FAILS TO DISCOVER METHOD OF RAISING REVENUE IN BIG WAY

Criticism Heard of Conference of Spending Bodies.

SOME ECONOMY POSSIBLE

But City Really Needs Material Increase of Annual Income.

The committee of the city council and other spending bodies last evening spent some time in devising means to save money to the citizens. That some money can be saved is apparent, but it is believed it will not amount to more than a few hundred dollars at the best, and likely much below that.

The question of increasing the revenues of the city was not touched upon to any extent. There was a suggestion that the water rates be raised by reducing the discount from 40 per cent to 30 per cent, but this was not agreed to. Had it been accepted, there would have been a saving of at least one mill on the tax rate. Outside of that there was no definite proposition made to increase the revenue. The saving of a few hundred dollars, it is pointed out, while important, is not the big thing needed. What the city really needs is a great increase of revenue.

Methods Available.

There are few ways of accomplishing this—increasing the revenue from the utilities, increasing the assessment, and making special taxes of every possible levy. That there will be an increase in the water rates is unlikely. That any other utility will be made to yield much more will not be considered by those in authority. The question of increasing the assessment will be dealt with later. London's assessment is low per capita, less than $800 per person in the city. The average is $1,909 per capita, and with that assessment the city would have a sufficient income to meet the expenditures and produce a lower tax rate.

That there will be opposition to this is certain. The real estate owners of the city figure that they are charged quite enough for the privilege of owning property. However, the assessment is a question that must be gone into closely.

Nearing the Limit.

London has nearly reached the limit of its borrowing powers. The amount of debentures outstanding against the city is $5,098,796.37. The limits of debenture issue, which is 14 per cent of the assessment, is $5,413,477.94, leaving a trifle over $300,000 margin.

The margin is safe enough, but it does not give much leeway.

There will be few additions to capital account this year. There will be some patriotic issues, of course, probably amounting to $300,000, but there will be little else. These are not charges, however, against the borrowing powers of the city.

Save on Local Improvements.

The council, it is thought, should be able to economize on local improvements this year. During 1917 the amount of local improvement debentures expiring is $116,597.58. The city council will not expend more than $100,000 on pavements, etc., this year, in order that the debenture debt may be kept down.

The question of making special taxes on improvements has been up for solution for many years. Some of the aldermen are of the opinion that every load of gravel dumped on the city streets should be charged against the property-holders. This is impossible as the municipal act will not permit of it. There is no question in the minds of many but that much money has been wasted in the past in this way.

The amount of debentures expiring in 1917 is $181,795.04, which helps somewhat.

The main criticism heard is that the council failed to discuss the best method of increasing the revenue of the city in a big way.

CHILDREN'S SHELTER WILL REQUIRE $400 PER MONTH

[illegible] of L. and Additional Inmates Combine to Make Situation Serious.

Provision must be made to the extent of $400 a month in order to maintain the Children's Shelter as it has been conducted in the past. The expenditure at the shelter has increased over 100 per cent since the beginning of the war and is largely attributed to the advance in living and the many children taken in from the homes of soldiers on active service. At a meeting of the board at the shelter yesterday afternoon, the financial problem was the principal subject discussed. The fact that the institution receives no governmental aid was the subject of comement by the board. The maintenance of the institution has been dependent to a large extent upon contributions, but of late these have not been sufficient to meet the outlay.

There are 40 children at the shelter and 23 of these are soldiers' children.

The ten who were taken in two weeks ago have been clothed and sent to school for their first time. They were taken from homes in South London.

WEDDING BELLS

BARRELL—BIRCH.

An attractive but quiet wedding took place at the Church of the Redeemer on Saturday, when Corp. Roy A. Barrell of the A. M. C. offices, and Miss Edith Gertrude Birch, were united in marriage by Rev. Harry Ashby, in the presence of immediate relatives and friends. The bride, gowned in a traveling suit of green broadcloth, was given away by her brother, Reginald Birch. Miss Eby played Mendelssohn's March. The wedding presents included substantial checks by the parents of both bride and groom, silver from the A. M. C. staff, a beautiful clock from the staff of Military District No. 1, and a cut glass berry set from Charles Jones and staff. Corp and Mrs. Barrell left for a short honeymoon trip.

For Pile Sufferers

Sample Package of the Famous Pyramid Pile Treatment Now Offered Free to Prove What It Will Do for You.

Pyramid Pile Treatment gives quick relief, stops itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids and all rectal troubles, in the privacy of your own home. 50c a box at all druggists. A single box often cures. **Free sample for trial** with booklet mailed free in plain wrapper, if you send us coupon below.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
629 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.
Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.

Name .....
Street .....
City ..... State .....

