

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

COLLEGE

To the Athens Young Man or Young Woman who this winter is out of work or working where there are slim chances of advancement, we recommend a term at our Business College.

To the Young Man on the farm who would like to improve himself, we recommend our cheap winter course.

To the Young People who would like to get Government appointments we recommend our Civil Service Courses.

New 1915 Term now opening. Send for rates.

Brockville Business College

BROCKVILLE — — ONTARIO

W. T. ROGERS, — PRINCIPAL

Paints

This is the time to begin painting, or at any rate to prepare for it. We carry a full line of Sherwin-Williams Paints and Varnishes. You can rely on the quality for they have a high reputation that has been maintained for many years.

Hardware

Our stock of Hardware is very complete and you can get as good bargains at this store as you can at the large city stores and our goods are not old goods. Have you an O' Cedar Mop? If you have not you do not realize how much labor you could save by purchasing one here.

See our stock of

Silverware and Cutlery

the best goods and the best values obtainable. An inspection of our stock is earnestly requested. Do not wait. Give us a call at your earliest convenience.

E. J. PURCELL

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

TUESDAY.

The grand jury in Toronto yesterday returned a true bill against Carrie Davies, charged with the murder of C. A. Massey.

The British official press bureau yesterday issued an official denial of the report sent from Berlin that a British army transport had been sunk by a German submarine.

Edward Fountain and George Chantler, both colored, found guilty of stealing brass from the G.T.R., were sentenced yesterday in London, Ont., to three years in Kingston Penitentiary.

Danish marine circles yesterday received information that the German cotton steamer Austrian which is ashore north of Malmo, struck a German mine and had to be beached to escape sinking.

The death in battle of M. Chevillon, member of the French Chamber of Deputies for Bouches-du-Rhone, was announced in the chamber yesterday. M. Chevillon was serving as a lieutenant in infantry.

A man supposed to be John Sawyer, G.T.R. engineer, was drowned while skating from Morrisville to Brockville. When nearing the Canadian shore he encountered an air hole and was unable to extricate himself.

Further reports concerning the sinking of the American steamship Evelyn Saturday off Borkum Island, in the North Sea, show that only one man of the crew lost his life. This man was frozen to death in a small boat after the sinking of the steamer.

WEDNESDAY.

Within eleven months of the century mark, Mrs. Alfred Southworth died in Brockville yesterday. She came to Canada in the 'twenties.

Ald. Paul Hannagan was shot during a quarrel in the corridor of the city hall at Lawrence, Mass., yesterday. Dennis H. Finn, a former state senator, was arrested.

Carter H. Harrison, now completing his fifth term as mayor of Chicago, was defeated yesterday for Democratic nomination by Robt. M. Sweitzer, clerk of Cook County.

The Allan, Anchor and Donaldson Lines have conceded the demands made by the Seafarers' Union for an advance during the war of a shilling a day to sailors and firemen standing by the liners.

E. J. Chamberlin, president of the G.T.R. forwarded to Ottawa a check for \$40,915.91, being the amount voluntarily subscribed by the officers and employees of the G.T.R. to the Canadian Patriotic Fund.

John Hawley, aged 18, of Mountain Grove, near Kingston, shot himself in the head and is in the General Hospital. It is expected he will recover. His rifle was accidentally discharged when he was climbing over a fence.

The new whip of the Ontario Conservative party in the Legislature will be Charles R. McKeown of Dufferin. This was the chief outcome of the Conservative caucus held at noon yesterday, and was not in the nature of a surprise.

THURSDAY.

A statue of Florence Nightingale was unveiled in London yesterday. It is the first instance in which a statue of a woman aside from royalty, has been erected publicly in London.

Monsignor Edward Patrick Roche, aged 40, rector of the Roman Catholic Cathedral at St. John's, Nfld., was notified yesterday of his election to the church bishopric by Pope Benedict.

The bulletin issued yesterday on the condition of Mrs. Sarah Bernhardt, whose leg was amputated a few days ago, says that the general state of her health continues satisfactory.

The smallpox situation in Woodstock is becoming quite serious. Several new cases have been discovered during the past few days. One of the patients is a teacher at the Collegiate Institute.

A stick of dynamite was found in the Japanese exhibit in the Palace of Manufactures at the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco. The Japanese commissioner thinks it was done as a joke.

Mrs. Dodds, of Stratford, dropped dead at the home of her brother-in-law, Thos. Small, Thorold, Tuesday evening, making the third death from heart failure in that immediate vicinity within 24 hours.

FRIDAY.

A flotilla of Austrian ships steamed into the Adriatic yesterday, and shelled the Montenegrin positions.

Benj. J. Throop, manager of the Bell Telephone Co. at Hamilton from 1891 until two years ago, died Wednesday.

