## PLATE III.

- 34. Maclurea Logani (Salter), with its operculum. A supposed heteropod. Black River and Trenton Formations.
- 35. Bellerophon bilobatus (Sowerby). A heteropod. Trenton Formation to Middle Silurian series.
- 36 Orthoceras bilineatum (Hall). A tetrabranchiate cephalopod. Chazy (?) Trenton, and Hudson River Formations.
- 37. Orthoceras proteiforme (=Endoceras proteiforme, Hall). Black River and Trenton Formations. In the figure, a portion of the shell is broken away, shewing a projecting cone of calcareous matter. The latter was secreted in the lower part of the large siphuncle, probably as a counterpoise to the buoyancy of the shell at that extremity.
- 38. Asaphus platycephalus (Stokes)=Isotelus gigas of older American Reports. A trilobite; an extinct form of crustacea. Chazy to Hudson River Formations, but especially abundant in Trenton strata.
- 39. Ceraurus pleurexanthemus (Green)=Cheirurus of European authors. A trilobite: an extinct form of crustacea.
- 40. Trinucleus concentricus (Eaton). A trilobite. Trenton, Utica and Hudson River Formations.
  - Graptolithus pristis (Hisinger).
     Graptolithus bicornis (Hall).
     Utica and Hudson River Formations.
     Extinct types of uncertain classification, but probably Coelenterates allied to Sertularia.
- 43. Lingula curta (Hall). A brachiopod. Utica and Hudson River Formations.
- 44. Asaphus Canadensis (Chapman). A trilobite. Utica Formation.
- 45. Triarthrus Beckii (Eaton). A trilobite. Utica Formation.