LOCAL NEWS

SERENADING CITIZENS.—Tonight the Salvation Army Band will give serenades at the residences of several citizens. The selections will be chiefly hymn numbers.

NOTIFYING JURORS.—The notices to jurors to serve at the spring assizes, to commence on March 19 next, before Mr. Justice Masten, are being sent out today from the sheriff's office.

EUCHE ON WEDNESDAY. — The usual Wednesday evening euchre will be held at the Liberal Club tomorrow, and the tournament, which has been in progress some time, and is proving most interesting, will be continued.

DENTAL OFFICERS PROMOTED.—Five lieutenants in the Dental Corps have been promoted to be captains. They are Lieuts. J. A. Beatty, J. W. Wilkze, J. M. Deans, J. N. Dunning and E. F. McGregor.

OLD BOYS HELP.—London Old Boys in the city of Cleveland have sent in a donation of $10 to the Soldiers' Aid Commission to further the work. The money was donated through Mrs. Spencer, a Cleveland visitor in the city.

MORE DISCUSSION.—There will be a conference of the heads of the various civic departments at 3 o'clock today to discuss the purchase of supplies, etc. City Clerk S. Baker has sent out the notices, and the officials will get together and endeavor to save the city some money.

TELEGRAMS FREE.—Philip Pocock of the Patriotic and Canadian Red Cross associations here received a letter from C. McDonald, manager of the local C. P. R. Telegraph Company, stating that the company would be glad to frank all messages in connection with patriotic work during the campaign. Mr. Pocock has sent a letter of appreciation to the company for its kind offer.

EXCELLENT CONCERT.—An excellent concert took place on Monday evening in the Latter Day Saints' Church, under the auspices of the Live Wire Class of the Sunday school. The Elgar Ladies' Quartet provided the entertainment and the program was much enjoyed by the large crowd present. The receipts will be applied to the building fund of the new church.

PROMISES TO BE GOOD.—"Perplexing Question," the sketch to be given by the Marion Keith Club of St. Andrew's Church, assisted by the senior boys, Friday night in St. Andrew's Hall, has had an extremely large advance sale. The cast has been well chosen and the playlet promises to be one of the best put on in this city in some time.

ALL WERE REMEMBERED.—In a letter to his former co-workers on The Advertiser staff, thanking them for some small Christmas remembrances sent to him and other Advertiser men now on active service overseas, Lieut. Clyde Kennedy says he thinks nearly every soldier was remembered by some friends at Christmas time, and all spent as merry a time as possible under the circumstances.

WANT SOME PROFITS. — The finance committee of the city council will probably meet on Wednesday evening to discuss the question of allowing the McClary Company to connect with the Southern Ontario Company's natural gas mains just outside the city. What the outcome will be is not known, although some of the aldermen will oppose it unless the city is given a percentage of the earnings.

TWO PROMOTED.—Lieut. Roy Garrett, 7th Field Company, Canadian Engineers, has been promoted to be captain. Lieut. W. H. Robinson has been transferred to No. 11 Field Company, C. E., and has also been promoted to be captain. These promotions are generally regarded as being the result of excellent service in the Engineers, and both officers are being congratulated on them.

SOLDIERS GET $42.60.—The checkroom at the Victoria Park skating rink operated by the returned soldiers for the benefit of the Soldiers' Aid Commission had a record-breaking day on Saturday, the total receipts for the day, including both afternoon and evening, were $42.60. This is sufficient to pay the returned men who are in charge a reasonable wage and to leave a handsome profit for the funds of the commission.

BECHER WARD WELL. — William Ward, cigar manufacturer, has received a letter from his son, Sergt. Becher Ward, of the Princess Pats, now a prisoner of war in Germany, that his wounds had completely healed, and he was now in the internment camp along with the older soldiers. He was well, and being well cared for, he states. It was feared for some time that his wounds would incapacitate him, but he has made a complete recovery.

COUNTY COURT WRITS.—Two writs were issued in the county court today. The Standard Bank has taken action against A. W. Humphries & Son, formerly of Parkhill, but now of Regina, Sask., to recover $343.91, claimed due on a promissory note issued by the defendants to the plaintiff, and dated January 31, 1911. George Kook of Mosa Township is suing Joseph and Mamie Walker for unstated damages for alleged trespassing and for dispossessing him of land known as lot 7, in Mosa Township.

MAJ.-GEN. LESSARD INSPECTS UNITS AND IS WELL SATISFIED

Leaves Tonight For Guelph and Other Western Ontario Camps.

Major General Lessard, inspector general of forces in Eastern Canada, inspected the 149th Battalion Monday afternoon, and expressed himself as very well satisfied with the showing made by the unit.

