

The Klondike Nugget

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KLONDIKE NUGGET. TUESDAY, JULY 14, 1903.

SELF-GOVERNMENT.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer is still striking hard for territorial government for Alaska. The latest issue of that paper at hand, commenting upon the suggestion of Senator Dietrich that there be a convention of all the commercial bodies of Alaska, says:

"What Alaska wants first of all, in order that she may have a definite and authoritative voice at Washington is a territorial form of government. Every community in Alaska will say as much. It is natural enough that each chamber of commerce or other business body in any Alaskan city should concern itself first with its immediate local needs. In the absence of territorial authority, and in the face of a situation where nothing can be done except through commercial bodies, what else can these business men do? What they ought to have, what they desire and what they desire is a delegate in congress. It would be no more trouble for the people to get together and form a territorial government than to get together in the manner suggested by Senator Dietrich. All that they need is congressional authorization.

"There is not a single reason why that privilege should not be granted that prerogative conferred. Alaska is settled by Americans of the most intelligent and enterprising type. It is a community of almost unimaginable and varied resources. It is entitled by every precedent and by every tradition of American institutions to a local government of its own. Why congress should hesitate, why it should delay, we cannot conceive. Congressional committees and members of each house on their individual initiative may travel over Alaska from this until doomsday honestly speaking information and direction, but they will never get beyond this point. The needs and the wishes of Alaska will be expressed properly when Alaska has an American government of its own on the American plan.

This boon has been denied so long partly through indifference and partly through that ignorance of the conditions of the district that has prevailed at Washington until a very recent date. We hope sincerely that every member of Alaska will push every other question into the background and leave before congress the plain and naked demand for a territorial government. That granted, everything else that is legitimate will speedily follow, while without that there will be nothing but confusion, contradictory demands and falling justice. The people of Alaska can do no better for themselves than to din into the ears of every man with place, position or influence at Washington, this one primary and fundamental requirement. Let congress first of all make of Alaska an organized territory. This is mere justice, and it is also

the starting point from which everything else that is good and proper for Alaska must proceed."—Alaskan.

SLANDER, NOT PRIVILEGE.

Certain positions are privileged by both law and custom, and those who hold them are freed from limitations and restrictions imposed on other men. Parliament is by law a privileged place. The privileges of parliament enable men to say with impunity what under other circumstances would not be permitted either by law or by social usage. The continuance of these exemptions from ordinary restrictions of speech may be defensible, but only on the ground that the privilege is used honestly, intelligently, and in the interest of justice and the public weal. When privilege is used for party ends or to gratify a personal ambition or to satisfy a private grudge, the right to such privilege becomes an intolerable wrong, under such circumstances it is no longer privileged speech, but mean and cowardly slander.

In parliament insinuations and accusations are permitted which if uttered in an unprivileged place would incur severe penalty under the law of libel. Both in the house of commons and in the legislature attacks of the most brutal kind are made on the honor and integrity not only of other members, but also of outsiders who have no rights of reply, which are in their spirit and effect utterly slanderous and ought to be punishable in any civilized country. The privilege of parliament was never granted for the purpose of allowing rein to personal malice or party strife. It was originally meant as a defence of the people's representatives against the arbitrary power of the King. It has no such occasion now, and if it is to serve only as a cover for cowards and assassins who are afraid to strike in the open it ought to be abolished. Again and again attacks are made on some member of the government, either in Ottawa or in Toronto, to the truth of which no man will pledge his seat in parliament. It is no wonder Sir Wilfrid Laurier denounced such cowardly tactics. And it would seem as though even the formal pledge of his position as a responsible member of the house may not, in Canadian parliamentary usage, carry with it, in the event of a false accusation having been made, the forfeiture of a member's seat. If such is the case it is extremely regrettable and calls for amendment. Membership in a Canadian parliament ought to be a guarantee of honor, the honor of gentlemen, and if a member pledges his seat to a false charge he should, as a vulgar slanderer, be allowed no place in parliament. It is so in England; it ought to be so in Canada.—Toronto Globe.

The Grand Forks Social Club will give a dance at the hall Friday night of this week. A good time is assured to all who attend. First class music will be provided.

FOR SALE.—New Upright Piano Standard make. Apply Nugget Office.

Power of Attorney Blanks for the Tanana-Nugget Office.

Reduction Sale of Summer Wear

This sale comprises nearly everything in summer wearing apparel, a few lines of which we mention here:

BOYS' WASH SUITS AND SUMMER BLOUSES. These we have marked about one-third off the original prices which to say the least were quite reasonable.

STRAW HATS. Ladies' sailors from 50c to \$1 ea. Ready to wear hats from \$1 up. A line of little girls' hats at \$1 ea. Boys' sailors and plain straws 50c, 75c and \$1.

SHIRT WAISTS in white lawn allover embroidery, chambray gingham. These have been marked to insure quick sale, and the economical woman will go well to look at them.

FLOWERS. Artificial flowers at much less than their value. We are going out of this line.

GLOVES. Perrin's guaranteed gloves. We bought too

many of these and what is our loss is the glove wearers' gain. Any shade, any size, \$1.50 pr. An odd line at \$1 pr.

