

"SPIRIT OF CONFIDENCE AND HIGH RESOLVE," SAYS BALFOUR

Acting Head of British Delegation and His Party Arrive at Washington—Domestic Problems Delay the Coming of Lloyd George.

A despatch from Washington says:—Delegates of the British Empire approach the Armament and Far Eastern Conference "in a spirit of confidence and high resolve," the acting-head of the delegation, Rt. Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, declared upon his arrival in Washington.

"We must not indeed either ask for or expect the impossible, although what is within our reach is worth our utmost efforts," said Mr. Balfour in a formal statement. "I cannot doubt that under the wise guidance of your President we shall be fortunate enough to attain it. I am convinced that all those who are going to meet here in common counsel, and the Governments whom they represent, are resolved to the best of their ability to co-operate with him in making it a success. This is the world's desire; it will not fail of accomplishment."

The arrival of Mr. Balfour and his party early in the day from Quebec, where they landed Tuesday, completed the British delegation with the exception of Mr. Lloyd George, who has announced his detention at home by domestic questions, but who has informed the United States Government of his expectation to come to Washington as soon as possible. Shortly before the chief British delegate reached the capitol, the British Dominion representation was made complete through the arrival of Sir J. W. Salmond and George Foster Pearce, re-

presentatives of New Zealand and Australia, respectively.

The British Empire delegates were met at the station by Secretary of State Hughes, General Pershing, Admiral Coontz and other high officials and military officials. Late in the day they began a round of calls, going to the White House to pay their respects to President Harding and then calling on Secretary Hughes, Weeks and Denby at their respective offices. They were entertained at dinner at the British Embassy by Ambassador and Lady Geddes.

Before the series of official calls began, Mr. Balfour received newspapermen and while chatting informally, was asked his opinion as to the probable length of the conference.

"If we do not spin out the time in talk," he replied, "I see no reason why we should not finish the conference quickly. We have all come no doubt for work and although there is a good deal to do, I am confident that we can do it quickly. Mr. Hughes, with his talent for making a quick beginning, will no doubt assist in arranging the work so that we may get along rapidly with it. We have all heard a good deal of talk of the length of the Paris Conference, but after all, when one thinks of the complexity of the questions considered there and the new maps that were made, it was really not so long. We have not so much to do here, but we have subjects of very deep importance for the future of the world."

Simple Foods

Aid to Longevity

A despatch from Derbent, Caucasus, says:—The elixir of long life consists of soured cow's milk, cheese made from sheep's milk and white bread, according to Dr. Sadowin, Professor of Physical Chemistry at the University of Kiev. He has located a village in the mountains near Temir Khan Shura, the new capital of the Daghes-

tan Republic, where eighteen men, out of a total population of 120, are more than 100 years old. Investigation showed that they ate the above named foods exclusively.

Four-year-old (to her favorite doll, the loss of whose arms exposes the sawdust): "Oh, you dear, good, obedient doll. I know I told you to chew your food fine, but I had no idea you would chew it as fine as that."

Dominion News in Brief

St. John's, Nfld.—The external trade of Newfoundland during the last fiscal year amounted to \$75,398,876. Good imported totalled \$40,538,388, of which sum Canada's share amounted to \$16,676,728. Exports from the island colony had a value of \$34,825,566. The largest export to one country was to Portugal, amounting in value to \$8,242,341, consisting of fish, chiefly dried cod.

Annapolis, N.S.—Three record crops of apples in three consecutive years is the proud record of the Annapolis Valley. It is stated that when the total of the 1921 crop is known it will be found that the years 1919, 1920 and 1921 have varied less than twenty per cent. from the normal crop of 1,300,000 barrels.

Fredericton, N.B.—New Brunswick's urban population figures recently issued by the census bureau, disclose some substantial increases since 1911. Bathurst with 3,331 has increased 245 per cent., Edmundston, 4,033, 122 per cent., Newcastle 5,510, 20 per cent., St. Stephen 3,339, 22 per cent., and Sussex 2,198, 16 per cent.

Montreal, Que.—By the end of the local season of navigation the port of Montreal will have exported in 1921 nearly twice as much grain as in the best previous year of its history and more than the total shipped from all Atlantic ports combined. Between the opening of navigation and October 22nd a total of 107,031,676 bushels of grain were carried down the river from Montreal, and there are at least another 25,000,000 bushels due for shipment before the end of the season.