It is reported that the Turkish crown jewels have been removed from Constantinople into the interior of Asia Minor.

Flight Lieut. D. C. Downing, of the Royal Navy Flying Corps, was killed yesterday in a fall from a biplane during a flight at the Central Flying School in England.

A Reuter despatch from Melbourne says the Australian Commonwealth will permit the export of merino wool to the United States provided it is consigned to the chairman of the textile alliance.

The London Chronicle says the steamer Jerveaux Abbey reached Hull Wednesday, and the captain and crew totally deny the statement in German wireless that they saw floating wreckage in the channel from a British troopship.

Prof. Benzinger, a former member of Toronto University staff, has received word that his brother has been killed and one of his sons seriously wounded while fighting in the German army. Dr. Benzinger is at present in Princeton, N.J.

So excessive are the prices asked

by the owners of the property required for the right of way for approaches for the new high level bridge across the old Welland Canal that the St. Catharines council is considering the changing of the route.

SATURDAY.

Georges Carpentier, the champion heavyweight pugilist of Europe, has been wounded and is now a German prisoner of war, according to The Berlin Tageblatt.

Three men, all from Greater New York, were put to death in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison early yesterday. All had been convicted as killers of women.

U. S. Minister Van Dyke at The Hague cabled yesterday, it was unofficially reported, that the entire crew of the American steamer Evelyn was safe at Bremen.

The third session of the third Legislature of the Province of Alberta, was opened at three o'clock yesterday by Lieutenant-Governor Bulyea with the customary ceremonies.

Charged with attempting to commit suicide on two occasions, Lillian Aldrich, a young English domestic, was brought from Ottaville yesterday and lodged in Woodstock jail.

Fire which started from some unknown cause, badly damaged the factory of the Canadian Moorehead Mfg. Co. at Woodstock early yesterday. The loss to the building is \$2,500.

MONDAY.

Forty per cent. of the students of Manitoba Medical College have enlisted for active service. Eleven of the final year will be given their degrees.

Emperor William has conferred the decoration of the Pour Le Merite order upon Field Marshal von Hindenburg, the German commander on the eastern frontier.

Two German aviators, who for two days have been clinging to their machines in the North Sea, were landed at Lowestoft yesterday by the British trawler which rescued them.

Admiral von Pohl, chief of the Admiralty staff, has been selected as successor to Admiral von Ingenohl, whose removal from command of the German battle fleet was made known Saturday.

David J. Minchin, for the past thirty years practicing physician in Berlin, Ont., died Saturday morning after a lingering illness of about a year. He was prominently identified with hospital work.

The Manning and Moore distillery and the F. G. Walker Distilling Co., two of the oldest concerns of the kind in the state of Kentucky, filed voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the U. S. District Court.

A snow avalanche near Radou, in the department of Hautes-Alpes, France, has completely buried the hamlet of LaCaille. The houses are obliterated from sight, and it is believed some of the people must perish before they can be dug out.

CARRIES DAVIES ACQUITTED.

Jury Finds Her Not Guilty of Murder in Massey Case.

TORONTO, March 1.—Loud cheers from a crowded court room greeted the verdict of not guilty which freed Carrie Davies of the charge of killing Charles Albert Massey in the criminal assizes on Saturday at 12.30.

The young woman whose fortitude has been remarkable throughout the whole trial broke down and wept when the words were spoken. The police woman at her side led her out of the dock toward her sister, Mrs. Fairchild, and the two kissed each other affectionately.

"Perhaps the jury has taken a view of the case not absolutely in accordance with strict rules, but they have rendered substantial justice," said Chief Justice Mulock. "I think when you committed the act of killing Mr. Massey you practically had all control of yourself."

Therefore you were incapable at that moment of having a guilty intent or really appreciating what you were about to do. You have had a very strict bringing up by your parents, and you have maintained the highest regard for honor, morality and womanhood. It is this which caused you to take the stronger view of what Mr. Massey had done, but notwithstanding your education and your training were such as to fill you with alarm at the possible consequences of meeting him again under the circumstances.

"Through the very highest motives you did a thing you will regret all your life."

The verdict completely cleared the accused of any responsibility in connection with the death of Massey, as the jury had the option of bringing in either a murder verdict, a manslaughter verdict, or one of not guilty.

Offer of Sharpshooters Declined.

LONDON, March 1.—Lord Chylesmore, presiding at the winter meeting of the National Rifle Associations, said that he had asked the War Office if they would permit them to raise a battalion of Bisley shots. The War Office refused this request, so they had formed a school of musketry. The offer to place Bisley camp and ranges at the disposal of the army was at once accepted. After serious consideration the council had decided that it was impossible to hold a Bisley meeting this year.

Sunday Amusements To Be Tested.