STAMPED LINENS. All of our stamped linens are marked to near cost. We have the B. & A. silks at \$1 yd. Bart. Filo and Roman boss, each skein put up in separate paper which means keeping it in good shape. Embroidery linens by the yard.

HOSIERY. We have a big lot just in and as they have been late in arriving we are marking them very close.

COTTON VESTS in white at 25c and up.

JUST RECEIVED and marked at prices to sell quickly, children's sun hats in fine embroidery allover, pearl buttons, laces, art draperies, quilts, carpet squares, oilcloths and linoleums.

J. P. McLennan, 105-Second Ave.

BOB LOWE'S BOOKKEEPER

Confirms Story of Hootchi Discovery

Writes the Councilor That it is Bonafide and Big Stampede in Now on.

Councillor Robt. Lowe who is here from Whitehorse attending the present session of the Yukon council, was in receipt, yesterday evening of a letter from his bookkeeper who informs him that he had talked with persons just out from Hootchi and that the reported strike there is bonafide.

The letter further states that every loose-footed man of Whitehorse and vicinity had left for the new field and that a general stampede was on.

And the Whitehorse member looked as though he was sorry he was not in Whitehorse to join the everlasting throng and go out and stake a claim.

CUSTOM IS TOO COMMON

Man Fined for Cursing Another

Geo. Smith, Colored, Empted Vials of His Wrath on J. Dunn.

It costs money to curse. James Dunn, the whistler and phonograph man, George Smith cursed Dunn yesterday evening and paid \$5 and costs, total \$10, in Mr. Justice Macaulay's court this morning. Smith's complexion is similar to that of a Yukon night in October before snow falls and during the dark of the moon. He is employed around the Savoy dance hall and it was there that he applied unbecomingly and extremely vile language to the imitator of the mocking bird. Smith pleaded guilty to the charge.

In imposing sentence his lordship took occasion to remark that many people in Dawson are entirely too ready in applying vile names and epithets and that in his opinion it is a most reprehensible, coarse and vulgar habit. Smith was given an option of paying \$5 and costs or devoting five days to hard labor. He chose the former and remitted.

MANAGER WANTED.—Trustworthy lady or gentleman to manage business in the county and adjoining territory for well and favorably known house of solid financial standing. \$20.00 straight cash salary and expenses, paid each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Expense money advanced. Position is permanent. Address THOMAS COOPER, Manager, 1030 Caxton Building, Chicago.

Fine Photos of the Pioneer Picnic now on sale at Goetzman's.

TO LICENSE DANCE HALLS

Major Wood Introduces Amendment

Further Restrictions May be Placed on Sale of Liquors Where Women are Concerned

The following amendment to the Yukon liquor ordinance was introduced at the meeting of the Yukon council yesterday afternoon, by Major Wood.

"A saloon shall consist of a barroom only, with ample furniture for the comfort of customers and suitable lavatories, which shall at all times be clean. No other part of the building in which a saloon is situated shall be included in the premises covered by the license.

"There shall be no connection between the barroom of a saloon and any other portion of the premises in which the same is situated, by means of windows, jackets, elevators, chutes, openings of any kind or sliding, folding or other kind of doors except a door opening directly out of such barroom into the lavatory and toilet or trap leading from such barroom into the cellar. There shall be no connection between such places and other places. In addition to such doors there shall be only one other door in a saloon, which shall open directly on the public street on which a saloon is situated.

"No license shall be granted in respect to any premises in which the provisions of this section have not been complied with.

"The said ordinance is further amended by adding the following subsections to section 53 of said ordinance.

"Every person found in a barroom where liquors usually are sold on licensed premises at any time between the hours of 12 o'clock on Saturday night and 6 of the clock on the Monday morning thereafter, shall be liable on summary conviction thereof to a fine of \$50 and the costs of the prosecution, and in default of payment thereof forthwith to imprisonment for ten days.

"Provided, that nothing in this section shall prevent an hotel keeper, his wife or regular employe from entering such barroom or room for the sole purpose of procuring liquor ordered by guests to be used with their meals on Sunday as allowed by the provisions of this section.

"Except as herein otherwise provided no barroom or room in which liquors are usually sold in a licensed hotel shall be kept open at any time during the hours when the sale or other disposal of liquors is prohibited.

"In any licensed premises full view of the interior of the barroom shall not during the prohibited hours be obstructed by screens, blinds, frosted or colored glass or otherwise.

"Any licensee who allows to be applied in his licensed premises by purchase or otherwise, any description whatever of liquors to any female, except in a licensed hotel to a bona fide guest during regular meal hours, or who allows any female to frequent his bar or drink on his premises, shall, as well as the person who actually gives or supplies the liquor, be guilty of an offense, and on summary conviction thereof be liable to a penalty of \$100 for a first offense and in default of payment northward after conviction to three months imprisonment, and for a second offense to \$100 fine with absolute forfeiture of license, and in default of payment forthwith after conviction to six months imprisonment and absolute forfeiture of license.

"Any hotel or saloon licensee who allows any person to take liquor outside of the premises for which such license is granted for the purpose of being consumed in any other place shall be liable to all the penalties provided for in this section.

