

## Thrown Out!

The Lords' Amendments to the Councils Bill Rejected.

Unionists Desert Their Tory Allies in the House of Commons.

### Thrown Out.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Fowler, president of the Local Government Board, moved that the House disagree with the amendment made by the House of Lords to the Parish Councils Bill, providing that only parishes having 500 inhabitants or upwards should be entitled to have councils. The bill provided that a council should be established in any parish having 200 or more inhabitants.

Mr. Fowler's motion was carried 260 to 191. Most of the other amendments made to the bill by the House of Lords were rejected without a division.

Mr. Fowler successfully moved the reinsertion of the provisions that had been altered by the House of Lords.

### DESERTING THE TORIES.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—In consequence of the decision reached in the meeting at Devonshire House this afternoon, the majority of the Liberal Unionists in the House of Commons, supported Mr. Fowler, who had charge of the Parish Councils Bill for the Government.

### Marine Disasters.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Fifty fishing boats have arrived at Yarmouth. All were damaged in the storm and seven men were drowned.

### The Henley Regatta.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The entry of J. J. Ryan, the champion of America, and Joseph Wright, the Toronto sculler, for the Henley regatta has caused intense interest in rowing circles, and already it is believed that Ryan will have backers here in the contest for the diamond sculls. The proposal of Gaudaur and Hanau to row Harding and Sullivan is also talked of in sporting circles with much interest.

### British Were Invaders.

PARIS, Feb. 16.—The Governor of French Guiana telegraphs from Konakry that the second frontier engagement between the English and French took place at the mouth of the Malaccree, after an English police force had occupied the village of Compaon, on French territory, to force the natives to construct roads.

"Our native troops," the Governor reports, "on arriving to protect the natives, were attacked by the English. One man on the French side was wounded and five men on the British side were killed. The crops of our traders were partially destroyed."

### The Bomb-Thrower.

PARIS, Feb. 16.—It has been learned that Emile Henry, who threw the bomb in the case of the railway terminus last Monday night, recently lodged with Anarchist friends at Belleville, a suburb of Paris. As soon as the friends learned of Henry's arrest, they burned all his papers to prevent them from falling into the hands of the police, and it is said conveyed to a safe hiding place a bomb similar to the one thrown by Henry. The police made a search of Henry's lodgings at Belleville and found a number of copper tubes, a quantity of lead chlorate powder and picric acid.

### Went Too Far.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—It was learned last night that the Liberal Unionists in their meeting at Devonshire House concurred that the amendment of the Parish Councils Bill by the House of Lords had gone too far, and that the passage ought not to be imperiled. The Duke of Devonshire undertook to confer with Lord Salisbury on the subject of a compromise. The opinion of the meeting as to the Employers' Liability Bill was that the smallness of the Government majority for the Cobb amendment in the Commons justified the action of the Liberals in the contracting out clause. The hope was expressed that the House of Lords will adhere to the Earl of Dudley's contracting-out amendment.

### Harcourt's Great Speech.

PORTSMOUTH, Feb. 16.—At an enormous meeting here, Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, ridiculed Mr. Chamberlain's idea of a national party that would sink minor differences and have in view only the common interest of the country. He said that such a party would end, as all such parties previously formed have ended, in its projector being its last member. It was the dream of Bellingham and of many inferior persons since.

Sir William declared, with emphasis, that the bishops have been the most aggressive antagonists of popular rights. Tumultuous cheers gave evidence of sympathy with this declaration, and amid repeated cheering Sir William said that the Government will stand by the statement made on Tuesday by Mr. Acland. Lord Salisbury has thrown down the gauntlet of battle and the Liberals will not shrink from the fight.

The audience here rose in a body cheering frantically and waving hats and handkerchiefs. Sir Wm. Harcourt went on: "We have to face probably the roughest and most reckless leader that ever headed the Tory party. So extreme have been his counsils that even his own followers have shrunk from his violence. We know what we have to deal with. Misery acquaints a man with strange bedfellows. (Laughter.) They will shelter, we understand, under Mr. Chamberlain's gabardine. 'Birds of a feather flock together,' Mr. Chamberlain dares us to dissolve. We do not take the doctrine of the constitution from a politician who bespatters the Lords with vituperation one day and beseechers them with his adulation another day."

