POOR DOCUMENT

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B. NOVEMBER 1, 1902.

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A PRESENT NEED.

"In time of peace prepare for war"is an axiom of wide application, direction does it better apply than to matters of civic health and the importan

as they probably have been for years-dirty, foul smelling, full of flies and bacteria, with a water supply of the vilest sort, particularly that used for wash ing the carcasses, which is carried in buckets, and, after the first dip of the tow s nothing but dirty, greasy, bloody fluid. - The absence of drainage causes iquid refuse to be in superficial ditches about the premises, and as decomp is very rapid in hot weather, the foul odors are very offensive."

This report was published in The Telegraph of the next morning and in the me the matter was fully discussed editorially. The report does no pleasant reading, ladies and gentlemen of St. John, but the same feelthe city and dangerous to the public health. The reference is the more timely nuch as the question of an abattoir site has been under discussion of late and much argument has been expended upon the question of sites within and with-

insist upon the construction of a modern abattoir. No new killing house of the old variety, which in turn will become as objectionable from the standpoint sanitary conditions as the present ones should be allowed to endanger the public health, whether its location be within or without the city limits.

The health of the citizens demands the most rigid care of the city's meat supply. Nothing but a modern abattoir will serve the purpose. Let the question be ter is dangerous. It is important that action should be taken before the lives of soltizens are sacrificed unnecessarily to the public indifference which has tolerated, such a shocking state of affairs as has been revealed by the in-

THE CIVIC BURTHEN.

Acting under the legislation passed at the last session of the House of Assembly works; Ald. R. Marwell, chairman of the safety board, and Ald. T. Millidge, chair

ommittee to decide whether the present system of taxation is the best possible one, and if not whether its defects can be rectified by amendment or by the introduction of a new method of civic taxation. The committee has one advantag at least inasmuch as its recommendations will in all probability be accepted by the common council which appoints it and of which the appointees are influential mem-

The first matter of importance, then, for this investigating committee to de cide, is whether the present law is defective and if so in what respects. No doubt nittee in arriving at a decision on this basic question will examine very closely the actual workings of the law as they are disclosed in the assessment list and will also invite the evidence of other citizens. This will be necessary in order to determine whether the principle upon which St. John's assessment act is found telligently by the board of assessors.

It is to this end that The Telegraph has been publishing in concise facts of the matter as revealed in the city valuations for 1902-3, which have oc casioned so much comment from citizens, who, seeing the figures set out in tabular form, have been surprised to see just how the present act works in its practical operation. From these facts and figures The Telegraph is forced to two conclu

(1) That the present system of civic taxation is defective in principle, and (2) That the present defective system is rendered the more oppressive by the lack of courage or of intelligence shown by the present board of assessors in fixing many of the valuations, and in failing to discover a considerable amount of per sonal property which might bear its share of the burden of taxation.

We believe the present system is defective in that it unduly taxes the man facturing and jobbing interests by the imposition of high valuation on plant, m chinery and stock in trade which could be more equitably adjusted by a system which would substitute a tax based on business and household rentals and bus ness licenses in the place of the present tax on personal property and incomes.

practical operation; that the personal property discovered this year in St. John for taxation purposes is only a little over 50 per cent of the value of real estate and that the general bearing of the present system is to oppress the laboring classes and the manufacturing and distributing interests which create the city's

ROOSEVELT'S PROPHECY OF ROOSE. In the paper he prepared in 1900 and

of New York he wrote an article for the holed by the editor at that time for reasons we must guess at. Last night's despatches say the article will be printed responsibilities of the President of the personal equation is always of vital United States.

Theodore Roosevelt had a well-defined ambition to be president. Possibly the editor who delayed the publication of the been emphasized by his action within the greater office, an event which clearly would greatly enhance the value of the track Roosevelt by electing him vice-pre-

the article to be published now will arouse highest office. They feared him as a man Roosevelt, the governor, was writing of any sense of obligation to them. Theodore Roosevelt the prospective presi-

In practically bringing about a settlement of the coal strike, the president pervirtually departed from safe precedent in substituting private agreement for public justified his prophecy concerning himself government, and thus seemingly confessed that the laws of the republic could not be invoked swiftly and successfully to meet the emergency. Apparently he thought the end justified the means, and the people agree with him, though the procedure set many students of affairs blinking.

which is to appear next week, Mr. Roose velt wrote that:-

The President of the United State occupies a position of peculiar importance In the whole world there is no other ruler, certainly no other ruler under free his. Of course, there is the enormous per sonal factor of the incumbent himself to be considered entirely apart from the power of the office itself. This is merely

"The enormous personal factor of the incumbent," upon which he laid stress when he wrote of the presidency, ha

who would not be p'iable in their hands And the death of McKinley gave him the office he aimed at, and freed him from

and his estimate of the duties of the chie

British students of sociology have been

very much exercised of late about the de

falling off of the birth rate, due to psycho-

with it goes a marked decrease in the birth rate.

the same time the government finds more

a serious matter to Britain as it is to the nterest the result of the next decennial

A COMPARISON.

