

NEWS OF THE DAY IN BRIEF

Toronto Boy Sent to Hospital to be Treated for Rabies.

Man Caught Carrying Off Silver Bullion From Mine.

Sex Separation in Schools Favored by Toronto Committee.

Rev. Dr. Clifford laid the cornerstone of a new Baptist Church at Peterboro.

The Management Committee of the Toronto Board of Education favored sex separation in the schools.

Port Arthur City Council has appointed J. C. Mackey, of Guelph, manager of utilities, at \$5,000 per year.

Canadian municipal authorities are conducting a strenuous campaign against the dog owners of the city.

The Colburn Town Council has purchased a quantity of oil and will try the experiment of using it upon the streets.

The smallpox is so bad at Lac au Saumon, Quebec, that the authorities have ordered the train service to that point discontinued.

The Roberts, well known at Cobalt, as a pugilist, was caught in the act of carrying 110 pounds of silver bullion from the La Rose Mine.

Mr. William Thompson, for many years associated with the Grand Trunk Railway, died at Montreal at the age of 80. He was born at Perth, Ont.

In accordance with the agreement made some years ago with the City Gas Co. of London, Ont., the price will be reduced from 95 cents to 90 cents.

The people of Toronto are now getting water from the lake, taking 750 feet from the shore. The mouth of the intake is twelve feet below the surface.

Cholera is increasing in Italy. Returns for the five days ending June 29 show that there are 97 cases in Naples and its environs, 92 cases at Palermo and 49 cases elsewhere.

John Ford, a five-year-old Toronto boy, entered the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, to take Provincial treatment for rabies. The lad was bitten by a rabid dog ten days ago.

Mrs. F. M. Beaul, of Adelaide street, London, has commenced action for \$2,000 damages for breach of promise against George Banghart, a Grand Trunk fireman, of that city.

At a meeting of the Council of the Central Canada Baptist Association, held at Brockville, permission was given to the congregation who have been worshipping at Victoria Hall to organize a church.

C. H. Cahan, K. C., states that the Mexico City despatch to the effect that an order has been issued for the arrest of T. S. Saunders, former manager of the Bank of Montreal in Mexico City, is entirely untrue.

Inspector Jonathan Maine, of the London Life Insurance Company, London, laid information at Windsor, against E. Windsor representative, Miss May L. Wicker, alleging improper conversion of certain moneys.

The Treasurer of the National Savings Association has received \$20,000 from Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Cockshutt, Brantford, and \$1,000 from the executors of the estate of the late William M. Taggart, of Toronto.

The French liner steamer La Lorraine, which arrived here from New York, reports being in collision off the Banks with the Chesapeake fishing vessel, Simone. The Simone was sunk, but the Lorraine rescued the crew.

North Renfrew Conservatives nominated Mr. Gerald V. White, M. P., for the Commons, and North Lanark Conservatives nominated Mr. William Thiburn, M. P., for the Commons. Dr. Preston, M. P., for the Legislature.

The honor has been placed upon a Canadian of electing him to the high position in the Baptist Union of North America. Prof. A. L. McCrimmon, LL.D., of McMaster University, was chosen President by that body at its convention in Philadelphia.

BURNED AT STAKE.

Shawnee, Okla., July 3. Robert Swazey, a Canadian, was burned at the stake by Mexican bandits near Fort Sumner, N. M., on June 15, according to a letter received from Mrs. Emma Bigman, mother-in-law of the dead man.

Swazey was killed because he refused to reveal the hiding place of a large amount of money that had been left in his care by a Mexican railroad which embezzled the corps was highly praised. Mrs. Bigman has advised the British Government of the case.

ARE NOW BANKRUPT.

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 3. Judge Benson, in the United States Circuit Court yesterday adjudged the American Fuse Co. of Muskegon, a bankrupt. This is the concern of which Frank G. Jones now in jail on a charge of forgery, and whose accusations are said to have aggregated three-quarters of a million, was president. Liabilities of the firm are placed at \$700,000.