This morning he inspected the overseas draft of the A. M. C., and also the 63rd Battery and the Special Service Company. Tonight he leaves for Guelph where he will inspect the 54th Battery on Wednesday. Leaving Guelph at noon he will proceed to Galt for the inspection of the 122nd Battalion. From there he goes to Chatham, where he will view the 186th on Thursday morning. Thursday afternoon he will be in Windsor, where the 21st Battalion and the company of the Construction Unit will be inspected. He will leave for the east Thursday night.

The 153rd Battalion will not be inspected on this trip as the general examined it last fall when it was on Carling Heights.

FRENCH CRUISER SUNK, SEA CAPTAIN REPORTS

NORFLOK, Va., Jan. 22.—The captain of the Norwegian steamer Salonica, now in Hampton Roads, told agents of his line today that he had seen a French cruiser sunk off the Madeira Island.

PERSONALS

Mrs. A. T. Edwards has returned home, after a few days' visit in Toronto, Hamilton and Brantford.

* * *

Mrs. George Prokos of Hamilton has returned home after spending two weeks with her mother, Mrs. James Hill.

* * *

W. E. Hiscott and Mrs. W. H. Bailey have returned to Toronto, having been on a visit to their father, W. C. Hiscott of the postoffice department, who has been suffering from an attack of pleuro-pneumonia at his home, 106 Cartwright street.

BRITAIN UNITED IN WILL TO SEE THE WAR THROUGH; PREPARED FOR SACRIFICES

Former Canadian Writes Rather Scornfully of America's Attitude—Proud of Britain.

The following letter written by a former Canadian to a former Canadian, from England, seems to express the universal feeling in the Old Land and points to a greater British nation arising after this war has ended. It was forwarded by the recipient to E. E. Reid of this city.

391 Walmersley Road, Bury,
October 15, 1916.

My Dear Arthur,—

I was very glad to get your letter. I have reproached myself often for not writing you but with things in such a state of flux somehow the disposition to write a letter is often wanting. It is difficult to give you any adequate conception of the changed spirit of Britain and the strange conditions under which we live. Most of us understand fairly well what we suffer for and men of liberal beliefs like myself are just as firmly resolved as any other type to see this thing through. Relatives, chums, fine young men of the greatest promise and real nobility walk unfalteringly forward into the furnace of trial. Death and injury we are familiar with as every day events and yet none cry "Enough." Life and treasure and labor all are dedicated to the one great resolve that our lives shall be rid of this perpetual threat of warlike people lusting for domination. It is only "by good hap" that the ruthless ferocity which sought to terrify Belgium into docility has never again the chance it lusted for to turn our island into a shambles and strip our mills bare as those of Liege and Lille—to seize our young women as slaves to till German fields, as it did with Belgian and French girls "wholesale." We know their hatred. Every calm night they send their cowardly zepps hawking over sleeping villages and towns, blindly hurling from immense heights death on men, women and children alike. These villainies, so unsoldierlike, are quite useless in any military sense. I have seen much of their results, deaths, injuries and griefs, and never anything that helped their war—only a burning contempt and anger for generations will survive for a people who cry for more and more such outrages.

Greater People Rising.

Of course we shall be poor in worldly goods after this—necessarily we must tax ourselves to the last penny we can bear; but what is that to the death and injury to all our fine young men. Men who were feeling their way to a broader, more humane care for their weaker or less fortunate fellows, more really democratic than you Americans, I do believe. This fire has burnt out much dross from our old England—you shall yet see a people rise phoenix-like from the ashes of this horrible conflagration attuned to nobler things; dedicated to public service and the common weal, more strenuous in achievement and thinking more of national good than private profit. There is a great ferment everywhere, and great changes are sure to come, because the times will be ripe and the people meet for great responsibilities and powers.

Truly I would sooner live my life in more reasonable comforts and happiness here after the war than a smoke stifled among a people like yours. You must forgive me saying so, but many of us cannot help feeling that as a nation you are not unduly worried by this tempest of woe that sweeps over the old world. It is true we pour out our all to maintain those liberal ideas of freedom which Americans of another generation put first and foremost in life's calendar, but for many of your people it suffices that "fortune" is kind, and many more dollars come to those who say: "It is no affair of ours; let's get the trade and rake in the shekels which we may."

America's Conceit.

Many Americans there are we love for sympathies made manifest—who see and say the French and we fight for everything you do hold dear—those are they who send their Red Cross units and work like us; but what of America's conceit that boasts it saves Belgium and Serbia from starving and yet our people with all their woes and suffering have poured out their savings as ten to one for Belgian and Serb and Armenian and French as compared with what America does with all its abounding wealth.