It is the fashion just now in Tory circles they did so. More will not believe anything of the kind. Better, perhaps, than bald assertion one way or another is the following comparison of men made by the

It is not unfair to assume that Mr. Borden was accompanied by his ablest lieutenants—the men who would be called upon to become cabinet ministers should there be a change of government. To those who sat under them and listened to their speeches we propound the questions: "What do you think of them as prospective cabinet timber? Do you believe they are big enough men to cope with the greatb national issues which are know very well what the answer will be. The West will not be a consenting party Dr. Sproule, Sir William Mulock by Mr. Blain, Mr. Fisher by Mr. Pope, Mr. Fitzpatrick by Mr. Clancy, Mr. Blair by Mr. Fowler, and Sir Wilfrid by Mr. Borden. The contrast is a little too startling.

It is indeed a little too startling when presented thus simply.

and the prosperity and content of the country are considered also, the western tour of Mr. Borden and his lieutenants from the fact that it permitted the west astrous to Tory hopes.

strengthen the naval power of Germany. To supplement this extensive programm the German government has given to the North German Lloyd and Hamburg-Am

Results from common eczema, coarse hands ragged clothes, shru ken lannels.

rate was 31.57 per 1,000. After the decade markably high rate of speed, such as the

ng made to lock the door after the stee

dash up and down the river and give the people who live along its banks something to look at. It is a picturesque idea and

ing it out. The vessel clearly must be large enough to carry the "small army of officers and Chickens and potatoes! Perish the

What do the people along the St. John reak of chickens (spring) and potatoes be indeed a grand day. Those mean spirited folk who persist in thinking about shipping produce can stick to the good

The Sun man has gone very deeply into this matter and if he will demand 25 knot boats and limit the crew to 500 men of all ranks, his plan cannot fail to receive enthusiastic support. The Sun is a deeply thoughtful newspaper.

nial of the insult to the I. C. R. em ployes credited to him in the West, the retraction was neither manly nor com-The Telegraph expressed doubt as the slanderous language attributed to him and of the stand of the Sun in apologizin

The people of the country and of Westnorland in particular, will be interested in an article which appears in the Kootenay (B. C.) Mail reaffirming the truth of its report of Mr. Powell's speech and

The St. John Sun has undertaken to apologize for Mr. H. A. Powell's reported reference to I. C. R. employes as "the scum of the earth." It says the Kootenay Mail is a lying newspaper. The Colonist says: "The opponents of Mr. Powell must be hard up for material against him if they use such a misleading and incorrect report."

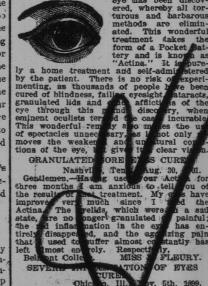
orrect report."

In replying to the above statements we In replying to the above statements we have to say the St. John Sun had no representative at the meeting and is not in a position to accuse the Mail of lying. The editor of the Colonist was at the meeting and we challenge him to publish a verbatim report of what Mr. Powell said. If he does it will be found that our reserved exerct record of the principal. port was a correct record of the principal features of Mr. Powell's address. Our re port was compiled from a verbatim report taken of the main portions of the address

We find that others besides ourse's we so astonished at Mr. Powell's disgraceful charges that they took notes of them and forwarded a copy of the charges to Hon. A. G. Blair, minister of railways, who has these statements in his possession. We

return to clear himself." In the chaste English of the Sun editor

'Actina." a Wonderful Discovery Which Cures Diseased Eyes, No Matter Whether Chronic or Acute, Without Cutting or Drugging.



More Poultry--Fish Yet Scarce--Plenty of Vegetables and Beef.

The produce market was very good this are commencing to come in, as well as geese. There is plenty of native beef, and pork is quite firm. Vegetables are plentiful, excepting potatoes, which are

fish market, the stormy weather prevening a catch. The schooners are in clo mission but have lain in port nearly a week. Corrected retail prices to date are oes, per peck0.20

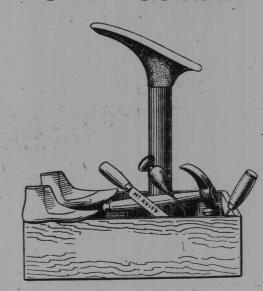
Fresh Fish.