Ottawa, Ont.—During the first six months of the present year a total of 3,467 homesteads were filed in the Western Canadian provinces, accounting for the settlement of 549,920 acres. Canadians, Americans, and settlers from the British Isles respectively, led in the nationality of the new settlers.

Winnipeg, Man.—The Hudson's Bay Company's steamship Nascopic has sailed from Norway and is expected to arrive shortly with a full cargo of

reindeer to form the foundation herd of the reindeer ranching project of the Hudson's Bay Reindeer Company on Baffin Island. The company was incorporated last year with Vilhjalmur Stefansson, the organizer, as a director, and a large grazing area in the southern portion of Baffin Island was secured from the Government. This is the first reindeer ranching enterprise to be launched in Canada, the famous explorer being an enthusiastic exponent of utilizing and rendering productive the vast areas of the Canadian northland. A careful study of reindeer breeding in Alaska has been made, special officers sent to Norway and Lapps will be brought in to start the industry. It is expected that from this start the industry will spread all over the unproductive northland.

Regina, Sask.—Saskatchewan wheat is now being moved out of the province to the head of the great lakes at an average rate of approximately one million and a half bushels a day. During the past week the Canadian Pacific Railway, in a single day, sent out 825 cars or about 1,320,000 bushels. This is a record day's loading.

Edmonton, Alta.—The extraction of oil from the large area of tar sands near Fort McMurray is to be undertaken next spring by a company which has just been formed with a capital of two million dollars. Some of the best oil experts on the continent have been engaged in making tests of these sands and their reports have resulted in increased confidence in final results. The company owns six thousand acres and has installed special machinery for the extraction.

Victoria, B.C.—Gold dredging on the upper Peace River in British Columbia is planned for next season by an American syndicate, and claims extending for twenty miles along the river have been secured. It is stated that the gravel contains high values in gold and platinum. Dredges with a capacity of handling 150,000 cubic yards per month are to be installed, and ancient shore deposits will be worked as well as the present shores.



CANADIAN TIMBER AND SALMON TO HAVE PREFERENCE IN ADMIRALTY CONTRACTS

A despatch from London says:—The British Admiralty, which recently promised that in the awarding of future contracts, Canadian timber would be given the preference, has now promised to pursue the same course with Canadian salmon. The Admiralty signalled its new policy in the case of timber by placing a large order with a Vancouver firm. It is hoped that Canadian salmon canners will benefit similarly. Strangely enough, until attention was drawn to it by Mr. F. C. Wade, British Columbia's agent-general in London, the

Admiralty was specifying United States salmon in contracts placed for supplying the navy. One of its officials admitted having entertained the conviction that the Seattle article was the only true sock-eye. This illusion has now been dispelled and assurance has been given that there will be a change in policy.

"I am all for cementing the Empire," remarked Mr. Wade, in commenting upon the Admiralty's intention, "but I don't see any reason why we should not specify Canadian cement."



Mrs. Julia McCudden

British War Mother who placed the wreath from the War Mothers of Great Britain on the grave of the Unknown American Soldier.

Put Government of Ireland Act in Operation

A despatch from London says:—The official gazette announces that Nov. 22 has been fixed as the appointed day to apply the financial provisions of the Government of Ireland Act in connection with the administration of justice and taxation. The other services of local administration will be put into operation in successive months until all of them are completed February 1. The foregoing is in performance of the Premier's promise to Parliament October 21.

Canadians Honor Heroic Dead in England

A despatch from London says:—Miss Mary Plummer, of Toronto, on behalf of the Daughters of the Empire, placed a wreath on the cenotaph for the Armistice Day ceremonies. The graves of the Canadian soldiers in Shorncliffe were planted by boys from the Folkestone Elementary schools, with plants cultivated from seeds sent by Mr. M. C. Graham, of Ladner, B.C.

CANOE UPSETS, TWO MEN DROWNED

Joseph Hewitt and Nephew Meet Death in Rainy Lake.