MONTREAL, March 1.—H. P. Hill, manager of His Majesty's Theatre, appeared before Recorder Semple Saturday charged with conducting a Sunday concert where admission was charged. The case is to be tested by the Lord's Day Alliance and has been brewing for some time past. Mr. Hill pleaded not guilty and will appear some time this month.

German Ghoul Sentenced.

RENNES, France, March 1.—A German soldier named Carl Vogelsang, of the 26th Saxon Infantry, a native of Eisleben, has been sentenced here by a French court-martial to military degradation and death, having been found guilty of pillaging while under arms, of arson, and of despatching French wounded.

ARTILLERY IS LANDED

Allied Forces Now Occupy Ruined Dardanelles Forts.

Inner Strongholds Were Under Fire Saturday and Those on European Side Have Been Silenced — Encampments of Soldiers Are Also Shelled — Constantinople Scared by Returning Wounded.

LONDON, March 1.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Athens says:

"The allies have disembarked detachments of artillery near the destroyed Dardanelles forts and British and French flags are now flying over them."

"The fleet continued a bombardment of the inner forts Saturday afternoon. A powder magazine was blown up. There were numerous victims. The fleet had reached as far as the lighthouse, near Fort Kild Bahr. The forts on the European side have been reduced to silence. Mine sweeping operations continue."

"There are 50,000 Turks on the European side and 15,000 on the Asiatic side."

"The allied fleet on Friday fired a thousand shells at the Dardanelles forts, says a despatch from the Athens Agency of Paris. The message continues:

"The British fleet discharged its guns at a distance of 18 kilometres (about 12 miles). The battleship Gaulois (French) distinguished herself, contributing largely to the destruction of Fort Seddel-el-Bahr. Saturday forty vessels advanced as far as Fort Orkhanieh and swept the Turkish encampments. They then bombarded In Tepeh, which they destroyed."

"Submarines, protected by French vessels and aeroplanes, constantly moved about. Mine-dragging was effected methodically."

"According to information from authoritative sources the arrival of numerous injured soldiers caused a panic in Constantinople. Special trains are constantly under steam at Haidar Pasha ready to transport the imperial family and the treasury to the interior of Asia."

"During the bombardment of Seddel-el-Bahr munition depots blew up, killing many defenders, among whom were numerous Germans."

After having completed the destruction of the forts at the entrance of the Dardanelles, the allied fleet of British and French warships, the greatest which has ever been in action, is now attacking the inner fortifications which heretofore have stood between Turkey and invasion by the sea.

More serious work is now ahead, for the all-important fortifications are at Kild Bahr and Chanak, which guard the narrowest part of the straits, which the fleet is now approaching. There is no doubt, however, that the allied commanders have instructions to make their way to Constantinople in spite of all obstacles, and have been supplied with the best means for carrying out these orders.

The Fort Dardanus, which the ships attacked Friday after the entrance to the straits had been swept of mines, is not far from the narrows, and it is probable that the big, and more important attack has begun by this time.

Reports from neutral Balkan states say that the residents of the islands of the Sea of Marmora have been ordered to evacuate their homes, and that an imperial train is waiting to take the Sultan to Asia Minor.

The Admiralty's Saturday night statement says:

"The entrance to the Dardanelles was guarded by four principal forts, namely, Fort Erthogrol, Fort Seddel Bahr, Fort Orkhanish Tabia and Fort Kum Kalossi Tabia, which will be described as forts A, B, C, and D. These forts were armed as follows: A, two 9.2 guns; B, six 10.2 guns; C, two 9.2 guns; D, four 10.2 guns and two 5.9 guns."

"The weather having improved, although the wind was still from the south, the attacks on these forts was resumed Thursday morning (Feb. 25) at 10 o'clock. The Queen Elizabeth, Agamemnon, Irresistible and Gaulois began by deliberately bombarding forts A, B, C, and D respectively in long range. Fort A replied. One shell at 11,000 yards hit the Agamemnon, killing three men and seriously wounding five. The Irresistible and Gaulois made excellent progress on forts C and D, while the Queen Elizabeth concentrated with great accuracy on fort A, putting both of its guns out of action by 11.30 a.m."

"The Vengeance and Cornwallis were then run in under cover of long range fire and engaged fort A at close range. The reduction of the fort was completed, while forts C and D opened a very slow and inaccurate fire."

"The Suffren and Charlemaigne next delivered an attack on forts C and D, advancing to within 2,000 yards of them. It was then seen that they were in no condition to offer an effective resistance. The Vengeance, Triumph and Albion were then ordered in to complete the reduction of the forts. All four were reduced by 5.15 p.m."

"Sweeping operations, covered by a division of battleships and destroyers, were immediately begun. The enemy set fire to a village at the entrance as darkness fell."

