

JEWISH CONGRESS MEETS SUNDAY

S. W. Jacobs, M.P., Will Not Be Allowed to Speak Twice on Vishnick.

A. B. Bennett, secretary of the Canadian Jewish Congress, announces that a meeting will be held on Sunday night in Massey Hall by the congress to organize some method of relief for Jews in Ukraine, where, it is reported, they are being massacred by invading troops, and to make arrangements to send to Ukraine with the consent of the government a commission to investigate and to do relief work.

R. Brailin, the noted Hebrew writer of New York, will address the meeting on this and other important Jewish issues of the day.

With reference to the report appearing yesterday in local papers that S. W. Jacobs, K.C., M.P., would address the Jewish electorate on Saturday night on the recent disclosures on the supply of vishnick by a vendor appointed by the Ontario license commission, A. B. Bennett stated that the Jewish Congress had arranged to have Mr. Jacobs speak at their meeting on Sunday night, but if the report that he will not be allowed to speak at the meeting is true, Mr. Bennett said that the congress would be held by the congress on Sunday.

Mr. Bennett, on behalf of the Jewish Congress desires to have it clearly understood that their meeting on Sunday night is in no way a political one and that local politics will not be discussed.

MAKE KELLY EVANS SURE

Northeast Toronto (Seat B) will have the chance of doing a "great thing for itself" and for the province at large if it returns Col. Kelly Evans by a thumping majority on Monday next. He is up against a stiff opposition in a constituency where the Tory machine is popular. But we believe that in the days when people are glad to have an opportunity of giving a vote for the man who is not content to lie down and let the machine—by the way, has lost a good many votes from its wheels in this particular riding—roll over him, Kelly Evans is a man of singular alertness and independence and vigor of mind. His views on the subject of prohibition are the same as those of the great majority of the soldiers. He is against it right off the bat, and does not want any "Pussy-footers" to make up his mind as to how he ought to view the nonsense.

The electors, soldiers and civilians alike, if they value independence of character, combined with a red-blooded detestation of rant and cant, will give Kelly Evans a splendid support. —Grand Army of Canada, Weekly Journal.

OVER THREE HUNDRED CASES.

Chief License Inspector Ayscough took possession of 362 cases of Walkers Imperial whiskey yesterday afternoon at Mimico. No information has been acquired as to the identity of the shipper or consignee, but the police are making every possible effort to secure the names.

CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

William R. McLaren, Mutual street, was arrested as he stepped off the boat from Lewiston at the foot of Yonge street, by Detective Sergeant Cronin, on a charge of forgery. McLaren was secretary for the Toronto Athletic Club, and it is alleged he obtained \$2500 of the club's funds by forging checks.

DOCTOR SAID SHE COULD NOT LIVE A YEAR

Tubercular Spot in Her Side

Bracebridge, April 22nd, 1919.
Dear Sir,—I am very pleased to tell you that your Tape Worm Cure was a God's blessing to me. I only wish that I had got it with what I thought was inflammation of the bowels. This time it gave me the most trouble would be about three o'clock in the morning, as regular as clockwork, of course, worse at times, so I had the doctor come in when I was started. He told my people that I had a Tubercular spot, and I would only live a year at the most. My people did not tell me of course, at the time, but they told me a year ago. Well, I must tell you how long it took your Tape Worm Cure to cure my Tubercular spot. I took your capsules at half-past six every morning, and the worm came at half-past six. I was so thankful. If you like you can publish this letter and put my name and address to it. I am sure there is a lot of people suffering with them, but wouldn't give in. You would think to hear some of them talk that it was disgrace to have them. They deserve to be sick. Ha, Ha. Well, will try all I can to persuade people to use your remedy. My brother wouldn't believe I had one until I showed it to him. I am healthy-looking, but am a bit nervous.

Wishing you luck,
MRS. WM. DAVIS,
Bracebridge, Ont.

Trenton, Oct. 3, 1919.

Dear Sir,—Please find two dollars enclosed for four (4) packages of your "Mother's Friend," also postage for same.

I have used \$1.00 worth of it, and find it brings such excellent results to my health that I do not mean to have the house without it.

My little boy, 7 years old now, has been a victim of pin worms from infancy, but "Mother's Friend" worked like a charm on him, and his two sisters, making them plump and rosy and rolicking as any fond parent could possibly wish for. I had tried everything (even heard tell of for the boy, without desired results). But thanks to your "Mother's Friend," I've found his cure-all at last. I believe.

I am, a very grateful mother.

MRS. WM. H. CREWS,
Trenton, Ont.

P.S.—You so desire you may use this and my name as a testimonial.

Call or send to 211 Ossington avenue, formerly Dundas street, Phone Park, 4830. "Mother's Friend" in powder form; each package makes twice as much medicine for \$1.00. No of the medicine at no cost for sending. Just send \$1.00.

