CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER

SACKVILLE, N. B., AUG. 30, 1894

MARITIME cricketers feel sore because they were passed over in the selection of the international eleven to play the United States team at Philadelphia. They propose to organize a team and beat the chosen eleven from the Upper Provinces if they can. This is a very proper form of revenge. May they meet with success.

SEMICOLONS and apostrophes out of place in the new United States tariff will cost the country some thousands of dollars in loss of revenue. In the Canadian bill Mr. Foster hunted up the commas which had got out of place and had them put right before the measure became law. The superiority of the Canadian system of making tariff changes is shown even in the smallest details.

REV. James Wylie a Scotch missionary at New Chevang China was clubbed, kicked and stabbed to death in a public street by Chinese soldiers. China will make what reparation lies in its power, that is, it will behead the murderers, censure the officers who were in command of the soldiers and pay a sum of money to Mr. Wylie's relatives. Active measures are being taken to prevent a repetition of the outrage but missionary life in China at present is anything but pleasant.

CHINA and Japan do not have a monopoly of war in the east. The Boers of South Africa, after a fierce and bloody struggle with the Kaffirs have just succeeded in reducing them to submission and now comes word that France has sustained another bloody repulse at Timbuctoo. Just what advantage accrues to France or England either for that matter, from conquests in Central Africa, where Europeans cannot live on account of the unhealthy climate, is not apparent. Yet each nation presses on toward the equator and toward the other, subduing tribes too weak and barbarous to make effectual resistance and too poor to be worth subduing.

AT THE meeting of the Canadian medical men in St. John a resolution, based on a paper read by Dr. William Bayard, was proposed condemning the system of education practiced in Canada as draining upon the brain of children sufficiently to effect their mental and bodily health. Dr. Bayard's paper dealt with the influence of mind on body and was warmly applauded by the learned gentlemen present. The matter is one of most supreme importance. The Ancients trained the body and to a certain degree neglected the mind: the Moderns seek intellectual advancement only, and children are hindered rather than helped in developing sound bodies. Surely abnormal development of either mind or body to the prejudice of the other equally important factor is hurtful and a healthy development of both mind and body is possible and profitable as well.

OF THE measures passed by the fifty-third U. S. Congress the most important is, of course the much disputed tariff Act. The protracted struggle over this measure has operated to prevent the completion of other legislation, yet the record of the session has not been altogether barren. In addition to the tariff law congress has passed laws repealing the statutes providing for federal supervision of elections, providing for the admission of Utah into the Union, giving effect to the award rendered by the Behring Sea Arbitration Tribunal, making labor day a national holiday, extending the limits of the port of New York so as to include Yonkers, extending for one year the time for final proof and payment for lands claimed under the public land laws, reducing the time of enlistment in the army from five to three years, promoting the efficiency of the naval militia by allowing the naval reserves of a state the use of a war vessel for maneuvers, extending the time for settlers to purchase forfeited railroad lands, amending the act for the prevention of collisions at sea, making the decrees of the Paris Tribunal applicable to United States citizens, and facilitating the entry of steamships by permitting their officers to swear to their manifests. A considerable number of bills having a local bearing were also passed. On the whole the fifty-third Congress has added some important legislation to the statute book, though the volume of it is not of the proportions which the identity of political control in the two houses led the country to expect.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT PROROGUED.

The British parliament was prorogued by her majesty Queen Victoria on Saturday last, Aug 25th. Among the matters of interest to colonists referred to by her majesty were the following.

"I am confident you share in the joy with which I and my people have welcomed the birth of an heir in the third generation to my throne. The event is not merely propitious, but unprecedented in the history of this country.

"In concert with the president of the United States, I have taken the steps necessary to put into effect the award of the tribunal of arbitration of the question of seal fisheries in Behring Sea, and have assented to the act of parliament for this purpose.

"A conference was held at Ottawa in June at which representatives of the Imperial government, of the Dominion and of the Cape and Australian colonies met to consider questions relating to the intercolonial tariffs and communication. I have learned with satisfaction that the proceedings of the conference were of a character calculated to strengthen the union of the colonies concerned, both among themselves and with the mother country."

—In the 2.27 trot at Bangor Me., on Tuesday Carvill, of St. John, owner and driver of Speculation, went on for the second heat in a condition unfitting him for driving. He scored out of his position several times. The judges, fearing an accident, ordered a new driver. Carvill refused to let any one but himself drive the horse. The judges sent him to the stalls and announced him expelled from all tracks of National Association. Speculation was second in the first heat.