"A report has been received of the operations of Feb. 26. The straits had been swept up to four miles from the entrance. The Albion and Malet, supported by the Vengeance proceeded to the limit of the swept area and began an attack on Fort Dardanus and some new batteries which had been erected on the Asiatic shore. The fire in reply was ineffective."

Frank Lunny, a Winnipeg fireman, died of injuries sustained when the hose wagon on which he was riding collided with a street car.

VICTORY IS INCREASING

Russian Triumph at Przasnysz Spreads Over Wider Area.

Value of German Advance in East Prussia and Northern Poland Is Destroyed by Russian Coup and German Strategic Points Are Threatened by Slavs—Big Battle Certain in the South.

LONDON, March 1.—The most cheering news from Russia for some time was given out by the Petrograd War Office Saturday night, when it reported that the German retreat, which began at Przasnysz is spreading over a constantly widening front, and in some places is assuming a disorderly rout. Forty officers and 3,600 soldiers have been taken prisoners and the Russian captures are constantly increasing, while the Cosaks are giving most effective pursuit. The town of Przasnysz, which the Germans had occupied, was recaptured by the Russians. On the rest of the front the Germans have appeared to pass to the defensive, where they are not retiring.

Russian advance guards have been engaged with the enemy on the roads to Symo and Sorey, from the left bank of the Niemen. North of Grodno the enemy continued his operations to an intense fire.

The Daily News has the following despatch from Frederick Rennet, its Petrograd correspondent:

"Against the central German column in north Poland the Russians on Friday delivered a determined attack. The Germans held the line stretching thirty miles through the Przasnysz region. Przasnysz is at the junction of the only system of causeway roads in north central Poland. They are able to support motor traffic from Soldau and Mawa, and also westward to Plotzk and southward to Narow. Near Pultusk the Germans assembled a vast quantity of motor vans for a swift raid upon the Narow, with the object of reaching the railway north-east of Warsaw, but the Russians attacked with a number of swift armored cars with light guns."

"Capt. Gourdon, the pioneer of this arm, dashed within thirty paces of a German field battery and shot down the gunners, but he himself was killed and his adjutant, Prince Vatchnadse, was wounded."

"The Russian infantry repeatedly broke the German line, about half of which seemed to be composed of raw recruits or old Landsturm men. They began to surrender early in the afternoon in big groups. Young German cuirassier officers were commanding the infantry companies, and Urban captains were commanding battalions. Close fighting brought the Russians across the main roads immediately southward and westward of Przasnysz. The German infantry fled in disorder towards Soldau, clambering upon the motor vans, hundreds of which were packed along the roadside. The Russian artillery, however, shot off many of their wheels, and the road was choked as darkness approached, bringing deeper confusion. The greater part of two regiments surrendered outside the town at 11 o'clock at night. The Russians re-entered the town, where they took vast quantities of ammunition and supply wagons."

"This victory more than destroys the value of the German advance eastward and southward, and the Mauerian Lakes northward advance of the Russians from Przasnysz again threatens the Soldau-Niedenburger Railway and prevents the Germans from further increasing their forces against the Nemen river line. The Germans are shelling Ostrovec fortress with 11 and 12-inch howitzers, but sorties from the garrison captured several scouting parties which were attempting to establish observation points for the German artillery. These howitzers had been exchanged by the Austrians for the German guns, which are now shelling the Russian position on the Dunaketz, especially south of Tarnow, in south-eastern Galicia."

"The Russians are increasing their advantage over the Austrians in the region of Stanislaw. They seized the outer screen of villages west and south of the Austrian army. Another column from the Dniester presses from the north. The position is regarded as ready for a big battle."

No Reduction in Prices.

ST. CATHARINES, March 1.—Although it was reported to the Lincoln and Welland Vegetable and Fruit Growers' Association, at a meeting here, that the Dominion Canners had refused to retain the old price of 30 cents per bushel for tomatoes for canning, a resolution to rescind the motion passed a few weeks ago, pledging the members to decline to accept the lower price, failed to receive a seconder, and the chief topic of discussion was that the crop of tomatoes should be curtailed this year, and the growers should go into raising more staple foods, such as beans and grains, and thus help the patriotism and production movement.

Russians Abroad Must Serve.

LONDON, March 1.—The Russian consul-general here has issued a statement received from Petrograd announcing that Russians living abroad will henceforth be liable to military service and must return immediately to Russia. Those belonging to the classes called to the colors who remain abroad after March 1 will be liable to punishment, according to the Russian law.

Strike Is Called Off.

GLASGOW, March 1.—The peremptory order of the Government on Friday for the resumption of work to-day by the shipyard engineers at the Clyde yards, who went on strike for an increase in wages has produced speedy results. Committees representing the strikers decided Saturday to advise the men to return to work immediately.