PROF. R. L. MULVENEY,
211 Ossington Ave., Toronto, Ont.

"Hello! Is that Parkdale 4830?"

"Yes."

"Is Prof. Mulveney there?"

"Yes, Prof. Mulveney is speaking."

"Well, Professor, I just wanted to ask you: Is it true the Bible recommends a strong drink and wine to be used as a medicine?"

"Yes; perfectly true. See Prov. 31:7."

"Give strong drink unto him that is ready to perish, and wine to those that be of heavy hearts, let him drink and forget his poverty and remember his misery no more."

"Then prohibition is trying to prohibit the use of what the Bible recommends?"

"Certainly. And it would be just as reasonable, to prohibit the manufacture of rope, because some people use it to hang themselves, and many other useful things for humanity. It's unreasonable. Should we stop the use and manufacture of locomotives, automobiles, baby carriages, wagons, airplanes and a thousand and one things I could mention, just because some one misused them or come to their death from their improper use? I should say not. Why should a whole community suffer on account of the few who make fools of themselves and get drunk? The Lord hath created medicines out of the earth and a wise man will use a million bottles of whiskey in Canada to be used as medicine. Sorry to say they often fell into the hands of those who did not require them, and the once who did need it as medicine, were deprived of it on account of having to run around and find a doctor. Many have died for the need of it. Those lives might have been saved but for prohibition. Many also have poisoned themselves trying to substitute it or find the spirit in bay rum or Florida water. Now, if you would like to see this state of affairs, vote 'No' next election day. If you want liberty and freedom to use what God has created for the good of man, vote 'Yes' and get back what the boys went to fight for—Liberty. If you are not well, try 'B.Well'; it makes people feel well."

Prof. R. L. Mulveney,

211 Ossington Ave., Toronto, Ont.

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or profuse discharges. No surgical operation required. Dr. you at once and get all discharges, itching, Toronto.

VETERANS

Items of Interest to Returned Soldiers Will Be Printed in This Column if Forwarded or Sent In.

VETERANS' MEETINGS

GREAT WAR VETERANS' ASSOCIATION.

Oct. 16—Riverdale branch, in Oddfellows' Hall.

Oct. 28—Parkdale branch, general meeting in Royal Templar Hall.

GRAND ARMY OF CANADA.

Oct. 23—Social evening and dance of St. Julien Post.

OTHER BRANCHES.

Oct. 16—Canadian Flying Club, in Central Y.M.C.A. Hall.

Oct. 17—75th Battalion Overseas Association monthly dance in Columbus Hall.

Oct. 17—His Majesty's Army and Navy Veterans in Sons of England Hall.

Oct. 17—Blue and White Club, at Central Y.M.C.A. Hall.

Oct. 17—Monthly dance of the 75th Battalion in Columbus Hall.

Oct. 17—Meeting of the overseas officers of the C.M.G.C. in the armories.

Oct. 21—84th Battalion Old Boys at the armories.

HOW G. A. C. STAND.

Here is the slate of the Grand Army of Canada as published in The Weekly Journal of October 13: "Vote for these—Northeast Toronto A, Hon. Dr. H. J. Cody; Parkdale, Lieut.-Col. W. H. Price; Northeast Toronto B, Lieut.-Col. Kelly Evans; Northwest Toronto A, Col. H. S. Cooper, M.C.; and Northeast Toronto B, Lieut.-Col. J. Ramsden, M.C.; Southeast Toronto B, Capt. J. Wallace; Riverdale, Lieut.-Col. J. MacNamara; East Toronto, Capt. G. R. Little; East Hamilton, Lieut.-Col. Fitzgerald; Central Toronto, Lieut.-Col. Carmichael; South Toronto, Col. A. C. Pratt; Kenora, Col. H. A. C. Machin; South Wellington, Rev. C. H. Buckland; Lambton (Sarnia) J. Crawford."

Q.O.R. SERGEANTS TO MEET.

A meeting will be held at 8 o'clock this evening in the Q.O.R. sergeants' mess at the Armories for the purpose of forming a Kapuskasing Old Boys' Association. All soldiers who served at Kapuskasing camp are invited to attend. Lieut.-Col. G. C. Royce will preside.

SOLDIER FOR ALDERMAN.

Chatham, Ont., Oct. 15.—Comrade Clayton Lamarche of the local Great War Veterans' Association has been nominated to run for alderman at the next municipal elections as the candidate of returned men and the dependents of soldiers.

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LABOR NEWS

JEWISH TAILORS TAKE A HOLIDAY

Other Tailors Have to Also Take Off the Afternoon.