KILLED BY COASTER.

Toronto despatch: Standing up in one of the rapidly moving cars on the roller coaster at Hamilton's Point, Fred Swallow overbalanced himself and fell out, receiving injuries from which he died later in St. Michael's Hospital. Swallow was struck by a car which followed the one in which he was a passenger. It is against the rules for anybody to stand up in the cars while on the journey. His car had just left the lowest dip when he stood up and fell out. Swallow lived at 120 Bond street.

McGILL COLLEGE.

Lord Strathcona's Gift of \$100,000—Change in Professors.

Montreal, July 3.—At a meeting of the Board of Governors of McGill University a resolution was adopted in acknowledgment of Lord Strathcona's latest gift of \$100,000 to make the equipment of the new medical building complete in every way.

Dr. F. C. Harrison becomes Principal of MacDonald College.

It was reported that Dr. F. J. Sheppard had consented to continue in the deanship of the faculty of medicine for a further period of two years.

The resignation of Dr. J. Wilkins, of the professorship of medical jurisprudence, was submitted and accepted.

Dr. D. J. Evans was appointed assistant professor of obstetrics, while Dr. Oscar Gruner, of the Royal Victoria Hospital, and Dr. Lawrence J. Rhea were appointed respectively assistant professors of pathology.

It was reported that Dr. James Douglas, of New York, had made a gift of \$25,000 to be devoted to co-ordinated research in the laboratories in association with the university and to be administered under the general charge of the professor of pathology, and it was resolved to thank Dr. Douglas very cordially for this generous donation, which points the way to helpful co-operation in this important branch of this scientific study of medicine.

TO CONNAUGHT

Farewell Dinner Given to Canada's Future Governor-General.

U. S. Ambassador Brings Distinguished Company Together in London.

London, July 3.—The American Ambassador and Mrs. Reid gave a dinner at Dorchester House to-night, which was in the nature of a farewell to the Duke of Connaught, who is leaving, after the King's visit to Ireland, Scotland, and Wales, for Canada to assume the Governor-Generalship.

The Duke was accompanied by the Duchess, Princess Patricia and Prince Arthur of Connaught, and the party invited to meet them formed a most distinguished company of diplomats, statesmen and persons socially prominent, and many Americans and colonials came in to the dinner, which followed the dinner.

The house was beautifully decorated with palms and the tables decked with orchids. There were 120 diners—much the largest party given by Ambassador and Mrs. Reid since they came to England, and the dinner was served in the library and small dining-room at separate tables.

The Ambassador took in the Duchess of Connaught, while Mrs. Reid was escorted by the Duke at their tables were the French, Russian, Austrian and German Ambassadors, Prince and Princess Alexander of Teck, the Duke and Duchess of Portland, the Duke and Duchess of Roxburgh, the Duke of Norfolk, the Earl and Countess of Warwick, the Earl and Countess of Liverpool, the Earl and Countess of Yarborough, Lord Rosebery, Viscount and Lady Acheson, Lord Tweedmouth, Mrs. Lewis Harcourt, Mrs. Charles P. Taft, Special Ambassador and Mrs. John Hays Hammond, John Biggley Carter, Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain, J. Pierpont Morgan, Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Mr. and Mrs. Waldorf Astor.

Several hundred came in to the reception and dance, including the Duke and Duchess of Argyll, Princess Christian, the Crown Prince and Princess of Sweden, the Crown Prince and Princess of Romania, a number of Indian officers, members of the diplomatic corps and their wives; the Duchess of Marlborough, Speaker and Mrs. Lowther, Admiral Toyn, General Nogi, and Sir Alfred and Lady Paget.

COBALT MINE CASE.

Montreal despatch: A protracted litigation over a Cobalt mining enterprise was brought to at least a temporary halt yesterday when Mr. Justice Teller rendered judgment in a claim brought by Dr. Connolly and others, of Renfrew, Ont., against G. A. Forbes and the Masada Silver Mines, of the Cobalt district. The plaintiffs claimed \$10,000 as a balance of purchase price for the mine.