Sir William quoted a speech made by Lord Hartington a decade ago, ridiculing the claim of the House of Lords to the right to compel a dissolution because the House of Commons refused to accept its amendments. If the Duke of Devonshire (then

Lord Hartington) had forgotten his speech Englishmen would not forget it. The work in the House of Lords during the last fortnight has marvelously opened the eyes of the public.

"Give them rope enough," the speaker exclaimed. "Let us have a few more such fortnights. Let it be burnt into the mind of the country that the Lords have become champions of all abuses and enemies of all reforms. To judge from the tone of Salisbury's amendments it might be supposed that we are living six centuries back and listening to the words of Front de Boeuf addressed to some Saxon churl. Let us hand up bill after bill for them to maul and mangle. When the cup is full and the time is ripe the verdict of the people will determine once for all whether what Lord Russell calls the whisper of fashion is to prevail over the will of the people."

Loud and prolonged cheers were given to Sir William when he finished his speech.

### IN LABOR'S FIELD.

Striking Glove-Makers Resume Work at Reduced Rates.

ACTON, Ont., Feb. 15.—About half of the strikers of the Storey glove factory have gone back to work at reduced wages. Two men came from Gloversville, N. Y.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 15.—The Union Pacific employees have gotten a foretaste of Government ownership and control of railroads, and do not seem to like it as much as they expected they would. Several of the men who have been prominent in advocating the advisability of such a move were asked yesterday their opinions on the question, and seem to have materially changed their views. They think the recent order of Judge Dunly shows what the policy would be if under the management of the Government, and say that if the court means the right to declare against strikes it would forever kill the power of good labor and give the men no chance to claim their rights or enforce demands.

### TRAGEDY IN GODERICH.

Sarah Gaudy, a Domestic, Burned to Death.

GODERICH, Feb. 15.—To-day, while Sarah Gaudy, a domestic in the employ of Mrs. E. J. Martin, was cleaning a lamp, she went too near the stove, and through some cause the oil in the lamp was spilled over her dress and took fire. In a moment her clothes were a mass of flames. The poor girl ran into the next room to Mrs. Martin, and a lady—Mrs. Stevenson—had the presence of mind to throw a garment around her. The girl suffered intense agony, and died this evening.

### NOVA SCOTIA ELECTIONS.

To Be Held March 15.—Prohibition Plebiscite the Same Day.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 15.—The Legislature of Nova Scotia has been dissolved, and the new general election ordered. Nominations are March 8 and polling 15th, plebiscite on prohibition same day.

### HALT ON PROHIBITIONISTS.

Held a Successful County Convention—Candidates to Be Questioned.

MILTON, Ont., Feb. 15.—The county convention called by the presiding officer of the Temperance and Prohibition Association of Halton was a great success. Representatives from all parts of the county were present. Rev. Dr. L. L. Brethour, of Burlington, presided.

The president was appointed a member of the delegation to wait upon the Dominion Government in the near future in the interest of Dominion prohibition. The French treaty in course of agitation in the Commons was condemned. Satisfaction was expressed regarding the returns of the plebiscite vote.

The Plebiscite Association and the Halton Temperance Societies Union were amalgamated, and formed a strong association for county work, to be known as the Halton Prohibition Association.

Resolutions were passed to ask the positions on the prohibition question of Mr. W. R. Meredith and of the two standard-bearers of the county, Conservative and Reform respectively.

### EATEN BY APES.

Terrible Scene in Central Park. New York.—The Keeper's Feet and Hands Chewed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Edward R. Goss, keeper of the two chimpanzees at Central Park, Chicco and Johanna, while feeding one of the brutes yesterday, approached too near the cage of the female who thrust her paw through the bars, grasped his arm and threw him to the floor. His feet were near the cage occupied by Chicco, who immediately seized one of his feet, and drawing it into the cage, began chewing it savagely while Johanna fearfully mangled the hand. She had caught and nearly strangled the unfortunate keeper by choking him.

His groans were heard by some of the other keepers who armed themselves with pitchforks and came to their comrade's rescue. The apes were driven off, but not before they had horribly bitten and mangled Goss' arm and leg. The second finger of his right hand and the great toe of his right foot have already been amputated and it is feared more fingers and toes will be taken off. He may even lose his life should blood poisoning set in.

### BURNED OUT.

TILSONBURG, Feb. 15.—Fire in Mr. L. R. Scott's gent's furnishing and tailoring establishment about 11 to-night did \$6,800 damage.