Amalgamated Journeymen Tailors in Toronto have played the very deuce with the tailoring trade of Toronto, according to information received yesterday afternoon. The union held a great mass meeting at Massey Hall, more than three thousand being present. The meeting was possible only because the employees of the factories took the afternoon off. This afternoon off, once a month, is by agreement with the various factories in the city. While only the Amalgamated made the agreement, their agreement, affects all branches of the tailoring, and many hundreds of tailors besides those belonging to the Amalgamated took the afternoon off also, because of lack of departments' necessary to the whole.

MOORE RAPS ROBBINS.

Tom Moore, president of the Trades Congress of Canada, who was in Toronto yesterday, en route for St. Catharines, rapped Controller Robbins for opposing the nominee of the Labor party in his riding. He also expressed the opinion that the candidates of the party in Ottawa had every chance of winning their constituencies hands down.

RALPH NOT CONSULTED

James Ralph, one of the directors of the Labor Publishing Company, publishers of the Industrial Banner, stated yesterday afternoon that he at least was not consulted upon the matter of offering space in the columns of this journal to the cause of the Liberty League, and that this would indicate that the directors were not appraised of such intention of the management, and also that no conference of directors was held to discuss the matter.

TRADE UNION LOYALISTS

W. D. Kennedy and C. J. Mitchell, officials of the Civic Employees' Union yesterday afternoon in an interview with The World emphatically denied any intention on the part of the union to disassociate itself from the union movement. "You can quote me as saying that we are in the trades union movement for keeps," said Mitchell, "and in it we intend to remain."

THE DAY AT OTTAWA

By TOM KING

Ottawa, Oct. 15.—There was a snap division in the house of commons this afternoon, when Hon. J. D. Reid, minister of railways and canals, moved the house into committee to consider the government's resolution respecting the nationalization of the Grand Trunk. The government was taken by surprise, and there was a great scurrying about by the whips to round up supporters of the government. Many members were absent in the Ontario election campaign, and others were out at the experimental farm watching the provincial plowing contest. However, a number were hurried down from the room where the committee was meeting to consider their report on soldiers' civil re-establishment, and the government secured a majority of twenty. Dr. Reid was able to go ahead with his statement on the Grand Trunk bill.

Dr. Reid is not an orator, but he understands the situation, and he presented the government's case in a way which the members of the house could easily understand. He stated that the proposed acquisition of the railway was of vital importance to the government and to the Grand Trunk. The Canadian Northern was a western road, while the Grand Trunk served Ontario, Quebec. The government either had to acquire the Grand Trunk or spend one hundred million dollars in branch lines, terminals and connections to its national railway system in eastern Canada.

It was no less vital, he said, to the Grand Trunk to make the acquisition of the Canadian Northern a great financial difficulty owing to its commitments in respect to the Grand Trunk Pacific. The government had not only assisted the Grand Trunk but had made further advances amounting in all to seventy million dollars. This commenced with the loan of ten million in 1909 and had been succeeded by a series of annual "hand-outs." The time had now arrived when parliament was unwilling to vote seven or eight million dollars per session to pay the liabilities of the Grand Trunk and Grand Trunk Pacific.

The burden to be assumed by the country was in Dr. Reid's opinion much less than many of the newspapers estimated. The country guaranty divided upon the debentures and guaranteed stock of the company amounted to nine million a year. On the other hand it must be remembered that the Grand Trunk had always been a victim of the C.P.R. of earnings and had been able to distribute about a million dollars a year to the holders of preferred stock. The common stock here carried any dividend, and in Dr. Reid's opinion had no value except whatever value might attach to it for voting purposes.

In closing, Dr. Reid suggested that the most of the opposition to the government's acquiring the Grand Trunk came from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The C.P.R. had opposed the nationalization of the Canadian Northern, and was now opposing the nationalization of the Grand Trunk. He feared the competition of a government railway system, with a mileage of nearly twenty-two thousand miles. Personally, he thought the fears of the C.P.R. were groundless.

less. The government had no intention of taking any unfair advantage of the Canadian Pacific, but wished to work with them in friendly co-operation in serving the needs of Canada.

Opposition members during the afternoon's sitting contented themselves with asking a number of questions. What would be the great stress upon the government would be to ascertain whether his name appeared on the American books. He did not believe that the American government could object to the Canadian government running a road in the United States, or that the United States government at the present time was operating a big railway system in the United States? Who were the stockholders of the Grand Trunk, and why were their names not made public? What was the physical condition of the Grand Trunk and what would it cost the government for reconstruction work and the new rolling stock?

Mr. Meighen said it would be quite a mistake to name the names of one hundred and eighty thousand holders of Grand Trunk stock. If the government would name the gentleman they thought was really interested in the government would be to ascertain whether his name appeared on the American books. He did not believe that the American government could object to the Canadian government running a road in the United States, or that the United States government at the present time was operating a big railway system in the United States? Who were the stockholders of the Grand Trunk, and why were their names not made public? What was the physical condition of the Grand Trunk and what would it cost the government for reconstruction work and the new rolling stock?

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