Incidents of The War.

A CHINESE VICTORY.

A letter received in Chee Foo from Chemulpo, Corea, reasserts that the Japanese were defeated by the Chinese at Ping Yang. Thirteen Japanese transports, convoyed by nineteen warships, arrived in the estuary of Taston Kang on the 18th inst, and landed a force of six thousand men, who advanced upon Ping Yang. When midway between the landing place and their objective point the Japanese were attacked by Chinese cavalry, who succeeded in dividing the advancing column into two parts. Thereupon the Chinese artillery poured a lively fire into the Japanese ranks, creating almost a panic. The Japanese retreated in disorder to the shore, where the advance of the Chinese was checked by the fire from the guns of the Japanese fleet. The Japanese lost 1,300 men. The letter does not mention the retreat of the Japanese troops from Chungho, from which place, according to Chinese reports, they had been driven. Nevertheless it is believed the Chinese are in possession of Chungho, as it is stated a council of war was held there August 20, when it was decided to attack the main Japanese force which is preventing the Chinese advance upon Seoul. It is reported the Japanese are re-embarking their heavy baggage in Ping Yang inlet. The country is being scoured by Chinese cavalry, who have taken prisoners and beheaded hundreds of stragglers.

WILL MAKE AMENDS.

An imperial edict has been issued in connection with the outrages perpetrated on missionaries, and the murder of Rev. James Wylie, a Presbyterian minister, who was recently killed at Lion Yang by Chinese soldiers who were marching to Corea. The edict condemns the Chinese officers responsible for the good conduct of the troops and orders that the actual murderers be beheaded. It is further ordered that the chapels which have been destroyed, be rebuilt at the expense of the people in the localities where the outrages were committed, and that compensation be paid to the relatives of Mr. Wylie.

Advices from China show that the maltreatment of English women missionaries in Canton was due to the posting of placards, accusing foreigners of a desire to poison all the Chinese to revenge the loss of friends by the plague in Hong Kong. The placards said: "Chinese female convicts and foreign devil-women, on the pretext of curing the plague, have spread broad-cast poisonous scent bags. The Chinese must not be deceived by them."

GREAT BRITAIN IS NEUTRAL.

The proclamation of Queen Victoria of neutrality in the war is published. After reciting the facts concerning the declaration of war and the desire of Her Majesty to have peace preserved on behalf of her subjects, it enjoins as follows: "And we do hereby strictly charge and command all our loving subjects to govern themselves accordingly, and to observe a strict neutrality in and during the aforesaid war, and to abstain from violating either the laws and statutes of the realm in this behalf, or the laws of nations in relation thereto as they will answer to the contrary at their peril.

The act, under the head of "Illegal enlistment," provides that no British subject without the Queen's license shall accept service with either belligerent. It also forbids recruiting, encouraging or transposting out of Her Majesty's dominions, British subjects for the purpose of enlistment. The act is directed also against the building, sale or equipment of war vessels for the belligerents (except by license of Her Majesty) and further decrees that ships of war of either nation shall not be harbored in any British (or colonial) port longer than twenty-four hours, except for the purpose of necessary repairs, and forbids the sale to such ships of war of supplies other than such provisions as may be of immediate necessity for the crew and coal to enable the vessel to proceed to a home port.

JAPANESE MOVEMENTS.

It is reported that Japanese transports, escorted by war vessels, are landing troops in force to the northward of Taku, with the intention of marching upon Pekin.

Another report says that the Japanese have succeeded in landing 20,000 men on the banks of the Syalu river, separating Corea from China, and they have thus cut off the supplies of the large army which the Chinese have sent down the Corean peninsula. Finally, this report says, the Japanese troops are converging upon the rear of the Chinese army, marching from the southward, and that the latter will consequently be taken between two fires, in addition to being cut off from its supplies which it is claimed will along bring down disaster. A third report says that the French commissioner at Hong Tyong has been murdered by the soldiers of General Yeh. All the three reports are rumors of Shanghai, and lack confirmation.

The Japanese torpedo gunboat Tatsuta, detained at Aden by orders of the British foreign office while on its way to Yokohama, was as anticipated, stopped under the foreign enlistment act, owing to the fact that her captain and crew were British subjects. Moreover the crew, in view of the neutrality laws and the outbreak of war between China and Japan, refused to do duty, and thus the Tatsuta was unable to proceed in any case.