A despatch from Burk's Falls, Ont., says:—Joseph Hewitt, and his nephew, Harvey Hewitt, of this place, were the victims of a double drowning accident in Rainy Lake, when the canoe in which they were hunting deer was upset. Apparently, after Harvey had shot a deer, the recoil of the rifle caused the occupants to overbalance and both men were thrown into the water.

There were no eye witnesses of the tragedy, and the first intimation of the accident was the finding of the empty canoe floating in the water.

Canadian Dead Honored in Mons Ceremony

A despatch from Brussels says:—British, French, Canadian and Belgian ceremonies were held over the graves of soldiers buried in the cemetery at Mons as the principal part of the Armistice Day observance in Belgium.



M. Srinivasa Sastri
The principal Indian delegate for the Washington Conference.

Cleaning the teeth properly calls for the expenditure of at least one minute and a half each time the brush is used.

NORTHERN IRELAND REFUSES TO ENTER PARLIAMENT WITH THE SINN FEIN

Ulsterites Drop Bomb-Shell Into Downing Street by Firm Pronouncement Against Joining South in an All-Irish Government.

A despatch from London says:—With dramatic suddenness, when the Irish skies seemed clearer than at any time since Ulster entered the negotiations, Sir James Craig dropped a bombshell in Downing Street on Friday when he telephoned Lloyd George that under no circumstances would Northern Ireland enter an all-Ireland Parliament with the Sinn Fein.

The momentous decision was taken after a two-hour conference of the Ulster Cabinet at the Hotel Savoy, and it received the unanimous approval of the Craig Cabinet.

The unexpected move on the part of the Ulsterites surprised the British Premier, who immediately called a full Cabinet session to consider the proposition. Arthur Griffith, head of the Irish delegation, was informed by Lloyd George of the Craig decision. Griffith made no comment.

The Sinn Fein officials later added another difficulty to Lloyd George's position by announcing their refusal to negotiate in any manner with the Northerners.

A communique issued by the Northern Ireland Cabinet suggests that the Government should consider these counter-proposals before the proposed meeting of the British and Ulster Cabinets.

The text of the communique said: "The suggestion put forward by

the Imperial Government were received late Thursday night and were considered. The Ulster Cabinet is drawing up a detailed reply which, it is hoped to forward shortly.

"As, however, certain fundamental principles are involved in the suggestions, which, under existing circumstances, are impossible of attainment, Sir James Craig (the Premier), with the unanimous approval of his colleagues, has informed the Prime Minister that no useful purpose would be served by holding a formal consultation between His Majesty's Government and the Government of Northern Ireland until certain suggestions in the Government's proposals are withdrawn.

"The formal reply of the Ulster Cabinet will indicate other and more practicable means of securing peace without infringing upon the rights of Ulster."

The Ulster Cabinet Ministers were summoned here recently by Sir James Craig to consider the Government's proposals, and they met Friday forenoon to discuss the plan for a settlement of the Irish question, which was contained in a statement from the British Ministry. This, as noted in the communique, was received Thursday night, and was understood to be in the form of certain definite suggestions for a scheme, in which Ulster was asked to join, for an all-Ireland Parliament.

LEADING MARKETS

Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.18½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.15½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.11½; No. 4 wheat, not quoted.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 48½¢; No. 3 CW, 45½¢; extra No. 1 feed, 45½¢; No. 2 feed, 41½¢.

Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, 66¢; No. 4 CW, 61½¢.

All above, track, bay ports. Ontario wheat—F.o.b. shipping points, according to freights outside, nominal. No. 2 Winter, \$1 to \$1.05; No. 3 Winter, 97¢ to \$1.02; No. 1 commercial, 90¢ to \$1.01; No. 2 Spring, 93 to 98¢; No. 3 Spring, nominal; No. 2 Goose wheat, nominal.

American corn—Prompt shipment, No. 2 yellow, track, bay ports, 57½ to 58¢.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 38 to 40¢, according to freights outside, nominal.

Barley—No. 3 extra test 47 lbs. or better, according to freights outside, 52 to 55¢.

Ontario flour—\$4.60 in bags, bulk, seaboard.

Manitoba flour—Track, Toronto: First patents, \$7.40; second patents, \$6.90.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 60 to 65¢.

Rye—No. 2, 70¢.