Mr. Justice Teller gave judgment for the plaintiffs in full, with costs.

NIAGARA BILL LAID OVER.

Washington, July 3.—The House will not consider at this session Congress Senator Burton's resolution providing for a two-year's extension of the act for the preservation of Niagara Falls, which act will expire by limitation to-day. The Administration, meantime, will leave the situation at the Falls unchanged.

FORTY THOUSAND HARVESTERS WANTED.

Winnipeg, July 3.—Bruce Walker Immigration Commissioner, stated this morning that 40,000 harvest hands will be needed for this year's western crop, according to the present estimates. There is an increased average of 2,000,000, while the yield promises to be high. He thinks 200,000,000 bushels of wheat is a conservative estimate.

THEY CONDEMN THE PICTURES

Police Chiefs Say Moving Picture Shows Do Much Evil.

This is Their Experience With City Children, the Chiefs Declare.

Lack of Proper Home Training Cause of Most Going Astray.

Ottawa despatch: A strong condemnation of moving picture shows, couched in a sane, logical, setting forth of their baneful influences upon the minds of the young based upon their own experiences in cities with juvenile criminals was the feature of last evening's session of the chief constables in the parliamentary committee rooms.

Seldom has this moot question been discussed in a more intelligent manner, and by men more capable of discussing it from the standpoint of actual everyday experience in the handling and the detection of the causes leading up to juvenile crime. And although there were no sweeping statements or intemperate condemnations, one and all seemed agreed that the moving picture, with the pool room and the cigarette, had very detrimental effects upon the moulding of the child into good citizenship.

A paper on "Juvenile delinquents," by Chief Detective Carpenter, of Montreal, was responsible for a general and thorough discussion of the subject. A splendid paper on the "Twentieth Century Policeman, and How to Retain His Services," was also read by Chief Constable, Slennin, of Brantford. A motion of Chief Inspector Archibald, of Toronto, that the association be referred to an official organ, was referred to the executive committee.

In his paper, "Juvenile Delinquency," Chief Carpenter pointed out that ninety per cent. of the youth of the country who go wrong did so through defects in their home training. The future greatness of a nation lay in the training and education of its youth, and in the moral surroundings of the child in its home life. He pointed out that notwithstanding the increased efforts that are being put forth for the policing of juvenile crime statistics and police records showed that it was on the increase, and the source of this threatening evil could be traced to a lack of proper training in the home. Parents should exercise greater care about their children, and where they are allowed to go without guardians or protection. If they were irresponsible to their duties towards their children in bringing them up as God-fearing, law-abiding, and in making them into the highest type of citizenry then what could be expected? Moving picture shows, more especially of the cheaper sort, were having a baneful influence over the youth of our cities, and it was his belief that for some centuries past, the youth of our cities, and in making them do more in training children to become better citizens and to bring this about they should strive always to follow the example of his parents, in declaring Chief Archibald of Toronto, in discussing the paper, and in laying emphasis upon the question of the home.

He stressed parents for their lack of modesty in thinking from discussing intimate questions with their children and declared that this in a great many instances was responsible for juvenile crime. Chief Constable Boyle, high constable of St. Catharines, strongly urged the necessity of children being kept in good, wholesome surroundings. He pointed out that the second fall and lapse from virtue always the greater and most fatal, and those were most frequent when the child was returned to the unworthy parents.

Chief Newton, of Belleville, condemned the cheap picture show and cheap playhouses where around the thief and criminal there is woven a halo of romance that makes him an idol hero in the eyes of the youth, and he traced considerable of juvenile crime to this source.

The clergy came in for some adverse criticism from Chief Sloan, of Gravenhurst. "They should exercise more care in ascertaining the character of those whom they marry," he declared. There were many persons who are not fit to be married or to be parents, and in many instances they do not intend to keep the marriage vows.

Chief Stark, of Toronto, declared that moving pictures were a curse to the community, and should be swept out of the community. In them are squandered the hard-earned savings of the working man.