THE WAR WAS PLANNED.

It is stated that Japan planned an invasion of Corea three years ago. The plan of operation was secretly matured to the minutest detail. Topographical and military maps of the whole of Corea were prepared showing every road, river and ford, with the depth and width of the waters. It is stated that pontoon trains were made and are now waiting at the Government stores to be brought over. Every military preparation was made to complete the conquest last year. Otori, the Japanese Minister at Seoul, was not idle. His business was to collect all necessary information and to work secretly with the powerful Japanese party in Corea. He held repeated conferences of a serious character with various officials, who are now playing an important part in the military operations. The Japanese descent, once announced, was to have been executed with phenomenal activity. The various pretences by which Otori contrived to deceive the Chinese residents, as well as the Corean Government and foreign representatives, are now seen to have been *ruses de guerre*, to evade opposition to the landing of troops.

—Sir C. H. Tupper has accepted an invitation to take part in unveiling the monument at Springhill on September 11th. Sir John Thompson thinks he hardly will be ably to attend.

—The inquiry into the cause of the Primrose accident has established the fact that the yacht's weakness was lack of depth and too great a spread of canvas.

A Cure For Diphtheria.

PROF. KOCH AGAIN.

The statement that a specific and reasonably certain cure for diphtheria has been discovered by the German scientist Prof Koch, is a complete surprise to the general public, although in the professional medical world there have been rumors of the discovery. So conservative a practitioner as Dr. Cyrus Edison, of the board of health, states with emphasis that this latest discovery by Prof. Koch is the latter's greatest achievement, and there is good reason to accept that statement. The New York board of health sent one of its physicians to Berlin to investigate the matter and the inquiry showed that the merits of the new specific had been proven beyond doubt. Even Prof. Virchow, who so steadfastly refused to accept the "tuberculin" as a successful remedy for consumption, admits that the new specific, antitoxine, has achieved an undoubted triumph. In the city of Berlin there have been already more than 3,000 cases which were treated successfully with the new remedy and the statement is made emphatically that, in the absence of other complications, the antitoxine is an infallible cure if used within 36 hours after infection.

From what has already been made public it appears that the antitoxine treatment is simply a form of inoculation. Apparently a culture of the diphtheria germs is made directly in the blood of animals rather than in the media more generally employed in laboratory work; but the accounts which have been made public are so megre in details that it is impossible to secure a more definite description of the process. What seems to be certain, however, is that the antitoxine does remarkable work in checking the progress of the disease and in exterminating the diphtheria bacillus.

Brittania and Vigilant.

In consequence of the capsizing in Portland Roads of the Britannia's dingey, through which two of the crew were drowned, the Prince of Wales has cancelled all of the cutter's engagements on the western coast. The Britannia will proceed to Cowes, where she will go out of commission unless the Vigilant compels her to contest for the Cape May cup, September 9th.

In an interview Howard Gould said no communication had been received from the Prince of Wales regarding the latter's desire to withdraw his cutter from the race for the Cape May cup. "The conditions under which the cup is held," Mr. Gould said, "are that the holder must either defend or surrender it. The Prince cannot assign its defence to the Satanita nor any other vessel, and I do not see how we can withdraw our challenge. The vigilant will probably be ready to take part in the Royal Dart regatta at Dartmouth Aug. 31, and in the Royal Western of England regatta at Plymouth Sept. 4th and 5th. If the Prince of Wales desires an immediate race for the Cape May cup however, the Vigilant will abandon these engagements. We want to take the cup home with us and would rather race for it than have it surrendered."

Point de Bute Stone Meeting House, The First.

Correspondence Wesleyan.

MR. EDITOR:—During a visit to the hospitable home of Mr. Howard Trueman, Prospect Farm, Point de Bute, I was shown many relics of the settlers of 1774. Mr. Trueman is a lineal descendant of Wm. Trueman, Sen., who located on this beautiful spot 120 years ago. The house in which he lives is a commodious structure almost a century old It is covered with vines, which during the summer months hide the bricks of which it is built from sight. In looking through some old account books I came across entries which seem to show that the honor of owning the first piece of ground deeded to John Wesley and his followers and of worshipping in the first building bearing his name, in what is now known as the Dominion of Canada, belongs to Point de Bute. For instance on the 25th of Aug., 1788, John Law is credited with £1. 2. 1½ for the meeting house. During the same month Wm. Freeze is credited with bal. on Ac. of Meeting House £0. 16. 2. It is referred to as the Stone Meeting House. The Deed which was shown me by Mr. Martin Trueman is dated Aug. 1788 and is signed by James Wray as witness. He was sent out by Mr. Wesley and after the Conference in Halifax in May 1788 went to Cumberland.