We have labored in a sea of troubles. I should not have thought it possible to overcome the manifold difficulties we have learned to overcome. All our young men are in the army. I expect Fred will have to go soon now as they need more men. For myself, I am just about the limit of military age— I would much prefer to fight but it is clearly regarded as more helpful I should keep a factory going and older men employed.

Fred has for a long time drilled the volunteers as commandant—a body of older men who seek to release younger troops for active service—I am one of them. Billy is a special constable—duties come day and night. Everyone does something and suffers in varying degrees—it's a noble cause. There is a mighty good work going on here and Germany shall have a "bellyful" of war before we quit. Wilfred is in the ministry of munitions—takes six pounds in sterling a week and responsibility for spending sometimes sixty thousand pounds in sterling therein, like lots of other good engineers around him. Jack works about 80 hours a week for 80 shillings for the same good end of England ever free. Yours sincerely,

HAROLD.

NAVAL CHAPLAIN WILL ADDRESS MEETINGS HERE

Rev. Dr. Alfred Hall to Speak on Sunday in Local Theatre.

Commodore Aemilius Jarvis has, in response to the Mayor Stevenson's request, secured Rev. Dr. Alfred Hall of Toronto for the naval recruiting meetings next Sunday afternoon and evening in the Majestic Theatre. During twelve years' residence in South Africa, Dr. Hall visited the German colonies in the East and West. As Lord Strathcona's commissioner to universities, colleges and schools in Canada, presenting the famous Nelson shields, Dr. Hall has addressed about a quarter of a million of young Canadians on the navy. This week he is addressing about 5,000 pupils in the collegiate, normal, public and separate schools of Hamilton. He holds the rank of senior chaplain for Canada to the naval and merchant marine institutes of the Dominion, and with the approval of the minister of the naval service, he is rendering help to the naval recruiting work. Dr. Hall has intimated his willingness to speak in any of the city churches or schools on or about January 28 on naval work, and may be addressed at the Royal Connaught Hotel, Hamilton.

At these meetings two new I. O. D. E. chapters, the Nurses' and Businessgirls', will be instituted.

OFFICERS ELECTED

Court Stella, No. 7047, Ancient Order of Foresters, has elected the following officers for the year:

P. C. R., C. E. Jarvis, M.D.; C. R., Henry A. Livermore; S. C. R., H. F. Hill; treasurer, John Nutkins; secretary, H. R. Nicholls; S. W., Ed. Harper; J. W., F. A. Callard; S. B., F. Biggs; J. B., Jos. Corbett; M. S., John Nutkins; physician, C. E. Jarvis; trustees, Geo. Walters, Jos. Leah, Wm. Chamberlain; auditors, F. W. Monrose and John Walters; union committee, E. Nutkins.

FOREST CITY CHAPTER.

The annual meeting of the Forest City Chapter, of the Order of Eastern Star, was held last evening with a very large attendance of the ladies of the organization. The following officers were elected: Worthy matron, F. Mae Armour; worthy patron, F. F. Simmons; associate matron, Ida J. Mills; secretary, Veda Stewart; treasurer, Nellie Hole; conductress, Annie Tullett; associate conductress, Rebecca Staples; marshal, Mary Phillip; chaplain, Ida Howie; organist, L. Stein; Ada, E. Wallace; Ruth, Jane Craig; Esther, Mary Fergusharson; Martha, Bertha Linnell; Electa, E. Cousins; warder, P. Ashton; sentinel, J. D. Ross.

RAEMAEKERS IS NOT A WILSON

Here is the way the famous Dutch artist views the British public of today.

Politics, Diplomacy and Party Squabbles—Away With Them—We Want to Win the War. [Copyright, Canada, 1917, by the Public Ledger Company.]

FRENCH SKEPTICAL IN COMMENTING ON WILSON'S ADDRESS

Subscribe To Principles, But What of Execution?

NOBLE CHIMERA MESSAGE

Requires New Type of Man Before It Can Be Accomplished.

Paris, Jan. 23.—President Wilson's address to the Senate is printed in full by all the morning papers, and comment as a whole is sympathetic but skeptical. The Petit Parisien says:

"It seems that President Wilson, as in his previous note, has mistakenly placed the states attacked and the aggressors on the same footing, when the distinction was an easy one which he was in conscience bound to make. With that stipulation we can only subscribe to the formula which the president sets forth as a basis of future peace. None of his conceptions can offend us. They are ours. They were ours long before 1917. We certainly will not oppose them. It gives us only pleasure to see these plans for liberty and justice eloquently upheld by Mr. Wilson. But what will Germany and Austria say?"

Must Be Forced To It.

