Vascular Plants

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The Vascular Plants of the Arctic Coast of America West of the 100th Meridian

Collected by the Canadian Arctic Expedition 1913-18

By JAMES M. MACOUN, C.M.G. and THEO. HOLM, Ph.D. (With 10 plate drawings, and 6 photographs)

The localities where the plants were collected (arranged in order from west to east) are as follows':—

ALASKA.

1. Spy island (Jones islands). Long. 149° 40' W., lat. 70° 33' N.

2. Camden bay. About 70° N., and extending from Flaxman island, 145° 50′ W. to about Barter island, 143° 48′ W. Mr. Johansen's collecting wa⁸ practically all done between Collinson point, 144° 49′ 47″, and Konganevik about 10 miles west of Collinson point (except collections on Sadlerochit river, which flows into Camden bay).

3. Collinson point. Long. 144° 49′ 47″ W., lat. 69° 59′ N.

4. Sadleroehit river. Mouth of river. Long. 140° 30' W., lat. 70° N.

5. Hulahula river, foothills of Endieott range, about 45 miles southwest of Barter island.

6. Barter island. Long. 143° 45' W., lat. 70° 07' N.

7. Martin point. Long. 143° W., lat. 70° 08' N.

8. Icy reef. Long. 141° 25' W., lat. 69° 50' N.

9. Demarcation point. Long. 141° 12' 10" W., lat. 69° 41' N.

YUKON TERRITORY.

10. Hersehel island. Long. 138° 54' W., lat. 69° 34' N.

11. Shingle point. Long. 137° 12 W., lat. 69° N.

NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.

12. Mackenzie river delta. (From Shingle point, or Teut island, long. 136° 16' W., to Toker point, about long. 132° 30' W., lat. 67° 45' to 69° 45' N.)

13. Warren point. Long. 131° 35' W., lat. 69° 45' N.

14. Cape Bathurst. Long. 128° 05' W., lat. 70° 35' N.

15. Croker river, Amundsen gulf. Long. 118° 45' W., lat. 69° N.

16. Clifton point, east of Croker river. Long. 118° W., lat. 69° 13' N.

17. Young point. Long. 116° 52' W., lat. 68° 55' N.

¹See Map of Western Arctic Coast of America, fig. I, p. 25A.