X

U. S. Tariff Bill Becomes Law.

President Cleveland's Letter.

At twelve o'clock on Monday night President Cleveland had not vetoed the new Tariff Bill and as provided by Constitution it then became law. Secretary Carlisle has decided that goods then in bond will be entered under the new act. President Cleveland wrote a letter in which he set forth his views of the new tariff bill and gave his reasons for not approving it. He said upon serious consideration, he was more settled than ever in his determination to allow the bill to become law without his signature. He expressed great disappointment in the result of the tariff legislation and declared the bill presents a vast improvement to the existing conditions and will certainly lighten many tariff burdens, he considers it not the only barrier against the return of mad protection, but furnishes advantage ground from which must be waged further agressive operations against protected monopoly and governmental favoritism.

News Condensed.

—Canadian and Newfoundland codfish will hereafter be admitted free to Cuba.

—The Steel Co. and Iron and Railway Co. of New Glasgow N. S. are looking foward to amalgamation which will mean more machinery, more men, and a larger output.

—Dawson Steeves of Lower Hillsboro A. Co., died suddenly on Saturday afternoon aged 87. He was in good health on the day before but was seized with severe pain in the stomach and died before medical aid could reach him.

—Col. Henry Oldright formerly a prominent lawyer and one of the best linguists in Canada died at Halifax Saturday. He was once professor of languages in Dalhousie College and in Toronto University.

—The body of Capt. John Mowry one of the victims of Martin's Head disaster was recovered Saturday. It had been washed up on the beach.

—William McMillan of Wood's Island P. E. I. was shot and killed last week by an old bachelor named James McNeill. McMillan and two companions had visited McNeill's house and annoyed him.

Maritime Colt Stakes.

The report of Wednesday's trotting at Amherst Park was given in last week's POST. Thursday was hot and dusty but the attendance reached 800. The three minute class was finished and won by John Almont. The yearlings and three year olds trotted. On Friday the attendance was much larger upwards of 1000 people having passed the gate-keeper. The Free-for-all was finished and won by Pilot jr. and the other events were the 2.45 class, the 2.29 class and the running race. The latter was won by Monmouth with Donna Perfecta second. The Donna was ridden by W. H. Church who is 72 years old and for over half a century has been identified with racing. At the close of the day a purse of $66 was raised and presented to the old veteran while the crowd cheered and the band played, "For he's a jolly good fellow." The track was in better condition than on the previous day and in the Free-for-all Pilot Jr. lowered the Maritime record to 2.21. Following are the summaries for Thursday and Friday.

THREE MINUTE CLASS

John Almont	1	3	5	1	1
Prince Charlie	6	2	1	4	2
Donna	4	1	8	5	5
Maud D	2	6	2	2	4
Isawood	5	4	3	8	3
Tot	7	8	6	6	7
Minota	9	5	4	7	8
Deceiver	3	7	7	3	6
Brighton Boy	8	9	dr		

Time—2.34¼, 2.35, 2.35, 2.38, 2.37¼, 2.39¼.

YEARLING CLASS.

J J	1	1
Tootsie	2	2
Wilkes	3	4
Gudrun	4	3
Roseberry	5	6
Button	6	5

Time—1.33¾, 1.37½

THREE-YEAR-OLD CLASS.

Hatsau	1	1
Brighton Boy	2	2
Welling	3	3

Time—2.39¼, 2.39¼.

FREE-FOR-ALL.

Pilot Jr.	1	4	1	4	8	1
Stranger	2	3	2	1	2	2
Israel	3	1	3	2	1	3
C P R	4	2	4	3	4	

Time—2.21¾, 2.32 1-4, 2.26¾, 2.25¼, 2.27, 2.21.

2.45 CLASS.

Pilot Jr	1	1	1
Tot	2	2	4
John Almont	4	3	2
Isawood	3	4	3
Nellie	6	6	6
Prince Charlie	8	5	7
Peter	5	9	8
Manbrino Dudley Jr	9	7	5
Country Girl	7	8	9

Time—2:35, 2:34¼, 2:37.