Chief Slennin's paper on the "Twentieth Century Policeman," was a clear concise description of the type of patrolman called for in this twentieth century. Brains and a keen knowledge of human nature were the essential requirements and the word failure should be effaced from his dictionary. The class of men required for the efficient protection of life and property required by cities could not be obtained through there-merit now offered, and the sooner police commissioners and others realized this the better. In the general discussion which followed the question of how to secure the highest standard of efficiency was thoroughly dealt with, and it was pointed out that better pay was an essential necessity in the securing of the best and most efficient service.

All of the officers express themselves in the heartiest fashion upon their reception in Ottawa, and are enjoying themselves immensely between business sessions.

CHIEF CONSTABLES' OFFICERS.

Ottawa despatch: The Chief Constables' Association today recom-

mended that copies of the report disapproving of the remarks of Rev. A. B. Chambers, Governor of Toronto Jail, upon the police, be sent to the Provincial Secretary of Ontario and the Toronto Methodist Conference.

The officers selected were: Chief R. G. Chamberlain, of Vancouver, president; Chief Detective Carpenter, of Montreal, vice-president; Deputy Chief Stark, of Toronto, secretary. Executive—Chief Inspector Archibald, Toronto; Lieut.-Col. Sherwood, Ottawa; Chief Slennin, Brantford; Capt. Trudel, Quebec, and Chief Campana, Montreal.

MAYOR DEAD.

Ill Only a Few Hours With an Affection of the Heart.

Waterloo, Ont., despatch: The citizens of this town were shocked this morning to hear of the death of Mayor Graybill. He was around town yesterday as usual, but on retiring at night said he was not feeling well. About 4 o'clock this morning he telephoned for the doctor, and by 5 o'clock he had passed away from angina pectoris, an affection of the heart.

The late Mr. Graybill was a most active member of the Council for 38 years, and was elected Mayor by acclamation for 1910, and again for 1911. He leaves a widow and five daughters. In politics he was a Reformer.

PAINTER BURNED

Came Hand-Under-Hand Down Blazing Rope at Pittsburg.

Match Set Fire to Naphttha When He Was Atopt.

Pittsburg, July 3.—Two hundred and fifty feet above the ground, suspended by a rope that was burning and his feet were hanging down, a man was seen to come hand-under-hand down a blazing rope at the Westinghouse Electrical & Manufacturing Company's plant in East Pittsburg yesterday. He held a rope in his left hand to regulate the speed of his descent, at the same time using his right hand in an effort to blot out the flames which were blazing about his feet.

When Sinks reached the ground his clothing was almost entirely burned from his body, he was terribly burned about the right hand and arm, chest and face, and his left hand was raw and bleeding from being torn by the rope as he made the descent.

Sinks was painting a smokestack built recently to a new addition to the power house. Before the tar was applied, a mixture of carbon oil and naphtha was applied to the stack to cut off the rust. Sinks was at the top of the stack. Before starting to work he lighted a cigarette, and tossed the lighted match, he supposed, to the ground. Instead, the match dropped into a bucket of naphtha and oil. An instant later an explosion occurred at the top of the stack.

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DR. CLIFFORD ON EPISCOPACY

British Baptist Divine Urges Suppression of Church in Canada.

Fight the Monster, for It Means Anti-Democracy, is His Advice.

"To Be a Non-Communist is to Be Placed on Lower Social Scale."

Toronto despatch: "I regret to see since my arrival in America evidences on every side of the growth of Episcopalianism. Beware of Episcopacy, be warned in time, for I quite anticipate that you will be made to suffer for many of its evils 20 or 30 years from now. Fight the monster, for Episcopacy means anti-democracy and social pressure on all of those without its fold."

Thus spoke Dr. John Clifford, the noted British Baptist divine.