Milled—Carlots, delivered, Toronto: Bran, \$21; shorts, per ton, \$23; feed flour, \$1.70 to \$1.80.

Cheese—New, large, 19 to 20¢; twins, 20 to 20½¢; triplets, 20½ to 21¢. Old, large, 25 to 26¢; twins, 25½ to 26½¢; triplets, 26 to 27¢; Stiltons, new, 23 to 24¢.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 33 to 35¢; creamery, prints, fresh, No. 1, 42 to 43¢; No. 2, 39 to 40¢; cooking, 42 to 24¢.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 30 to 35¢; roosters, 20 to 25¢; fowl, 22¢; ducklings, 30 to 35¢; turkeys, 50 to 60¢; geese, 27¢.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 20 to 25¢; roosters, 20 to 25¢; fowl, 25 to 28¢; ducklings, 28 to 32¢; turkeys, 45 to 50¢; geese, 25 to 27¢.

Margarine—23 to 25¢.

Eggs—No. 1 storage, 45 to 46¢; select, storage, 51 to 52¢; new laid straight, 65 to 68¢; new laid, in cartons, 71¢.

Beans—Can., hand-picked, bushel, \$4 to \$4.25; primes, \$3.50 to \$3.75.

Maple products—Syrup, per imperial, \$2.50; per 5 imp. gals., \$2.35.

Maple sugar, lb., 19 to 22¢.

Honey—60-30-lb. tins, 14½ to 15¢ per lb.; 5-2½-lb. tins, 16 to 17¢ per lb.; Ontario comb honey, per doz., \$3.75 to \$4.50.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 27 to 29¢; heavy, 22 to 24¢; cooked, 42 to 46¢; rolls, 25 to 27¢; cottage rolls, 29 to 30¢; breakfast bacon, 27 to 33¢; special brand breakfast bacon, 38 to 40¢; backs, boneless, 38 to 43¢.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon 13 to 20¢; clear bellies, 18½ to 20½¢.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 16½ to 17¢; tubs, 17 to 17½¢; pails, 17½ to 18¢; prints, 19½ to 20½¢. Shortening, tierces, 13 to 13½¢; tubs, 13½ to 14¢;

pails, 14 to 14½¢; prints, 16 to 16½¢. Choice heavy steers, \$6 to \$7; butcher steers, choice, \$6 to \$6.25; do, good, \$5 to \$6; do, med., \$4 to \$4.50; do, com., \$2.50 to \$3.50; butcher heifers, choice, \$5.50 to \$6; butcher cows, choice, \$4 to \$4.75; do, med., \$3 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$1.50 to \$2.50; butcher bulls, good, \$3.50 to \$4; do, com., \$2.50 to \$3.50; feeders, good, 900 lbs., \$5 to \$5.50; do, fair, \$4.50 to \$5; stockers, good, \$4 to \$4.50; do, fair, \$3 to \$4; milkers, \$60 to \$80; springers, \$70 to \$90; calves, choice, \$10 to \$11; do, med., \$8 to \$10; do, com., \$3 to \$7; lambs, good, \$8.25 to \$8.50; do, com., \$5 to \$5.50; sheep, choice, \$4 to \$4.50; do, good, \$3.50 to \$4; do, heavy and bucks, \$2 to \$3; hogs, fed and watered, \$9; do, off cars, \$9.50; do, f.o.b., \$8.50; do, country points, \$8.25.

Montreal.

Oats, Can. West., No. 2, 53½ to 54¢; do, No. 3, 52½ to 53½. Flour, Man. Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$7.40. Bran, \$21.25. Shorts, \$23.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$27 to \$28.

Cheese—Finest easterns, 15½¢. Butter—Choice creamery, 40 to 41¢. Eggs—Selected, 60¢. Potatoes—Per bag, carlots, \$1.20.

Canner cows, \$1.25 to \$1.50; thin light canner heifers, \$2 to \$2.50; light bulls, \$2.25 to \$2.50; med. butcher steers, \$4.50 to \$4.75; calves, com., \$9; grassers, \$2.50 to \$3; sheep, \$2.25 to \$3.50; lambs, \$7.50; hogs, select, \$9.25; mixed lots, \$9.

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It's a Great Life if You Don't Weaken

By Jack Rabbit