DETROIT, Feb. 16.—The wholesale drug house of Farand, Williams & Co. was burned this morning. Loss \$100,000, partly insured. The fire was preceded by an explosion.

### Dr. Howe's Close Call.

NEWARK, Ont., Feb. 15.—While Dr. Howe was driving home along Water street, he was struck by the 7 o'clock train going north, his horse was thrown into the fence and instantly killed. The cutter was badly smashed, but the doctor escaped with a few slight injuries.

### Fell 1,100 Feet.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Philip Henneman, employed by the Sterling Zinc and Iron Company, at Franklin Furnace, N. J., while about to descend the shaft of that company last night was thrown from the top of the shaft and fell a distance of over 1,100 feet. His body was a shapeless mass when picked up.

## In the Legislature.

The Members Get Right Down to Work.

An Almost Three Hours' Debate on the Motion to Adopt the Speech From the Throne.

### (Special to the ADVERTISER.)

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—An animated debate of almost three hours' duration took place in the Legislature this afternoon on the motion to adopt the speech from the throne.

Mr. W. B. Wood, of North Brant, moved and Mr. James Connee, of Algoma West, seconded the proposition. Both spoke clearly and effectively.

Mr. W. R. Meredith addressed the House with great heat and force of manner. He succeeded in securing the approval of his followers, but his arguments, spun out for 40 minutes, were exceedingly flimsy.

Sir Oliver Mowat took up several of the points and repudiated them with ease. He spoke with unusual fluency. Mr. Connee, who claimed to have been misrepresented by the Opposition leader, in the course of a personal explanation asserted that he had always been a prohibitionist, but that the difference—a very radical one—between himself and Mr. Meredith was that he was not afraid to show his colors while Mr. Meredith was. Mr. Meredith passed the matter off with a slight laugh. He does not wish to parade his temperance predilections.

D. McCallum, the newly-elected member for East Lambton, was introduced by Mr. D. McNaughton, North Bruce, and Mr. Geo. Campbell, East Durham.

### MR. W. B. WOOD.

Mr. W. B. Wood, of North Brant, in moving the adoption of the speech from the throne, said he believed that they should consider the matters referred to in his Honor's address, not in any personal aspect, but in the light of a broad and liberal sentiment. Mr. Wood congratulated the Minister of Public Works upon the finished monumental pile of buildings, representing the architectural achievement of the century. Mr. Wood then spoke in glowing terms of the exalted mission which the Ontario Agricultural College was fulfilling. Very commendatory were the speaker's words relative to the farmers' institutes. He thought that the good they were achieving was of the most far-reaching importance.

Mr. Wood's eulogy of Canadian products at the World's Fair was enthusiastic. The present was but another illustration of the fact that when Canadians had a "fair field and no favor" superiority was invariably demonstrated.

He said the speech from the throne made some reference to the question of temperance. The granting of the plebiscite was an act in keeping with the spirit of the times. The people did not vote for any halfway measure—they wanted the total prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of liquor. When did they want such legislation? Just so soon as it was legally ascertained what jurisdiction the Province had in the matter. Such a decision would soon be forthcoming. The temperance people already had the promise of the Attorney-General that if it were found the Province had jurisdiction, an act covering the principle would be immediately passed, and providing such was not found the case a partial prohibitory law would be enacted. This decision, he thought, as given by the Attorney-General, had been found eminently satisfactory by those most interested in it.

### MR. JAMES CONNIE.

Mr. James Connee, of Algoma West, said that the address, like all the products of the Administration, was prudent and modest.

One of the aims of the Government had been economy, but such a principle could be carried too far. He did not say that this was the case as regarded the Government, but he thought that it had erred at all it had erred on the side of economy. The speech had referred to the minerals of the Province, he continued. It stated that a law would be passed governing this great interest. If the Attorney-General succeeded in developing the mineral interests of the Province to the highest possible efficiency he would earn for himself a crowning laurel to the already extended term of his administration.

One of the chief items of adverse criticism of the Government's policy was that the Administration had been an extravagant one. Fault-finding was easy. The Opposition had confined its efforts to the turtle-snapping business. Before they could establish a charge of mal-administration, or even of mis-administration, the points in which the Government had deviated from the correct path would have to be particularized, and the methods to be pursued to rectify these mistakes would have to be pointed out. He had said in the Legislature for eight years and during that period not one piece of legislation of general interest, importance or benefit had emanated from the Government. Before another address would be presented to the House a general election would probably be held. The present Government could look upon that contest with tranquillity. The record of the Government was untarnished by one act of shame. And with such a record and such a leader victory was assured. (Great cheering.)