"No licensee shall make any alteration or addition to his licensed premises without first obtaining the written consent of the chief license inspector.

Section 42 of said ordinance is hereby amended by adding:

"Any person who permits gambling on his premises even though he receives no direct or indirect gain or benefit therefrom, shall be liable to a penalty of \$50 and costs and not more than \$100 and costs, or not less than one nor more than two months imprisonment.

Section 23 is amended by adding:

"No hotel license shall be granted unless the licensee is also the keeper of the hotel and restaurant. Should

the different departments of the hotel not be under his management, the license shall be revoked.

The following is the text of the proposed measure relating to dance halls:

"1. No person shall keep a dance hall in the Yukon territory without first obtaining a license therefor from the chief license inspector.

"2. Such license shall be in force one year from the date of issue thereof and no longer.

"3. The fee for such license shall be the sum of \$1500 and shall be paid to the territorial treasurer, and shall form part of the general revenue fund of the territory.

"4. Any person keeping a dance hall without having a license therefor shall incur for every day of such contravention a penalty of not less than \$100 and costs, and in default of payment forthwith after conviction to three months imprisonment.

"5. For the purpose of this ordinance a dance hall shall be any place where the public are admitted to dance, whether an admission fee is charged thereto or not.

SEVERE LOSS

F. J. Hemen's Cabin Gutted by Fire

Yesterday afternoon at 4 p. m. fire broke out in the home of F. J. Hemen of the Nugget. None of the family were present at the time and before the flames were noticed they had gained great headway.

An alarm was rung in and the department responded but had difficulty in getting a stream of water on the blaze.

The interior of the house was completely gutted, practically nothing being saved but a few clothes and a little bedding.

Several fine oil paintings, the work of Mrs. Hemen, were among the most valuable articles lost.

The house and contents were partially insured.

Klondike Souvenirs, Goetzman's, 200 photos, \$1.00. 128 Second ave.

Job Printing at Nugget office.



Tommy had hopped the fence to get a few apples. What made him change his mind?

The White Pass & Yukon Route. Operate ten first class passenger steamers. Str. DAWSON. Will leave for Whitehorse Thursday, July 16, 8 p. m. STR. BAILEY will make two trips to Fortymile and Lofe per week, leaving Dawson Mondays 10 a. m. and Thursdays 10 a. m. Through tickets on sale. For information apply to J. H. ROGERS, Gen. Agent. J. W. YOUNG, City Ticket Agent.

The Northwestern Line. Is the Short Line to Chicago and All Eastern Points. All through trains from the North Pacific Coast connect with this line in the Union Depot at St. Paul. Travelers from the North are invited to communicate with F. W. Parker, Gen'l Agent, Seattle, Wa.

The Great Northern "FLYER". LEAVES SEATTLE FOR ST. PAUL EVERY DAY AT 8:00 P. M. A Solid Vestibule Train With All Modern Equipments. For further particulars and folders address the GENERAL OFFICE SEATTLE, WASH.

MISS BOOTH LECT

Large Audience Andrew's Ch

Close Attention Given ption of Mission Life Slums of London

St. Andrew's Presbyter was crowded last evening and attentive audience hearing the tale of Miss Evangeline Booth's advent slums of London.

Miss Booth appeared in costume minus sundry patches which she explained were strictly necessary in appearance a cultured assemblage in St. Andrew's auditorium.

The speaker held her something better than with an unceasing dose and experience base work as a missionary in walks of London life.

Miss Booth's power lies in the possession of modulated, magnetic voice developed dramatic tender pleasing personality, all make her an attractive orator.

The stories she told were ferent from the ordinary incidents which from every metropolitan news they were clothed in and delivered with such tact as to create a profound upon her listeners.

Miss Booth has been successful in her mission frankly taking her audience confidence in the way by which her efforts were blessed.

Since her childhood she possessed with a desire to help and raise the among the outcasts of the metropolis, and upon approach manhood lost no time in desiring into effect. She attire of rags because she felt she had not have mission to the places she.

Her work took her out of the city, and in of them and secure their was necessary to dress talk as they did among.

Sickness and want and poverty and with sorrow all sides but she kept her work until she was wearing results of a menial task. She told of results from a dark underground where the mother had been beaten to death by her husband. With the aid of Miss Booth's work, she took them to her own care for them as best she could, but softened and attention which she had lavished upon them, had lavished upon them, had lavished upon them, had lavished upon them.

The little story of the speaker to an entire audience, and an entire audience to which she succeeded.

She displayed four of the most beautiful and striking scenes was guided by which she recounted making influences in and stirred to come to help her and wear of the.

The speaker inspired each. Illustrations by powerful facts were being incidents from her own personal experience.

The conviction of her powerful and beautiful appeal for a closer and closer relation between the Miss Booth was evident and earnest in every word she said with all the skill and who has made a close study of all the varying human nature.

Up to Miss Booth's mission throughout the evening, the speaker's work was several songs and a prayer collection in the purpose of forwarding the Army agreement.

Label Case Winnipeg, June 25, 1903. 2nd Warner up. T. M. of R. A. Bonnar has action against the Free