Dr. Clifford ran concisely over a wide variety of subjects, explaining tersely his views without the least loss of time or waste of words and no visible trace of heat or emotion until he touched upon his pet aversion, clericalism. Then his keen eyes snapped and burned with excitement while he propounded his views in vigorous, forcible style.

"Clericalism! I despise it and will fight it with all the energy of my being. You in Canada must beware of its insidious growth and resist it with all the courage of your heart."

"In England I call myself a layman, and would seem to even appear in a garb that would indicate that I am a cleric. It is refreshing to come to Canada and see our ministers repudiate clerical attire and appear in white waistcoats. I rejoice to see them do so. I would not even wear a hat that looked clerical."

Speaking of the Free Church problem, Dr. Clifford said: "We in England are penalized for being Baptists and are forever paying the price of our high ideals and strong convictions."

"The King is not a member of the Free Church, but of the State Church. Society belongs to the State Church, and I do not believe that it is to be placed on a lower social scale."

Then followed his warning for Canada as given above.

Four years past the allotted span of the late years and ten, Dr. Clifford, the noted Baptist divine, was a man possessed of wonderful vitality, combining the physical attributes of youth with the learning and experience of age.

"Activity," he explains, "is the secret of longevity," and to the active life he leads he attributes his prodigious vigor, mental and physical, marvellous in one so far advanced in life.

Small in stature and rather frail, he is not seen to the best advantage, except on the platform, when the fighting spirit becomes manifest and his character, aggressiveness and power are all compelling. Off the platform he is kindly, quiet spoken and mild-mannered, but he has a hearty handclasp and there is latent force in his every movement.

Dr. Clifford is in close touch with Premier Asquith, and in discussing the question of forthcoming legislation he declared his hearty approval of the veto of the House of Lords. The Liberals and Laborites would inevitably succeed, he claimed, legislation formerly passed would be reintroduced and the bills would be passed in about this order:

First—Abolition of plural voting. Second—Gift of loans rule to Ireland. Third—Disestablishment of the Anglican Church in Wales.

Fourth—Removal of educational disabilities from which we are now suffering.

Dr. Clifford explained that the educational bill of 1902 placed the Roman Catholic and Anglican schools upon the rates of the people, so that the rates they pay now are a direct contribution towards the maintenance of the Roman Catholic and Anglican churches through their schools.

Where there is a refusal to conform with laws, ratepayers have their goods seized and sold to satisfy the taxes, and in many cases resistance has resulted in imprisonment of the delinquents, although this drastic method is only followed where the offender has no goods of his own to seize. Dr. Clifford spoke of many cases where ratepayers have spent terms of from four days to one month in jail in defence of their principles.

"Were you ever imprisoned?" "No, but I have been before the magistrate 23 times and am cited to appear for the 29th time early next month."

"What is your procedure when you appear in court on these occasions?" "I cite facts illustrative of the inequalities of the system,"—here his square jaw protruded itself beneath his patriarchal beard—"I compel the magistrate to listen to me. In some places we have to appear twice a year before the courts, but in my borough I am required to face the magistrate once every quarter, four times a year."

Touching briefly upon the poor problem, the eminent English divine held out hopes that the measures to be introduced by Mr. Lloyd-George and Mr. John Burns would greatly ameliorate the condition of the classes it aimed to assist.

Interrogated regarding his views on the Non-Communist decree, Dr. Clifford pointed out that the famous edict had received little attention in England.

"It is merely one of the normal proceedings of the Roman Catholic Church to secure and retain control over the minds and actions of its adherents and communicants. The machinations of the Church of Rome should be persistently resisted by Protestants, who must exercise eternal vigilance against the incursions of Roman Catholicism."

JUMPS FROM TRAIN

Woman Rolls Down 10-Foot Embankment and Escapes into Woods.

Toronto despatch: While the North Bay express was running south yesterday at a speed exceeding 35 miles an hour a woman prisoner, Rose Rae, being conveyed from North Bay to the Mercer Reformatory, escaped the custody of Mrs. Scott, the woman bailiff, by leaping from the train.