Mr. W. R. Meredith criticized the preceding speakers for not referring to the acts of legislation dealt with in the speech from the throne. They had given expression, he thought, only to conciliatory generalities. The Government, he said, had been dealt two severe blows in different sections of the Province recently. Two societies had developed great strength. The Government was exceedingly anxious to appease all of these interests. But in this respect, he was afraid, they would find themselves between the devil and the deep sea.

Mr. Meredith said the Government had been recklessly imprudent in the conservation of the crown timbers of the Province, and absolutely lax in its duty regarding the development of the mining industry.

Regarding the prohibition question, he was not going to say that the leader of the Government had attempted to mislead the people of the Province, but if the Administration was going to wait until a decision was given by the Privy Council, the infamy of the present liquor license law should not be permitted to longer exist. The Government could not pose as a prohibition Gov-

ernment as long as it was securing a revenue from such a source.

In order to economize, Mr. Meredith thought the Legislature might only be called together every alternate year. An amount of \$100,000 would thus be saved every second year. The number of Ministers, he said, was altogether too large, and the cost could be reduced without affecting the Province. The Department of Agriculture might readily be joined with some other, and the Minister of Education—although he would be sorry to miss that Minister's personality—could readily be dispensed with.

Mr. Meredith said, though not a prophet, he would not be surprised if those who now in the cold shades of Opposition were found next session sitting upon the Ministerial side of the House.

### SIR OLIVER MOWAT.

Sir Oliver Mowat, referring to the concluding remark of Mr. Meredith, said that while that gentleman might not be surprised at the result indicated, he would be very much so. (Laughter.)

The leader of the Opposition had said that the Government spoke as though it were spending its own money. Such a statement was absurd. What the Government claimed was that the disposition of all the public funds was a necessary and right disposition; and that, in doing this, the greatest economy, consistent with the efficiency of the public service, had been uniformly exerted.

In criticizing the Crown Lands Department the preceding speaker had asserted that the Legislature had not been afforded an opportunity of approving the sales of timber limits. The assertion was incorrect. The Legislature, on the contrary, approved every sale, and aside from this fact, the sales were always sold at the most opportune time, and, offered at auction, always brought satisfactory prices. The Government ever did its best to preserve the timber of the Province.

Relative to the holding of a session of the Legislature only every two years, Mr. Mowat said that Mr. Meredith had mentioned the matter several times, but he had never embodied it in a resolution. He thought that such an arrangement would be beneficial to the Government. He ventured to assert, though, that nowhere in a country possessing responsible government was such a principle in vogue. He was not, as Mr. Meredith had striven to show, in favor of sticking to old methods.

The leader of the Opposition, he continued, had found out that the Government was an excessively expensive one. He had suggested that the Department of Agriculture should be amalgamated with another department. This proposition would not be possible. It was highly important that the interest of agriculture should have a responsible Minister of its own.

Sir Oliver, in conclusion, stated that, while Mr. Meredith's speech was delivered with a great deal of force, and had evidently been carefully prepared, yet it demonstrated that he would not have any case before the electors.

### POLITICAL MATTERS.

Rumors of Dominion Cabinet Changes.

"The Old Crowd and the Old Methods."

Col. O'Brien Makes Some Caustic Reflections on the Dominion Government.

A Toronto evening paper says that rumors are current in political circles that a change is contemplated in the Cabinet by giving Hon. Mr. Patterson a judgeship and giving Senator Sanford a portfolio. It is said Mr. Fleming will run for the Commons in Hamilton.

The Simcoe Reformer thinks the Patron opposition to Mr. Charlton, M. P. for North Norfolk, has been prompted by the Conservatives. It says: "Behind the Patron candidate will be found the boys of the old brigade, or rather, all that are left of them. The old crowd and the old methods, even with a new name, will bring about only the old results. Mr. Charlton stands fairly and squarely upon the platform of the Patrons. He has done so from the start. Most of his planks he advocated before the Patrons' order had seen the light of day. No Liberal Patron need desert his banner now. We are confident that very few, if any, will."

