## THE CANADIAN ENTOMOLOGIST.

submedian space are nearly black. The exterior, not angulated, transverse line is broken into brown marks nearly continuous, and followed by a whitish shade. A fine black, partly dotted, terminal hair line; fringes silver at base, else whitish interrupted with brown. Palpi outwardly brownish; head and thorax whitish, more or less brown tinged. Hind wings slightly soiled with white fringes. *Expanse* 32 mil. Colorado, Mr. Hulst. This species differs from *pectinifer* in the shorter antennal teeth, the white scales on the stem, and in the bleached fore wings with their fine dark longitudinal hair-lines, together with the silver base of the fringes.

In making out this List I have omitted references to the British Museum, where undoubtedly many of our species are represented under different names. I am obliged to Prof. Fernald for sending me specimens of Dr. Packard's species, whose paper I had overlooked.

Prof. Zeller's excellent monograph should have priority over Walker's compilation in the B. M. Lists, not only on account of its merits, but because there is evidence of its issue as early at least as March, 1863. A separate edition was afterwards printed in July, 1863.

NOTE.—Since writing the above List I am indebted to Prof. Fernald for the identification of *Crambus inornatellus* Clem., Proc. Ent. Soc Phil., 2, 418, March, 1864. It is a synonym of *sericinellus* Zeller,  $\pi_{ij}$  should be added to the synonymy given above.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

The paper on three new species of *Botis* in the February number was issued without my seeing the proof. I had, subsequently to writing the paper, discovered that *dissectalis* was a fresh and bright specimen of my *submedialis*, CAN. ENT., 8, 111. The ringlet in submedian space is so obliterate as to allow only its traces to be made out on very close inspection. With this exception the description last published is naturally the best, as my type of *submedialis* is somewhat faded and worn. The species may be quickly known by the dark under surface, broken by pale spots, the squarely produced fascia on secondaries above, the three open ringlets on the yellow primaries, with their discolorous fuscous fringes, and the vague fuscous subterminal shade diffuse subcostally cn both pair of wings. The species may be known as *submedialis*, with *dissectalis* as a synonym.

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