with the intra-uterine syringe, using half a drachm to a drachm at a time. Dr. Atthill's conclusions on the subject of intra-uterine medication in general are as follows:—

- 1. Carbolic acid, in the proportion of one part of spirit to two of the acid, is the safest and most generally useful of all the agents employed.
- 2. Carbolic acid should always be applied by means of a probe, round the point of which a layer of cotton is rolled, the cotton being carried up to the fundus at least twice on each occasion that the applications are made, which should be on every third or fourth day, till marked improvement takes place.
- 3. Carbolic acid should never be injected into the uterus, except when combined with iodine, in the form known as iodized phenol.
- 4. In many cases, iodized phenol may with advantage be applied by means of a probe.
- 5. In cases in which metrorrhagia or profuse menstruation occurs, depending on an unhealthy condition of the intra-uterine mucous membrane, the cavity being dilated and the uterus enlarged, from half a drachm to a drachm of iodized phenol may be injected with great advantage.
- 6. In cases in which epithelioma attacks the mucous membrane of the cavity, the injection of iodized phenol promises better results than any other treatment.
- 7. The success likely to follow the injection of iodized phenol renders the dilatation of the uterus, the use of the curette, and the subsequent application of fuming nitric acid less frequently necessary than has been the case hitherto.
- 8. The injection of iodized phenol requires to be carried out with so much care, that it should never be injected except by means of a syringe which will not contain more than one drachm.
- 9. The use of the fuming nitric acid should be limited, as a rule, to those cases in which dilatation has been practised, and it should always be applied through a tube, inserted into the cervix uteri for the purpose of protecting the sides of the canal from the action of the acid.
 - 10. The pain produced by the application of any medical