2.29 CLASS.

Francis P	1	1	1
Heck	2	2	2
Raupart	4	3	3
Sir Brenton	3	5	5
Resolution	6	6	4

Time—2:33, 2:29¾, 2:29¼.

RUNNING RACE.

Monmouth Rider, Frank McManus,	1	1
Donna Perfecta Rider, W H Church	2	2
Colwn Rider, Dr. Jones	3	3

Time—1:51¾, 1:54¼.

PREVIOUS WINNERS.

YEARLINGS.

1891—Borak, by Preceptor	1.39¾
1892—Champ, by Bronze Chief	1.40¾
1893—Wheel of Fortune, by Bronze Chief	1.3 0¼

TWO YEAR OLDS.

1890—Dexter, by Peter Blair	2 37¼
1891—Brazilian, by Brown Wilkes	2.54
1892—Bishop, by Bronze Chief	2.47¼
1893—Parkland, by Parkside	2.42¾

THREE YEAR OLDS.

1890—Sir Charles, by Peter Blair	2.36¼
1891—Parkside, by Clay	2.37¼
1892—Francis P., by Sir Nutwood	2.35¼
1893—Sir Richard, by Peter Blair	2.43¾

FOUR YEAR OLDS.

1890—Sea King, by Melburne King	2.29¼
1891—Sir Charles, by Peter Blair	2.35
1892—Dot, by Administrator	2.41¼
1893—Brazilian- by Brown Wilkes	2.33¾

Commercial.

—W. A. Mowatt & Co., Campbellton, general traders, have assigned, owing between $2,000 and $3,000. They have been only eighteen months in business.

—C. L. McLeod has been admitted to the Amherst tea firm Moore & Moore which will henceforth be known as Moore & McLeod.

—Mr. Walter Calhoun, of Amherst, and Mr. Geo. Gross, of Albert Co., have entered into partnership and purchased the stock of J. H. Clarke, dry goods and grocery man, at Middleton, N. S.

—Mr. E. Harris will open a gents furnishing establishment in the store recently vacated by Mr. McLeod, tailor, Commercial Block, Moncton. The stock is now on the way from the Upper Provinces.

—M. G. Siddall doing business at Port Elgin has sold out his stock of watches, jewellry, etc, to Harper Allen, son of Richard Allen of Little Shemogue. Mr. Allen will run a watch repairing business. Mr. Siddall will continue his hardware business at the old stand and will also go largely into can making to supply the lobster factories along the shore.

—The Monetary times says:—The recent failures in the Maritime provinces have been few, and the volume of liabilities small. For the week we chronicle the following: J. T. Fortune of Halifax, who came in from the country to try his fortune in a city shoe business about eighteen months ago, has had to assign. He owes about $2,200, some $1,300 of which is due to one wholesale concern, and is preferred. ——A trader in a small way at New Glasgow, named P. Fraham has assigned. Liabilities altogether local.——C. A. B. Purdy, a lumber dealer at Porter's Lake, near Halifax, has turned his estate over to the assignee.——V. Albert, of St. Hilarie, N. B., a hotel-keeper of some years' standing, has gone into insolvency, with debts of about $2,000, and apparent assets only $667.——J. McKilligan, grocer at Fredericton, is insolvent. He was one of the firm of McKilligan & Young, formed last spring, and recently dissolved.——A. A. Mabee & Co., who have a planing mill at St. John, N. B., are reported in difficulties. The partners have not been agreeing, and the business will have to be wound up by the assignee.

MARITIME RACING DATES.

Halifax	Sept.	3	1894.
St John,	"	3 4	"
New Glasgow,	"	5	"
Tidnish, P. E. I,	"	11	"
St Stephen,	"	11 12	"
Halifax,	"	26 27	"
Charlottetown,	"	20 27	"
Georgetown,	Oct	2	"

—Mrs Hallet of Halifax drowned herself Monday in a well at the rear of her house. She had been melancholy for some days.

—The Wall Street (New York) News says: "Summer travel to Nova Scotia has surprisingly increased during the past few years. Ten years ago there were four steamers sailing from Boston to Nova Scotian ports against 14 now, and the passenger traffic at that time was 40-000 annually, while although fares are higher now by two or three dollars, last summer there were 110,000 passengers carried between Nova Scotia and Boston. This year the traffic is exceptionally heavy and the number will probably be near 150,000.

Upper Cape.

—Weather favorable, with very little rain.