That is the result of a cou of treatment with Scott's E We have special ence to p ons lungs and sen sion does son Scott Emu

things better tha others. is one of them. culiar action on the throa

That's how Scott's I drives out oughs, bronchitie. It keeps them out,

The "O K" Cobbler Set.



The most popular and best on the market. With it you can at any time mend the shoes of your family, thus saving money and

Set consists of Stand, Three Lasts, Pegging Awl, Hammer, Knife, one Package Heel and one Package Sole Nails, all packed

Price,

75cts

MCAVITY & SONS

In Regard to Faces and Heads.

cles, send me his head (I don't care

it for all he knows-and maybe a great deal nore, too. He will endeavor to keep on good terms with himself, and hold himself in as high estimation as he can, and is genrally good-natured enough to let his wife's unt stay three weeks before he growls. Small heads denote nervous organiza

tion, or disorganization, with quick thought, because they don't have so much space to look over when they want anything on the jump. It also indicates economy; the own barber charges less for cutting his hair; he is little on both sides of the ledger.

A man with a big nose has a future as into a fight he will always have something nose won't be much account for anything practical, unless it may be to "talk through." The owner of such a nose will have a happy wife, and be sure to get smoothly along at home; in fact he will find it his interest to, seeing how good a

handle it is. A nose with a hinge to it prefixing the face of lovely woman denotes scorn for worldly things in general. No other nose is near so perfect as this, and the possessor does not have to wait long as Mike Auber did for something to turn up when she has something so handy for occasions.

A sharp-pointed note is indicative of great penetration and sharp language. The ancients held that possessors of auch noses were good people to avoid, but they were old fogies evidently.

A flat, hard cheek denotes persistency

and firmness of purpose, and shows that its owner cannot be put down or aside with

Red freshly painted cheeks, put on rather lavishly, denote the most delightfal sup rficial modesty which is the chief charm of the society woman. If after a waltz much of it is left on your shoulder it imp ies surprise and profanity.

People with a dark-brown glass eye are

generally inclined to seeing only one thing at a time, and are without widely extended views of life or other things, or of compre hensive matters in general. A very red nose has got to be of late a sign of a counter, or I would say a counter-

sig, denoting a certain mental tendency to the non compus jermentus state. People wearing black wigs are generally iery and passionate in disposition, and ardent in their loves, and, some of them, in their spirits. They are awful people to owe, and get out of patience in less than

they se!
Women with small and close-set false
teen on gold plate are of a very confiding ire, and if they have a secret they will onfide it to you to keep it-on the rounds, These teeth manifest great intelligence of everyday happenings and unhappenings, and you should endeavor to keep your own fingers from between them or you might

find them pinched. A short nose and a long upper lip attached to a pretty girl are characteristic of a girl who would not tear your hair out for kissing her, and you would be less liable to ump noses in the performance.

Large mouths accompanying women are ndicative of great thought and contemplation-of how to converse in company and make their mouths small, so that all their talk won't fall out at once.

Two eyes very close together stand for

ores. Everybody will be his friend, except his enemies, and whenever he gets mad he becomes enraged; then his ayes are all

tence. Everybody 'goes upon his face,' to ing small about him. If he would not greater or less extent. It is the same as give a beggar at his gate enything, he painted canvass that hangs out in front | would at least give him directions to the

LOST COPPER LODE FOUND.

Reported Important Discovery in the Lake Superior Region.

Boston, Oct. 29-Prof. Alexander Agassiz, his sons, Maximillian and Rodolphe, and Henry A. C. Taylor have gone to the Lake Superior copper region. What is said to be the richest copper ore found in recent years is to be tested by Professor

What is known among copper men as well as a big nose before him; he will follow wherever his nose goes, and if he gets Professor Agassiz, been found by Captain Samuel Parnall, the Calumet & Hecla exbetween him and his enemy. That kind of pert in charge of the Lake Superior mines. The lode was encountered early in the summer and reported to Parnall to be richer than any other ore found in years

in the lake region-Professor Agassiz apparently is Much nim, as at a dinner which he gave to his elatives at his summer home in Newport last week, he declared that Calumet & Hecla had come into a new fortune, and that Bostonians would be surprised when

Soldier's Withdrawn from Cral Fields. Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 30-The fourth

and eighth regiments which have been stationed in the Wyoming Valley for some time past broke camp tolay and rewill break camp tomorrow. The entire coal region is now peaceful.