Messrs. McCarthy and O'Brien were advertised to speak in the Masonic Hall, 340-342, on Thursday. Mr. McCarthy did not get here until about a case in court at Toronto not being concluded. Col. O'Brien spoke to an audience of about 500 people for over two hours. Mr. O'Brien said that though he was a Conservative he was not going to be trailed through the mud by that or any other party. Sir Adolphe Caron, he said, could no more retain a seat in the English House of Commons let alone a Canadian seat than he could be Czar of Russia. No other country but Canada would put up with such leadership one hour. He said we have a Government arranged like the "governors" of a steam engine—regulated according to pressure. Referring to the Orangemen of Ontario, he said there used to be an Orange Association, but he does not know whether there is such an association now or not. The person known as grand master was simply an agent of the Government to distribute small patronage to a few Orangemen to keep them quiet.

### ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and nose, nervousness, depositions in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to rest by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada. Please mention this paper.

## Late Canadian News.

A French-Canadian Falls Heir to \$12,000,000.

Chamberlain Committed on Charges of Persecution and Perjury.

Mr. Mark H. Irish, of Toronto, is dangerously ill.

There is again talk in Montreal of establishing a wheat pit on 'Change.

The date of the trial of the Connolly-McGreedy civil suit has been fixed for April 23.

Mr. Charles Kennedy was elected alderman in Winnipeg on Wednesday, to succeed Ernest Jarvis, deceased.

James Galbraith, a well-known resident of Guelph, formerly a traveler for James Turner & Co., Hamilton, has died at Guelph.

Joseph Casgrain, son of Senator Casgrain, who was a mail clerk on the Grand Trunk Railway, has been transferred to the general delivery department of the Windsor postoffice.

Chas. Chamberlain, of Toronto, was arraigned at Winnipeg Thursday before the police magistrate on two charges, one of personation and one of perjury. He was sent for trial on both charges.

At the meeting of apple buyers and exporters of Ontario held in Toronto on Wednesday it was decided to organize an association for the improvement of the system of carrying on the business.

Norman J. Fraser, Montreal, foreign freight agent of the G. T. R., has been appointed general manager of the new Johnston line of steamships which is to run from Liverpool to Montreal this season.

Samuel Walker, aged 70, an old and respected citizen of Lindsay, died suddenly at his residence Thursday morning of heart failure. The Walker family are amongst the earliest settlers in the county.

Judge Dugas, of Montreal, decided that unless the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals could prove that chameleons are domestic animals he could not issue a summons for the people who are selling them for scarf ornaments.

The Fair Association has appointed a deputation to wait upon the Ontario Government to present resolutions passed on Wednesday in Toronto in favor of withdrawing the grant to the Provincial Fair and increasing the grants to township fairs.

Freud Hurst, a Grand Trunk yardman living at 11 Waterloo avenue, Toronto, while coupling cars on Wednesday had his left hand caught between the buffers and mangled so that amputation was necessary.

### CLINGING TO THE FERRIS WHEEL.

World's Fair Authorities Determine to Get \$84,000 Claimed as Due.

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—The Ferris wheel is still in hook. Officers of the company refuse to pay managers of the exposition what they owe them, and the World's Fair people are holding on to the wheel and his friends to tear it down until they settle a claim of \$84,000. This claim has been in dispute since the early days of last October. After the big wheel had earned its cost, \$300,000, Mr. Ferris began to give the exposition company one-half of all the money he took in. He paid Treasurer Seeberger \$127,000 and then refused to pay any more. This was early in October when the cars were full from morning to night. From that time on the wheel took in \$189,000, of which the exposition company should have received one-half. They sued for the amount. Officers of the company sent a letter to the executive committee, asking to have the amount reduced to \$42,000. President Higginbotham and Solicitor-General Walker had previously investigated the request and reported against it. President Higginbotham explained that the wheel company owed every dollar of the claim. "They simply refused to pay us our share of their receipts," said Mr. Higginbotham, "and we were compelled to sue them. We have their bond, however, and we will not allow them to tear the wheel down until they settle with us."

### TRICKS OF TRADE.

Firewater in Refrigerators—Legal Decision in a Long-Pending Whisky Law-suit.

OTTAWA, Feb. 16.—In the suit of Gooderham & Worts against the crown judgment was given by the Exchequer Court on Thursday morning for the distillers. The question was whether refrigerators could be used in distilleries. Owing to the low temperature caused by the refrigerator 2,494,967 gallons of liquor on which duty was paid and liquor warehoused were increased when afterwards measured in storage by 25,712 gallons, and on this no duty having been paid—the inland revenue department seized the stuff and held it in bond.