The woman was in a party of five, all being conveyed from the same jail to the city, one being an insane girl who took up most of the bailiff's attention.

The train had stopped at a small station near Gravenhurst, and had not quite attained full speed when the woman arose from her seat and, seeing the door leading to the platform open, made a sudden rush up the aisle. Mrs. Scott dashed in pursuit, but she was a few seconds late, and by the time she arrived at the train steps the prisoner had thrown herself from the train. She rolled down the 10-foot embankment into a small culvert. She quickly rose to her feet and, holding her hand to her face, staggered into a dense bush.

Mrs. Scott wired back word of the escape and the Provincial police are looking for the fugitive.

A EUCHARISTIC PROCESSION

Madrid Procession the Most Gorgeous Ever Seen in Europe.

Open Air Altars and Hundred Tons of Flowers Strwn Along.

Madrid, July 3.—The Eucharistic Congress, which has been in session here for several days, reached its climax to-day in a great procession, which started at 3.30 from the Church of St. Jerome, in which monarchs are crowned, and crossed the capital to the palace in great pomp and splendour. Open-air altars and triumphal arches erected in streets decked with precious Gobelin tapestry, bunting and garlands, converted the city into an immense temple. It was the most gorgeous spectacle ever seen in Madrid, and it is estimated that it was witnessed by half a million spectators. The weather was hot.

One hundred tons of flowers were strewn along the route of the procession. The whole garrison of Madrid, commanded by a field marshal and three generals, took part in the parade. Two squadrons of Halberdiers, decorated the Archbishop of Toledo, who carried the Host to the Dais. The participants in the great eucharistic procession included 20,000 children, 50,000 working men and women, seven archbishops, 65 bishops, 3,000 priests, deputations from the Ministry and the Chamber of Deputies, M. Grandis, the Mayor of Madrid, the councillors, the King-at-arms, knights of the Golden Fleece, sailors from transatlantic steamships, and King Alfonso and nobles in State carriages. The procession wound up with the Municipal Guards in their violet uniforms.

From a magnificent altar, hung with Gobelin tapestries and decked with jewels in the vast Castelar Plaza, the Pope's legate blessed the people, and the bells of all the churches in the city pealed.

The palace was hung with tapestry. The King and Court received the archbishop who bore the Host at the state entrance to the palace. The congregation of Nocturnal Adoration formed a cross with torches, amid the immense crowd. The scene was magnificent.

As the sun set behind the Guadarama mountains a salute of 21 guns was fired. The legate then gave the Pope's blessing to the kneeling sovereign, court clergy and the multitude. To-night the city was brilliantly illuminated.

BOMB EXPLODED. Madrid, July 3.—It is officially stated that while the Eucharistic procession was passing through Calle Mayor, one of the city's greatest thoroughfares, yesterday a bomb was exploded in a side street. One arrest was made.

REV. DR. CLIFFORD. Toronto, Ont., despatch: Rev. Dr. Clifford, of London, Eng., laid the cornerstone of the new Murray Street Baptist Church, after being met at the station and taken for a trip over the lift lock and tendered a luncheon at the Hotel National. In the Grand Opera House at night he delivered an address on the "Social Evolution in Britain."

KILLED IN STRIKE. Chicago, July 3.—A strike of mechanics of the Ellis Elevator Co., resulting in the shooting of one man and the beating of five others, was settled yesterday in a three years' contract. The strike was characterized by much disorder between rival unions. The strike began on May 1.

"ELEVATED" MERGER. Chicago, July 3.—Papers declaring the plan for the merger of all the elevated street railroads of Chicago, operative on July 1st, were signed yesterday in New York by Henry A. Blair, representing the roads, and Frank Vandenberg, representing the underwriters' syndicate. The deal involves 177 miles of elevated track.

Mrs. Nuwed—Mary, for dinner I think we'll have boiled mutton with caper sauce. Are there any capers in the house?—Mary—No, ma'am. Mrs. Nuwed—Then go out in the garden and cut some.—Harvard Lecturer.