band; ungues simple and equal. The metatarsi and tarsi on the hind legs have usually only minute apical bands, but occasionally the tarsal bands involve both joints.

Wings light, heavily covered with dark and light scales, forming on the costal portion spots as follows: Apex light, extending on tip of 1st long, and upper branch of 2nd long,, then a short dark spot, which includes 1st long, and upper branch of 2nd long, followed by a light spot, about one-third longer than the dark, and extending also on 1st long.; second dark spot about as long as the preceding one, and extends on 1st long.; then a light spot followed by the third dark spot, which is much the longest of the dark spots, includes the sub-costa its full length, and extending on the 1st in the centre, suggests the "T" of Rossii; there is also at times a second dark spot on the 1st long, under this long one (like the marking in Ludlowi), and the relative lengths of all the costal spots vary so much that no measurements can be depended on. The fourth spot is shorter again, and extends on the sub-costa and 1st long. A couple of small indefinite dark spots on the costa only at the base of the wing. The wing field reminds one strongly of Ludlowi, and is fairly stable; 1st submarginal is slightly longer and about the same width as the 2nd posterior cell; bases nearly on a line, and the cells are noticeably longer than those in Ludlowi, in which this species resembles Rossii. Supernumerary cross-vein about half the length of the mid, which it meets, and posterior cross-vein is also about the same length, and about two and one-half times its length from the mid. Halteres light, knob fuscous. Fringe mottled, light at apex of cells. Length, 3.5 mm.

Habitat : Philippine Islands. Taken May (Bayamban), Sept. (Mangarin), Dec. (Guimaras Is.), etc.

This species occurs with *Ludlowi* at various places, and until Mr. Theobald called my attention to the differences I believed it to be *Rossii*, which it strongly resembles. The general colouring is, however, darker in this resembling *Ludlowi*, and its great variability makes it extremely hard to place definitely. Its relationship to these two species may be indicated as follows:

Wing venation like Rossii, and is constant. Palpal markings and general colour like Ludlowi, also constant. Femoral markings (when present) like Ressii, never like Ludlowi. Wing markings extremely variable, and may resemble either species. The balance seems to lie in favour of Rossii, and I have therefore referred it to that species.