Under the judgment this liquor will be released on the payment of duty on 5,016 gallons, which by re-weighing, etc., was made out to be the actual deficiency. The case has been pending for years, and the decision is of interest to all distillers and to the revenue.

### Toronto's Army of Unemployed.

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—A very largely attended meeting of the unemployed was held in St. Andrew's Hall to-night, at which resolutions were adopted calling on the City Council to provide temporary employment by the immediate prosecution of public works that must be undertaken in the near future.

### Business Brightening.

LYNN, Mass., Feb. 16.—The General Electric Company start up their factories here next Monday on full time. This means a 56-hour schedule and the employment of 1,500 hands. The company has received several large orders lately.

The shoe business is picking up among the manufacturers, who are daily reporting the arrival of fresh orders from all points of the compass. At the headquarters of the lasters it is learned that all but 100 are at work.

### HOCKEY.

A great game may be looked for Monday night at the Princess Rink here between the Ayr Club, winners of the Stratford group, and the London Club, the champions of the west. Ayr is acknowledged to be a fast team, and will give London a lively contest. The winning team plays off with Orpington Hall, and the winner of that game plays off in turn with the eastern champions for the championship of Canada.

## Tooth Brushes Shaving Brushes Hair Brushes.

(ENGLISH MANUFACTURE.)

We have a large assortment of Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes and Shaving Brushes of the finest quality. Each Brush is guaranteed to be perfect in every respect. We imported a very large stock, which will enable us to sell them at the same price as the ordinary Brushes.

## Cairncross & Lawrence

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,  
216 Dundas St., Corner Park Ave.  
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LONDON - ONTARIO

## MERRY MASKERS ON ICE.

Successful Carnival at the Central Avenue Rink—Some of Those in Costume.

A very successful carnival was held last evening at the Central Rink, in which a great number were in costume. Some of the latter were very rare and handsome. The prizes offered were beautiful and useful, the two first prizes being autumn and winter scenes, the picture of autumn being taken by Miss Maud Cole, as "Queen of the Plains," and that of winter by Mr. H. Poole, as a native officer. The second prizes were two alarm clocks, one being taken by Miss Charlotte Scott, as "Daughter of the Regiment," the other by Mr. Geo. Sanderson, as "Uncle Sam." The third prizes were two pairs of skates, one being taken by Miss Mary Parker, as "Spanish Girl," the other by Frank H. Eddy, as "Hunter of London Club." A partial list of others in costume is as follows:

Miss Louie Wootton, Morning Star; Miss Maud Wootton, Red Riding Hood; Miss Lillie McConnell, Japanese Girl; Miss S. Garner, Snowball Charlotte; Miss M. Winterbottom, Japanese Girl; Mr. E. Winterbottom, Mexican; Miss S. Coulter, Gipsy Queen; Miss Mary Parker, Spanish Girl; Miss Charlotte Scott, Daughter of the Regiment; Miss Eva Thomas, Highland Lassie; Mrs. Winterbottom, Japanese Lady; Miss A. Lally, Gipsy Queen; Miss Carrie Taylor, Daisy Maid; Mr. G. Eccleston, Clown; G. P. McLaren, John Bull; J. M. Carson, Hayseed; V. Colwell, Colored Gen; G. Brown, Uncle Sam; G. Maine, Farmer; S. Showler, Colored Dude; J. Jones, Indian Gourka; M. Jones, Indian Lady; J. Coulter, Colored Lady; D. Barr, Wild Man; H. Lally, Midshipman; Bert Weir, Lady; P. Fitzner, Huntsman; W. Ellis, London Swell; B. Atkinson, City Gentleman; Francis Walsh, Scotch Boy; Geo. W. Lyne, Black Knight; F. Timbrell, Nosey; W. Taylor, King Philip I.; W. Falkner, Clown; A. Reardon, Colored Gentleman; W. Evans and F. Percy, Cavalrymen; R. Pearce, Jockey; C. Henderson, Scotchman, and many others. The proprietor of the Central Rink will give the school children a great treat shortly, giving every one a prize.

### GONE DOWN!

Twenty-five Lives Lost by the Wreck of a Steamer.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 15.—Twenty-five lives were lost by the foundering of the steamer Hornhead. The names of only three victims, however, are known in this city. Daniel Ryan and Alfred Allen, firemen, and Capt. Scott, commander of the vessel.