—The Rev. Dr. Borden occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church here on Sunday 26th. He preached a very impressive sermon.

—Mr. Austin A. Allen has charge of the school for another term.

—A horse trot has been arranged between Frank Raworth and Charles B. Raworth for $50 a side, to take place at Amherst Driving Park, Sept, 8th.

—The work on the Baptist church is slowly but surely carried on.

—Mr. Ernest S. Murray of Murray Road, left on Thursday of last week for Truro, N. S., to visit friends. Thence he will go to Halifax, N. S., to attend Commercial College.

Shediac.

—Boating, bathing, and fine weather.

—Dr. F. White attended the meeting of medicos in St. John.

—The night freight has been taken off, somewhat earlier than has been the case in other years.

—The Roman Catholic church has also had an addition surmounted by a tour built on at one end. This work is now about completed.

—Mrs. Bourgeois, daughter of W. B. Deacon, Esq., has gone to be treated at Montreal hospital.

—Leonard Webster of the Bank of N. S., Windsor, rode here on his wheel some days ago and is spending a fortnight with his parents.

—The Weldon House has been crowded with visitors during the past month but the majority have now left.

—School reopened last week and the cheerful countenance of Schoolmaster Sprague again appears on our streets. This is Mr. Sprague's second year in Shediac.

—The commodious boathouse erected this summer by our young men at the expense of considerable labor and about $150 in cash has well repaid its promoters in pleasure and health. It is voted a complete success.

—The cellar of the new Presbyterian church is already completed and the plans will be ready Saturday. Among the tenders for the construction of the church will be that of J. W. Doull of Sackville who is just completing the new Methodist church here.

—On Friday, before Commissioner Harshman, at Shediac Thibo Boudreault was convicted of keeping for sale contrary to the Scott Act and fined $50 and costs. Ambrosine McDonald was placed on her defence. Joseph Gallant of Shediac, was tried and dismissed for want of evidence. James Grattan was also charged. Case adjourned. D. Grant for defence; F. A. McCully for the prosecution.

—The new Methodist church is a handsome and substantial building capable of seating some 350 people. It consists of the main body and a wing which will be used as a vestry. This wing will have chairs for seats The church has a sloping floor and is beautifully veiled throughout. It contains the memorial window, placed in the old church in memory of Adam George Tait by his father Adam Tait Esq., and saved from the fire. The church will be opened the coming Sunday Sept. 2. Rev. W. W. Brewer of Moncton Central Methodist church will conduct the dedication services in the morning. Rev. W. W. Weeks, Baptist, of Moncton will preach in the afternoon at three, and Rev. John Read of Wesley Memorial church Moncton in the evening at seven. The Shediac circuit is at present in charge of Rev. B Hedley Balderston. B. A., who has just returned from missionary work in Malaysia on account of bad health.

BAPTIST CONVENTION.

The 49th annual meeting of the Baptist convention of the maritime provinces was opened at Bear River on Saturday. Officers were appointed as follows:

President—J. H. Saunders, St. John.

Vice-president—Rev. J. C. Spurr, P. E. Island; C. W. Roscoe, Wolfville.

Secretary—Rev. Prof. Kierstead, Wolfville.

Assistant Secretaries—Rev. W. C. Granher, St. Stephen; J. B. Fulton, Truro.

Treasurer—Thomas Miller, Bear River.

The secretary reported communications received from N. B. Convention, referring to separations of home missions and academic work from this convention, Referred to a special committee. Reports of funds for denominational purposes were presented from Rev. A. Cohoon for Nova Scotia, and Rev. J. W. Manning for N. B. and P. E. Island. The committee on separation brought in their report recommending that the New Brunswick churches have liberty to unite with the New Brunswick convention or remain with the Maritime convention, as at present; also that the home mission board have full power to arrange with the New Brunswick churches on the work of the home missions in that province. The report was adopted with slight changes.

—J. S. Coxey announces that the proposed labor day commonweal's demonstration in Washington has been abandoned, and that the next attack on the capitol will be in December, when congress reassembles. The prison garb has been adopted as a uniform for the "army" and Brown is now wearing it. The whole enterprise has been reorganized, with a constitution and by-laws.

New Advertisements.

WANTED.

A farmer and general man of all work with wife willing to help around the house. Must be well recommended.

B. B. BARNHILL.

Two Rivers, Cumb. Co, N. S.

Aug. 30th, 3i

GRASS FOR SALE.