The Matin says: "In entire agreement with President Wilson as to the principles enunciated by him, we nevertheless shall believe, until more fully informed, that there is a portion of humanity upon which these principles must be imposed by force; for it would be erroneous to suppose they could be led to accept them from conviction."

The Journal says: "Mr. Wilson is obsessed with the idea of inaugurating for the world a golden age of universal brotherhood. His whole message is dominated by that noble chimera, and that must be invoked as an excuse in order to attentuate the impression which this extraordinary manifesto cannot fail to make on the Allied countries.

Needs New Type of Man.

"Mr. Wilson's scheme is simplicity itself, except that it requires a new type of man. Since the world has been the world, human passions have caused conflicts to arise in every stage of its organization; in families, tribes, nations, groups of nations, does Mr. Wilson intend to change human nature?"

Gustav Herve writes in the Victoire: "What a pity it is this masterly page of social philosophy is marred and almost disfigured by those three little words: 'peace without victory'."

The Humanite says: "President Wilson has set forth a great pacifist program which reveals to the world the same lofty inspiration that dictated the note of December 18."

MUST PAY ALIMONY

R. R. Cromarty's Defence That Marriage to Former London Woman Invalid, Quashed.

Toronto, Jan. 23.—Justice Middleton has decided that R. R. Cromarty, a prominent publisher here, is entitled to pay alimony to his wife, who married him after being divorced from her first husband, named Lampkin, in Chicago. Cromarty's defence was that the Chicago divorce was invalid, therefore he was not legally husband of plaintiff. If parties cannot settle on amount of alimony, it will be settled by court. Mrs. Cromarty was an Ingersoll girl.

George Lampkin and his wife were well-known in London some years ago, he being a salesman and she keeping a rooming house.

TAKES NEW OFFICE—MISS MERRITT'S WORTH IS RECOGNIZED BY Q. M. N. G.

The honorary secretary, Miss C. Welland Merritt, having done so much in establishing the Queen Mary's Needlework Guild in Canada, now finds it necessary to do less active work, and has resigned the honorary secretaryship to take the honorary vice-presidency instead. It was Miss Merritt who introduced the guild into Canada, and by traveling from east to west she has spread an active interest in the work throughout the country. In accepting this new appointment from her majesty, Miss Merritt has the good wishes of all the officers of the guild, and their thanks for the work she has done. (Signed), Mary E. Angus, president Queen Mary's Needlework Guild in Canada.

CANADIAN ACTIVITY WEAKENS MORALE OF OPPOSING GERMANS

Eyewitness Sends Through Another Sample of Praise.

DIFFERENCES OF YEAR

Operations, Commonplace Today, Excited Great Interest Twelve Months Ago.

Ottawa, Jan. 23—(Eyewitness).—The following communication has been received from the Canadian war records office, London:

The past week has been one of normal trench warfare. Normal trench warfare of today, however, is very different to the normal trench warfare of a year ago. Everywhere the ascendancy of our troops over the enemy is most marked. The evidence of prisoners is the most eloquent testimony to the decadency of our patrols, while bombardments of the enemy's lines which a year ago would have merited a detailed description as important operations, are today affairs of almost daily occurrence.

This continual activity of our artillery and infantry has undoubtedly weakened the morale of the enemy and is paving the way for victories to come.

A great feature in the life of the men at the front is the training they carry out when in reserve. There is a vigor and purpose about this training which is quite remarkable. Men who have faced the enemy in battle appear to realize what training will mean to them and by this training, the purpose of which is constantly in the minds of all, the sure seeds of victory are being sown.

A letter received from the front today, referring to the "reports" sent from the battle line to Canadian readers, says:

"* * * The trouble is that never having been a newspaper reporter the censor does not appreciate what is only news and what is real military stuff. There's lots of stuff that could be written from here that, I am sure, would not only stimulate recruiting but give people interested at home some idea, no matter how remote, of what is actually happening out here.

"Some of the published reports, while not only entirely erroneous, are absolutely BUNK, in big block capitals, and the cause of much mirth among the men in France."

British Transport Signals Distress; Word From Berlin

Struck a Mine in Channel With 1,800 Troops on Board.

BERLIN, via Sayville, Jan. 22.—Wireless distress signals from a British transport with 1,800 soldiers on board, which had struck a mine and was sinking in the British Channel, were received in Rotterdam last night, according to reports from that city, says the Overseas News Agency.

CAPT. E. C. BEER HOME FOR SHORT FURLOUGH

Has Been Year at Etaples With Canadian Army Medical Corps.

Capt. E. C. Beer of the Canadian Army Medical Corps, who has been stationed at No. 1 General Hospital, Etaples, France, for the past year, arrived in the city at noon for a brief visit with his sister, Mrs. P. R. Allin, 836 Colborne street.

