was overruled by Count T., and the officer. The Emperor escaped. But no one knows where he is at present. Dr. Botkin has also written to his sister, to the effect that the greatest crime of the 20th century has miscarried."

### REPARATIONS.

OTTAWA, Jan. 8. Casualties: Infantry, repatriated—R. Moulton, Epworth, Burin.

### ROOSEVELT BURIED.

OYSTER BAY, Jan. 8. The body of Theodore Roosevelt was laid at rest to-day. It was committed to earth at 1.43 p.m. in a family cemetery plot overlooking Long Island Sound.

### "PLAYING THE GAME."

WARSAW, Monday, Jan. 6. Ignace Jan. Paderewski, who is in Poland as a representative of American Poles, is expected to return to Warsaw to-day from Cracow, and to take part in the formation of a new ministry, the Socialist government of General Pilsudski having been weakened somewhat as the result of the attempted coup d'etat Sunday by the Conservatives and Liberals. Present plans are for a new ministry in which there will be only three Socialists. The ministry will have a national character with four members from Posen, four from Galicia, and eight from Russian Poland. Reports are that neither the friends of General Pilsudski nor the National Polish Committee in Paris will be permitted to predominate in the Cabinet. In view of the fact that Mr. Paderewski had declared himself to-day to be a friend of the workmen and the peasants, it is declared by his friends that he will be able to consolidate all parties in Poland and secure for the new ministry recognition by the Allies, as well as to present a united front against the Bolsheviks.

### WILL HOLD GERMANY RESPONSIBLE.

PARIS, Jan. 8. At the last meeting of the armistice commission Marshal Foch called attention to the actions of the Germans who he said while evacuating Poland and the Baltic provinces left their arms with the Bolsheviks, thus violating the conditions of the armistice. Marshal Foch added that Germany would be held accountable for the damages done by these members of the Bolshevik factions.

### POLES GAIN BENTSCHEEN.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 8. Polish troops have gained control of most of the town of Bentschen, an important railway junction, according to the General Anzeiger of Frankfurt. The Germans retired to the railroad station where they were bombarded by the Poles, who attempted to capture the station but were repulsed.

### GERMANY PAYING UP.

COBLENZ, Jan. 6. Ten million marks arrived here from Berlin to-day by special train, this sum being the first payment by the

German Government of the twenty-five million marks due in January for the expenses of the American army of occupation. The arrival of to-day's shipment makes a total of 64,000,000 marks which have been turned over to the Americans authorities for current expenses of the occupation forces.

### PREPARING THE WAY.

PARIS, Jan. 8. Many important questions concerning the arrangements of the programme for the Peace Conference, which have been in progress of solution, probably will soon be adjusted as a result of President Wilson's return to Paris. It is evident from the expressions of officials that the settlement of various matters will progress more rapidly from now on. It is possible that the first meetings between President Wilson and his aides and the Entente Premiers may occur at the end of this week. These conferences will be informal and will be carried forward in a spirit of accommodation, the discussions which have taken place during Mr. Wilson's absence between individuals of the various delegations, and also between various groups. The meetings are expected to develop great importance later, but at present it may be said

that results of value have been reached and that the ground has been cleared for the beginning of the actual negotiations.

### VOTING DRY.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 8. By a vote of thirty to fifteen the Illinois Senate to-night ratified the Federal Prohibition amendment. The house will act on the resolution to-morrow.

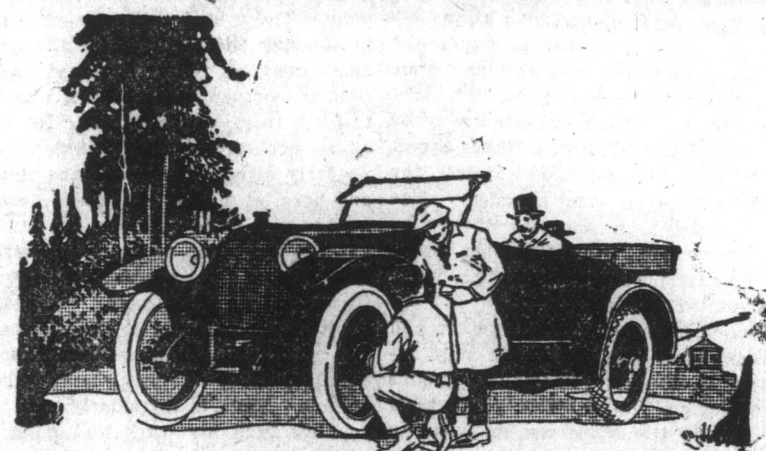
### BREWERS BUST.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8. Distillers of the country having determined at a meeting yesterday to make a final supreme effort through the courts to keep the United States from going bone dry next summer, today appointed an executive committee to take charge of the campaign. Whether the programme of the distillers will be broadened to other than court procedure it is said has not yet been determined.

When preparing pudding, do not fill the molds over two-thirds full, to prevent soginess.

Don't waste paper. All paper that cannot be otherwise used can be made into paper boards.

Even collapsible tubes, which have been emptied of paste, tooth pastes, etc., should be saved.



## How About Your Pressure?

Experts estimate that 30 per cent more tyres are worn out every year than would be the case if all tyres were kept inflated to the proper pressure.

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See the Goodyear Dealer. He will help you determine the exact pressure which you ought to keep in both front and rear tyres for best service.

He will show you how the Goodyear engineers have worked out the proper inflation figures for all tyre sizes and all sorts of loads.

Then he will give you a copy of Goodyear tables so that you will know how to change your pressure if you change your load.

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