Seven acres good Broadleaf Grass at Westmorland Point. Apply to

WARREN CARTER.

Sackville N. B. Aug. 30. tf.

N. B. & P. E. I. Railway.

1894—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT—1894

EFFECT MONDAY, JULY 2, 1894.

Train Run by Eastern Standard Time.

ON and after Monday, July 2 1894 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Sackville daily (Sundays excepted) at 12.00 P. M., Arriving at Cape Tormentine at 2 24.

Returning, will leave Cape Tormentine at 2.45 and Arrive at Sackville at 5.09, connecting with Evening Express Trains both East and West.

A special night mail train will leave Sackville for Cape Tormentine at 6 30 p. m. on arrival of evening trains from St. John and Halifax, connecting with steamer Alameda for P. E. Island. Returning will arrive at Sackville to connect with night express trains to St. John and Halifax.

All Freight for the Eastward, to insure being taken on day of delivery, must be at Sackville Station or Wood's Siding before 11 o'clock A. M.

JOSIAH WOOD, President.

Sackville, Sept. 11th, 1893.

New Advertisements.

IF YOU

Intend to Build

This fall or make any repairs for winter call on us for

STEEL and WIRE

NAILS & SPIKES

Brandrams and Anchor Leads and Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Japans, Sheet Lead and Zinc, Window Glass and Putty.

All qualities Cedar Shingles, Dry and Tarred Sheathing Paper, and all Builders supplies and Tools.

ALSO

Iron, Steel, Chain, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Fence wire, and all grades Hardware.

Positively Our Prices Are The LOWEST.

EVERYTHING FOR THE PRESERVING SEASON.

Preserving Kettles, Glass preserve Jars in pints, quarts and half gals, Stone pickle Jars, Butter and Cream Crocks, Ground and whole pickling Spices.

16 Casks Vinegar.

GROCERIES.

600 Bbls Flour, including

FIVE ROSES, TILLSONS PRIDE, GOLD COIN & WHITE EAGLE.

1 car cornmeal, 1 car oatmeal 100 bbls. Redpath and Halifax Sugars. 2 Cars coarse and fine Salt. Teas, Molasses, Tobaccos, Pork, Cheese, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Coffees, Beans, Rice, Barley, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

J. L. BLACK.

Sackville Aug. 16th, 1894.

MT. ALLISON LADIES' COLLEGE,

Owens Art Institution —AND— CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

The Fall Term of the 40th year begins Aug. 30th 1894,

Courses of study are provided, extending from the primary branches through the whole University curriculum to the degree of B. A. The staff consists of 16 teachers in addition to the University Professoriate. Piano, Pipe Organ, Violin, Vocal Culture, Harmony, Elocution Physical Culture, Sporthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Commercial courses are all taught after the latest and most improved methods.

The Owens Art Institution which with its magnificent gallery has been transferred to the Ladies' College is still in charge of Prof. Hammond, R.C.A. an exhibitor in the Paris Salon the Royal Academy London, etc.

The Conservatory of Music employs eight instructors, at the head of whom is an experienced teacher from the staff of the N. Y. College of Music, who has studied in Berlin, under Von Bulow and Joseffy After 4 years successful study under some of the greatest masters in Germany, Mr. C. L. Chisholm returns to take charge of the Violin department.

Voice Culture is taught by an accomplished Swedish vocalist, who is a graduate of the Munich Conservatory.

Every care is taken to make the school a refined Christian home, where lady-like manners and robility of character shall be cultivated.

For Calendar apply to

REV. B. C. BORDEN, B. D.

Sackville, N. B., Aug. 2nd

THE UNIVERSITY OF Mt. Allison College

SACKVILLE, N. B.

The Next Annual Session opens on Sept 27th, 1894.

The attention of young men and women intending to pursue an under-graduate course in Arts, or special courses in advanced studies preparatory to the professions, is directed to the facilities offered by this Institution.

The new, spacious, and well-furnished University Residence will be open for the reception of students on Sept. 26th, (but not earlier.)

Copies of the Calendar containing full information regarding courses of study, scholarship, prizes, board, &c., &c. will be mailed on application.

ALLISON, L. L. D. PRESIDENT.

Sackville, Aug. 16th. 1894. 3z

PAIN CURE.

Those who have used it need no one to tell its value; they know burns will not blister by its proper use, fevers relieved at once and very quickly cured, catarrh made endurable till recovery comes, headache, toothache and neuralgia vanish at once; weak and harmless as water taken by children or adults.