Capt. Beer, who is a son of the late Rev. W. C. Beer of this city, practiced his profession in Brandon, Man., for some years previous to going overseas. Mrs. Beer and three children have been making their home in Toronto during Capt. Beer's absence, and he has been with them there since his return on furlough some days ago. He is accompanied to London by his small son.

He will return shortly to resume his duties in France.

WARDENSHIP STILL IN DOUBT; ELECTION MAY BE WEDNESDAY

Parties Not Finally Decided On Their Candidates.

COUNCIL MEETING BEGINS

Three Liberals and One Conservative Named as Possible Choices.

The initial session of the Middlesex county council for the year 1917, opened shortly after two o'clock today.

During the morning, informal meetings were held by the members to make a selection for the nominations for the wardership. The Liberal members met informally at the Fraser House, while the Conservatives met at the City Hotel. While in former years their task has sometimes been a trifle difficult, this year, with nine candidates in the field, the caucus meetings had a big task cut out for them to select the candidate to whom the support of the party will be given.

No matter who is selected as a standard bearer for each party, there is always the possibility that some member may jump the traces, and gather sufficient votes from both Liberals and Conservatives to give him a majority for the wardership.

The choice among the Liberals seems to be wavering between Councillors Graham, Currie and Blakie, while the Conservatives will probably support Thomas Clark.

County Clerk Stuart presided at the opening of the session. After calling the roll of members he called for nominations for the office of warden. While several nominations were made, the support of the parties will likely be chiefly behind the above mentioned candidates.

Owing to the closeness of the race this year, and the large number of candidates for the warden's chair, it is possible that more than one session will be required to arrive at a decision.

The voting will be open, the councillors simply indicating their opinion by a show of hands.

At the conclusion of the election the warden will be conducted to the warden's chair by his mover and seconder. He will then sign the declaration of office and proceed with the business to be taken up.

Following the election the next important business will be the appointing of the various standing committees.

REV. W. GALBRAITH OF THAMESFORD IS LONDON MODERATOR

Elected For Six Months—Melbourne Call To Rev. G. S. Scott Sustained.

Rev. W. S. Galbraith of Thamesford was elected moderator of the London Presbytery at its meeting in the First Presbyterian Church this morning. He will hold his office for six months. Rev. John Hosie, who has been the moderator for the past six months, was thanked by the Presbytery for his efficient work.

The call extended by the church of Melbourne to Rev. G. S. Scott, B. A., of Kilsyth, was sustained. It was supported by Robert Campbell and H. D. McKenzie of Melbourne and D. C. Fletcher and Duncan Campbell of Riverside. The stipend is to be $1,100 with prospect of it being increased to $1,200 soon. The manse will be supplied and a vacation of four weeks granted. The call was almost unanimous one.

Mr. Jamieson and Mr. Fletcher of the Owen Sound Presbytery will prosecute the call there.

The induction will be held in Melbourne at 3 o'clock on a day to be set by the moderator and clerk of the Presbytery. Rev. W. S. Wright will preach, Rev. J. H. Stuart will speak to the people and Rev. Dr. Smith will address the minister.

The proposition of reducing the representation to the General Assembly from one in six to one in eight was discussed and referred to the committee on remits.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

DEATH OF DAVID BURNETT.

The death occurred on Saturday, January 20, of David Alfred Burnett at the residence of his father, John Burnett, Ilderton. The funeral, which was private, took place on Monday from the family residence to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

FUNERAL OF MRS. FERGUSON.

The funeral of Mrs. James Ferguson, who died on Friday, took place on Monday afternoon from the family residence, 840 Richmond street, to Woodland Cemetery. The services was conducted by Rev. James Mackay, assisted by Rev. W. J. Knox.

The pallbearers were four sons: J. S. Ferguson, W. C. Ferguson, R. R. Ferguson, and D. A. Ferguson, and two nephews, W. A. Griffin and Claude Laing.

THE LATE B. L. HARRISON.

Benjamin Lumley Harrison, who died on January 8, was born on the 5th concession of London Township in the year 1828. He married the late Martha Arnold in 1853, settled on the 2nd concession of Lobo Township, where he spent the rest of his life. He is survived by three daughters, Mary and Martha, at home, and Mrs. Mason of London, and three sons, Benjamin and Godfrey of Lobo, and Alfred of London. The last-named is now in France.

BURIED AT WOODLAND.

The funeral of Samuel Davis, whose death occurred on Friday, took place at 2 o'clock on Monday from the family residence, 711 Princess avenue. The service was at 1:30 o'clock, in charge of Rev. Archdeacon Richardson. The pallbearers were John Davis, George Davis, Melvin Hodgins, Albert Aikenhead, L. Walsh and J. Walsh. Interment was made at Woodland Cemetery.

BURIED AT ST. JOHN'S.

The funeral of George J. White, whose death occurred on Saturday, January 25th, was held from the family residence, 111 Maple street, at 1:30 o'clock to St. John's Cemetery, London Township. Rev. H. H. Bingham conducted the service at 1 o'clock.

FUNERAL OF MISS SMITH.

The funeral of Miss Nancy Smith, who died on Saturday, January 25th, took place on Monday at 2:30 o'clock from the residence of her nephew, D. Frank Smith, 808 Talbot street, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Rev. Jas. MacKay conducted the service at 2 o'clock. The pallbearers were Arthur Rindlehardt, Alex. Harvey, jun., Fred Beitz, Frank Harley, jun., Geo. Milburn and R. J. Webster.

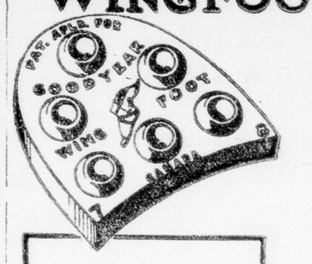
DEATH OF MRS. EVISON.

The death of Mrs. Sarah Ellen Evison, widow of William Evison, occurred on Monday at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. F. Link, Dutton, after a lingering illness.

She is survived by seven sons: William, Alder and Oliver of this city, Alfred of Bothwell, George of Detroit, Charles of Wallaceburg, and Frank now overseas. She is also survived by three daughters; Mrs. A. Colvin, Caradoc; Mrs. J. Post, Michigan; Mrs. F. Link, Dutton.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon from the residence of her son, Alder Evison, 179 Briscoe street, to Scotlsville Cemetery.

WINGFOOT HEELS



GUARANTEE

We guarantee Goodyear Wingfoot Air Heels to out-wear any other rubber heels you have ever worn, or any others you can now buy. Should they not meet this guarantee, return them to us at Toronto or to any Goodyear Branch and get a new pair free.

It is notable that Goodyear Heels are considered worthy of a guarantee—and worth an extra price. The guarantee alone would be worth the additional cost, were it not accompanied by extra comfort as well.

60c a pair, put on; black or chocolate, at shoe repairers and shoe stores.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada Limited

GOODYEAR

Continued From Page One

AMERICAN PRESS

nations live to compete and compete to live. Mr. Wilson had offered to rebuild the universe. The Senate gapes at him, Europe will pity him.

Worse Than Futile.

Cleveland Leader—It is impossible to imagine any responsible statesman in Europe reading without a smile such valiant phrases bearing at long range upon the curbing of tremendous forces and coming from a man with the record in international affairs which Woodrow Wilson has written into the history of his country. This is not the time for sounding words with nothing to give them force and weight. It is not the hour to make the fearful struggle in Europe the subject of academic dreams and embody the dreaming in a speech by the president of the United States to the Senate. It is worse than futile because it breeds anger while it causes derision.

Stirs Up Storm.

St. Paul (Minn.) Pioneer Press—It will be wonderful if this remarkable address does not stir up a storm not to be confined to the United States. The first impression is that it predicates troubles without promise, that it proposes a program which will startle without convincing the American people.

Worse Than Peace Note.

Philadelphia Press—The president's program is so idealistic and revolutionary that we fear it will be received with even less approval by the belligerents than his peace note was by the Entente Allies. A "peace without victory" would make both sides abandon what they have been fighting for. The whole address is most admirable in spirit. How practical and influential it may prove must await developments.

Climax of Verbal Performances.

The Louisville Courier-Journal—The president's appearance in the Senate yesterday and his reading of an address solemnly proposing the most radical revolutions, not only in the government of the United States, but in the government of the world, marks the climax of the sensational series of verbal performances which have characterized his Administration almost from its beginning. It is indeed staggering—this formal, actual proposal of a transcendental dreamer for the instant, practical establishment by force of the millennium of mankind, and the Courier-Journal has not the heart at the moment of first impressions, to proceed into an analysis of its fatal inconsistencies, fantastic illusions and limitless possibilites for misfortune and mischief.

Has No Authority.

Following are some German press views:

The Illinois Staats Zeitung (Chicago)—President Wilson calmly gave vent to great words, without any authority to bring their influence to bear. President Wilson not only missed the psychological moment to bring peace for cultured humanity and eternal glory to the United States, but the president has lost all moral authority to make demands on the nations at war from the standpoint of morality, because of his unneutral policy and his direct protection to munition and blood usury. He also is powerless from the standpoint of might in a military or political sense. We see Mr. Wilson today in a historical pose, and probably for the last time.