COSTS YOU NOTHING TO TRY IT.

Also, A New and Important Discovery of A Second and heretofore Unnoticed Nervous System. Having control of the Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and all internal organs. The secret of Health and Beauty. To be had only from

R. ALEX McCOUBREY.

Squire St., Sackville, N. B.

Assistant to Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis.

Aug. 9th, '94. 4w

THE GREAT CLEARANCE SALE IS NOW GOING ON —AT— GEO. E. FORD'S, Greatest Bargains Ever Known.

GENERAL REDUCTIONS On All Goods.

COME and get your share of BARGAINS.

GEO. E. FORD.

IN POUND.

At Westmorland Point five one year old cattle, one heifer and four steers, colour one red two black and white, ear mark slit in the end of the right ear with crop of underneath two others colour red and white, ear mark the end of the left ear cut off with a small crop off underneath part of both ears.

If not claimed before 1st of September will be sold at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

W. C. FILLMORE. Pound-keeper.

July, 25th, 1894. 3i.

LOST.

Between W. W. Kay's residence, Fairfield road and Fitus Sears, Centre Village, a parcel containing a lady's wrap. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at the CHIGNECTO POST office.

THOMAS READ,

Sackville N. B., Aug 21st, 1894. 2i

FOR SALE.

Calcine Plaster

$1.50 PER BBL.

10,000 SPRUCE CLAPBOARDS, GOOD VALUE.

J. R. AYER.

3z

For Rent!

THE STORE now occupied by ALBION GRAY.

Possession given Sept. 15th, 1894.

Apply to MRS. JOHN FORD,

Sackville, Aug. 9th. tf.

Notice!

TO RENT!

One large commodious house with good out buildings attached. Possession first of Aug. 9tf

C. W. KNAPP

Myrtle Lodge

No. 71, I. O. O. F.

Meets every Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

S. D. HECKBERT, N. G.

J. B. McMEEKIN, R. S.

Aug. 2, '94. 1y.

KILL THE FLIES!

WILSON'S FLY POISON PADS.

Dutchers Lightning Fly Killer.

TanglefooT INSECT POWDER

At Sackville Drug Store

A. DIXON.

ROBB-ARMSTRONG

ENGINES

MONARCH

BOILERS

And all kinds of

MACHINERY

ROBB ENGINEERING CO. LT'D., AMHERST, N. S.

It Beats All

WHAT EXCELLENT GOODS

Are to be found at our Establishment.

And the prices are right too. We want to sell goods and if you call at our store you will be sure of being welcomed. In many lines we can give you special bargains and save you money. We can't go into details in an advertisement, but call and learn the facts.

Just Received our stock of the Gem self-sealing Jars and Preserving Kettles which we will sell at the lowest possible prices. Also a large assortment of Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Water Sets, Toilet Sets and Glassware of all kinds. Also Willey's Washing Machines and the American Eureka Ringers. The cheapest in town.

EDWARD READ.

Sackville, July 5th, 1894.

SALE OF GRASS

The annual sale of broadleaf grass by the Subscriber will take place on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1ST,

commencing at the Cole lot Westmarsh at 10 o'clock, a. m. The lots lying between the bridge and Cole's Island will be sold in the afternoon. Terms the same as heretofore.

Should the weather prove wet on Saturday the sale will take place on Monday or the first fine day after.

aug23tf E. COGSWELL.

Headquarters FOR SPORTING GOODS

CONSISTING OF

Rods, Lines, Flies and Hooks, BASE BALLS, BATS and FOOT BALLS.

I have also opened a MUSICAL DEPARTMENT in which I have a good stock of

VIOLINS FROM $3.50 TO $40.

Also agent for the

Cornwall Organ.

W. I. GOODWIN.

SACKVILLE BOOK STORE.

ASSIGNMENT!

Notice is hereby given that E. C. Gooden and Bedford Harper doing business under the firm name of E. C. Gooden & Co., at Bay Verte in the County of Westmorland Province of New Brunswick merchants have made an assignment of all their property to the undersigned trustees in trust for the benefit of their creditors. Creditors can inspect and execute the said deed of assignment at the office of either of the said trustees. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to hand in the same as soon as possible.

HAZEN CORP, Port Elgin, N.B.
ALBERT W. BENNETT, Sackville, N. B. } Trustees.

August 7th, 1894.