Answer to Allies.

The Baltimore German Correspondent—President Wilson's speech in the Senate of the United States is an answer to the Allies' peace terms. The president notified them that the United States cannot become a member of a world's peace league that will be founded on the remaking of Europe as they are planning.

Plaudits From Germans.

The St. Louis Westliche Post—For the second time he (President Wilson) offers to serve for humanity. The whole world, and most of all the American people, should be thankful to him that he has not hesitated again to offer his hand for the bringing about of an honorable peace.

Will Force Allies in.

Cincinnati Freie Presse (German)—The league for peace proposed by the president will be formed after the war by the central powers and their allies. They will guarantee peace to Europe.

"If the United States desires to join them they will hardly object. The Entente Allies will not voluntarily agree to such conditions as President Wilson considers indispensable to a last peace, they will therefore have to be forced, and Germany and her allies will force them.

Not President of Humanity.

The New York Sun: "What Mr. Wilson has sworn to do is prescribed by the constitution. He is sworn to execute faithfully the office of president of the United States, and to the best of his ability to preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States. He is not sworn to execute faithfully the office of president of humanity. There is nothing in his official duties which requires him to demand the establishment of a free and united Poland; or to lay down to Europe the principle that all interior European nations, like Switzerland, for example, or the republic of Andorra, 'shall be accorded free outlets to the seas.'"

Suits American People.

The New York Times: "By one bold stroke President Wilson removes the obstacles toward world peace guaranteed by the world over which peace league folks have been wrangling.

"The president makes it very clear that the only sort of peace the people of America could join in guaranteeing would be one that embodies 'the principles of the American Government' that is, based on elements consistent with our political faith and practical convictions. By its very terms this declaration might exclude us from a world league for peace, but the president will have the overwhelming support of the American people in declining to commit our Government to any guarantee of European dynastic or national arrangements with which we could have no sympathy."

The New York Staats Zeitung: "Upon the principles enunciated by the president yesterday must be based the only saving peace that can come to the world and the only peace to the permanence of which the American people can willingly loan their support."

Now Up To Teutons.

The Boston Globe: "The road to peace needs an half-way house. President Wilson's speech to the Senate is an attempt to build one. Exorbitant as they are, the Allies have stated terms. The president has, in a sense, stated our terms. This leaves the Teutonic powers as the only ones who have not come out in the open. The world can draw its inferences."

The Boston Post: "Of the fine ethics of the president's proposal there can be no question, nor of his high-minded desire to be of a large service to all the world. But as to the practicability of his plan—as to its desirability, even from our own standpoint—the matter is open to wide varieties of opinion and careful and patriotic discussion."

Mountains Bring Forth Mouse.

The Providence Journal: "The mountain has brought forth a very small mouse. What single thought is there in all this cornucopia of words that was not fully stated in an infinitely more direct and honest form by Mr. Balfour several days ago?

"Mr. Wilson beckons the bleeding and suffering nations of the world towards him, with his school-master's cane, and delivers a prize oration on the millennium, while civilization and the liberty of the world are battling for life in the shambles of a hundred bloody fields."

OLD FALSE TEETH

ACTUAL VALUE PAID
Bought in any condition, full or broken sets, also bridges, crowns, etc. Mail or bring direct to
DOMINION TOOTH CO.
Room 12, Dominion Bank Bldg., Corner Dundas and Richmond Streets.
95tf

MILITARY MONEY BELTS, MIRRORS, CHEVRONS, OFFICERS' BADGES, MILITARY AND SOUVENIR JEWELRY.
PEEL'S, Richmond St.

Bath Robes
Big sale of them for the next few days at big reductions.
Graham Bros.

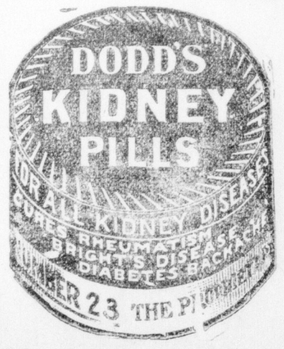
Buy Screened
SCRANTON COAL
Webster-Harvey, Ltd.
ywt

MILLS --- LIMITED
Day Books, Ledgers, Etc.
ALL OFFICE SUPPLIES.
JOHN MILLS, LIMITED.
Phone 1665. 399 Richmond Street.
ywt

Kodaks and Eastman Non-Curling Films
J. H. BACK & CO.
210 DUNDAS STREET.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END A COLD OR CATARRH

How To Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappears. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffling, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache; no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable. Relief is sure.—Adv.